

RX family

How to use AES Cryptography with TSIP

Introduction

Trusted Secure IP (TSIP) is a comprehensive security library that bundles many cryptography algorithms. This application note is targeted for AES cryptography implementation on RX family device using TSIP. It provides sample projects which include BSP configuration, TSIP configuration, and then runs TSIP API to perform AES encryption and decryption in ECB and CBC mode.

The project includes pre-wrapped UFPK as an example for easy demonstration, but it can be replaced with user wrapped UFPK from Key Wrap service. Please do not use pre-wrapped UFPK in your product.

Objectives

The purpose of this application note is to provide a sample implementation of the AES 128 cryptography in ECB and CBC mode using Renesas TSIP library. The smart configurator is used to add and configure TSIP and other peripherals. The provided example code runs on Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX65N (RX65N RSK) and RX72N Envision Kit. However, it can easily be ported to any Renesas microcontroller which has TSIP.

Target Device

The following is a list of devices that are currently supported by this example program:

RX65N: R5F565NE

RX72N: R5F572NN

Operating Environment

Operation was confirmed in the following environments. The version of Integrated Development Environment and Toolchains are the same as the version which is described in the supplication note RX Family TSIP (Trusted Secure IP) Module Firmware Integration Technology (R20AN0371).

Integrated	e ² studio
Development	
Environment	
Toolchains	CCRX Compiler
Target Board	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX65N-2MB (P/N: RTK50565N2CxxxxxBE)
	RX72N Envision Kit (P/N: RTKRX72N0CxxxxxBJ)
Debuggers	E2 Lite emulator
TSIP	Version 1.21
Tera-Term	Version 4.104



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1. Overview

1.1 AES Algorithm

The AES algorithm is a symmetric block cipher that can encrypt and decrypt information. Encryption converts data to an unintelligible form called ciphertext; decrypting the ciphertext converts the data back into its original form, called plaintext. The NIST initially announced this as a process for the selection of a new encryption algorithm to replace the DES(*1) algorithm.

The Feistel and SPN(*2) structures are representative structures for block-cipher algorithms. A SPN structure has been adopted for the AES algorithm. In the SPN structure, substitution and permutation are repeatedly applied (round processing). Randomization by the SPN structure is typically more efficient than that by the Feistel structure, which means that fewer rounds of processing are required. and processing is faster overall.

*1) DES: The Data Encryption Standard (DES) algorithm is a symmetric block cipher using cipher keys. This standard was adopted as the US government standard in 1977.

*2) SPN: The Substitution Permutation Network (SPN) is a type of block cipher architecture that is adopted for the AES algorithm.

The AES was released by the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) in November 2001. There are currently three different versions of AES; all of them have a block length of 128 bits, whereas key length allowed to be 128, 192 or 256 bits. The larger the key size used, the more difficult it is to break the algorithm and obtain the encrypted data. For the purposes of this application note, only a key length of 128 bits is discussed.

In the AES algorithm, 128, 192, or 256-bit cipher keys are used to generate a 128-bit ciphertext. A different key called round key is used in each round, and is generated from the given 128, 192, or 256-bit cipher key.

1.2 Block Cipher Modes of Operation

The NIST SP 800-38A includes several modes of block cipher to generate ciphertext blocks by encrypting plaintext blocks. The project explained in this document supports ECB and CBC modes.

- ECB (Electronic Code Book) Mode: The ciphertext is created by simply encrypting each block of plaintext with the cipher key to form the corresponding block of ciphertext.



Figure 1-1 Electronic Code Book (ECB)



- CBC (Cipher Block Chaining) Mode: Each block of plaintext to be encrypted is XORed with the previous block of ciphertext. The result is then encrypted with the cipher key to create the corresponding block of ciphertext. Since there is no previous block of ciphertext for the first block, an initialization vector (IV) is used in place of the previous block of ciphertext block.



Figure 1-2 Cipher Block Chaining (CBC)



2. TSIP Overview

2.1 Definition of Terms

Terms used in this document are defined below.

Table 2-1 Terminology

Term	Description
user key	The key that the user uses as input to cryptographic functions on the device. Generated by the user.
encrypted key	Key information generated by AES128-encrypting, MAC-adding and the user key using a UFPK. Generated by Security Key Management Tool.
Wrapped Key	Data consisting of key information, such as the user key, that has been converted into a form that is usable by the TSIP driver. Generated by TSIP.
UFPK	The key needed to generate an encrypted key from a user key. Generated by the user.
Hardware Root Key (HRK)	Key that exists only internally in the
	TSIP and in a secure room at Renesas.
Key Wrap service (<u>https://dlm.renesas.com/</u>)	The Renesas key management server. It is used for UFPK wrapping.



2.2 Trusted Secure IP (TSIP)

The Trusted Secure IP (TSIP) block within the RX family creates a secure area inside the MCU by monitoring for unauthorized access attempts. It ensures that the encryption engine and encryption key can be utilized safely. The encryption key, the most important element in reliable and secure encryption, is linked to a unique ID and stored in the flash memory in a safe, undecipherable format.

Each TSIP device includes a safe area, which holds: an encryption engine, storage for raw keys, and a hardware root key, used to encrypt keys.

TSIP hardware generates wrapped key from encrypted user key inside the TSIP which is device-specific, and tied to a unique ID. Hence, the key from one device will not work on a different device. The TSIP driver software allows applications access to the TSIP hardware.



Figure 2-1 TSIP Hardware

2.2.1 Trusted Secure IP driver Package

The TSIP driver package can be downloaded from Renesas website. This includes TSIP drivers, application note RX Family TSIP (Trusted Secure IP) Module Firmware Integration Technology, sample code. The directory structure of the package is described in "1.3 Structure of Product Files" of the above application note.



2.2.2 TSIP Installation

The TSIP driver is provided as a FIT module, and the TSIP FIT module is included in the RX Driver Package. Please download the RX Driver Package from e^2 stduio.

When RX Driver Package is not downloaded into the PC, it is necessary to be downloaded into the FIT module directory of the IDE before it can be used with the e² stduio RX smart configurator for project creation. The TSIP FIT module is included in the FITModules folder of the TSIP package. Please extract and copied the FITModules folder in the TSIP package to the FIT module installation directory.

The following three files from the TSIP package need to be copied into the FIT module installation folder.

1. r_tsip_rx_v1.xx.xml

- 2. r_tsip_rx_v1.xx.zip
- 3. r_tsip_rx_v1.xx_extend.mdf

The FIT module installation folder location can be found in the "Component" tab as shown in the figure below in e^2 studio inside the Smart Configurator wizard.

e ² Preferences	– 🗆 X		
type filter text	Component 🗘 👻 👻		
Component MCU Packag MMU Pin Errors/Wi Smart Demo	Code generation settings Generating code: Do nothing if component exists \checkmark Number of trash item (0-20): 5		
 Smart Manual Support Folders Synergy Configu Synergy License Tracealyzer TraceX Task Tags Template Default Val 	Dependency settings Change these options to control how a component is added Adding dependency: Add dependent component Checking dependency: Ignore if dependent component is newer Location settings Specify location of components to show in [New Component] dialog		
> Help > Install/Update	Location (RX): e.platform_download\FITModules\ Browse		
> Java Library Hover	Location (RZ): .platform_download\RZ_Modules\ Browse		
> LinkerScript > MCU > Mylyn	Blocked list settings Allow blocked FIT modules to be displayed		
Compn Remote Development Remote Systems	Restore Defaults Apply		
? .	Apply and Close Cancel		



3. AES Cryptography Project and Configuration

The pictures of e^2 studio and procedures in this section are based on e^2 studio 2024-10. There may be some differences according to the e^2 studio version.

3.1 Creating Project with TSIP

The easiest way to create a project with TSIP is by using e^2 studio project wizard and then using the smart configurator to add the required peripheral.

- In e² studio, go to "File->New->C/C++ project".
- Select "Renesas RX->Renesas CC-RX C/C++ Executable Project.
- Enter the project name and directory.
- Select Compiler and target device (For RX65N RSK: R5F565NEHDFC). Make sure the device selected has the security feature to use the TSIP. For instance, RX65N Family R5F565NEHDFC supported HW Encryption function
- Put a check mark on the "Use Smart configurator" to use the code generator feature that allows adding the FIT module driver.

•		×
New Renesas CC-RX Executable Project		-
Select Coding Assistant settings		2
Use Smart Configurator		
Use Peripheral Code Generator ^d		
Smart Configurator is a single User Interface that combines the functionalities of Code Generator and FIT Cor	figurator w	hich
Smart Configurator encompasses unified clock configuration view, interrupt configuration view and pin config Hardware resources conflict in peripheral modules, interrupts and pins occurred in different types of drivers a modules will be notified.	guration vie nd middlev	w. vare
(Smart Configurator is available only for the supported devices)		
Application Code		

- Click finish to complete the project creation. The sample project will look like this with *.scfg file for the smart configurator.
- 🗸 📂 rx65n
 - > 🔊 Includes
 - 🗸 🔁 src
 - 🗸 🗁 smc_gen
 - > 🔁 general
 - > 📂 r_bsp
 - > 📂 r_config
 - > 👝 r_pincfg
 - > 💽 rx65n.c
 - 📄 rx65n HardwareDebug.launch
 - 💮 rx65n.scfg



3.2 Adding TSIP FIT module

The project wizard only creates a basic project with bsp. The TSIP driver and other necessary peripheral drivers needed for the application code can be added using the smart configurator.

The TSIP driver has dependency on the Flash FIT module (r_flash_rx) to store wrapped keys in the data flash and this needs to be added along with the TSIP driver. The Flash FIT module includes API to program, erase, write and blank check the Code and/or Data flash. Any other FIT module needed for the application project can also be added using the smart configurator.

The smart configurator can be started by double clicking *.scfg file in the project from "Project Explorer" window. By going to "Component" tab and then clicking add button allows adding any FIT module. The component can be filtered by the function needed for the application. The example below shows TSIP driver (r_tsip_rx) addition by filtering the function by the "Security (Drivers)". Using the same process, Flash FIT module can be added.

📴 New Component — 🗆						×	
Software	Software Component Selection						
Select cor	nponent from those availab	ole in list					-
Category	All						~
Function	Security						×
Filter							
Compon	ents		Short Name	Typ)e	Version	
TSIP(1	rusted Secure IP) driver.		r_tsip_rx	Firr	nware Integra	1.21	
Show of United Street	only latest version ems that have duplicated fi	unctionalit	у				
Dependency: r_bsp version(s) 7.30 Support functions: AES, GCM, CCM, CMAC, SHA, MD5, Triple-DES, ARC4, RSA, ECC, Random number generate, Key management, secure boot/secure firmware update.							
Download Configure	I the latest FIT drivers and r general settings	niddlewan	<u>e</u>				
?		< <u>B</u> ac	ck <u>N</u> ext :	>	<u>F</u> inish	Cance	I

The demo code communicates through the terminal using UART interface. Hence, SCI FIT module (r_sci_rx) and ByteQ FIT module (Required for SCI driver) is also added to the project. The ByteQ module allocates a queue control block in an Open() call to handle indexing for buffers provided by the user application. It also includes functions to put and get data from the buffer queue, inspect the number of bytes available or in use, and to flush the queue. There is no limit to the number of queues supported, and queue control blocks can be allocated statically at build time or dynamically at run time. The RX65N RSK board uses SCI channel 8 and the RX72N Envision Kit board uses SCI channel 2 for transmission and reception.

3.3 BSP configuration

By default, BSP disables security feature and needs to be enabled in the bsp configuration file generated by the e^2 studio project wizard to use the TSIP. The security configuration can be found in the bsp configuration file "r_bsp_config_h.

Make sure to set the below macro as described below before using TSIP API function. Please set the macro manually although the configuration file is not edited manually originally.



Using MCU	The macro to set	The value to set
RX65N	BSP_CFG_MCU_PART_ENCRYPTION_INCLUDED	true
RX72N	BSP_CFG_MCU_PART_FUNCTION	0x11

Table 3-1 The setting value to bsp configuration file

3.4 TSIP driver configuration for AES usage

By default, TSIP FIT module addition enables all the features from the TSIP. This includes all the cryptography, hashing, random number generation etc. So, when "Code Generator" generates the code, it generates drivers for all the Cryptography apart from the AES function that is needed for the application. So, for application that requires AES cryptography only, the AES component can be enabled, and all other components can be marked as "No using..." from the drop-down menu for each component in the smart configurator as below to reduce memory usage.





3.5 Key Wrapping and Wrapped Key

TSIP driver does not accept raw user keys as input, hence key needs to be wrapped and encrypted. The method to convert user key into wrapped key and to write in RX MCU is explained below.

To use the user key more securely, use the Key Wrap service (<u>https://dlm.renesas.com/</u>) and the Security Key Management Tool to wrap the user key used by the TSIP driver according to the following procedure.

- 1. First, prepare two keys, a user key and a UFPK. The user key is the key used for cryptographic processing, and the UFPK is the key used to wrap the user key.
- 2. Next, generate the wrapped UFPK by wrapping the raw UFPK on the Key Wrap service. The UFPK file which format is acceptable by Key Wrap service can be generated by Security Key Management Tool. Please refer to the User's Manual of Security Key Management Tool and application note RX Family TSIP (Trusted Secure IP) Module Firmware Integration Technology to see how to generate the UFPK file. And please refer to the FAQ at the top of the Key Wrap service web site to see how to use the Key Wrap service.
- 3. Then enter the wrapped UFPK, the raw UFPK, and the user key into the Security Key Management Tool to output the wrapped UFPK and the user key wrapped with the UFPK (encrypted key). These outputs are written in encryption key files. Please see the User's Manual of Security Key Management Tool and application note RX Family TSIP (Trusted Secure IP) Module Firmware Integration Technology to see more detail.

The created encryption key files must be included in the project. The advantage of using a wrapped key is that the user can guarantee the security of the raw user key because the program does not need to include the raw user key.

Each TSIP API requires "Wrapped Key". This should be generated in the first step before other APIs are called. Wrapped Key is generated by the Wrapped Key generation API based on the wrapped UFPK and encrypted key. The generated Wrapped Key can be installed in the data flash area (0x00100000), etc.

The key associated with the Unique ID is used to generate the Wrapped Key. Since the Unique ID is a device-specific value, the Wrapped Key will be different for each device even if it is generated from the same user key. Therefore, even if the Wrapped Key is read from the device by an attacker, it is not available on other devices and does not pose a security threat to the system.

The sample project uses the following user key and UFPK. For a quick demonstration, encryption key files are pre-generated by using the Key Wrap service and the Security Key Management Tool and has been added in the project as euk_aes128.c and euk_aes128.h.

Кеу Туре	Raw Key (hexadecimal)
User key (AES-128 bit)	11111112222222333333334444444
UFPK	22222222222222222222222222222222222221111

Table 3-2 Keys to be used



4. Demo Project

The demo program executes user command input in the prompt on terminal window.

4.1 Demo Commands

Table 4-1 shows the list of the user command supported by the demo. It is to note that the commands are case sensitive.

Command	Description
ecbdemo <plain text=""></plain>	Encrypt 16-byte hexadecimal input plain text and output Cypher text in ECB mode
cbcdemo <plain text=""></plain>	Encrypt 16-byte hexadecimal input plain text and output Cypher text in CBC mode
function	Test the AES ECB/CBC APIs with sample data and outputs the result

Table 4-1 List of Commands

4.2 List of Files and Folder

Table 4-2 list the files and folders in the project. The peripheral drivers are generated from the smart configurator.

Folder Name Name	File/Folder Name	Description
src/genkey	euk_aes128.c euk_aes128.h	Key data generated from Security Key Management Tool
src/smc_gen	 general r_bsp r_byteq r_config r_flash_rx r_pincfg r_sci_rx r_tsip_rx 	 Code generated from Smart Configurator Includes BSP Peripheral drivers Pin Configuration BSP and Peripheral Configuration
src	main.c	main function
src	key_data.c key_data.h	Data structure of Wrapped Key and state used in the sample program
src	tsip_sample_aes.c	Sample program for AES function test
src	secure_boot.c secure_boot.h	Sample program for generating AES wrapped key and installing it in the data flash
src	tsip_sample.c tsip_sample.h	utility functions for outputting the data

Table 4-2 List of Files and Folders



4.3 List of TSIP API Functions used for AES implementation

The code uses the following TSIP API function for AES 128 in CBC and ECB mode implementation. These functions are associated with TSIP initialization, wrapped key generation, and encrypting and decrypting the input data in CBC and ECB mode.

Туре	API	Description
API functions for	R_TSIP_Open	Enables TSIP functionality.
TSIP initialization	R_TSIP_Close	Disables TSIP functionality
API for generating user wrapped key data	R_TSIP_GenerateAes128KeyIndex	Generates a 128-bit AES user wrapped key.
API for ECB mode encryption and	R_TSIP_Aes128EcbEncryptInit	Prepares to encrypt data in AES128-ECB mode using a 128-bit AES user wrapped key.
decryption	R_TSIP_Aes128EcbEncryptUpdate	Encrypts data in AES128-ECB mode.
	R_TSIP_Aes128EcbEncryptFinal	Performs final processing for encryption in AES128-ECB mode.
	R_TSIP_Aes128EcbDecryptInit	Prepares to decrypt data in AES128-ECB mode using a 128-bit AES user wrapped key.
	R_TSIP_Aes128EcbDecryptUpdate	Decrypts data in AES128-ECB mode.
	R_TSIP_Aes128EcbDecryptFinal	Performs final processing for decryption in AES128-ECB mode
API for CBC mode	R_TSIP_Aes128CbcEncryptInit	Prepares to encrypt data in AES128-
encryption and decryption		CBC mode using a 128-bit AES user wrapped key.
	R_TSIP_Aes128CbcEncryptUpdate	Encrypts data in AES128-CBC mode.
	R_TSIP_Aes128CbcEncryptFinal	Performs final processing for encryption in AES128-CBC mode.
	R_TSIP_Aes128CbcDecryptInit	Prepares to decrypt data in AES128-CBC mode using a 128-bit AES user wrapped key.
	R_TSIP_Aes128CbcDecryptUpdate	Decrypts data in AES128-CBC mode
	R_TSIP_Aes128CbcDecryptFinal	Performs final processing for decryption in AES128-CBC mode.

Table 4-3 API function for AES



5. Build and Run the Project

In this section, the procedure to use RX65N RSK is explained. Please interpret the project name to the project name which is actually used when other RX family device is used.

The pictures of e^2 studio and procedures in this section are based on e^2 studio 2024-10. There may be some differences according to the e^2 studio version.

5.1 Import and Build the Project

Open e² studio to a workspace of your choosing and click "File" > "Import...". Then select "General" > "Existing Projects into Workspace" as shown below.

Import			×
Select Create new projects from an archive file or directory.		Ľ	5
Select an import wizard:			
type filter text			
 ✓ E General [®] Archive File [®] Existing Projects into Workspace [®] File System [®] Preferences [®] Projects from Folder or Archive [®] Renesa & Import Existing C/C++ Project into Workspace [®] Renesas CC-RX project conversion to Renesas GCC RX [®] Renesas CS+ Project for CA78K0R/CA78K0 [®] Renesas CS+ Project for CC-RX, CC-RL and CC-RH [®] Renesas GitHub FreeRTOS (with IoT libraries) Project [®] Sample Projects on Renesas Website ^{>} E C/C++ [®] Code Generator [®] 			< >
(?) < Back Next > Finish	_	Cance	I

Select "Select root directory", click "Browse..." button and navigate to the directory where projects are downloaded. Select the rx65n_2mb_rsk_tsip_aes_sample, ensure your screen looks like below before clicking finish. This will import the "rx65n_2mb_rsk_tsip_aes_sample project" into your workspace. Now build the project "Project" > "Build Project Ctrl+B".



🔁 Import		_		×
Import Projects Select a directory to sea	ch for existing Eclipse projects.			
 Select root directory: Select archive file: 	C.¥workspace¥tsip_sample	~	B <u>r</u> ows	e
<u>P</u> rojects:				
✓ rx65n_2mb_rsk_tsi ☐ rx72n_ek_tsip_aes	o_aes_sample (C:¥workspace¥tsip_samp sample (C:¥workspace¥tsip_sample¥rx7	le¥rx65n_ 2n_ek_tsir	<u>S</u> elect	All t All sh
Options Search for nested pro Copy projects into w Close newly imported Hide projects that all	jects orkspace I projects upon completion eady exist in the workspace			
Working sets	ng sets	~	Ne <u>w</u> S <u>e</u> lect	
?	< <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext > <u>F</u> ir	nish	Cance	el



5.2 Setting up the hardware

Connect the hardware as shown in the picture below so that the code can be downloaded using E1 or E2Lite emulator. To prevent shorts, ensure power is disconnected before making any physical changes to the board. Also, when RX65N RSK is used, make sure SW4-1 is OFF to have the MCU in the Single chip mode. When RX72N Envision Kit is used, make sure SW1-2 is OFF to set emulator use enabled.



Figure 5-1 Connection Diagram of RX65N RSK



Figure 5-2 Connection Diagram of RX72N Envision Kit

5.2.1 Terminal Software Communication

Connect USB cable to PC for UART communication with Terminal software. Configure Tera-term for "Serial" communication. First, set New-line of Transmit to "CR" in Terminal Setup. Next, set up serial port as below:

Speed: 115200

Parity: None

Flow Control: None



Tera Term: Serial port setup and connection X				
<u>P</u> ort: Sp <u>e</u> ed:	COM3 115200	~ [<u>N</u> ew open]
Data:	8 bit	~	Cancel	1
P <u>a</u> rity:	none	\sim		
Stop bits:	1 bit	\sim	<u>H</u> elp	
Elow control:	none	\sim		
Transmit delay 0 msec/ghar 0 msec/ljine				
Device Friendly Name: Intel(R) Active Management Technology -: ^ Device Instance ID: PCI¥VEN_8086&DEV_A0E3&SUBSYS_880D103C Device Manufacturer: Intel Provider Name: Intel Driver Date: 4-18-2023 Driver Version: 2316,5.0.0				
<			>	



5.2.2 Download Program

The program can be downloaded using whether e² studio or Renesas Flash Programmer.

5.2.2.1 Download Program using e² studio

After hardware setup is complete, the project can be download by clicking "Run-> Debug Configuration and selecting "rx65n_2mb_rsk_tsip_aes_sample HardwareDebug" and then click "Debug" button. This will start the download process.

Debug Configurations		-	
Create, manage, and run configur	rations		Ť.
Yee The second sec	Name: [xc5n_2mb_rsk_tsip_aes_sample HardwareDebug Image: Main Image: Debugger Startup Project: [xc5n_2mb_rsk_tsip_aes_sample Common Project: [xc5n_2mb_rsk_tsip_aes_sample C/C++ Application: HardwareDebug/rx65n_2mb_rsk_tsip_aes_sample x Variables Searce Build (if required) before launching Build Configuration: Searce Build Configuration: Select Automatically O Disable auto build Image: Image: Configure Workspace Settings	rch Project	Browse Browse
Filter matched 9 of 11 items		Revert Debug	Apply Close



5.2.2.2 Download Program using Renesas Flash Programmer

The code can also run in the standalone mode which does not use a debugger. In this case, please use Renesas Flash Programmer (RFP). Please refer below web site to see how to use the RFP.

https://www.renesas.com/rfp

🜠 Renesas Flash Programmer V3.06.01 (Free-of-charge Edition)		-		Х
<u>File</u> <u>D</u> evice Information <u>H</u> elp				
Operation Operation Settings Block Settings Connect Settings Unique Code				
Project Information Current Project: rx65n_2mb_dual_rsk_tsip_rfp_projectrpj Microcontroller: RX Group <u>E</u>	ndian:	Little	~	
Program File				
<projectdir>¥rx65n_2mb_rsk_tsip_secure_boot.mot</projectdir>		B	rowse	
Start				
Renesas Flash Programmer V3.06.01 [1 Oct 2019] (Free-of-charge Edition) oading Project (C:¥workspace¥an-r20an0371jj0111-rx-tsip-security¥tool¥rsk_tsip_r1 mb_dual_rsk_tsip_rfp_project¥rx65n_2mb_dual_rsk_tsip_rfp_projectrpj)	fp_proje	ct¥rx65n		
	<u>C</u> lear	status a	nd messa	ge



5.3 **Run the Program**

In order to run the program from e² studio, click "Resume" button. At first click, it will break at main function. Click on "Resume" button to run the program. The following output will be shown on the Tera-term:



- The \$ prompt is ready to accept the user command. In the prompt, enter any of the following commands.
 - ecbdemo <plain text> 1. 2. cbcdemo <plain text>
 - function
 - 3.
- If command is entered correctly, the output will be shown on the terminal window as below:
 - 1 Cipher text (output data) which is generated by encrypting the plain text (input data) in AES128-ECB mode with using user key shown in Table 3-2 is displayed. Note that the Wrapped Key is different for each device.



Cipher text (output data) which is generated by encrypting the plain text (input data) in AES128-CBC mode with using user key shown in Table 3-2 and initial vector

(=12345678fedcba09555555555aaaaaaaa) is displayed. Note that the Wrapped Key is different for each device.





3.	\$ function				
	Test results of AES ECB/CBC API functions w	ith using sample data are displayed.			
	<pre>\$ function R_TSIP_Open() returns: R_TSIP_Aes128EcbEncryptInit() returns: R_TSIP_Aes128EcbEncryptUpdate() returns: R_TSIP_Aes128EcbEncryptFinal() returns: aes128_ecb_enc_input: aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaabbbbbbbb</pre>	TSIP_SUCCESS TSIP_SUCCESS TSIP_SUCCESS TSIP_SUCCESS bbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbb			
	R_TSIP_Aes128EcbDecryptInit() returns: R_TSIP_Aes128EcbDecryptUpdate() returns: R_TSIP_Aes128EcbDecryptFinal() returns:	TSIP_SUCCESS TSIP_SUCCESS TSIP_SUCCESS			
	aes128_ecb_dec_input: f4136afc2a9df52b31c447f4d13a78b4c1c759e6e44a6de1d23e6efb5c48fb55dcdb81139b2a6ca3 14ca50c7e4fa1a179310094c38bd4e2c93ea63670bd92cb3 aes128_ecb_dec_output: aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaabbbbbbbb				
	aes128_ecb_dec_expect: aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaabbbbbbb				
	R_TSIP_Aes128CbcEncryptInit() returns: R_TSIP_Aes128CbcEncryptUpdate() returns: R_TSIP_Aes128CbcEncryptFinal() returns: aes128_cbc_enc_input:	TSIP_SUCCESS TSIP_SUCCESS TSIP_SUCCESS			
	aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaabbbbbbb				
	t5cU65e3ctdb49f4d62c1U11baf0U1851d7Uad5Ub9ca17af41cec50fe152e8db1a8bc5d62baf765e d3d064a3109cf05ccd78f719397e05ae2341cb816a2764fa aes128_cbc_enc_expect: f5c005c2e5db49f4d62f1011baf001951d70ed50b9ce17ef41eee50fe152e8db1e8be5d62baf765e				
	d3d064a3109cf05ccd78f719397e05ae2341cb816a2764fa				
	R_TSIP_Aes128CbcDecryptInit() returns: R_TSIP_Aes128CbcDecryptUpdate() returns: R_TSIP_Aes128CbcDecryptFinal() returns:	TSIP_SUCCESS TSIP_SUCCESS TSIP_SUCCESS			
	f5c065e3cfdb49f4d62c1011baf001851d70ad50b9ca17af41cec50fe152e8db1a8bc5d62baf765e d3d064a3109cf05ccd78f719397e05ae2341cb816a2764fa aes128_cbc_dec_output:				
	aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa				
	aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaabbbbbb				
	R_TSIP_Close() returns:	TSIP_SUCCESS			

4. All above command is case sensitive and output error if it does not match. The below output is when \$ fun is pressed.

\$ fun command format	error.	
\$		



6. Using Security Key Management Tool

You can use Security Key Management Tool to generate encrypted user keys. Security Key Management Tool is also available in a command line interface (CLI) version that can easily be deployed in settings such as the production line in a factory.

Security Key Management Tool

https://www.renesas.com/software-tool/security-key-management-tool

Refer to the user's manual for detailed instructions on how to use Security Key Management Tool.



Website and Support

Renesas Electronics Website <u>http://www.renesas.com/</u>

Inquiries

http://www.renesas.com/contact/



Revision History

		Description	
Rev.	Date	Page	Summary
1.00	Mar 31, 2021	-	First release
1.01	Jun 30, 2021	-	Add explanation about RX72N Envision Kit
		24-25	Add section 6
1.02	Nov 30, 2023	-	Change the key wrapping tool to Security Key Management Tool
1.03	Apr 10, 2025	-	Apply changes about terms



General Precautions in the Handling of Microprocessing Unit and Microcontroller Unit Products

The following usage notes are applicable to all Microprocessing unit and Microcontroller unit products from Renesas. For detailed usage notes on the products covered by this document, refer to the relevant sections of the document as well as any technical updates that have been issued for the products.

1. Precaution against Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)

A strong electrical field, when exposed to a CMOS device, can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the device operation. Steps must be taken to stop the generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it when it occurs. Environmental control must be adequate. When it is dry, a humidifier should be used. This is recommended to avoid using insulators that can easily build up static electricity. Semiconductor devices must be stored and transported in an anti-static container, static shielding bag or conductive material. All test and measurement tools including work benches and floors must be grounded. The operator must also be grounded using a wrist strap. Semiconductor devices must not be touched with bare hands. Similar precautions must be taken for printed circuit boards with mounted semiconductor devices.

2. Processing at power-on

The state of the product is undefined at the time when power is supplied. The states of internal circuits in the LSI are indeterminate and the states of register settings and pins are undefined at the time when power is supplied. In a finished product where the reset signal is applied to the external reset pin, the states of pins are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the reset process is completed. In a similar way, the states of pins in a product that is reset by an on-chip power-on reset function are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the power is supplied until the power is supplied until the power reaches the level at which resetting is specified.

3. Input of signal during power-off state

Do not input signals or an I/O pull-up power supply while the device is powered off. The current injection that results from input of such a signal or I/O pull-up power supply may cause malfunction and the abnormal current that passes in the device at this time may cause degradation of internal elements. Follow the guideline for input signal during power-off state as described in your product documentation.

4. Handling of unused pins

Handle unused pins in accordance with the directions given under handling of unused pins in the manual. The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the high-impedance state. In operation with an unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of the LSI, an associated shoot-through current flows internally, and malfunctions occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal become possible.

5. Clock signals

After applying a reset, only release the reset line after the operating clock signal becomes stable. When switching the clock signal during program execution, wait until the target clock signal is stabilized. When the clock signal is generated with an external resonator or from an external oscillator during a reset, ensure that the reset line is only released after full stabilization of the clock signal. Additionally, when switching to a clock signal produced with an external resonator or by an external oscillator while program execution is in progress, wait until the target clock signal is stable.

6. Voltage application waveform at input pin

Waveform distortion due to input noise or a reflected wave may cause malfunction. If the input of the CMOS device stays in the area between V_{IL} (Max.) and V_{IH} (Min.) due to noise, for example, the device may malfunction. Take care to prevent chattering noise from entering the device when the input level is fixed, and also in the transition period when the input level passes through the area between V_{IL} (Max.) and V_{IH} (Min.).

7. Prohibition of access to reserved addresses

Access to reserved addresses is prohibited. The reserved addresses are provided for possible future expansion of functions. Do not access these addresses as the correct operation of the LSI is not guaranteed.

8. Differences between products

Before changing from one product to another, for example to a product with a different part number, confirm that the change will not lead to problems. The characteristics of a microprocessing unit or microcontroller unit products in the same group but having a different part number might differ in terms of internal memory capacity, layout pattern, and other factors, which can affect the ranges of electrical characteristics, such as characteristic values, operating margins, immunity to noise, and amount of radiated noise. When changing to a product with a different part number, implement a systemevaluation test for the given product.

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