

R32C/100 Series

DMA II Setting Example (Memory-to-memory Burst Transfer)

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1. Abstract

This application note describes the setting procedure to perform a burst transfer when using DMAC II.

2. Introduction

The application example described in this document applies to the following microcomputer (MCU): MCU: R32C/118 Group

This program can be used with other R32C/100 Series MCUs which have the same special function registers (SFRs) as the R32C/118 Group. Check the hardware manual for any additions or modifications to functions. Careful evaluation is recommended before using this application note.

3. Operation Overview

DMAC II continuously transfers data for the number of times determined by transfer counter (COUNT) with one transfer request. When using the transfer complete interrupt, a transfer complete interrupt is generated after the burst transfer is completed.

Table 3.1 lists Specifications of DMAC II and Settings. Table 3.2 lists DMAC II Specifications

Table 3.1 Specifications of DMAC II and Settings

Item	Selectable Function	Setting	
Transfer sizes	8 bits or 16 bits	8 bits	
Transfer types	Immediate data → Memory	Mamany Mamany	
	Memory → Memory	Memory → Memory	
Source addressing	Fixed	Increment	
	Increment		
Destination addressing	Fixed	Increment	
	Increment		
Calculation transfer	No calculation transfer	No calculation transfer	
	Calculation transfer	INO Calculation transfer	
Transfer complete interrupt	Not used	Used	
	Used		
Chained transfer	Chained transfer is not performed	Chained transfer is not performed	
Chamed transier	Chained transfer is performed		

Table 3.2 DMAC II Specifications

Item	Setting
Number of transfers	4
Transfer data	01h, 03h, 7Fh, FFh
Trigger for DMAC II	INT0 interrupt

3.1 Operation Example

This operation example explains DMA II transfer based on the settings in this application note.

When an INTO interrupt request is generated one time, DMAC II continuously transfers 8-bit data for the set number of times (four times) from the internal RAM source address to the internal RAM destination address.

Figure 3.1 shows the DMAC II Burst Transfer. Numbers in brackets indicate the transfer order of DMAC II.

- (1) When an INTO interrupt request is generated, [1] is transferred and the source and destination addresses increment after a data transfer.
- (2) Then, [2], [3], and [4] are transferred successively.
- (3) When [4] is transferred, the burst transfer is completed and a DMA II transfer complete interrupt is generated.

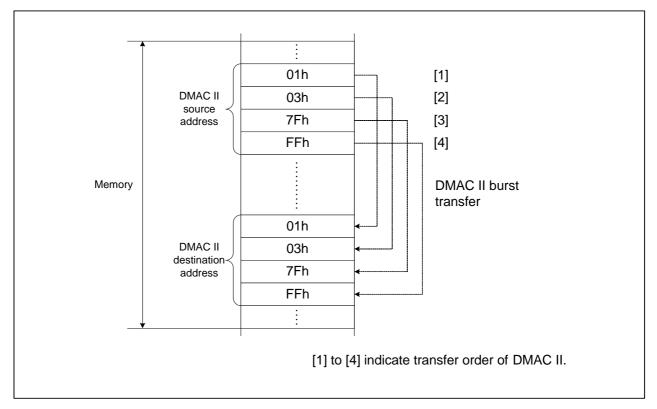


Figure 3.1 DMAC II Burst Transfer

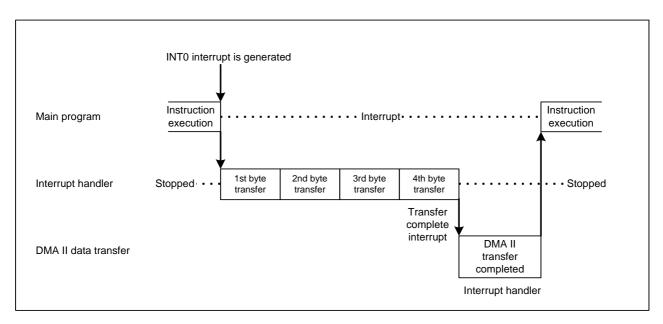


Figure 3.2 Operation Example

4. Application Example

This application note explains settings for burst transfer using DMAC II.

4.1 DMAC II Settings

When using DMAC II, set the following:

- Registers RIPL1 and RIPL2
- DMAC II index
- The interrupt control register of the peripheral function triggering DMAC II
- The relocatable vector of the peripheral function triggering DMAC II
- IRLT bit in the IIOiIE register if the intelligent I/O interrupt is used. Refer to the hardware manual for details on the IIOiIE register (i = 0 to 11).

4.1.1 Registers RIPL1 and RIPL2

When the DMAII bits in registers RIPL1 and RIPL2 are set to 1 (DMA II transfer selected) and the FSIT bits are set to 0 (normal interrupt selected), DMAC II is triggered by an interrupt of any peripheral function with bits ILVL2 to ILVL0 in the corresponding interrupt control register set to 111b (level 7).

Set the same value to registers RIPL1 and RIPL2.

Table 4.1 lists Setting Values in Registers RIPL1 and RIPL2.

Table 4.1 Setting Values in Registers RIPL1 and RIPL2

Register Name	Setting Value	Remarks
RIPL1 and RIPL2	20h	Bits RLVL2 to RLVL0 are 000b (level 0)
		FSIT bit is 0 (use interrupt request level 7 for normal interrupt)
		b4 is 0
		DMAII bit is 1 (use interrupt request level 7 for fast interrupt)
		b7, b6 are 0

4.1.2 DMAC II Index

The DMAC II index is a data table of 12 to 60 bytes. It stores parameters for transfer mode, transfer counter, source address, destination address, chained transfer base address, and DMA II transfer complete interrupt vector address.

The DMAC II index should be allocated on the RAM.

Figure 4.1 shows the Configuration of the DMAC II Index.

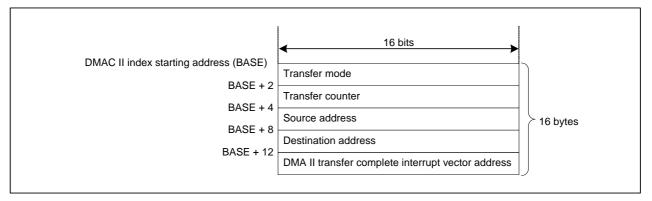


Figure 4.1 Configuration of the DMAC II Index

The following are the details on the DMAC II index.

- Transfer mode (MOD)
- 2-byte data is required to set transfer mode.
- Transfer counter (COUNT)
 - 2-byte data is required to set the transfers to be performed.
- Source address (SADR)
 - 4-byte data is required to set a source address in a memory or an immediate data.
- Destination address (DADR)
 - 4-byte data is required to set a destination address in a memory
- DMA II transfer complete interrupt vector address (IADR)
- 4-byte data is required to set a jump address for the DMA II transfer complete interrupt handler.

This data setting is required only for the DMA II transfer complete interrupt.

4.1.3 Interrupt Control Register of the Peripheral Function

Set bits ILVL2 to ILVL0 in the interrupt control register for the peripheral interrupt triggering DMAC II to 111b (level 7).

4.1.4 Relocatable Vector Table of the Peripheral Function

Set the starting address of the DMAC II index to the interrupt vector for the peripheral interrupt triggering DMAC II.

In this application note, the INTO interrupt is used for the interrupt triggering DMAC II. Figure 4.2 shows the setting by asm function in the C language program. In the following setting example, the DMAC II index (dm_index) is set as the relocatable vector table.

asm(" .rvector 31,_dm_index"); //Definite DMACII Index (Software Interrupt Number 31)

Figure 4.2 Setting Example for the Starting Address of the DMAC II Index to the Interrupt Vector

4.2 Setting Overview

Figure 4.3 shows the Setting Procedure for DMAC II Burst Transfer. Refer to section 4.3 "Register Settings" for detailed settings of the items below.

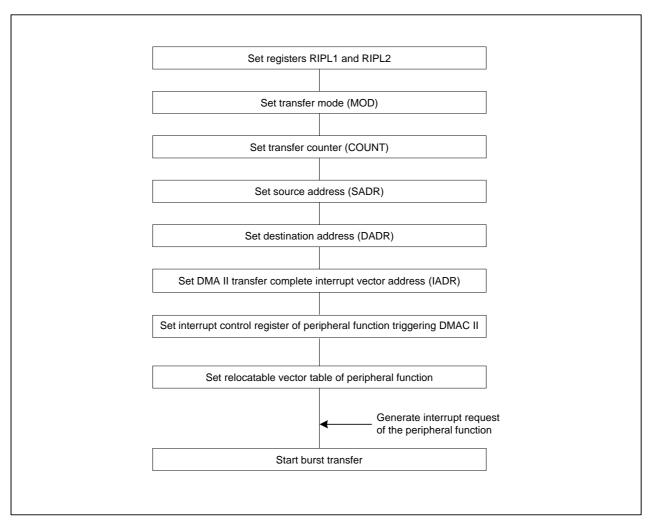
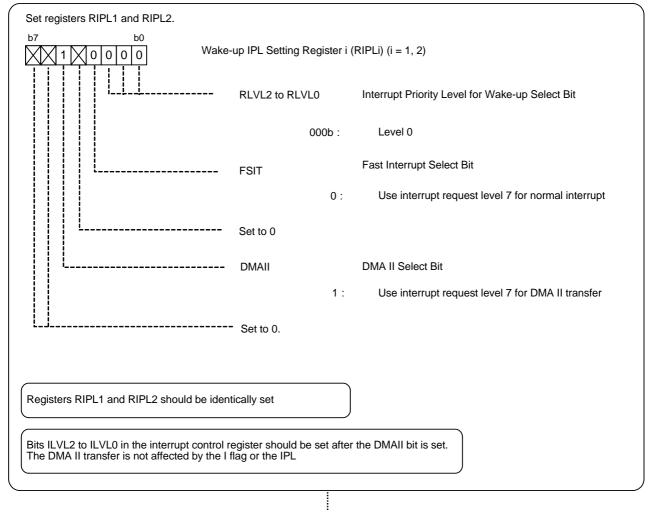
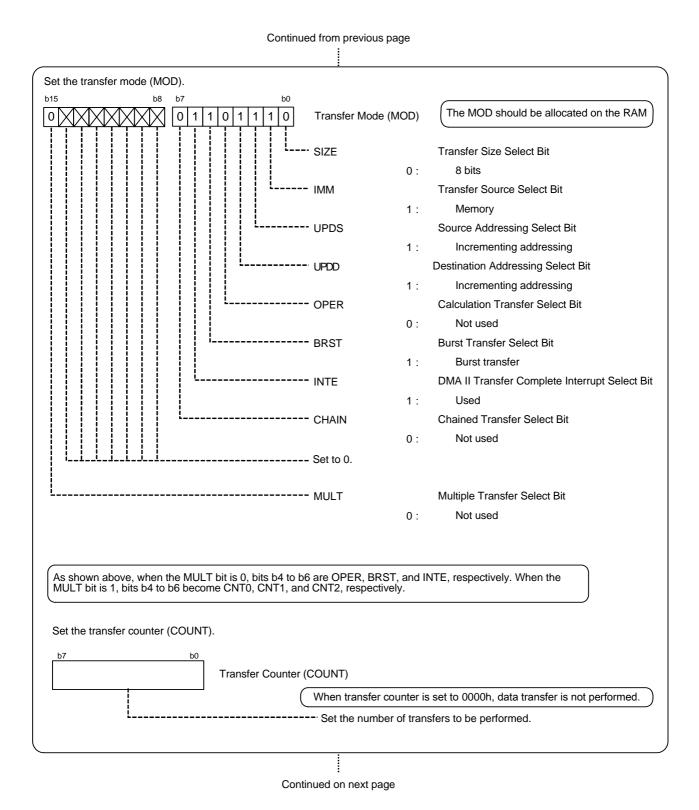


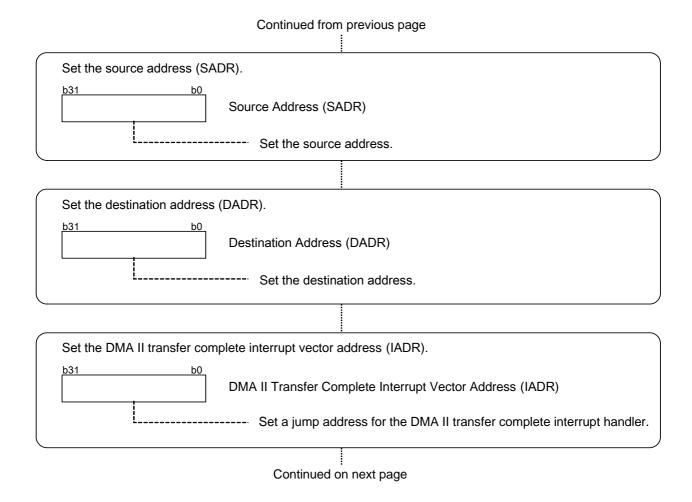
Figure 4.3 Setting Procedure for DMAC II Burst Transfer

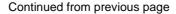
4.3 Register Settings

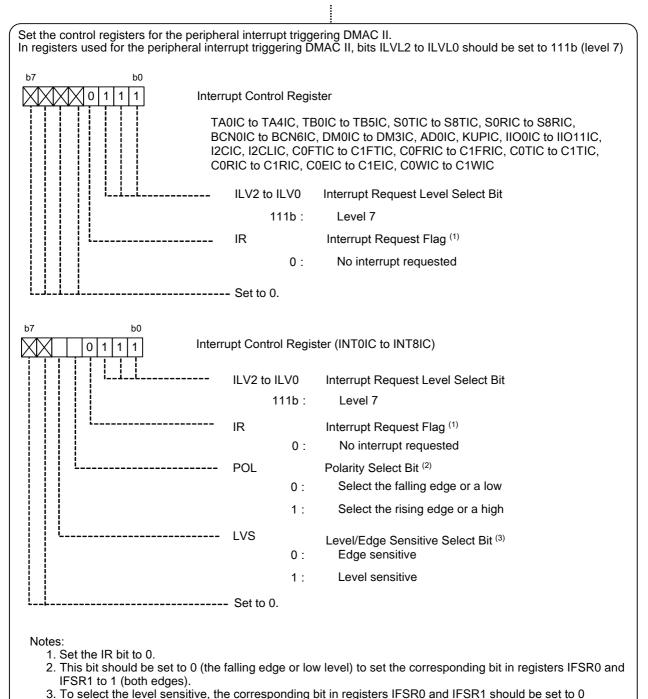


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Set the relocatable vector table of the peripheral function.

The starting address of the DMAC II index should be set in the interrupt vector for the peripheral interrupt triggering DMAC II.

Generate a peripheral interrupt request.

An interrupt request of the peripheral interrupt triggering DMAC II should be generated.

Start a burst transfer

A DMAC II burst transfer starts by receiving an interrupt request from any peripheral function. DMAC II continuously transfers data for the number of times determined by COUNT by one transfer request.

5. Sample Program

A sample program can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.

5.1 Description of the Sample Program

In the sample program, set the port for inputting the INT0 interrupt and confirming the operation of DMA II transfer complete interrupt.

Then, set registers RIPL1 and RIPL2 to enable DMA II transfer.

Next, set the DMA II burst transfer to transfer 8-bit data four times determined by COUNT with one transfer request from memory-to-memory. Also the DMA II transfer complete interrupt handler should be set so it is executed after the memory-to-memory transfer is completed.

Lastly, set the INT0 interrupt control register as a trigger for DMA II.

After setting the above, this program enters an endless loop when executed.

When an INT0 interrupt request is generated, the follow sequence of events occurs:

- 1. A memory-to-memory burst transfer is performed by DMA II.
- 2. (DMA II) transfer complete interrupt handling is executed.
- 3. Port P0_0 output is inverted from 0 to 1.

5.2 Program Flowchart

The sample program is comprised of the main function and the DMA II transfer complete interrupt function. Figure 5.1 shows the Main Function Flowchart and Figure 5.2 shows the DMA II Transfer Complete Interrupt Function Flowchart.

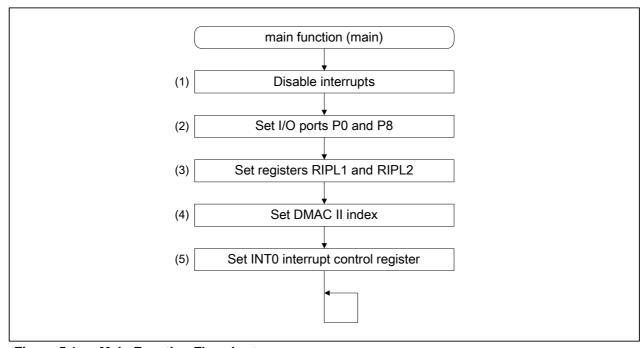


Figure 5.1 Main Function Flowchart

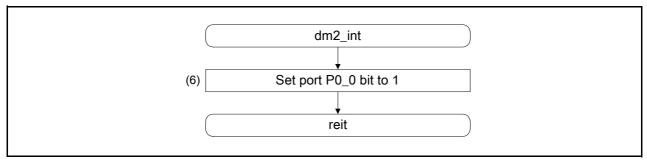


Figure 5.2 DMA II Transfer Complete Interrupt Function Flowchart

6. Reference Documents

Hardware manual

R32C/118 Group Hardware Manual Rev.1.00

The latest version can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.

Technical Update/Technical News

The latest information can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.

C compiler manual

R32C/100 Series C Compiler Package V.1.02 C Compiler User's Manual Rev.2.00

The latest version can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.

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REVISION HISTORY	R32C/100 Series	
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Handle unused pins in accord with the directions given under Handling of Unused Pins in the manual.

The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the high-impedance state. In operation with an unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of LSI, an associated shoot-through current flows internally, and malfunctions occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal become possible. Unused pins should be handled as described under Handling of Unused Pins in the manual.

2. Processing at Power-on

The state of the product is undefined at the moment when power is supplied.

The states of internal circuits in the LSI are indeterminate and the states of register settings and pins are undefined at the moment when power is supplied.

In a finished product where the reset signal is applied to the external reset pin, the states of pins are not guaranteed from the moment when power is supplied until the reset process is completed.

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3. Prohibition of Access to Reserved Addresses

Access to reserved addresses is prohibited.

 The reserved addresses are provided for the possible future expansion of functions. Do not access these addresses; the correct operation of LSI is not guaranteed if they are accessed.

4. Clock Signals

After applying a reset, only release the reset line after the operating clock signal has become stable. When switching the clock signal during program execution, wait until the target clock signal has stabilized.

— When the clock signal is generated with an external resonator (or from an external oscillator) during a reset, ensure that the reset line is only released after full stabilization of the clock signal. Moreover, when switching to a clock signal produced with an external resonator (or by an external oscillator) while program execution is in progress, wait until the target clock signal is stable.

5. Differences between Products

Before changing from one product to another, i.e. to one with a different part number, confirm that the change will not lead to problems.

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