RA2E1, RA2L1

LoRaWAN® Sensor Demo

Introduction

This application note describes a LoRaWAN® sensor network solution and introduces how to visualize sensor data transmitted by the RA2E1 or RA2L1 Sensor Node to the Cloud (AWS/Azure/Cayenne) via LoRaWAN® networks.

The LoRaWAN is a Low Power, Wide Area (LPWA) networking protocol designed to wirelessly connect battery operated 'things' to the internet, and targets key IoT requirements such as end-to-end security.

The application example provided in the demo package uses a Kerlink LoRaWAN Gateway, a Loriot LoRaWAN Network Server, and a Cloud provider. This document shows the basic steps to configure these services.

Target Device

RA2E1, RA2L1, SEMTECH SX1261/SX1262

Hardware

- Renesas FPB-RA2E1 (RTK7FPA2E1S00001BE) with Digilent Pmod USBUART
- Renesas EK-RA2L1 (RTK7EKA2L1S00001BE) with Digilent Pmod USBUART
- SEMTECH SX1261/SX1262 Shield
- Renesas HS3001 Humidity and Temperature Sensor Module (US082-HS3001EVZ)
- Kerlink iFemtoCell (LoRaWAN Gateway)

Development Tools

- Renesas Flash Programmer V3.13.00 or later.
- Flexible Software Package (FSP) for Renesas RA MCU Family, version 5.0.0.
- e^2 studio 2023-10 with GCC Arm Embedded toolchain.
- Terminal emulator (such as TeraTerm)

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1. Getting started

1.1 Demo Overview

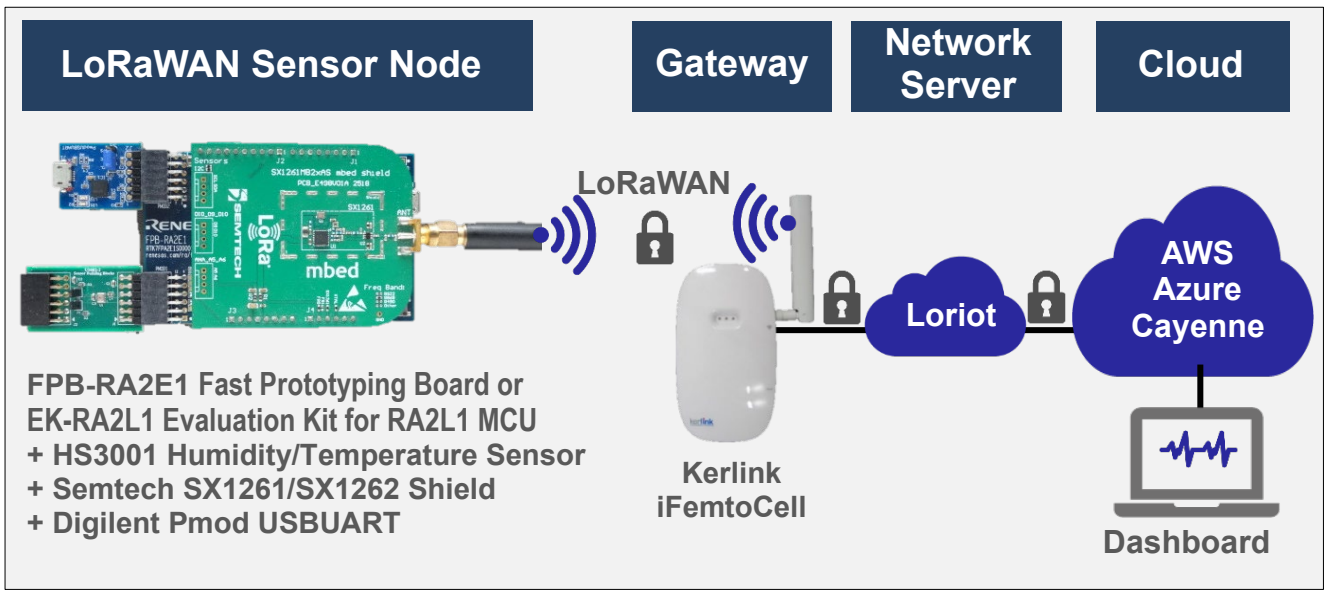


Figure 1. Demo Overview

IoT demo firmware running on RA2E1 or RA2L1 sends the sensor data to the LoRa modem periodically. The LoRa modem transmits the sensor data with LoRaWAN. The LoRaWAN Gateway (Kerlink iFemtocell) forwards the received LoRaWAN packets to the LoRaWAN Network Server (Loriot). The Loriot publishes the sensor data to the Cloud server (AWS/Azure/Cayenne).

In the case of AWS, the sensor data (Cayenne LPP format) received by AWS IoT Core is converted to the JSON by the demo Lambda Function (Python scripts). The demo Lambda Function stores the sensor data to the Amazon Timestream database. You can visualize the sensor data by accessing the timestream database with Amazon QuickSight or Grafana.

In the case of Azure, the sensor data (Cayenne LPP format) received by Azure IoT Hub is converted to the JSON by the demo Function App (C# scripts). To analyze and visualize the sensor data, demo Function App sends the sensor data to the Azure Data Explorer Clusters via Azure Event Hub.

In the case of Cayenne, the sensor data received from the Loriot network server is directly forwarded to the Cayenne because the demo sensor data format is based on the Cayenne LPP (Low Power Payload) 2.0.

VIDEOS:

- RA LoRa®-based Solution
  https://www.renesas.com/us/en/video/ra-lora-based-solution
- RA LoRaWAN® Sensor Demo Tutorial
  https://www.renesas.com/us/en/video/ra-lorawan-sensor-demo-tutorial

1.2 How to Setup the Boards

LoRaWAN Sensor Demo supports following board configurations:

FPB-RA2E1 Fast Prototyping Board + Semtech SX1261/SX1262 shield + HS3001 Sensor + USBUART

EK-RA2L1 Evaluation Kit for RA2L1 + Semtech SX1261/SX1262 shield + HS3001 Sensor + USBUART

For more detail, please refer to *RA2E1, RA2L1 LoRa®-based Wireless Software Package* (R11AN0596).

IMPORTANT:

The use of wireless receivers and transmitters is restricted by international standards and domestic regulations. Wireless receivers and transmitters must therefore be used in accordance with the applicable laws and regulations of the country in which they are being used.

1.3 How to Setup the Demo Application

[How to program and debug the demo application]

Please refer to *RA2E1, RA2L1 LoRa®-based Wireless Software Package* (R11AN0596).

[How to configure and run the demo application]

1. Connect to the FPB-RA2E1 or EK-RA2L1 with Terminal emulator (such as TeraTerm).
   Terminal Settings: 115200 bps, 8 bit, no parity, 1 stop bit, no flow control, CR-LF, local echo ON
2. Set LoRaWAN specific parameters with AT-commands.
   For more detail of AT-commands, please refer to
   LoRaWAN® Stack Sample Application (R11AN0231)

   Example commands (do not use this as your actual settings):

```
AT+REGION=6                                  // Region: AS923-Group1
AT+CLASS=0                                   // Class A
AT+ACTMODE=1                                 // Activation: OTAA
AT+DEVEUI=749050FFFE000C26                   // DevEUI
AT+APPEUI=0123456789ABCDEF                   // AppEUI
AT+APPKEY=5555555555555555AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA   // AppKey
AT+SAVE                                      // Save settings
```

3. Set the sensor specific parameters with AT-command.
   `AT+SENSOR=REJOIN,MEASURE,MODE:`
   - REJOIN: Join retry interval after join failure [sec] (default 30, Must be greater than zero)
   - MEASURE: Next measurement after Tx [sec] (default 30, Must be greater than zero)
     HS3001 requires a measurement time of 4 [sec] before transmitting sensor data.
     If 30 is specified for MEASURE, the sensor data will be sent at an interval of 30+4 [sec].
   - MODE:
     - 1: Auto start mode,
     - 0 or not 1: Manual start mode (default 0)
       If auto start mode is specified, sensor data will be sent automatically after reset.
       If manual start mode is specified, you need to invoke “AT+SENSOR” to start.

Example 1 (Manual start mode):

```
AT+SENSOR=60,60,0                    // Set parameters
AT+SENSOR                            // Start manually
(AT+DEBUG=0)                         // Optional: see NOTE2
```

Example 2 (Auto start mode):

```
AT+SENSOR=60,60,1                    // Set parameters
AT+SAVE                              // Save settings to NVM
AT+RESET=1                           // Auto start after reset
```

Note 1: If a small time is specified for the `REJOIN` and `MEASURE` parameters, `AT+SENSOR` will report a duty cycle limitation error and skip sending the sensor data until ADR enables a faster data rate.

Note 2: To reduce power consumption, `AT+SENSOR` can be followed by `AT+DEBUG=0`, which puts the MCU+SX126x to sleep when it is idle and ignores further command input until the hardware is reset.

Note 3: `AT+SENSOR` will send data with unconfirmed data type regardless of `AT+MTYPE` settings.

Note 4: `AT+SENSOR` will output log messages ***SENSOR:xxxxx**.
You can disable log message by deleting or undefining the following macro (re-build is required).
`#define APP_ENABLE_DEBUG_PRINTF in lorawan_sensor_sample.c`

Note 5: `AT+SENSOR` will send a sensor data as following format based on Cayenne LPP 2.0.
0x01 0x68 humidity(uint8_t): Channel 0 as humidity (unit 0.5%)
0x02 0x67 temperature(int16_t): Channel1 as temperature (unit 0.1 Celsius)

Cayenne will recognize any payload based on the Cayenne LPP 2.0 format. The demo function on the AWS and Azure support only above format, but you can extend the format by editing the demo functions.
For more detail on the Cayenne LPP 2.0 format, please refer to the following link:
https://developers.mydevices.com/cayenne/docs/lora/#lora-cayenne-low-power-payload-data-types

2. LoRaWAN Gateway

2.1 How to setup Kerlink LoRaWAN Gateway

This IoT demo uses Kerlink iFemtoCell as the LoRaWAN Gateway and also uses Loriot as the LoRaWAN Network Server. LoRaWAN Gateway is tightly coupled with LoRaWAN Network Server using the Network Server specific LoRaWAN Packet Forwarder. This means you should install the Loriot specific LoRaWAN Packet Forwarder into the Kerlink iFemtoCell LoRaWAN Gateway.

1. Get **Login Account** for Kerlink Website (https://www.kerlink.com/).
2. Get **Installation Manual** for iFemtocell from Kerlink Website.
3. Turn on the **Kerlink iFemtoCell**.
4. (Optional) Update **Kerlink firmware**.
5. Get **Login Account** for Loriot Website (https://www.loriot.io/).
6. Get **setup guide** for Kerlink iFemtoCell.
7. Download the **Loriot software package** (included Packet Forwarder).
8. Install and run the Loriot software package on the Kerlink iFemtoCell.

3. LoRaWAN Network Server

3.1 How to setup the Loriot LoRaWAN Network Server

Loriot provides the LoRaWAN Network Server. You should register the LoRaWAN Gateway and LoRaWAN Devices on the Network Server. You can register the cloud server as the output of the Network Server.

[Register LoRaWAN Gateway]

1. Login to Loriot LoRaWAN Network Server for your region (https://www.loriot.io/login.html)
2. Go to your Loriot Dashboard.
3. Click **Networks**> click **New Network** > fill in **Name** field > click **Create new network**.
4. Click **+Add Gateway** > click **Kerlink iFemtocell (OS V4.x.x ..)** > set MAC Address and Location.
5. Click **Configure**> select **Channel Plan** > select plan (for example, **AS923-1** in Japan)

[Register LoRaWAN Device]

1. Login to Loriot LoRaWAN Network Server for your region (https://www.loriot.io/login.html)
2. Go to your Loriot Dashboard.
3. Click **APPLICATIONS**> click **New Application** > fill in the **Name** field.
4. Enable **OTTA** in the **Features** section
5. Click **+Enroll Device** > select **LoRaWAN 1.0.x** and **OTAA**
6. Fill in the **Title**, **Device EUI**, **Join EUI** (Application EUI), **Application Key** > Click **Enroll**
   Device EUI is the same as the MAC address labeled on your LoRa Module.
   Example settings (do not use this as your actual settings):
   - **Device EUI** is 749050FFFE000C26
   - **Join EUI** (Application EUI) is 0123456789ABCDEF
   - **Application Key** is 5555555555555555AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA

[Register the Cloud]

1. Login to the **Loriot LoRaWAN Network Server** for your region (https://www.loriot.io/login.html)
2. Go to your **Loriot Dashboard** > click **Applications**> click **APPLICATIONS**
3. Click app name (for example, **Sample App**) > click **Output** > click **Add new output** > select **Cloud.**
4. Enter your cloud credential information using the instructions on the screen.

[Cayenne]

Output Name: any (for example, **cayenne**)

No need to enter your credential information regarding Cayenne.

[AWS IoT]

Endpoint Random, Region: You can find in **AWS** > **AWS IoT** > **Settings** > **Device data endpoint**

Access ID, Key: You can find in **AWS** > **IAM** > **Users** > **loriot**> security credentials

[Azure IoT]

IoT Hub Name: your Azure IoT Hub name (for example, **demoIotHubRliot**)

Primary Key: **Azure** > your IoT Hub (for example, **demoIotHubRliot**) > **Secure Settings** > **Shared access policies** > **device** > **Shared access key** > **Primary Key**

4. AWS Cloud Server

4.1 How to setup AWS Cloud Server

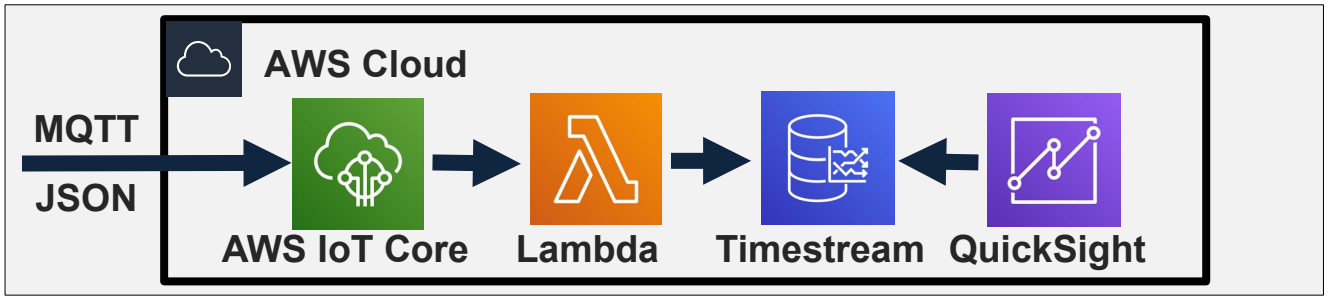


Figure 2. AWS Cloud Server Setup

AWS IoT Core is the MQTT message broker. When you configure the AWS IoT Core to subscribe to the MQTT messages published by Loriot LoRaWAN Network Server, the JSON message including sensor data on MQTT payload will be routed to the demo application (Lambda).

Demo Application will decode the individual sensor value as JSON (for example, `{'humidity':46, 'temperature':24.9}`) from the hex-ascii data stream formatted as Cayenne LPP (for example , **01685D026700F9**). The demo application stores sensor data and associated meta information (for example, **DevEUI**) in real time to Amazon Timestream.

You can visualize the sensor data with the Amazon QuickSight or 3rd party tools (for example, Grafana).

[Configuration Steps and References Documents]

1. Get Login Account for **AWS** (https://aws.amazon.com/)
2. Setup **AWS IoT Core** (https://docs.aws.amazon.com/iot/latest/developerguide/iot-gs.html)
3. Setup **Lambda** (https://docs.aws.amazon.com/timestream/latest/developerguide/Lambda.html)
4. Setup **Timestream** (https://docs.aws.amazon.com/timestream/index.html)
5. Setup **QuickSight** (https://docs.aws.amazon.com/timestream/latest/developerguide/Quicksight.html) or setup **Grafana** (https://docs.aws.amazon.com/timestream/latest/developerguide/Grafana.html)

Note: All resources (things endpoint on the AWS IoT Core, AWS Lambda function, Amazon Timestream databases/tables, and Amazon QuickSight dataset) should be created in the same region. Amazon Timestream is available in US East (Virginia), US East (Ohio), US West (Oregon), Europe (Ireland) and Europe (Frankfurt). If you use the Amazon QuickSight with Amazon Timestream, we recommend using the US East (Virginia) region.

Note: AWS IoT Core for LoRaWAN has been released in December 2020 but is not covered in this document.

4.2 How to setup AWS IoT Core

1. Login to **AWS** > Select **IoT Core** from services menu.
2. Click **Security** > **Policies** > **Create**, and fill out the fields as follows, and then save the policy.
   — Policy name: demoPolicy
   — Policy document: click Advanced mode (enter the following policy description for demo use only.)

```
{
  "Version": "2012-10-17",
  "Statement": [
    {
      "Effect": "Allow",
      "Action": "iot:*",
      "Resource": "*"
    }
  ]
}
```

   Note: This policy allows full access to the IoT Core, so do not use it for production use.

3. Click on **Manage** > **Things** > **Create things** > **Create single thing** > **Next**, and fill out the fields as follows:
   — Thing Name: DevEUI of your device (for example, **749050FFFE000C26**)
   — Device Shadow: Select **No shadow**

   Then, click on **Next**. Select `Auto-generate a new certificate(recommended)`. Click on **Next.** Select `demoPolicy` as a policy to attach to this certificate. Click on **Create thing**. Download certification files and key files. Click on **Done.**

4. Click on **Message Routing** > **Rules** > **Create**, and fill out the fields as follows, and the save the rule.
   — Rule Name: **demoRule**
   — Rule query statement (SQL version 2016-03-23):

```
SELECT current.state.reported
FROM '$aws/things/+/shadow/update/documents'
WHERE current.state.reported.cmd = "rx"

```

   Note: This query statement is for the Loriot network server only, because the MQTT topic and contents are network server specific. Loriot sends the message on the `$aws/things/DevEUI/shadow/update/documents` as topic. LoRaWAN uplink packet is located in the `current.state.reported` when ‘cmd’ is “rx”.

5. Click **Add rule action** on Rule actions. Select `Send a message to a Lambda function` (not **Timestream**).
   Then, click **Create a Lambda function**. After creating the Lambda function, you should select `demoFunction` as Lambda function associated with this rule. Click **Add action** > **Add Rule**.

4.3 How to Setup AWS Lambda (Demo Application)

Note: To use the Amazon Timestream from Lambda (Python), Python SDK (boto3) v1.15.9 or later is required.

To set up the AWS Lambda demo application, use the following steps:

1. Continuing from previous section step 5, click **Create a new Lambda function** or select **Lambda** from services menu > click **Functions** > **Create function** > select **Author from scratch**
   - Function name: **demoFunction**
   - Runtime: Python 3.8
   - Architecture: x86_64

   Click **Create function**.

2. Click **Upload from** on `Code` tab > select **Upload a .zip file**.
   Upload the demoFunction.zip located in the release `package\samples\cloud\aws\demoFunction.zip`.
   Click **Edit** on **Runtime Settings** > Set `lambda_function.lambda_handler` as handler > click **Save**.

3. Attach the timestream access permission to the AWS Lambada function by following steps.
   Click on **Permissions** in **Configuration** tab.
   Click role name (for example, `demoFunction-role-jjagv5pu`) on `Execution role` card.
   Click **Attach policies** > Search **AmazonTimestreamFullAccess**.
   Click check box on **AmazonTimestreamFullAccess**> Click **Attach Policy** for demo use only.
   Note: This policy allows full access to the Amazon Timestream, so do not use it for production use.

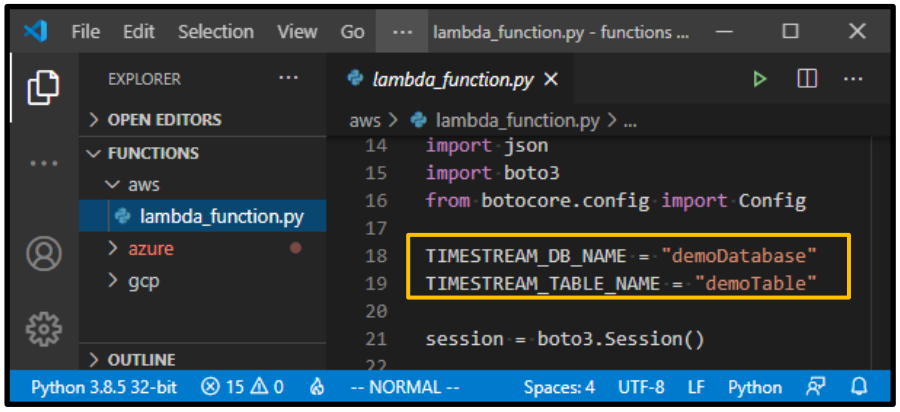
4.4 How to setup Amazon Timestream

1. Select **Amazon Timestream** from services menu > click **Databases** > click **Create database**.
   - Configuration: **Standard database**
   - Database Name: **demoDatabase**
   - Encryption Master Key: empty (after creating database, **aws/timestream** will be set).

   Click **Create database.**

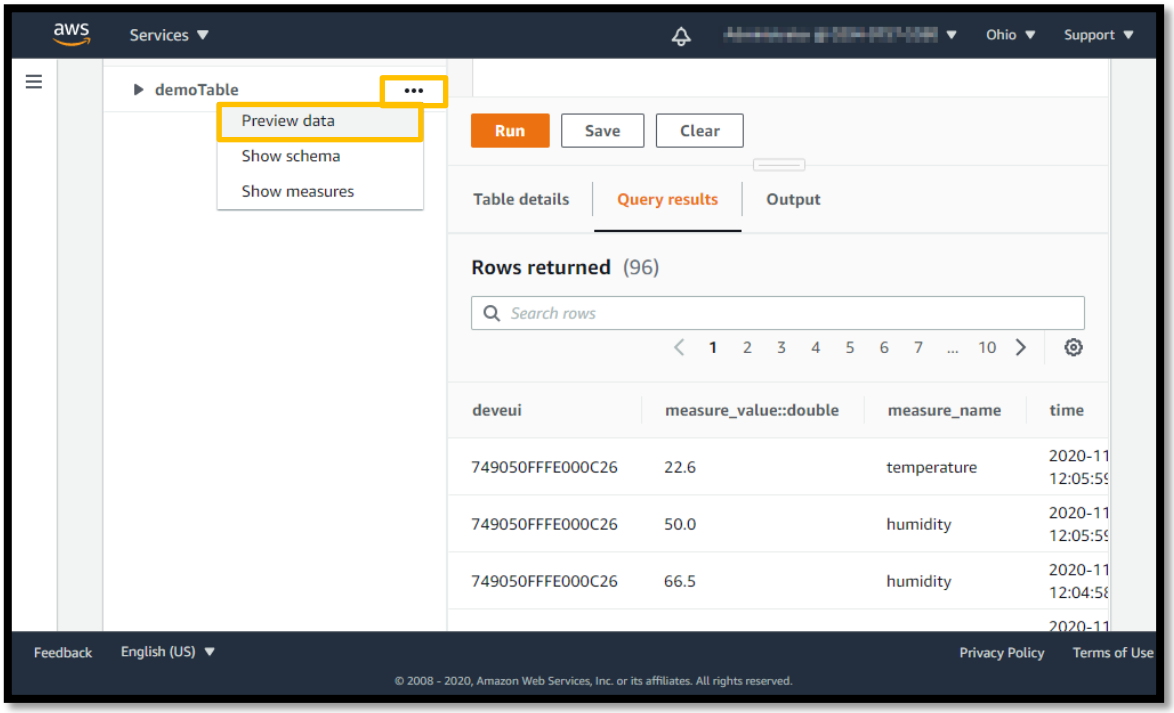
2. Click **Tables** > click **Create table**.
   - Database Name: **demoDatabase**
   - Table Name: **demoTable**
   - Memory store retention: 2 hours
   - Magnetic store retention: 1 day

   Click **Create table**.



Note: If you change the Database Name and Table Name, you should change the `lambda_function.py`.

3. Click **Query editor** > Click "- - -" and select **Preview data** > click **Run.**



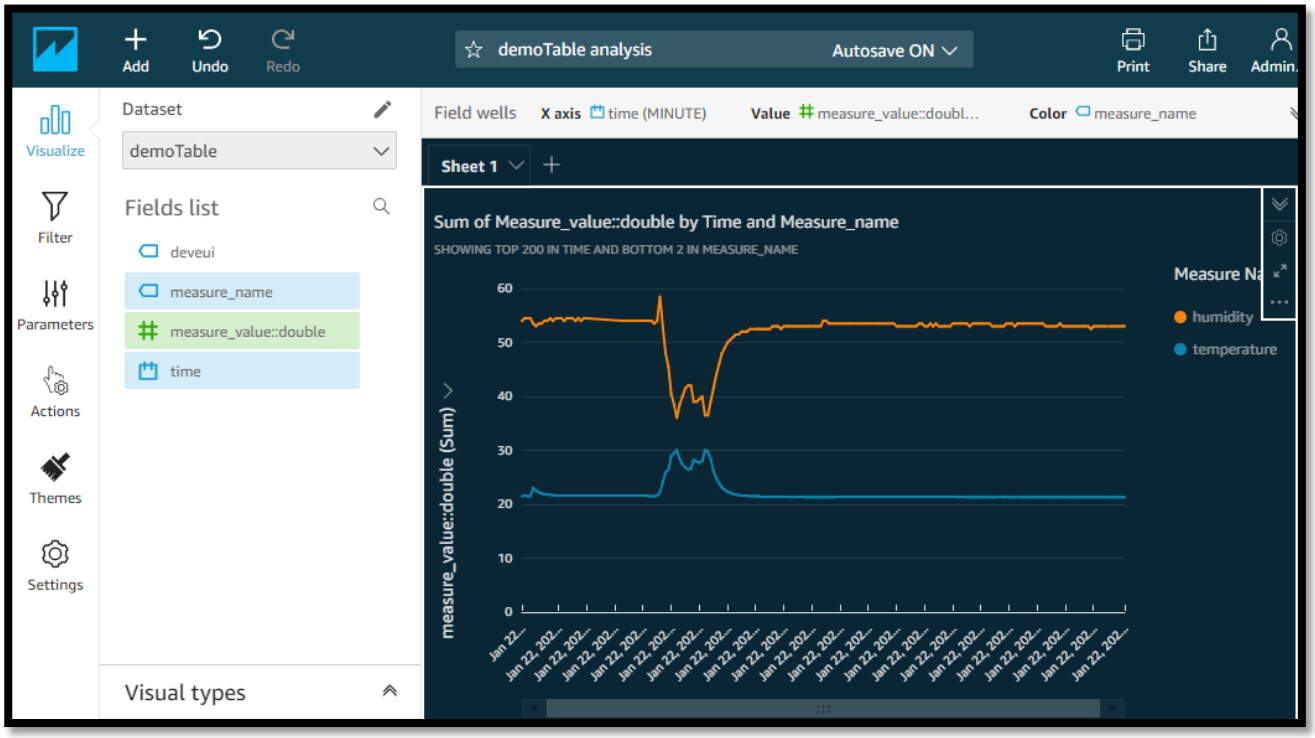
IMPORTANT:

You will continue to be billed until you stop the services and delete the resources you have created.

4.5 How to Set up Amazon QuickSight

1. Login to **AWS** > select **QuickSight** from services menu.
2. Sign into QuickSight (you need to select the same region as Timestream (for example, US East (Virginia))
   Note: By default, Amazon Timestream is not available in `QuickSight access to AWS services` list. To enable Amazon Timestream on user account, **Manage QuickSight** > **Security & permissions** > **QuickSight access to AWS services** > **Manage.**
3. Click **Datasets**> click **New dataset** > select **Timestream** card.
4. Enter **demoDatabase** as Data source name > click **Validate connection** > click **Create data source** > select **demoTable**> click **Select** > select **Directly query your data** > click **Visualize**.
5. Visualize Humidity and Temperature by using the following steps:
   A. Select **Line Chart** on visual styles menu.
   B. Click **time** (on **Fields list**)
   C. Click **measure_value** (on **Fields list**)
   D. Click **measure_name** (on **Fields list**)
   E. Click **time**(on **Field wells**) > select **Minute** as aggregate.
   F. Click **Themes** (on **Left Menu**) > select **Midnight** > click "…" > click **Apply**

   Finally, you can see the following charts.



IMPORTANT:

You will continue to be billed until you unsubscribe from Amazon QuickSight.

To unsubscribe from Amazon QuickSight, click your name on top bar > select **Manage QuickSight** > click **Account settings** > click **Delete account**.

4.6 How to set up Grafana

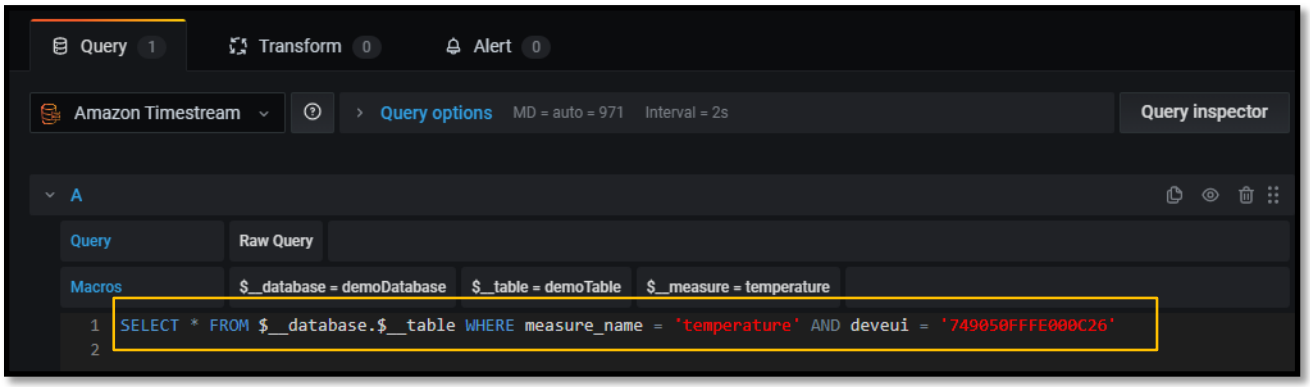
1. Install Grafana (https://grafana.com/) on your PC or **Log in to Grafana Cloud**.
2. Install plugin for Timestream and add IAM policy for accessing the Timestream. For more detail, please refer to https://grafana.com/grafana/plugins/grafana-timestream-datasource

   Click **Gear mark** > click **Data Sources** > click **Add data source** > select **Amazon Timestream**.

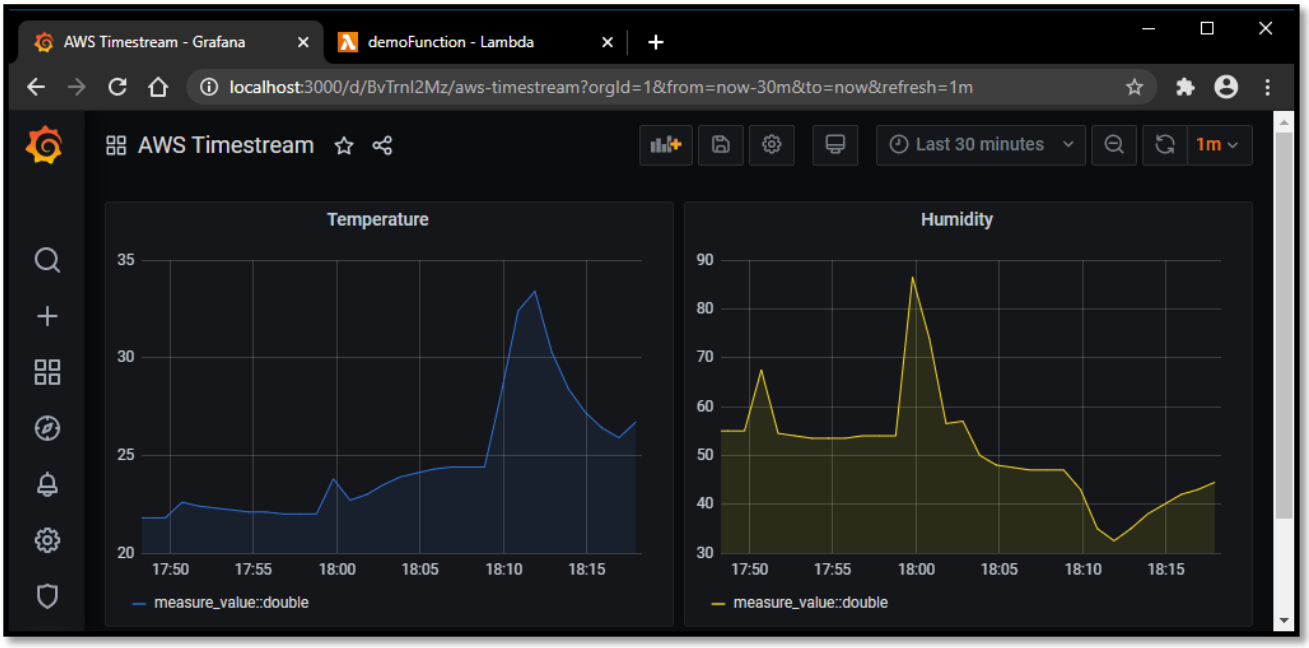
   — Auth Provider: **Access & secret key**
   — Access Key ID: Your AWS Access Key (**AWS** > **IAM** > **Users** > **Security Credentials** > **Create Access Key**)
   — Secret Key: Your AWS Secret Key (**AWS** > **IAM** > **Users** > **Security Credentials** > **Create Access Key**)
   — Default Region: **us-east-1**

   The following default query macros settings are optional:
   Default Query Macros: `$__database:demoDatabase, $__table:demoTable, $__measure:temperature`

3. Click “+” mark (add Dashboard) > click **Add New Panel** > set query commands (SQL) as shown below.



Finally, you can see the temperature and humidity data on the dashboard.



Note: Amazon Managed Grafana has been released in 2020 but is not covered in this document.

5. Azure Cloud Server

5.1 How to Set up Azure Cloud Server

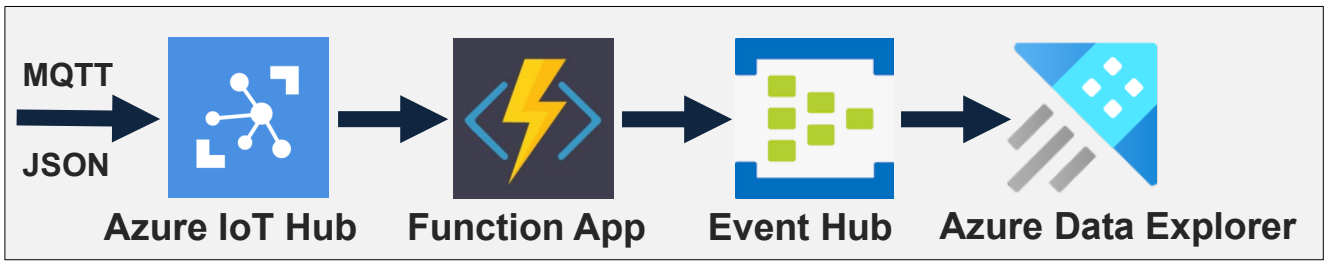


Figure 3. Azure Cloud Server Setup

Azure IoT Hub is the MQTT message broker. When you configure the Azure IoT Hub to subscribe to the MQTT messages published by LoRaWAN Network Server, the JSON message including sensor data on MQTT payload will be routed to the built-in endpoint (IoT Event Hub) which will invoke the demo Function App.

The demo Function App will decode the messages and convert the sensor data from the hex-ascii formatted as Cayenne LPP (for example, **01685D026700F9**) to the JSON (for example, `{'humidity':46, 'temperature':24.9}`).

To analyze and visualize the sensor data, the demo Function App will send the sensor data to the Azure Data Explorer Clusters via Azure Event Hub.

Overview:

1. Create an instance of the **Azure IoT Hub**. Register your sensor node as IoT device.
2. Create an instance of the **Azure Event Hub** as event source of the **Azure Data Explorer Clusters**.
3. Create the demo **Function App**. Bind the Event Hub as the output of the **demoFunction**.
4. Create the instance of the **Azure Data Explorer Clusters** and connect to the Event Hub.
5. Analyze and visualize the sensor data with ADX (Azure Data Explorer) Web UI.

IMPORTANT:

To run this Azure demo, you must upgrade from a Free-Trial plan to a Pay-per-use plan.

5.2 How to set up Azure IoT Hub and Event Hub

[Configure Azure IoT Hub]

1. Get **Login Account** for Azure (https://azure.microsoft.com/)
2. Go to your **Azure Portal**.
3. Click **All Services** > click **Internet of things** > click **IoT Hub** > click **+Create** > fill in all fields.
   Note: In this demo, following parameters are used as example (Do not use this as your actual settings).
   - Subscription: **Pay-per-use**
   - Resource Group: **demoResouceGroup**(Create New) Required to create new storage account)
   - IoT Hub Name: **demoIotHubRIiot**
   - Region: **Japan East**
   - Connectivity Configuration: **Public access**
   - Pricing and scale tier: **F1: Free tier** (max 8,000 messages per day for free)

   Click **Create**> click **Go to resource** (go to created IoT Hub **demoIoTHubRIiot**).

4. Click **Devices** > click **Add Device** > fill in **Device ID** as Device EUI
   In this demo, following parameters are used as example (Do not use this as your actual settings).
   - Device ID: **749050FFFE000C26**
   - Authentication type: **Symmetric key**
   - Auto-generate keys: **Checked**
   - Connect this device to an IoT hub: **Enable**
   - Parent device: **No parent device**

Click **Save**.

[Configure Azure Event Hub]

1. Login to Azure.
2. Go to your **Azure Portal**.
3. Click **All Services** > click **Internet of things** > click **Event Hubs** > click **+Create** > fill in all fields.
   In this demo, following parameters are used as example (Do not use this as your actual settings).
   - Subscription: **Pay-per-use**
   - Resource Group: **demoResourceGroup**
   - Namespace name: **demoEventHubRIiot**
   - Location: **Japan East**
   - Pricing tier: **Basic**
   - Throughput Units: **1**

Click “Review + create” > Click “Create”

Click “Go to resource” (Go to created Event Hub) > Click “+Event Hub” > Fill in all field.

In this demo, following parameters are used as example (Do not use this as your actual settings).
- Name: **demoEventHub**
- Partition Count: 2

Click **Review + create** > click **Create**

5.3 How to set up Azure Function App (Demo Application)

[Configure Azure Function App]

1. Login to Azure.
2. Go to your **Azure Portal**.
3. Click **All services** > **Compute**> **Function App** > Click **+Create** > fill in all fields.
   In this demo, following parameters are used as example (do not use this as your actual settings).
   - Subscription: **Pay-per-use**
   - Resource Group: Select **demoResourceGroup**
   - Function App name: **demoFunctionRliot**
   - Publish: **Code**
   - Runtime stack: **.Net**
   - Version: **3.1**
   - Region: **Japan East**
   - Operating System: **Windows**
   - Plan type: **Consumption (Serverless**)
   - Storage account: **demofunctionrliotsa** (create new)
   - Enable Application Insights: **Yes**
   - Application Insights: **demoFunctionRliot (Japan East)**

   Click **Create**> click **Go to resource** (go to created Function App **demoFunctionRliot**).

4. Click **Start** if the Function app is stopped. Click **Functions**> click **+ Create** > fill in all field > click **Create**.
   In this demo, following parameters are used as example (do not use this as your actual settings):
   - Development environment: Select **Develop in portal**
   - Template: Select **IoT Hub (Event Hub)**
   - New Function: **IoTHub_EventHub1** (default)
   - Event Hub connection: Click **New**> select **IoT Hub** > fill all shown as below > click **OK**
   - **demoIotHubRliot** as Event Hub connection, **Events (built-in)** as Event Hub connection
   - Event Hub consumer group: **$Default**

5. Click function name (for example, **IoTHub_EventHub1**) > click **Code+Test**. Copy-paste the C# Script referring `(package top)\samples\cloud\azure\run.csx` > click **Save.**
6. Click **Integration**> click **+Add output** > fill in all filed as follow > click **OK.**
   In this demo, following parameters are used as example (do not use this as your actual settings):
   - Binding Type: Select **Azure Event Hubs**
   - Event Hub connection: Click **New** > select **Event Hub** > select as follows > click **OK**.
     - 1st: **demoEventHubRliot**, 2nd: **demoeventhub**, 3rd: **RootManagesSharedAccessKey**
   - Event parameter name: **outputEventHubMessage**(it depends on the `run.csx`)
   - Event Hub Name: **demoeventhub**

7. Click function name (for example, **IoTHub_EventHub1**) > click **Enable** if it is not enabled.

5.4 How to set up Azure Data Explorer Clusters

[Configure Azure Data Explorer Clusters]

1. Login to Azure.
2. Go to your **Azure Portal**.
3. Click **All services** > **Analytics**> **Azure Data Explorer Clusters** > click **+Create** > fill in all fields as follows.
   In this demo, following parameters are used as example (do not use this as your actual settings):
   - Subscription: **Pay-per-use**
   - Resource Group: Click **Create new** > enter **demoAdxResourceGroup**
   - Cluster name: **demoadxcluster**
   - Region: **Japan East**
   - Workload: **Dev/test**
   - Availability zones: **(none)**

   Click **Review + create** > After creating, click **Go to resource**.
4. Click **+Add Database** > fill in all fields as follows > click **Create.**
   In this demo, following parameters are used as example (Do not use this as your actual settings).
   - Database name: **demoAdxDatabase**
   - Retention period (in days): **7**
   - Cache period (in days): **1**
5. Click created database name (for example, **demoAdxDatabase**) > click **Query.**

IMPORTANT:

Once you create the Azure Data Explorer Clusters, you will continue to be billed until you clean up the resources regarding the Azure Data Explorer Clusters.

To clean up the resources regarding Azure Data Explorer Clusters:

- Click **Resource groups** icon on portal menu > click the resource group (for example, **demoAdxResourceGroup**)
- Click **Delete resource group** on top menu > enter resource group name > click **Delete.**

You should also perform a cleanup of the **demoResourceGroup** when you no longer need to use the IoT Hub Function App and Event Hub.

[Configure Azure Data Explorer (Web UI)]

1. Start sending your sensor node and wait about 5 minutes until the first data is stored to the database.
2. Click **Open in Web UI** on the tab menu > click **Data** on the left menu bar.
3. Click **Ingest data** > fill in all fields as follows.
   In this demo, following parameters are used as example (do not use this as your actual settings).
   — Cluster: **demoadxcluster.japaneast**
   — Database: **demoAdxDatabase**
   — Table: Select **New table**, enter **demoAdxTable**

   Click **Next: Source.**

   — Source type: **Event Hub**
   — Subscription: **Pay-per-use**
   — Event Hub namespace: **demoEventHubRliot**
   — Event Hub: **demoadxeventhub**
   — Data connection name: **demoAdxDatabase-demoadxeventhub**
   — Consumer group: **$Default**
   — Compression: **None**
   — Event system properties: **empty**

   Click **Next: Schema** > wait until some sensor data appear in the table.

   — Data format: **JSON**

   Click **Next: Start Ingestion** > click **Close**> click **Dashboards** (preview)

   Click **New Dashboard** > enter **demoAdxDashboard**> click **Create**> click **+Add Tile**

   Source: Chose **+New data source** > fill in all fields as follows.

   In this demo, following parameters are used as example (do not use this as your actual settings):

   — Data source name: **demoAdxDataSource**
   — Cluster URI: **https://demoadxcluster.japaneast.kusto.windows.net**

   Click **Connect.**

   — Database: **demoAdxDatabase**
   — Query results cache max age: **Disabled**

   Click **Apply.**

4. Replace sample KQL (Kusto SQL) commands with following KQL commands.

```
['demoAdxTable']
| where deveui == "749050FFFE000C26"
| take 10
```

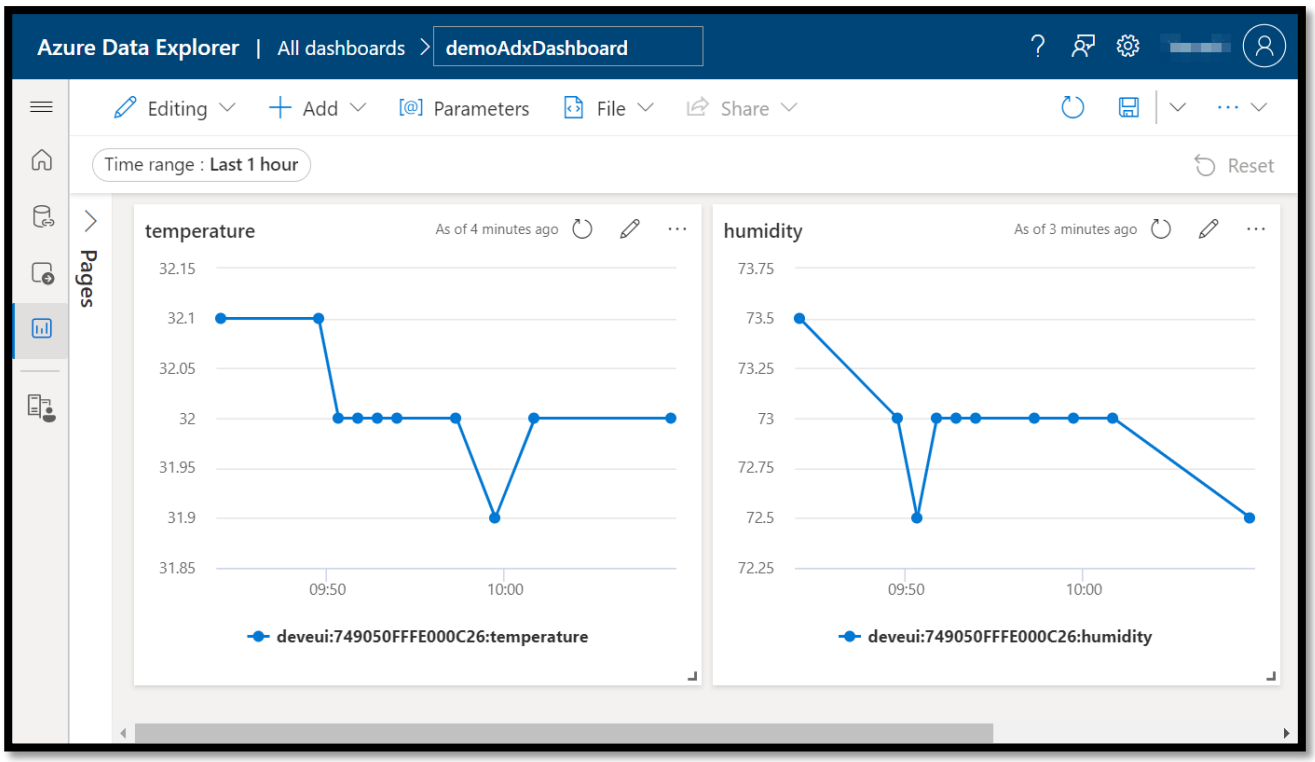
Click **Run**> click **+Add Visual.**

- Tile name: **temperature**
- Visual type: **Line chart**
- Data Y Columns: **temperature (double)**

Click **Apply changes**.

5. Click **+Add** > Repeat step 4 for humidity.

The following chart will be displayed.



6. Cayenne Cloud Server

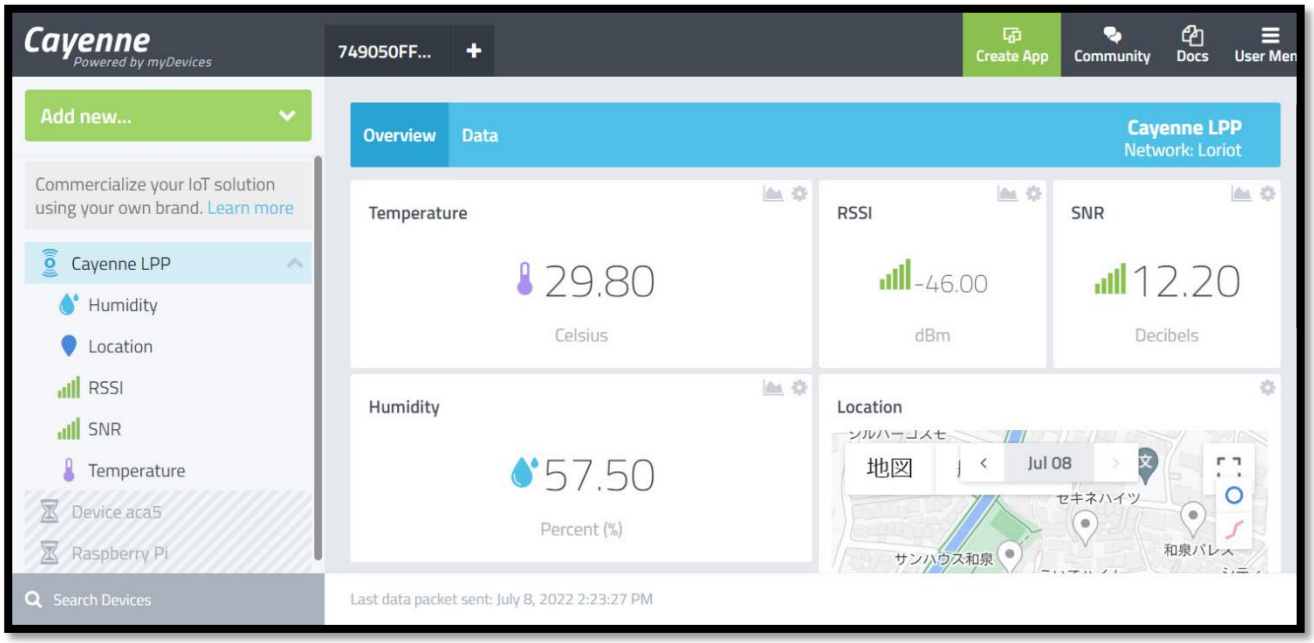
6.1 How to set up Cayenne Cloud Server

1. Create Account on Cayenne (https://developers.mydevices.com/cayenne/lora/).
2. Select **LoRa**> select **Loriot** as Network > select **Cayenne LPP** as device > Enter Settings.

   — DevEUI : your device **DevEUI** (for example, **749050FFFE000C26**)
   — Activation Mode: Select **Already Registered**
   — Loriot Server: Select you **loriot server** (for example, **ap2.loriot.io (Asia-Pacific Tokyo, Japan)**)
   — Loriot App ID: You can find **Loriot** > **APPLICATIONS** > **SampleApp** > **Application ID**
   — Loriot Token: You can find **Loriot** > **APPLICATIONS** > **SampleApp** > **Access Tokens** > **Authentication Tokens**
   — Tracking: Select **This device doesn't move**, Enter Address (for example, **Tokyo**, **Japan**)

   Click **Add device.**

You can see following dashboard.



Revision History

Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
2.00	Aug.29.22	All	Initial version for RA2E1
2.10	Nov.29.22	1 5	Changed supported IDEs and toolchains. Corrected a paragraph error.
2.20	Mar.31.23	1 1, 3, 4	Changed supported IDEs and toolchains. Supports RA2L1.
2.40	Dec.22.23	1 All	Changed version of development tools GCP support has been discontinued.

General Precautions in the Handling of Microprocessing Unit and Microcontroller Unit Products

The following usage notes are applicable to all Microprocessing unit and Microcontroller unit products from Renesas. For detailed usage notes on the products covered by this document, refer to the relevant sections of the document as well as any technical updates that have been issued for the products.

1. Precaution against Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)
   A strong electrical field, when exposed to a CMOS device, can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the device operation. Steps must be taken to stop the generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it when it occurs. Environmental control must be adequate. When it is dry, a humidifier should be used. This is recommended to avoid using insulators that can easily build up static electricity. Semiconductor devices must be stored and transported in an anti-static container, static shielding bag or conductive material. All test and measurement tools including work benches and floors must be grounded. The operator must also be grounded using a wrist strap. Semiconductor devices must not be touched with bare hands. Similar precautions must be taken for printed circuit boards with mounted semiconductor devices.
2. Processing at power-on
   The state of the product is undefined at the time when power is supplied. The states of internal circuits in the LSI are indeterminate and the states of register settings and pins are undefined at the time when power is supplied. In a finished product where the reset signal is applied to the external reset pin, the states of pins are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the reset process is completed. In a similar way, the states of pins in a product that is reset by an on-chip power-on reset function are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the power reaches the level at which resetting is specified.
3. Input of signal during power-off state
   Do not input signals or an I/O pull-up power supply while the device is powered off. The current injection that results from input of such a signal or I/O pull-up power supply may cause malfunction and the abnormal current that passes in the device at this time may cause degradation of internal elements. Follow the guideline for input signal during power-off state as described in your product documentation.
4. Handling of unused pins
   Handle unused pins in accordance with the directions given under handling of unused pins in the manual. The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the high-impedance state. In operation with an unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of the LSI, an associated shoot-through current flows internally, and malfunctions occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal become possible.
5. Clock signals
   After applying a reset, only release the reset line after the operating clock signal becomes stable. When switching the clock signal during program execution, wait until the target clock signal is stabilized. When the clock signal is generated with an external resonator or from an external oscillator during a reset, ensure that the reset line is only released after full stabilization of the clock signal. Additionally, when switching to a clock signal produced with an external resonator or by an external oscillator while program execution is in progress, wait until the target clock signal is stable.
6. Voltage application waveform at input pin
   Waveform distortion due to input noise or a reflected wave may cause malfunction. If the input of the CMOS device stays in the area between V_{IL} (Max.) and V_{IH} (Min.) due to noise, for example, the device may malfunction. Take care to prevent chattering noise from entering the device when the input level is fixed, and also in the transition period when the input level passes through the area between V_{IL} (Max.) and V_{IH} (Min.).
7. Prohibition of access to reserved addresses
   Access to reserved addresses is prohibited. The reserved addresses are provided for possible future expansion of functions. Do not access these addresses as the correct operation of the LSI is not guaranteed.
8. Differences between products
   Before changing from one product to another, for example to a product with a different part number, confirm that the change will not lead to problems. The characteristics of a microprocessing unit or microcontroller unit products in the same group but having a different part number might differ in terms of internal memory capacity, layout pattern, and other factors, which can affect the ranges of electrical characteristics, such as characteristic values, operating margins, immunity to noise, and amount of radiated noise. When changing to a product with a different part number, implement a system-evaluation test for the given product.

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