

User Manual

SmartBond Production Line Tool UM-B-163

Abstract

This document describes the SmartBond Production Line Tool (PLT). The various software applications, as well as the PLT hardware are explained in detail. The purpose of this document is to guide users in the use of it.

Supported Devices DA1453x and DA1469x.

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SmartBond Production Line Tool

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1 Terms and Definitions

API	Application Programming Interface
BD	Bluetooth Device
.bin	Firmware files in binary format
BLE	Bluetooth Low Energy
CFG	Configuration
CLI	Command Line Interface
COM	Communication port
CPLD	Complex Programmable Logic Device
CRC	Cyclic Redundancy Check
CS	Configuration Script
CSV	Comma Separated Values
DLL	Dynamic Link Library
DMA	Direct Memory Access
DMM	Digital Multi-meter
DTM	Direct Test Mode (as specified by the BLE Core standard)
DUT	Device Under Test
DVM	Digital Voltage Meter
EEPROM	Electrically Erasable Programmable Read-Only Memory
.exe	Executable file
FTDI	Future Technology Devices International Ltd.
GPIO	General Purpose Input-Output
GU	Golden Unit
GUI	Graphical User Interface
Hex	Firmware file in ASCII format
HW	Hardware
IC	Integrated Circuit
IDE	Integrated Development Environment
I2C	Inter-Integrated Circuit
JTAG	Joint Test Action Group
OS	Operating System
OTP	One Time Programmable (memory)
PC	Personal Computer
PCB	Printed Circuit Board
PER	Packet Error Rate
PLT	Production Line Tool
PLTD	Production Line Tool DLL
POR	Power-On Reset
RAM	Random Access Memory
RCX	Resistor Crystal Oscillator
RF	Radio Frequency
RX	Receive
SCPI	Standard Commands for Programmable Instruments
SoC	System on Chip
SDK	Software Development Kit
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SPI	Serial Peripheral Interface
SW	Software
TCS	Trim and Calibration Section
ТХ	Transmit
UART	Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter
UI	User Interface
USB	Universal Serial Bus
VISA	Virtual Instrument Software Architecture
VPP	Programming supply voltage (pin)
XML	Extensible Markup Language
XTAL	Crystal
XSD	XML Schema Definition

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3 New Version Features

This manual explains the usage of the 16 channels SmartBond[™] Production Line Tool (PLT). It refers to the SmartBond_PLT_v4.6 software release, which compared to version 4.5 has the added features illustrated in Table 1.

Table 1: SmartBond_PLT_v4.6 added features

#	Features	Description
1	DA14535 support	New chipset support.
2	DA1453x-01 support	New chipset support.
3	Latest SDK support	PLT has been updated to support the latest SDK6 and SKD10 releases, including general compatibility and new binaries.
4	Bug Fixes	This version includes a number of bug fixes reported since the previous release.

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4 Introduction

PLT designed to test, calibrate, and load firmware for 16 different devices under test (DUTs) in parallel.

The following parts are delivered with the tool:

- Hardware
 - Main board (Figure 1) together with a DA14580-QFN48 Golden Unit
 - Electrical schematics
 - Gerber files
 - Bill of Materials.
- Software
 - Source code files organized in a Microsoft® Visual Studio Express 2017 solution
 - Application executables and required DLLs.
- Documents

An example of a sequence of actions the tool performs is given below. All actions are performed in parallel for up to 16 devices.

- 1. Download the production test firmware (e.g. prod_test_531.bin).
- 2. Perform automatic crystal (XTAL) trimming.
- 3. Perform RF RSSI test.
- 4. Download and burn the customer firmware (into OTP, SPI flash, QSPI flash or I2C EEPROM).
- 5. Burn the OTP header.
- 6. Perform Scan test. Reset the DUTs and set the GU to scan for the DUT BLE advertisements.

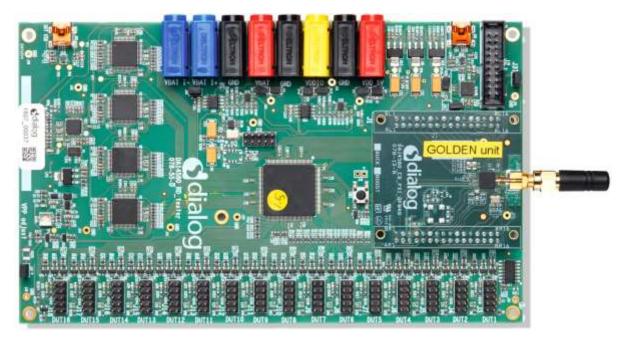


Figure 1: Production Line Tool hardware

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5 Hardware

5.1 Hardware block diagram

Figure 2 shows the various blocks of Production Line Tool hardware. These blocks are explained below:

- Blue blocks: USB-to-UART interfaces.
 - Four FT4232 FTDI QUAD USB-to-UART interfaces are used for a 16-channel USB-to-UART conversion.
 - The GU is connected to the PC via an FT232 FTDI USB-to-UART interface.
 - Red block: A CPLD that has the following purpose:
 - Switch UART signals between the PC USB-UART and DUTs.
 - Switch DUTs VBAT signal.
 - Switch DUTs VPP signal (only when VBAT is enabled).
 - Produce Reset signal to the DUTs.
 - Produce 300/500 ms XTAL calibration pulse.
- Orange block: A Golden Unit (GU) is mounted, which has the following functionalities:
 - CPLD control using custom commands.
 - Transceiver for Bluetooth RF signals to and from the DUTs.
 - Produce an audio tone using PWM, used for audio testing.
 - Scan for device BLE advertisements, after the customer firmware is programmed.
 - Interface to the PC.
- **Purple blocks:** Sixteen (16) device connectors.

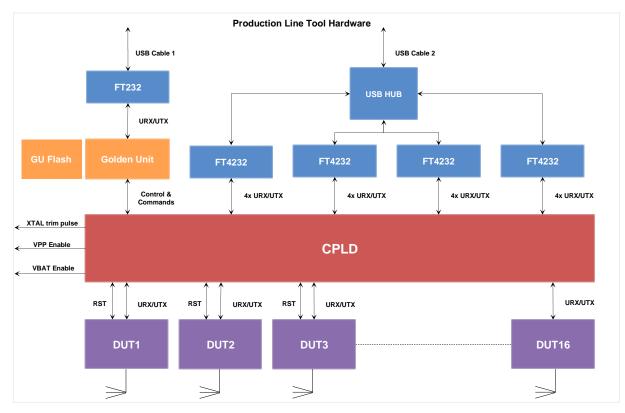


Figure 2: Production Line Tool hardware board block diagram

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5.2 Printed circuit board layout

Figure 3 shows the top view of the PLT board. The important parts are labelled using the orange boxes. The *VPP jumper* and the *Current jumper* are labelled in blue.

The Golden Unit has a DA14580 QFN48-die soldered. Most of the 48 pins are basically used to connect to the CPLD. The CPLD is programmed during the production of the PLT board via the CPLD socket (J19). The users do not work with the CPLD socket.

The black banana sockets are all connected to the same ground (GND) plane.

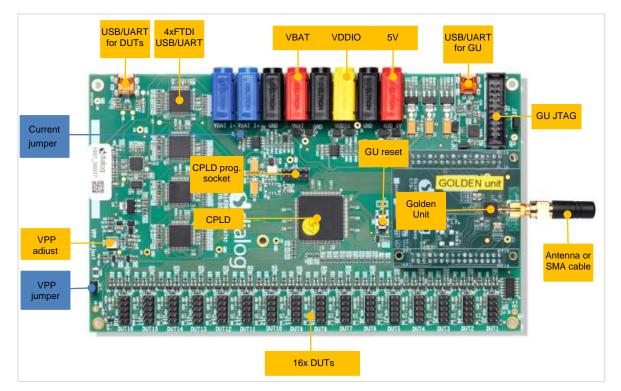


Figure 3: Top view of the PLT hardware board





5.3 PLT power supply

An external power supply is needed for PLT to operate. Figure 4 shows that the external power supply should be connected to the banana sockets.

Table 2 shows the voltage and current requirements for each power supply. The blue banana sockets can be used for device current measurements.



Figure 4: PLT hardware power connections

Table 2: Power supply requirements

Power Supply	Voltage (V)	Current (mA)	
		Buck Mode	Boost Mode
VBAT (Buck mode)	2.4 3.3	16 x 20	
VBAT (Boost mode)	1.5 3.3		16 x 20
VDDIO	2.4 3.3	70	70
VDD 5V	4.75 5.25	~335	~335
VPP	6.6 6.8	16 x 2	16 x 2

5.4 DUT connector

The BLE devices are connected to the PLT using the DUT1-16 connectors at the edge of the PLT board. Figure 5 shows the pin-header connections from the Production Line Tool hardware board to the DUTs. Table 3 describes the purpose of each pin.

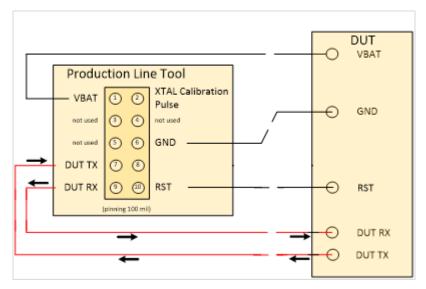


Figure 5: Production Line Tool DUT connections

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Header pin	Name	Description
1	VBAT	Depending on the VBAT/Reset Signals Operation (Section 6.9) mode this can be used as Voltage supply for the DUT or as Reset signal. Due to this connection, no external power supply is needed for the DUTs. This pin must be connected if there is no other power supply (for example, battery).
2	XTAL Calibration Pulse	This pin can be used as a reference pulse during the automatic crystal calibration. For more details see Section 7.2.6.5 for DA1453x devices and Section 7.2.10.3 for DA1469x devices. The crystal trim pulse can also be supplied in the UART RX device pin. This is the most common scenario. However, there may be hardware limitations where the UART RX pin cannot be used. In such cases, this particular PLT header pin is used.
6	GND	Ground pin. This pin must be connected.
7	DUT TX	This pin is connected to the device UART TX pin. This pin must be connected.
8	VPP	This pin provides the 6.8 V required to program the OTP in the DA14580/1/2/3 devices. Note: This option is not available with the 'VBAT as Reset' mode.
9	DUT RX	This is connected to the device UART RX pin and can also provide the crystal calibration reference pulse for the automatic crystal (XTAL) trim procedure, as described in Section 7.2.6.5 for DA1453x devices and in Section 7.2.10.3 for DA1469x devices. This pin must be connected.
10	RST	The reset signal must be connected if battery powered devices are used. A power cycle of VBAT will produce a Power on Reset (POR), so a RESET is given to the DUT. In that case the RST-wire is not needed. In summary, when no battery is used, the POR will RESET the DUT.

Table 3: PLT connections to applications

5.5 DA1453x single wire UART connections

DA1453x supports single wire UART. For this purpose, DA1453x GPIO P05 or P03 can be used. Figure 6 shows the UART pin connections to PLT. The 100 Ohm resistor in the device is optional. The PLT hardware does not need any modifications. The only requirement is to short circuit the PLT DUT RX and DUT TX pins as close to PLT as possible. The resistors shown in the PLT block already exist.

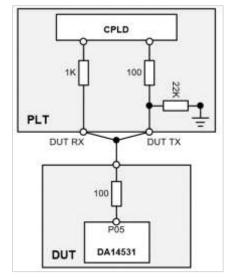


Figure 6: DA1453x single wire UART connections (P03 or P05)

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NOTE

The 100 Ohm resistor in the device is optional.

5.6 Data Streaming

Figure 7, Figure 8 and Figure 9 show the three possible data streams through the CPLD. The CPLD switches S1, S2, S3, and S4 are controlled by the software via the Golden Unit.

Normal operation (Figure 7):

UART-RxD data is transported via the RED arrows (AA): PC \rightarrow USB \rightarrow USB HUB \rightarrow Quad UART \rightarrow CPLD signal 'AA' \rightarrow DUT RxD (programmed as RxD).

UART-TxD data is transported via the BLUE arrows (BB): PC \leftarrow USB \leftarrow USB HUB \leftarrow Quad UART \leftarrow CPLD signal 'BB' \leftarrow DUT TxD.

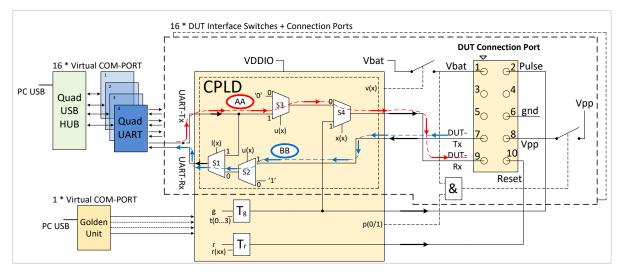


Figure 7: CPLD UART data streams

Crystal trimming (Figure 8):

The XTAL calibration pulse (500 ms) is transported via the PURPLE arrows (CC): CPLD TIMER Tg \rightarrow CPLD S4 \rightarrow DUT RxD (programmed as GPIO).

UART-TxD data is transported via the BLUE arrows (BB): PC \leftarrow USB \leftarrow USB HUB \leftarrow Quad UART \leftarrow CPLD signal 'BB' \leftarrow DUT TxD.



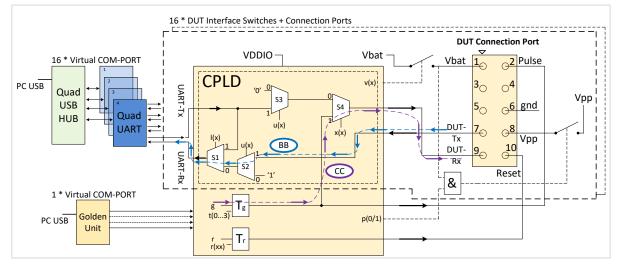
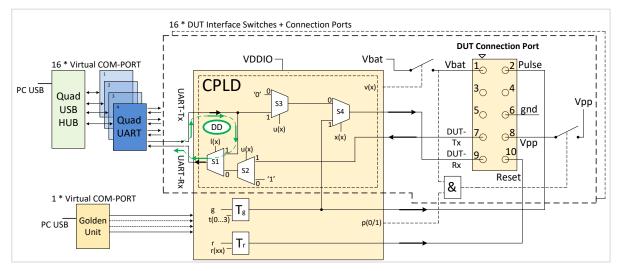


Figure 8: CPLD XTAL trim pulse data stream

Loopback operation (Figure 9):

Loopback operation is used during the start of the tests. The PC PLT software uses this feature to automatically find the numbers of the Virtual COM ports in the Windows PC.

The UART loopback data is transported via the GREEN arrows (DD): PC \rightarrow USB \rightarrow USB HUB \rightarrow Quad UART \rightarrow CPLD signal 'DD' SW1 \rightarrow Quad UART \rightarrow USB HUB \rightarrow USB \rightarrow PC.





NOTE

The CPLD is also used to switch the UART signals between the QUAD FTDIs and the DUTs. When the VBAT is switched off and the UART wires are not disconnected, a 'rest voltage' may be present on the product. This could cause problems with the power-on reset (POR) and the product might not boot correctly. The CPLD will switch off the UART signals when the VBAT is not present.



5.7 Golden unit



Figure 10: Golden unit

The Golden unit (GU) is a 'daughter' board mainly used in the Expert Development Kit see Ref. [2]. In the PLT, the GU is used for various purposes:

- RF Transmitter for the RF RSSI DUT test.
- RF Receiver for the device BLE advertisement scan test.
- Audio tone generator for the audio test.
- Controlling the CPLD.
- Connection to the PC.

The GU uses an SPI Flash memory mounted on the PLT board. SPI Flash is pre-programmed with a specific production test firmware. If required, there are several ways to upgrade the GU firmware, either via the PLT's GU JTAG connector, via the UART or using a new GUI application executable (GU_fw_upgrade.exe) as explained in Section 7.5. The latest GU firmware can be found inside the latest PLT software release, under the executables\binaries\GU folder.

NOTE

PLT v4.3 and newer versions require the latest firmware version of the Golden unit. If the Golden unit firmware is not updated, then the PLT applications will not run.

The Golden unit is calibrated during PLT production and is delivered with a calibration characterization document.

5.7.1 GU reset

The Golden unit includes a hardware reset circuit. The GU reset signal is connected to an FTDI FT232 GPIO pin.

Figure 11 shows the electrical schematics of the GU reset circuit. Section 5.9.2 shows the jumper positions on the PLT PCB.

The red line is the connection between the FTDI IC GPIO pin (DTR) and the GU reset signal on the PLT GU connector header. The PLT software controls this pin via the FTDI DLL driver ftd2xx.dll. Making pin DTR low for a short period of time will reset the GU. Every time the PLT tests start, a hardware reset is issued to the Golden unit. Jumper J47 should be ON and J46 OFF for this reset method to operate.

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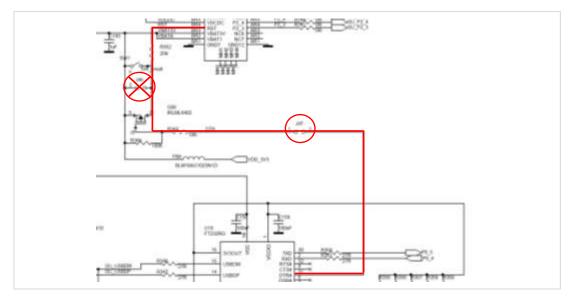


Figure 11: GU reset circuit

5.8 Current measurements

The PLT board provides connections to perform DUT current measurements (see Figure 12). By connecting a current meter to the blue banana sockets, the combined VBAT current of all DUTs can be measured. Jumper J26 should be removed when a current meter is connected. If no current meter is used, jumper J26 should be mounted. See also Section 5.9.

Figure 12 shows the connection that can only be used with the VBAT Only (see Section 6.9.1) and VBAT On with Reset (see Section 6.9.1.2) (when the VBAT lines are used to power the DUTs) modes. If the DUTs are powered using a single external power supply, then the multi-meter should be connected on that power supply in a similar way as described before with the PLT. If the DUTs are powered independently (for example, each one with its own battery) the current measurement procedure cannot be used.



Figure 12: VBAT DUT current measurement setup

5.9 Jumper settings

This section describes the PLT hardware jumper settings.

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Table 4: Jumpers

Jumper	PLT HW version	Description
J26	A, B, C, D	Connects the VBAT line from the PLT power supply to the DUTs. This jumper can be used when there is no multi-meter instrument connected for current measurement.
J37	B, C, D	This jumper sets the Golden unit's SPI Flash chip select (CS) pin to HIGH. This jumper is needed placed when the Golden unit should NOT boot from the SPI flash.
J42	B, C, D	Feeds the VPP lines of the DUT connectors with VPP voltage used for OTP burning in DA14580/1/2/3 DUTs.
J46	C, D	This jumper can be used to reset the Golden unit. The two pins on the jumper are the same as the ones in the GU reset switch next to the jumper.
J47	D	This jumper connects the Golden unit's FTDI DTR line to the Golden unit's reset pin. With this jumper on the PLT, software can reset the Golden unit on-demand.

5.9.1 J26 – current measurements

Figure 13 shows that jumper J26 should be mounted when no external current meter is attached. Otherwise, when a current meter is connected via the blue banana sockets to measure the device current, the J26 jumper should be removed.



Figure 13: Connections for 'floating current' measurements

5.9.2 J47, J46 - GU reset

For a GU hardware reset, jumper J47 should be mounted and jumper J46 should be removed. Figure 11 shows how these two jumpers are involved in the circuit. In this way, the PLT software will control the GU hardware reset. Figure 14 shows the jumper placement on the actual PCB.



Figure 14: Location of J46 jumper

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Figure 15: Location of J47 Jumper

5.9.3 J37 - GU programming

Jumper J37 connects the Chip Select of the GU SPI Flash to a logic high level. This causes the GU not to boot from the already programmed SPI Flash, allowing the GU to load different code into its System-RAM via the JTAG connector or via UART. Figure 16 shows the circuit schematic and Figure 17 shows the location of jumper J37 on the PLT PCB.

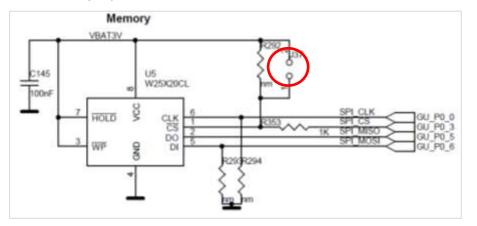


Figure 16: J37 - GU programming jumper schematics



Figure 17: Location of J37 jumper

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5.10 PLT functional blocks

Figure 18 shows an overview of the PLT hardware functions. For detailed electrical schematics, see Appendix B.

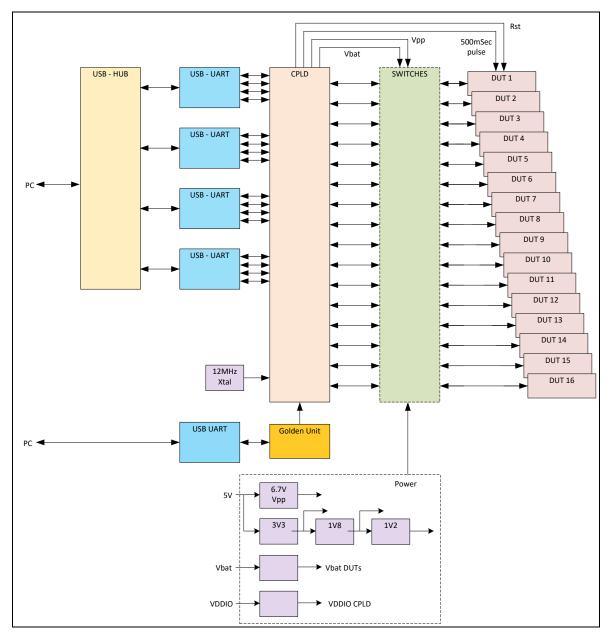


Figure 18: PLT functional blocks

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6 Software

6.1 Introduction

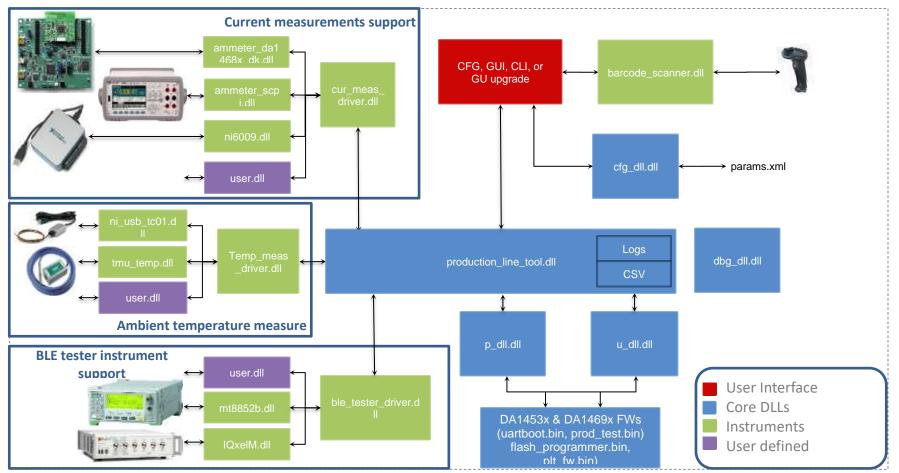


Figure 19: Production Line Tool software block diagram

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Figure 19 that the Production Line Tool software is a collection of software blocks that interact with each other. The main purpose of this software is to communicate with the PLT hardware and the DUTs to be able to run the production tests and perform memory operations. The software blocks can be arranged in four main groups:

- Red blocks: User Interface (UI) applications.
- Blue blocks: Core libraries.
- Green blocks: Instrument interface libraries.
- Purple blocks: User defined extensions.

Core libraries, instrument interface libraries and user-defined extension APIs can be found in the HTML help inside the source PLT directory. The User Interface applications block consists of four application executables. For details on applications, see Section 7.

Short name	File name	Description
CFG PLT	SmartBond_CFG_PLT.ex e	Configuration application. Load, edit and save the test parameters and the memory actions to be performed during device testing.
GUI PLT	SmartBond_GUI_PLT.exe	Graphical User Interface (GUI) application. Performs the actual device validation and memory programming. Provides a visual indication of the test results and access to the result logs.
CLI PLT	SmartBond_CLI_PLT.exe	The same as the GUI PLT but console based.
GU Upgrade	GU_fw_upgrade.exe	Graphical User Interface (GUI) application, which is used to easily upgrade the firmware of the Golden Unit.

Table 5: PLT user interface application executables

6.2 Software package contents

The PLT software release package comes in a compressed folder SmartBond_PLT_v_X.X.zip, where 'x' represents the version number of the current PLT release.

Figure 20 shows the main folders of the PLT software package. Folder executables holds all the executables and libraries needed for the PLT to run on a Windows 7/8/8.1/10 machine. Folder source contains the entire source code of the PLT, organized in a Visual Studio Solution (.sln).

SmartBond_PLT_v_4.6	>
Name	^
executables	
source	
licensing.txt	

Figure 20: SmartBond PLT software package contents

Table 6 gives a short description of the files and folders contained in the executables directories.

Table 6: Executables folder description

File or Folder	Description
ammeter_instr_plugins/	Contains the current measurement instrument DLLs, used during the current measurement tests.

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File or Folder	Description
ammeter_instr_plugins/ni6009.dll	This is the DLL for the NI-6009 DAQ see Ref. [13] that could be used in the current measurements. The usage of this instrument for measuring the current requires an external shunt resistor and things complicate when the measurement switches from many DUTs to one DUT. We only recommend using this instrument if one DUT per run is tested.
ammeter_instr_plugins/ammeter_scpi.dll	This is DLL for taking current measurements using a DMM that supports the standard SCPI commands. NI-VISA is also used for this purpose. Example DMM instruments are the Keysight 34401A see Ref. [6], the Keithely 2000 see Ref. [7] or the Keysight 34461A see Ref. [14]. PLT has been tested with all three instruments.
ammeter_instr_plugins/ammeter_da1468x_dk.dll	This is the DLL for taking current measurements using the current measurement module placed on the DA1469x pro motherboard.
binaries/	Contains the necessary firmware binaries used during testing.
binaries/GU/prod_test_GU.bin	Contains the Golden unit latest firmware binary. Users should better upgrade their PLT hardware with the GU firmware contained in this folder.
ble_tester_instr_plugins/	Contains the BLE tester instrument DLLs.
ble_tester_instr_plugins/mt8852b.dll	This is the DLL that performs the Direct Test Mode RF tests using the Anritsu MT8852B instrument see Ref. [5]. Note: There is an issue in Anritsu MT8852B firmware version 4.20.000 and should be upgraded to the latest one. Latest MT8852B instrument firmware can be downloaded from the following link: https://www.anritsu.com/en-US/test- measurement/support/downloads?model=MT8852B
ble_tester_instr_plugins/IQxelM.dll	This is the DLL that performs the Direct Test Mode RF tests using the Litepoint IQxel-M instrument see Ref. [12].
icons/	Contains pictures used by the PLT applications.
IQmeasure_3.1.2/	Contains specific Litepoint IQxel-M DLLs as released by Litepoint.
params/	Contains the configuration params.xml file, the XML schema params.xsd and a sample of BD address file named bd_address.ini.
params/custom_mem_data.csv	This is a sample CSV file to be used in the custom memory burn action. Users could edit this file and add their own specific memory data to be burned by the PLT. The PLT will match the entries in the CSV file using the BD addresses. The format of the file is explained later.
scripts/	Contains sample batch script files. User can select batch script files to be executed by the PLT before and after each test.
scripts/run_before_tests.cmd	An example script that copies and renames binaries from a directory to a folder required by the PLT when
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File or Folder	Description
	'Different image per DUT' is selected. This folder is accessed by the PLT to read and burn different binary per DUT.
scripts/run_after_tests.cmd	An example script that moves all logs files, except the ones with the current date, to a specific folder.
temp_meas_instr_plugins/	Contains the temperature measurement instrument DLLs.
temp_meas_instr_plugins/ni_usb_tc01.dll	The ni_usb_tc01.dll is the DLL used to interface a NI USB TC01 see Ref. [8] temperature sensor for temperature measurements.
temp_meas_instr_plugins/tmu_temp_sens.dll	The tmu_temp_sens.dll is the DLL used to interface a Papouch TMU sensor see Ref. [7] for temperature measurements.
volt_meter_instr_plugins/	Contains the voltage meter instrument DLLs. These are used only in DA14681-00 silicon for ADC calibration purposes.
volt_meter_instr_plugins /volt_meter_scpi.dll	The volt_meter_scpi.dll is a DLL that implements basic interface with a DVM using SCPI commands through NI-VISA libraries and GPIB interface. Has been tested with Keithley 2000 see Ref. [7] and Keysight 34401A see Ref. [6].
SmartBond_CFG_PLT.exe	This is the configuration application. It is a graphical user interface application used to edit the PLT test configuration parameters, saved in an XML file, params.xml.
SmartBond_CLI_PLT.exe	This is the command line interface tool. It performs the production tests and memory programming through a console.
SmartBond_GUI_PLT.exe	This is the graphical user interface tool. It performs the production tests and memory programming through a graphical user interface.
GU_fw_upgrade.exe	This is the Golden unit firmware upgrade application.
ammeter_driver.dll/.lib	This DLL loads and accesses all DMM instrument DLLs from inside the ammeter_instr_plugins. It acts as an intermediate layer between the prod_line_tool_dll and the instrument DLLs.
barcode_scanner.dll/.lib	This DLL receives BD addresses from a barcode scanner with USB to serial interface. Has been tested with Honeywell Xenon 1900 and the Motorola LS2208 barcode scan readers see Ref. [9] and [10].
ble_tester_driver.dll/.lib	This DLL loads and accesses all BLE tester instrument DLLs from inside ble_tester_instr_plugins folder.
cfg_dll.dll/.lib	This is the configuration parameter handling DLL. It can validate, load and save parameters from a given XML file.
dbg_dll.dll/.lib	The dbg_dll.dll file is a DLL used to print debug messages to a file or to a debug console.
ftd2xx.dll	This is the FTDI DLL. Used to hard reset the Golden Unit from the application whenever needed through an FTDI GPIO pin.

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File or Folder	Description
p_dll.dll/.lib	This is the production test DLL that performs device functional tests.
prod_line_tool_dll.dll/.lib	This is the core DLL. The heart of the system that performs the state machines for all tests and memory actions to be executed. It is responsible to log the results and notify the user interfaces about the current device test status.
temp_meas_driver.dll/.lib	This is the temperature measurement driver DLL. It loads and accesses all temperature measurement DLLs from inside the temp_meas_instr_plugins folder.
u_dll.dll/.lib	This is the DLL that performs the memory actions, like the memory programming, erasing, etc.
vc_redist.x86.exe/vc_redist.x64.exe	These are the Visual Studio 2017 Express redistributable packages for 32 and 64-bit machines. For installing these, users should agree to the license requirements described during the installation of any of these packages and also found here: https://www.visualstudio.com/license-terms/mt171551/.
volt_meter_driver.dll/.lib	This is the voltage meter driver DLL. It loads and accesses all voltage meter DLLs from inside the volt_meter_instr_plugins folder.

6.3 **Prerequisites**

 Table 7 indicates the packages that should be installed on the PC before building and running the code. Some are required and others are optional depending on the tests or actions needed.

Table 7:	Production	Line Tool	prerequisites
----------	------------	-----------	---------------

Item	Optional	Description
Visual Studio 2017 Express	Yes	The IDE used to edit and debug Production Line Tool. This is only required if users want to edit the software.
vc_redist.x86.exe	No	Table 6 describes this prerequisite. Users should agree to the license requirements described during the installation of any of these packages and also found here: https://www.visualstudio.com/license-terms/mt171551/.
MSXML6	No	Installed by default in Win 7/8/8.1/10.
.NET framework 4.5	No	Needed for the graphical user interface applications.
Latest FTDI drivers	No	Tested with FTDI v2.12.24, v2.12.26 and v2.12.28 drivers.
Honeywell Xenon 1900 drivers	Yes	Needed if the barcode scanner is going to be used for scanning the devices BD addresses and/or custom memory data. Other types of barcode scanners could also be used.
Motorola LS2208 drivers	Yes	Used if a barcode scanner is going to be used for scanning the device BD addresses and/or custom memory data.
NI-VISA 15.5	Yes	Used for optional instrument control, like BLE tester and voltage meter. NI-VISA 15.5 can be downloaded from http://www.ni.com/download/ni-visa-15.5/5846/en/
NI-488.2 15.5	Yes	Used for instrument control, like BLE tester and DMM.

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Item	Optional	Description
		NI-488.2 15.5 can be downloaded from http://www.ni.com/download/ni-488.2-15.5/5859/en/
NI-DAQmx	Yes	Used for optional instrument control like temperature measurements using the NI USB TC01 sensor.

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6.4 System requirements

Table 8 provides the minimum system requirements for PLT to operate.

Item	Minimum requirements			
Operating system	Windows 7/8/8.1/10			
CPU	Quad Core CPU	Quad Core CPU		
Memory	4 GB RAM or larger. Each device log can reach up to 40 kB.			
Hard drive	For 100000 devices, at least 4 GB of available hard disk is required.			
Monitor resolution	1280 x 768 or higher			
Monitor DPI	Smaller - 100% = 96 DPI	Supported		
	Medium - 125% = 120 DPI	Supported		
	Larger - 150% = 144 DPI	Not supported		

Table 8: Minimum system requirements

6.5 Limitations

Parallel control of multiple PLT hardware boards on the same PC is not supported.

However, by correctly setting up the system, two or more PLT hardware boards could be connected and controlled by multiple GUI PLT application instances on the same PC, but the tests should only be executed **sequentially**. The main reasons for this limitation are indicated below:

- The GU FT232 FTDI IC is programmed to have a special serial string, "DialogSemi" (see Table 107). This is used in the 'GU COM port find' PLT operation. This operation searches all PC connected FTDIs to find the serial string "DialogSemi". When found, it saves it as the GU COM port number to be used by the PLT. The 'GU COM port find' operation will open and lock, for a short period of time, all Windows COM ports, one by one, even the ones used by the other PLT hardware. If the second GUI PLT application instance is performing test operations at the same time and wants to open its DUT COM ports, the operation may fail.
- When the GUI PLT application starts the test operations, it performs a DUT COM port enumeration. During this process, the GU sets the CPLD in UART loopback mode. It opens all PC COM ports one by one and sends a specific word, while trying to see if it receives it back. During this process, other PLTs may need to work with 'their' DUT COM ports, which may happen to be currently used by the 'DUT COM port enumeration' process of the first PLT.
- GU hardware reset. In every PLT test run a GU HW reset is issued from the PLT software using a specific GU FTDI GPIO pin. To access GU FTDI, the FTDI API is used from ftd2xx.dll. To access the FTDI hardware and read the serial number through the FTDI ftd2xx.dll the FT_Open API is used on all PC COM ports, one by one. Since FT_Open is used in all PC COM ports, conflicts could arise if other PLTs would also like to use these COM ports.
- BD addresses handling. Usually, PLT automatically sets the DUT BD addresses by increasing them one by one. Special care should be taken to work with multiple PLT hardware and software. Most probably, two different BD address files should be used for each PLT hardware.

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6.6 Building the code

The PLT software release package contains not only application executables for directly performing the tests out of the box, but also the entire source code of the tools. This is organized in aVisual Studio Solution (.sln).

To open the Visual Studio PLT source code solution the following steps should be executed (see Table 9).

Table 9: Opening the PLT Visual Studio source code solution

Step	Description
1	Download the latest PLT software package (e.g. SmartBond_PLT_v_4.x.zip)
2	Extract the software package. The following two folders should exist. SmartBond_PLT_v_4.6 > Name executables source licensing.txt
3	Go to folder 'source\production_line_tool'. The following files and folders should exist. SmartBond_PLT_v_4.6 > source > production_line_tool > Name Core_dlls fw_files help instruments UI VS2017_redist production_line_tool.sln
4	Double click the production_line_tool.sln Visual Studio solution file. The Visual Studio application will start and the PLT Solution Explorer should be shown.

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6.7 Executing the applications

To execute the Production Line Tool applications, the process described in the following tables should be followed.

Table 10: SmartBond_CFG_PLT.exe application execution

Step	Description						
1	Download the latest PLT software package (e.g. SmartBond_PLT_v_x.x.zip).						
2	Extract the software package. The following two folders should exist. SmartBond_PLT_v_4.6 > Name executables source licensing.txt						
3	Go to folder 'executables'. This folder should contain the following files and sub-folders. SmartBond_PLT_v_4.6 > executables ammeter_instr_plugins barcode_scanner.dll binaries binaries bibe_tester_instr_plugins BLE_test_debug.txt ble_tester_instr_plugins BLE_test_debug.txt ble_tester_instr_plugins ble_tester_driver.dll icons ble_tester_driver.dll ilogs cfg_dll.dll of cfg_dll.dll p_dll.dll params cfg_dll.dll scripts CF6_DLL_debug.txt volt_meter_instr_plugins bdg_dll.lib wolt_meter_debug.txt PLTD_debug.txt blogs dbg_dll.dll wolt_meter_driver.dll ftd2xx.dll meter_driver.dll ftd2xx.dll ammeter_driver.dll ftd2xx.lib imammeter_driver.dll ftd2xx.lib imameter_driver.dll ftd2xx.lib imameter_driver.lib Go Ufw_upgrade.exe imameter_driver.lib SmartBond_CLLPLT.exe						
4	Double click the SmartBond_CFG_PLT.exe application executable. Most probably, the following warning will be shown. Warning!!! Failed to load TabPage: {Hardware Setup} settings. ERROR: Value of [gu_com_port] is not valid. OK During start-up, the SmartBond_CFG_PLT.exe application loads the Hardware configuration parameters from the params.xml file. These parameters also contain the GU COM port. The default params.xml file has the GU COM port set to 4. If this COM port number does not exist in the PC, then this warning message will be shown. Therefore, this warning message indicates that the default GU COM port set in the params.xml file is not valid or that the GU USB cable is not connected to the PC. Click OK if the warning message appears.						

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Step	Description
	The application will start, and the initial Hardware Setup screen will be shown.
	SmartBond Production Line Tool Configuration - v_4.6 ×
	PLT Hardware Setup General BD addresses DUT Hardware Setup Test Settings Memory Functions Memory Header Debug Settings
	Station ID Test_station_1 Tester ID Tester_1
	Device IC
	Device IC DA14535 ~
	COM Part
5	Set the GUICDM port Auto Refresh COME3 ~
	Firmware Version App: BLE Retriesh Upprade GU Firmware
	Adver DUTs DUT 1 DUT 5 DUT 9 DUT 13 DUT 2 DUT 6 DUT 10 DUT 14 DUT 3 DUT 7 DUT 11 DUT 15
	C:\DiaSem\'Repo_previewe4.6ER1\wnoke.text\SnartBond_PLT_y_4.6\weecutables\params.xml DA14535
	Connect the PLT HW to the PC. Connect the GU and the DUT USB cables to the PC. Check the Windows Device Manager that 17 new COM ports were found, 16 for the DUTs and 1 for the GU. The following screenshot is an example of a Device Manager COM ports for a PC that has the PLT connected.
	Device Manager
	File Action View Help
6	Ports (COM & LPT) Ports (COM & LPT) Ports (COM & LPT) Ports (COM & LPT) Ports (COM & Runzymment Technology - SOL (COM)) Ports (COM & Runzymment Technology - SOL (COM)) Ports (SB Serial Port (COM)) Ports (COM & SD) Ports
	USB Serial Port (CObAc)

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Step	Description
	On the SmartBond_CFG_PLT.exe Hardware Setup initial screen, click Auto to automatically find the GU COM port among the 17 Windows enumerated COM ports. The Auto button will turn green if successful. Click Save* to save the new GU COM port in the params.xml file.
	▲ Golden Unit
7	COM Port Set the GU COM port Auto Refresh COM1
	Firmware Version App: BLE: Refresh Upgrade GU Firmware

Table 11: SmartBond_GUI_PLT.exe application execution

Step	Description							
1	To successfully start the SmartBond_GUI_PLT.exe application, the SmartBond_CFG_PLT.exe should be executed first to set up the system and perform the required tests. See Table 10.							
2	Go to folder 'executable Double click on SmartBox SmartBond_PLT_v_4.6 > exect ammeter_instr_plugins binaries ble_tester_instr_plugins icons Qmeasure_3.1.2 logs params scripts temp_meas_instr_plugins volt_meter_instr_plugins Ammeter_debug.txt ammeter_driver.dll mammeter_driver.lib	nd_GUI_PLT.exe.	contain the following files	and sub-folders. SmartBond_GUI_PLT.exe Temp_meas_debug.txt temp_meas_driver.dll temp_meas_driver.lib u_dll.dll UDLL_debug.txt UI_debug.txt UI_debug.txt Vc_redist.x86.exe Volt_meter_driver.dll volt_meter_driver.lib				
3	In a new window, enter t		nd click OK.					



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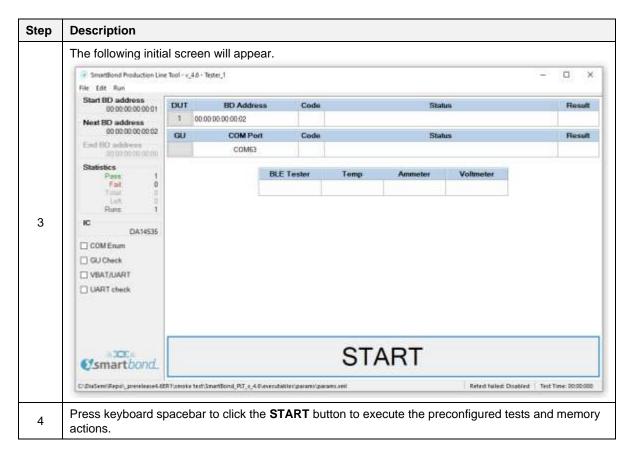


Table 12: SmartBond_CLI_PLT.exe application execution

Step	Description						
1	Before starting the SmartBond_CLI_PLT.exe application, execute SmartBond_CFG_PLT.exe to set up the system and perform the required tests. See Table 10.						
	Go to folder 'executables'. This folder should contain the following files and sub-folders.						
	SmartBond_PLT_v_4.6 → exect	utables					
	ammeter_instr_plugins	🗟 barcode_scanner.dll	licensing.txt	SmartBond_GUI_PLT.exe			
	binaries	barcode_scanner.lib	🚳 ni_daqmx_shim.dll	Temp_meas_debug.txt			
	ble_tester_instr_plugins	BLE_test_debug.txt	🏙 ni_daqmx_shim.lib	itemp_meas_driver.dll			
2	icons	🚳 ble_tester_driver.dll	🚳 ni_visa_shim.dll	🌆 temp_meas_driver.lib			
	IQmeasure_3.1.2	ble_tester_driver.lib	📰 ni_visa_shim.lib	🗟 u_dll.dll			
2	logs	🗟 cfg_dll.dll	🚳 p_dll.dll	🏭 u_dll.lib			
	params	🔢 cfg_dll.lib	🔡 p_dll.lib	UDLL_debug.txt			
	scripts	CFG_DLL_debug.txt	PDLL_debug.txt	UI_debug.txt			
	temp_meas_instr_plugins	🚳 dbg_dll.dll	PLTD_debug.txt	谩vc_redist.x86.exe			
	volt_meter_instr_plugins	🔡 dbg_dll.lib	🚳 prod_line_tool_dll.dll	🗟 volt_meter_driver.dll			
	Ammeter_debug.txt	🚳 ftd2xx.dll	🏭 prod_line_tool_dll.lib	🔢 volt_meter_driver.lib			
	ammeter_driver.dll	ftd2xx.lib	🗟 SmartBond_CFG_PLT.exe				
	ammeter_driver.lib	🖺 GU_fw_upgrade.exe	SmartBond_CLI_PLT.exe				



Step	Description
	Double click the SmartBond_CLI_PLT.exe application executable. The following initial screen will appear.
3	<pre>SmartBood Production Line Tool %A SmartBood Production Line Tool %A Command list: 1 (Si1-AL-AF/669-01> -> Select the IC for device under test. 1 (configuration file path) ->> Report new configuration settings, All OLIs will be reinitialized with the new parameters. % ->> Print the configuration parameters from the currently used XML file. % Command List: 4 (Si1-AL-AF/669-01> ->> Select the IC for device under test. 5 (configuration file path) ->>> Report new configuration settings, All OLIs will be reinitialized with the new parameters. % ->> Print the configuration parameters from the currently used XML file. % Commond List: 4 (Si1-AL-AF/669-0->>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>></pre>
4	Type 's', and then press Enter. The preconfigured tests and memory actions will start to be executed.

Table 13: GU_fw_upgrade.exe application execution

Step	Description							
1	Start GU_fw_upgrade.exe by either opening the application from the executables folder or by clicking the 'Upgrade GU Firmware' button in the PLT Hardware Setup tab in SmartBond_CFG_PLT.exe.							
	Go to folder 'executables'. This folder should contain the following files and sub-folders.							
	SmartBond_PLT_v_4.6 → exect	utables						
	ammeter_instr_plugins	🗟 barcode_scanner.dll	licensing.txt	SmartBond_GUI_PLT.exe				
	binaries	🔡 barcode_scanner.lib	🚳 ni_daqmx_shim.dll	Temp_meas_debug.txt				
	ble_tester_instr_plugins	BLE_test_debug.txt	🔢 ni_daqmx_shim.lib	temp_meas_driver.dll				
	icons	ble_tester_driver.dll	🚳 ni_visa_shim.dll	temp_meas_driver.lib				
2	IQmeasure_3.1.2	ble_tester_driver.lib	ni_visa_shim.lib	🚳 u_dll.dll				
2	logs	🚳 cfg_dll.dll	🚳 p_dll.dll	🔠 u_dll.lib				
	params	🔢 cfg_dll.lib	p_dll.lib	UDLL_debug.txt				
	scripts	CFG_DLL_debug.txt	PDLL_debug.txt	UI_debug.txt				
	temp_meas_instr_plugins	🚳 dbg_dll.dll	PLTD_debug.txt	谩vc_redist.x86.exe				
	volt_meter_instr_plugins	🔢 dbg_dll.lib	prod_line_tool_dll.dll	volt_meter_driver.dll				
	Ammeter_debug.txt	🚳 ftd2xx.dll	prod_line_tool_dll.lib	volt_meter_driver.lib				
	lammeter_driver.dll	🔢 ftd2xx.lib	🗟 SmartBond_CFG_PLT.exe					
	ammeter_driver.lib	🐉 GU_fw_upgrade.exe	🗟 SmartBond_CLI_PLT.exe					





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Step	Description
	Double click the GU_fw_upgrade.exe application executable. The following initial screen will appear.
3	Back Net
	HW Ver: - GU COM: -
4	Follow the instructions to configure and select the Golden unit. A detailed procedure is explained in Section 7.5.

6.8 **Test sequence**

This section describes the sequence of steps involved for DA1453x and DA1469x device testing. It outlines all the steps the PLT follows to successfully test a device.

6.8.1 DA1453x test sequence

Table 14 describes each step PLT undertakes for DA1453x devices. Some of the steps are optional and will only be executed if the equivalent actions are enabled in the configuration parameters. Additionally, some of the steps are supported only for specific DA1453x IC versions.

Figure 21 shows the entire test sequence for DA1453x DUTs.

Step	Action	Opt	Description
1	Statistics update	No	Update the total tests executed.
2	BD addresses	No	Update the BD addresses for all DUTs.
3	Configuration parameters	No	Configuration parameters are passed from the CLI or GUI to the prod_line_tool_dll. If any of the parameters is not valid, an error will occur.
4	Reset GU	No	Golden unit hardware reset by controlling an FT232 pin.
5	Initialize CPLD	No	Set CPLD to an initial known state.
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Table 14: DA1453x test sequence

Step	Action	Opt	Description
6	Check temperature sensor instrument	Yes	Check whether the temperature measurement instrument is online, only if the temperature measurement test is active.
7	Check BLE tester instrument	Yes	Check whether the BLE tester instrument is online, only if any of the BLE tester test operations is active.
8	Check ammeter instrument	Yes	Check whether the ammeter is online, only if any of the current measurement tests is active.
9	Toggle GU LED	No	Toggle the GU red LED on the PLT hardware to indicate that the GU is alive.
10	Check DUT COM ports	No	Check whether PLT has identified the DUT COM ports and if not run the automatic DUT COM port identification.
11	Temperature measure	Yes	If the temperature measurement test is active, take a measurement and log it to all DUT logs and in the CSV file.
12	Download prod_test_53x.bin	Yes	If any of the production tests is active (for example, RF tests, XTAL trim, etc.) download the prod_test_531.bin to the devices.
13	Open the devices COM ports and get the prod_test_53x.bin firmware version.	Yes	After prod_test_531.bin has been downloaded to the DUTs, test commands can be sent to it. First, the Windows DUTs COM ports are opened. Then a command to get the prod_test_531.bin firmware version is sent to the devices. If there is a problem in the firmware or in the device, then this is the first failure to happen. The FW version get action will fail.
14	GPIO Watchdog	Yes	If the GPIO watchdog option is enabled, the firmware will begin a periodic GPIO toggling during the whole production test procedure.
15	VBAT level measure	Yes	PLT will send a command to each DUT to measure VBAT for each one, using the internal ADC. VBAT level will be logged for debugging purposes.
16	OTP Timestamp read	Yes	PLT will send a command to measure the DA1453x IC production date and time from the OTP. It will log it for testing purposes.
17	DC-DC Converter level test	Yes	The first test is to measure the DC-DC converter level using the internal ADC. If the level is outside the user defined limits a possible HW error exists.
18	XTAL trim	Yes	Perform the XTAL trim procedure if this is active.
19	XTAL trim OTP burn	Yes	If the 'Burn to OTP' option is selected in the CFG PLT, then the calculated XTAL trim value will be burned to the OTP Header.
20	UART resync	Yes	If the XTAL trim procedure was performed in the UART RX pin, then a special UART resync procedure takes place to resynchronize the device's UART RX path, as it may have entered into a baud rate error state due to the 500ms XTAL trim pulse received.
21	Scan advertise test	Yes	If the Scan DUT Advertise test is active, a BLE scan test using HCI triggered advertisements will be performed. This is to measure DUTs TX power level.
22	BLE tester TX power	Yes	If the BLE tester TX Power test is active, then perform the test using the external BLE tester instrument.
23	BLE tester TX carrier offset	Yes	If the BLE tester TX carrier offset test is active, then perform the test using the external BLE tester instrument.
24	BLE tester TX modulation index	Yes	If the BLE tester TX modulation index test is active, then perform the test using the external BLE tester instrument.

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Step	Action	Opt	Description
25	BLE tester RSSI	Yes	If the BLE tester RSSI test is active, then perform the test using the external BLE tester instrument.
26	GU RSSI test	Yes	If the RSSI test using the GU as transmitter is active, then perform the test.
27	GPIO/LED	Yes	Perform the GPIO/LED test, if the test is active.
28	GPIO connection test	Yes	Perform a GPIO continuity or voltage level test, if the test is active.
29	Sensor test	Yes	Perform the sensor tests only if these are enabled.
30	Custom test	Yes	Perform any active custom test.
31	External 32kHz	Yes	Check whether the external 32 kHz crystal operates correctly.
32	Current measure peripheral	Yes	Perform any active current measurement test for peripherals.
33	Current measure sleep	Yes	Perform the sleep current measurement.
34	Open COM port and perform firmware download	Yes	If any memory action is active (e.g. SPI Flash burn, erase etc.), download the flash_programmer_531.bin to the devices.
35	Get flash_programmer.bin version.	Yes	After flash_programmer_53x.bin has been downloaded, commands can be sent. A command to get the flash_programmer_53x.bin firmware version is sent to the devices.
36	GPIO watchdog	Yes	If the GPIO watchdog option is enabled, the firmware will begin a periodic GPIO toggling during the whole memory programming procedure.
37	Initialize SPI Flash memory	Yes	If any SPI flash operation is enabled, initialize memory.
38	SPI erase	Yes	Erase the SPI Flash, either entirely or part of it depending on the configuration.
39	SPI check empty	Yes	Depending on the configuration, check whether the SPI Flash is empty to verify the Flash erase procedure.
40	SPI image write	Yes	If enabled, write the SPI Flash with the customer image. If verify is enabled, the contents of the Flash will be read back and compared to the original image downloaded.
41	Initialize I2C EEPROM memory	Yes	If any EEPROM operation is enabled, initialize memory.
42	I2C EEPROM write	Yes	Write the I2C EEPROM with the customer image. If verify is enabled, the contents of the EEPROM will be read back and compared to the original image downloaded.
43	Custom memory data	Yes	Write custom memory data, taken from a barcode scanner, entered manually or through a CVS file.
44	OTP image write	Yes	Write the OTP image with the customer image. If verify is enabled, the contents of the OTP memory will be read back and compared to the original image downloaded.
45	OTP CS write	Yes	If enabled, the OTP configuration script will be burned.
46	OTP header write	Yes	If enabled, the OTP header fields will be burned.
47	Memory read	Yes	Up to ten memory read tests can be performed.
48	Scan test	Yes	If enabled, the GU will scan for device BLE advertisements. For the DUTs to be scanned a valid firmware must be burned into the

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Step	Action	Opt	Description
			OTP, SPI Flash or EEPROM that sends BLE advertisements after power up. Additionally, the BD address should be burned into the OTP by the PLT. PLT expects to find devices in the air with the BD addresses programmed by the same tool, so it can match the BD addresses returned by the GU.

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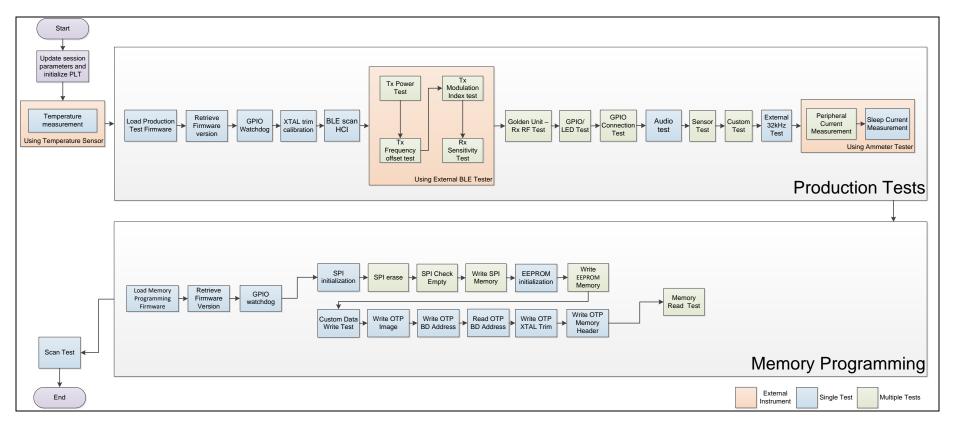


Figure 21: DA1453x test sequence

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6.8.2 DA1469x test sequence

Table 15 describes each step that PLT undertakes to validate and program DA1469x-based devices. Some of the steps are optional and will only be executed if the equivalent actions are enabled in the configuration parameters. Additionally, some of the steps are supported only for specific DA1469x IC versions.

Figure 22 shows the entire test sequence for DA1469x DUTs.

Table 15: DA1469x	test sequence
-------------------	---------------

Step	Action	Opt	Description
1	Statistics update	No	Update the total tests executed.
2	BD addresses	No	Update the BD addresses for all DUTs.
3	Configuration parameters	No	Configuration parameters are passed from the CLI or GUI to the prod_line_tool_dll. If any of the parameters is not valid, an error will occur.
4	Reset GU	No	GU hardware reset by controlling an FT232 pin.
5	Initialize CPLD	No	The GU will set the CPLD to an initial known state.
6	Check temperature sensor instrument	Yes	Check whether the temperature measurement instrument is online, only if the temperature measurement test is active.
7	Check BLE tester instrument	Yes	Check whether the BLE tester instrument is online, only if any of the BLE tester test operations is active.
9	Check ammeter instrument	Yes	Check whether the ammeter is online, only if any of the current measurement tests is active.
10	Toggle GU LED	No	Toggle the GU red LED on the PLT hardware to indicate that the GU is alive.
11	Check DUT COM ports	No	Check whether PLT has identified the DUT COM ports and if not run the automatic DUT COM port identification.
12	Temperature measure	Yes	If the temperature measurement test is active, take a measurement and log it to all DUT logs and in the CSV file.
13	13 Download uartboot_69x.bin		If any of the production tests is active uartboot_69x.bin will be downloaded and then the production test firmware. In addition, if the GPIO watchdog option is enabled, it will start toggling after the uartboot_69x.bin is loaded and right before the production test download.
14	GPIO Watchdog	Yes	If the GPIO watchdog option is enabled, then firmware will start the toggling after uartboot_69x.bin is loaded and right before the production test download.
15	Download prod_test_69x.bin	Yes	If any of the production tests is active (e.g. RF tests, XTAL trim, etc.) download prod_test_69x.bin to the devices.
16	16 Open the devices COM ports and get the prod_test_69x.bin firmware version		After prod_test_69x.bin has been downloaded, commands can be sent to it. First, the Windows DUTs COM ports are opened. Then, a command to get the prod_test_69x.bin firmware version is sent to the devices. If there is a problem in the firmware or in the device, then this is the first failure to happen. The FW version get action will fail.
17	GPIO watchdog	Yes	If the GPIO watchdog option is enabled, the firmware will begin a periodic GPIO toggling during the whole production test procedure.



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Step	Action	Opt	Description
18	OTP timestamp	Yes	PLT will read the IC production timestamp and log it.
19	VBAT level measure	Yes	PLT will send a command to each DUT to measure VBAT for each one, using the internal ADC. VBAT level will be logged for debugging purposes.
20	XTAL trim	Yes	Perform the XTAL trim procedure, if this is active.
21	UART resync	Yes	If the XTAL trim procedure was performed in the UART RX pin, then a special UART resync procedure takes place to resynchronize the device's UART RX path as it may have entered in a baud rate error state due to the 500 ms received XTAL trim pulse.
22	BLE scan HCI	Yes	If the Scan DUT Advertise test is active, then perform a BLE scan test using HCI triggered advertisements.
23	BLE tester TX power	Yes	If the BLE tester TX Power test is active, then perform the test using the external BLE tester instrument.
24	BLE tester TX carrier offset	Yes	If the BLE tester TX carrier offset test is active, then perform the test using the external BLE tester instrument.
25	BLE tester TX modulation index	Yes	If the BLE tester TX modulation index test is active, then perform the test using the external BLE tester instrument.
26	BLE tester RSSI	Yes	If the BLE tester RSSI test is active, then perform the test using the external BLE tester instrument.
27	GU RSSI test	Yes	If the RSSI test using the GU as transmitter is active, then perform the test.
28	GPIO/LED	Yes	Perform the GPIO/LED test, if the test is active.
29	GPIO Connection test	Yes	Perform a GPIO continuity or voltage level test, if the test is active.
30	Sensor test	Yes	Perform the sensor tests only if these are enabled.
31	Custom test	Yes	Perform any active custom test.
32	External 32kHz	Yes	Check whether the external 32 kHz crystal operates correctly.
33	Current measure peripheral	Yes	Perform any active current measurement test for peripherals.
34	Current measure sleep	Yes	Perform the sleep current measurement.
35	Open COM port and download uartboot_69x.bin	Yes	If any of the memory actions is active (e.g. QSPI burn, QSPI erase, etc.) download the uartboot_69x.bin to the devices.
36	Get uartboot_69x.bin version.	Yes	After uartboot_69x.bin has been downloaded, commands can be sent to it. A command to get the uartboot_69x.bin firmware version is sent to the devices.
37	GPIO watchdog	Yes	If the GPIO watchdog option is enabled, the firmware will begin a periodic GPIO toggling during the whole memory programming procedure.
38	QSPI memory initialization	Yes	If any QSPI operation is enabled, initialize memory.
39	QSPI erase	Yes	Erase the QSPI, either the entire or part of it depending on the configuration.
40	QSPI check empty	Yes	Depending on the configuration, check whether the QSPI is empty to verify the QSPI erase procedure.

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Step	Action	Opt	Description	
41	QSPI image write	Yes	If enabled, write the QSPI with the customer image. If verify is enabled, the contents of the QSPI will be read back and compared to the original image downloaded.	
42	QSPI BD address write	Yes	If enabled, the device BD address is programmed to a specific QSPI flash address.	
43	QSPI BD address read	Yes	If enabled, PLT will read the BD address field from the QSPI. This will be printed in the GUI, CLI screen and in the device logs. An additional test can be enabled to compare the read BD address to the one supplied by the tool.	
44	Custom memory data	Yes	Write custom memory data, taken from a barcode scanner, entered manually or through a CVS file.	
45	OTP image write	Yes	Write the OTP image with the customer image. If verify is enabled, the contents of the OTP memory will be read back and compared to the original image downloaded.	
46	OTP CS write	Yes	If enabled, PLT will program the OTP configuration script area	
47	Memory read	Yes	Up to 10 memory read tests can be performed with up to 256 bytes in length.	
48	Scan test	Yes	If enabled, the GU will scan for device BLE advertisements. For the DUTs to be scanned a valid firmware must be burned into the OTP or QSPI flash that sends BLE advertisements after power up. Additionally, the BD address should be burned into the OTP or the QSPI by the PLT. PLT expects to find devices in the air with the BD addresses programmed by the same tool, so it can match the BD addresses returned by the GU.	



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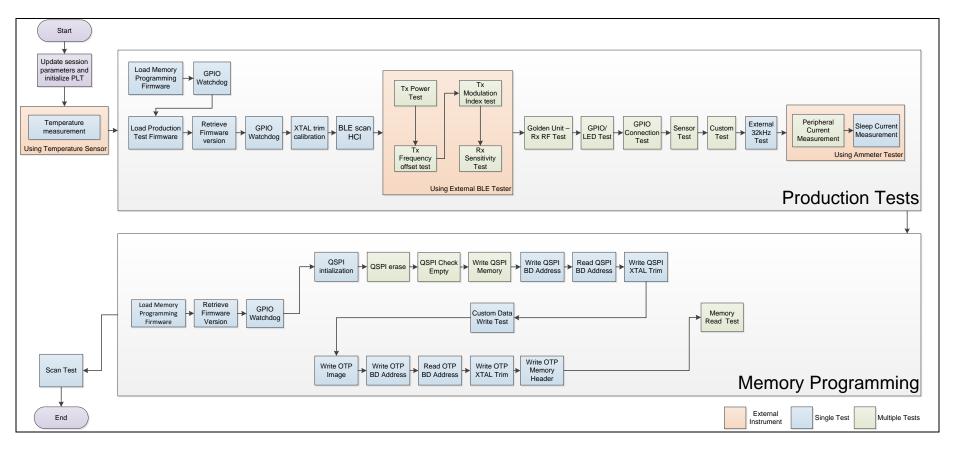


Figure 22: DA1469x test sequence

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6.9 VBAT/Reset signals operation

The following section describes the PLT hardware VBAT and Reset signal operation during the DUT Test Sequence (Section 6.8).

There are two different modes available to power and reset the DUTs using a combination of the PLT VBAT and Reset lines. These are described next.

6.9.1 VBAT only

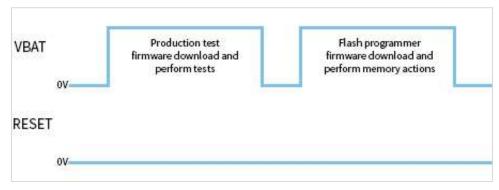


Figure 23: VBAT only

Figure 23 shows that in this mode only the VBAT line is used. Only the VBAT signal from the PLT hardware board to DUT should be connected. The Reset signal is not driven. The DUTs are powered independently from their VBAT lines connected to PLT HW and when reset is needed, the PLT software toggles the VBAT line low to perform a POR to each device.

Battery powered DUTs or DUTs with an external power supply are not supported in this mode. PLT to DUT VBAT line connection is mandatory. PLT Reset line connection is not required.

6.9.1.1 Firmware download

When the firmware download procedure begins, the PLT VBAT line will power DUTs and the UART connections will open. This will result to a POR for all active devices. POR will activate the DUTs UART booting procedure and the PLT software will be able to download the test firmware.

If there are devices that failed the test firmware download procedure, PLT will perform a VBAT POR to retry the firmware download procedure only for those that failed. During the extra attempts to download firmware to the failed devices, the VBAT lines of the devices that succeeded will remain active. After a maximum of three retry attempts, the PLT VBAT lines will remain active only for the devices that have succeeded. The retry operation and the amount of retries can be configured by the user. For more information, see Section 7.2.3.2.

When the production testing has finished the above procedure will be repeated for the memory programming, as a different firmware needs to be downloaded to DUTs.

6.9.1.2 Current measurement

Since the DUTs will be powered through PLT HW using the VBAT line, the Current Measurement Test (Section 7.2.6.13) for DA1453x and the

Current Measurement Test (Section 7.2.10.12) for the DA1469x are supported as described in the Current Measurements see Section 5.8.

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6.9.2 VBAT on with Reset

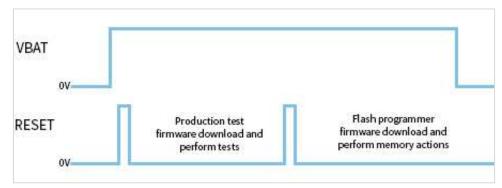


Figure 24: VBAT on with Reset

Figure 24 shows that in this mode the PLT Reset line performs the reset of DUTs. During this mode, the PLT VBAT line continuously provides power to DUTs and DUTs are reset using the PLT Reset line.

Power supply can be provided to DUTs if the PLT VBAT line is connected to DUTs. However, for battery powered DUTs or for DUTs with an external power supply, VBAT should not be connected. For such devices, only the connection to the PLT Reset line is mandatory.

6.9.2.1 Firmware download

When the firmware download procedure begins, PLT will reset DUTs using the PLT Reset line. The VBAT line is already active and remains active for the entire PLT test and memory programming procedure. If there are devices that failed to download firmware, PLT will reset all DUTs again and retry to download firmware to all of them even if these have succeeded. This is different approach from the VBAT Only procedure (see Section 6.9.1), since the Reset line is a single hardware line that cannot be differently controlled for each DUT, as opposed to the VBAT lines. The retry operation and the amount of retries can be configured by the user. For more information, see Section 7.2.3.2.

When the production testing has finished, the above procedure will be repeated for the memory programming, as a different firmware needs to be downloaded to DUTs.

6.9.2.2 Current measurement

If DUTs are powered through the PLT HW using the VBAT line, or if they are powered using a single common line from an external power supply, the Current Measurement Test (Section 7.2.6.13) for DA1453x and the

Current Measurement Test for the DA1469x are supported as described in the Current Measurements section 5.8. If the DUTs are powered independently or have their own power supply (e.g. battery) then the current measurement tests are not supported.

6.10 Custom memory data

The following section describes the PLT 'Custom Memory Data' configuration and programming procedure.

PLT supports programming custom user data of any size up to 256 bytes, to any memory and from any start address. Table 16 describes three input methods used to enter custom data to PLT.

Input Modes	Description			
Barcode scanner	Prior to starting the PLT tests, before pressing the START button in the PLT GUI, users can use a barcode scanner to enter custom memory data; different for each			
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Table 16: Custom memory data input modes



Input Modes	Description
	DUT. A new GUI screen is used to scan DUT barcodes and save the barcode scanned data to PLT. PLT will then burn these data to the user specified memory and address. Duplicate scan data protection can be enabled to protect scanning same data for different DUTs in the same test.
CSV file	Users can provide a path to a CSV file that will contain the custom memory data for each DUT. The format of the CSV file is specific and is provided in Custom data CSV file format (Section 6.10.1).
Manual	Users can manually edit the custom memory data prior of each PLT test run. The edit can be done in PLT GUI or in the params.xml file using an external application or script. If different data per DUT is required, then the update of the custom memory data should be done before every PLT test run.

Section 7.2.12.2 explains in detail the various configuration parameters of the 'Custom Memory Data' programming PLT feature.

6.10.1 Custom data CSV file format

This section describes the format of the CSV file used in *CSV file input mode* of the Custom Memory Data test (Section 6.10).

1	A	В	C	D	E	F	G	н	1	1	K	L	М
1	80:EA:CA:80:00:01	OTP	0	5	5566778801	SPI	8000	10	112233445566778899A1				
2	80:EA:CA:80:00:02	OTP	0	5	5566778802	SPI	8000	10	112233445566778899A2				
3	80:EA:CA:80:00:03	OTP	0	5	5566778803	SPI	8000	10	112233445566778899A3				
4	80:EA:CA:80:00:04	OTP	0	5	5566778804	SPI	8000	10	112233445566778899A4				
5	80:EA:CA:80:00:05	OTP	0	5	5566778805	SPI	8000	10	112233445566778899A5	SPI	2	9000	5501
6	80:EA:CA:80:00:06	OTP	0	5	5566778806	SPI	8000	10	112233445566778899A6	SPI	2	9000	5502
7	80:EA:CA:80:00:07	OTP	0	5	5566778807	SPI	8000	10	112233445566778899A7				
8	80:EA:CA:80:00:08	OTP	0	5	5566778808	SPI	8000	10	112233445566778899A8				
9	80:EA:CA:80:00:09	OTP	0	5	5566778809	SPI	8000	10	112233445566778899A9				
10	80:EA:CA:80:00:0A	OTP	0	5	556677880A	SPI	8000	10	112233445566778899AA				
11	80:EA:CA:80:00:0B	OTP	0	5	556677880B	SPI	8000	10	112233445566778899AB				
12	80:EA:CA:80:00:0C	OTP	0	5	556677880C	SPI	8000	10	112233445566778899AC				
13	80:EA:CA:80:00:0D	OTP	0	5	556677880D	SPI	8000	10	112233445566778899AD				
14	80:EA:CA:80:00:0E	OTP	0	5	556677880E	SPI	8000	10	112233445566778899AE				
15	80:EA:CA:80:00:0F	OTP	0	5	556677880F	SPI	8000	10	112233445566778899AF				

Figure 25: Custom memory data CSV file example

Each line in the CSV file corresponds to a specific DUT, which is bound to a BD address. The BD address is written in the first column of the CSV file. After the DUT BD address, up to five memory operations can exist.

Each of these operations must have the following columns in the correct order as described below:

- Memory type (DA1453x can have OTP, SPI, EEPROM and DA1469x can have OTP and QSPI)
- Start address
- Size of data in bytes
- Data to be written.

Figure 25 shows an example of a CSV file targeted for DA1453x DUTs. In this particular example the CSV file contains information for DUTs with BD addresses 80:EA:CA:80:00:01 to

80:EA:CA:80:00:13. For BD addresses 80:EA:CA:80:00:05-06 there are three tests and two for the rest.

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- The first operation, which is similar for all BD addresses with only the Data field to be different, is to write in the OTP Header memory of the DA1453x DUTs five bytes, in OTP address 0x0000 (OTP image area).
- The second operation is configured to write into the SPI flash address 0x8000 10 bytes (0x112233445566778899AA1-AF).
- The third operation only applies for BD addresses 80:EA:CA:80:00:05 and 80:EA:CA:80:00:06. This will write 2 bytes of data in address 0x9000 of the SPI flash memory.

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6.11 Golden unit scan test

This section describes the PLT scan test procedure using the Golden Unit as scanner device.

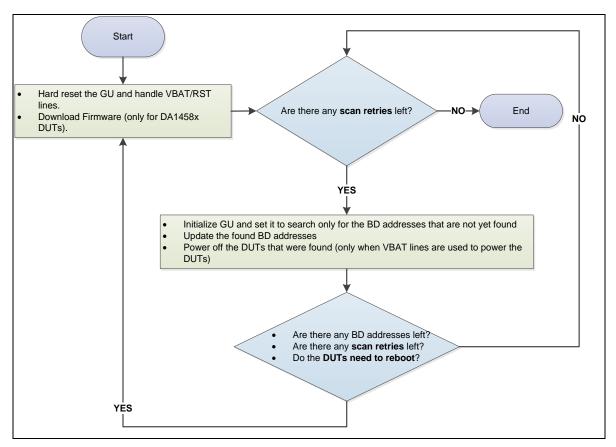


Figure 26: Golden unit scan test

User can set various scan properties to adjust the Scan test procedure. Table 59 describes the available properties that apply to the DA1453x devices and Table 89 for the DA1469x devices.

Figure 26 shows the scan sequence. First, the Golden unit and DUTs are reset. At this stage, if the *Firmware load enable* is active (option is available only in DA1453x DUTs) PLT will download the selected firmware. Then, the GU will begin scanning for the BD addresses of all active DUTs. After each scan cycle, the already found BD addresses are removed from the search list of the GU and the appropriate DUTs will be powered off. This procedure will continue until the retries have reached the *Scan retries* set by the user. PLT will reset the GU after a specific number or retries, given in *DUT reboot* option. Finally, the parameters *DUT reboot time* and *DUT reboot difference* set the DUT time needed to perform a POR with a small delay between the DUTs if needed.

Scan Test	
Enable	
Scan retries	6
DUT reboot	3
DUT reboot difference	37
DUT reboot time	25
Firmware load enable	
Fimware path	C:\SmartBond_PLT_v_4x\executables\binaries\prox_reporter_531.bin

Figure 27: Golden unit scan test example parameters

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Figure 27 shows an example for DA1453x DUT connected with *VBAT only* mode as described in VBAT/Reset Signals Operation (Section 6.9). For this example, the following steps will be executed:

- Reset the GU in order to be in a clear state, power off the DUTs and wait for 2500 ms (DUT reboot time). Power on and load prox_reporter_531.bin firmware to each DUT with a 37 ms time difference between them.
- Execute three GU scan procedures. After each scan procedure is finished, power off the found DUTs.
- Again, reset the GU, power off the DUTs and wait for 2500 ms (DUT reboot time). Power on and load prox_reporter_531.bin firmware to each DUT with a 37 ms time difference between them.
- Continue with another three GU scan procedures and after each scan procedure power off the found DUTs

6.12 Creating PLT firmware files

For PLT to successfully operate, various firmware files are used based on the device type (GU or DUT), the chipset flavor (DA1453x or DA1469x) or the purpose of the firmware (different firmware for production tests and for memory programming).

Figure 28 shows that all these firmware files are kept under the binaries folder in the PLT software package, as shown in. To create these firmware files, download the SDK packages from the customer portal and apply the source code patches located under the fw_files folder in the PLT software package (see Figure 29).

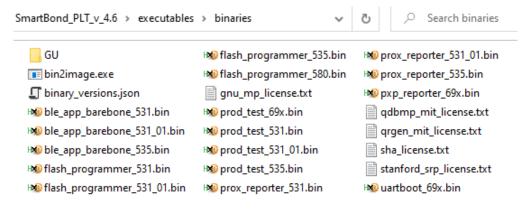


Figure 28: Binaries

The source code patches maintain the folder structure of the SDK they are targeting to apply the source code patch using a simple copy and replace the needed files. After patching, the projects contain all the necessary changes and the same firmware files can be built as those in the binaries folder of the PLT software package.

The 'fw_files' folder has two main categories. Firmware targeted for GU and for DUTs. Under each category there is a folder indicating the IC target and the SDK used.

✓ 📙 fw_files			
V 📴 DUT			
> A1469x			
> 🔂 DA14531			
🗸 📙 GU			
> A DA1458x_SDK_5.0.4			

Figure 29: Folder contents of 'fw_files'

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Applying a source code patch for each one of the binaries is described in following sections.

6.12.1 Golden unit firmware

The Golden unit is a DA14580 device. A modified version of the $\tt prod_test_580.bin$ firmware is used.

This patch contains all the changes needed to re-create the following firmware.

• prod_test_GU.bin

To re-create the exact source code of the prod_test_GU.bin firmware:

- 1. Use a clean copy of the DA1453x_SDK_5.0.4 SDK from the customer portal.
- 2. Copy the contents of the '...\fw_files\GU\DA1453x_SDK_5.0.4\DA1453x_SDK\5.0.4\' folder to the default SDK.
- 3. The Keil v5 project file of the prod_test_GU.bin is the 'prod_test.uvprojx' under the folder (\5.0.4\projects\target_apps\prod_test\prod_test\Keil_5\'. Open this project on the Keil IDE in order to build it.

6.12.2 DA1453x firmware

This patch contains all the changes needed to re-create the following firmware:

- Production test firmware
 - prod_test_531.bin
 - o prod_test_531_01.bin
 - prod_test_535.bin
- Flash Programmer firmware
 - flash programmer 531.bin
 - flash programmer 531 01.bin
 - flash programmer 535.bin
- Proximity reporter firmware (demo)
 - o prox_reporter_531.bin
 - o prox_reporter_531_01.bin
 - o prox_reporter_535.bin
- Barebone Application
 - ble_app_barebone_531.bin
 - ble app barebone 531 01.bin
 - o ble_app_barebone_535.bin



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To re-create the exact source code of the above firmware files:

- 1. Use a clean copy of the SDK 6.0.20.1338 from the Renesas Electronics customer portal.
- 2. Copy the contents of the 'fw_files\DUT\DA1453x\6.0.20.1338' folder to the SDK SDK 6.0.20.1338\DA145xx SDK\6.0.20.1338 folder.
- 3. The Keil v5 project file of the production test firmware is the 'prod_test.uvprojx' under 'SDK_6.0.20.1338\DA145xx_SDK\6.0.20.1338\projects\target_apps\prod_test\prod_test\ Keil_5' folder.Open this project on the Keil IDE.
- 4. Select the correct IC type and communication configuration from the drop down within the project. For the DA1453x devices the most common configuration is the single wire UART on P05.

DA14585 🔽 🕺	å
DA14531	~
DA14531_UART_P03	
DA14531_UART_P05	
DA14531_UART_P00_P01	
DA14531_01	
DA14531_01_UART_P03	
DA14531_01_UART_P05	-
DA14531_01_UART_P00_P01	- 1
DA14535	\mathbf{x}

Figure 30 Keil project device and configuration selection

- 5. The Keil v5 project file of the flash programmer firmware is the 'programmer.uvprojx' under the 'SDK_6.0.20.1338\DA145xx_SDK\6.0.20.1338\utilities\flash_programmer' folder.Open this project on the Keil IDE.
- 6. Select the correct device type and UART communication from the configuration drop down.

DA14585_jtag 🗸 🗸
DA14585_jtag
DA14585_uart
DA14531_jtag
DA14531_uart
DA14531_01_jtag
DA14531_01_uart
DA14535_jtag
DA14535_uart

Figure 31 Keil project Flash programmer configuration

- 7. The Keil v5 project file of the prox_reporter_531.bin is the 'prox_reporter.uvprojx' under the 'SDK_6.0.20.1338\DA145xx_SDK\6.0.20.1338\projects\target_apps\ble_examples\prox_re porter\Keil 5' folder.
- 8. Select the correct device type from the drop down.

DA14585	\sim
DA14585	
DA14586	
DA14531	
DA14531_01	
DA14535	

Figure 32 Keil project device configuration

9. The Keil v5 project file of the ble_app_barebone_531.bin is the 'ble_app_barebone.uvprojx' under the

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'SDK_6.0.20.1338\DA145xx_SDK\6.0.20.1338\projects\target_apps\ble_examples\ble_app_ barebone\Keil 5' folder.

10. Select the correct device configuration.

6.12.3 DA1469x firmware

This patch contains all the changes needed to re-create the following firmware:

- prod test 69x.bin
- uartboot 69x.bin
- pxp reporter 69x.bin

To re-create the exact source code of the above firmware:

- 1. Use a clean copy of the SDK_10.0.12.146.2 from the customer portal.
- 2. Copy the contents from 'fw files\DUT\DA1469x\SDK 10.0.12.146.2' folder to the default SDK.
- 3. The Smart Snippets Studio project file of the prod_test_69x.bin is the 'plt_fw' project under ' SDK_10.0.12.146.2\projects\dk_apps\reference_designs\plt_fw' folder. Open the project file within the workspace. To create each binary, select from the drop-down menu the "Release RAM" option for each chip.
- 4. The Smart Snippets Studio project file of the uartboot_69x.bin is the 'uartboot' under the folder 'SDK_10.0.12.146.2\sdk\bsp\system\loaders\uartboot'. To create the binary, select from the drop-down menu the "Release" option.
- 5. The Smart Snippets Studio project file of the pxp_reporter_69x.bin is the 'pxp_reporter' under the folder 'SDK_10.0.12.146.2\projects\dk_apps\demos\pxp_reporter'. Open the project file within the workspace.To create each binary, select from the drop-down menu the 'QSPI_Release' option for each chip.

Each binary will be created under the project folder in a folder having the same name as the selected option.



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7 Applications

7.1 Introduction

The PLT software includes four different applications (Table 5):

- CFG PLT used to setup the system according to the device hardware options and select the required tests and memory actions to be performed.
- GU Upgrade used to update the Golden unit firmware.
- GUI and CLI PLT applications are used to perform the tests, monitor their progress in real-time and view the test results.

7.2 **CFG PLT application**

SmartBond Production File Run	n Line Tool	Configuration • v_4	4.6				2		×
	General	BD addresses	DUT Hardware Setup	Test Settings	Memory Functions	Memory Header	Debug Se	tings	•
▼ Test Station									
▼ Device IC									
▼ Golden Unit									
 Active DUTs 									
▼ DUT COM Ports									
VBAT/Reset Mode									
C\SmartBond_PLT_v_4.6\	executables'	parano 'parano anil						Save	
A14535									

Figure 33: CFG PLT Startup Screen

NOTE

To minimize a field click it. After you minimize a test field, this field becomes hidden but not disabled. The tests will run for the fields that are enabled.

CFG PLT application (SmartBond_CFG_PLT.exe) is a GUI application tool, which is mainly used to appropriately configure the tests and memory operations the tool will perform. Depending on the selected device chipset and the enabled actions, only appropriate options are enabled and shown. Any change made by the user is validated before being saved to the XML file, with the use of a schema XSD file. This prevents erroneous values to be stored in the XML file that would harm the production procedure.

Figure 33 shows the initial CFG PLT screen. Table 17 describes the **Main Menu** options and Table 18 – the bottom strip information. The application begins with the **Hardware Setup** tab (see Section 7.2.2). To go to the other PLT configurable options, select the different tabs.

When a tab is selected, the settings of this tab are reloaded from the XML file. If there is an error in the configuration XML file, a warning message appears indicating which of the parameters has error. Additionally, the related graphic entry in the CFG application for the erroneous configuration parameter will be highlighted in red.

Figure 34 gives an example. Configuration parameter dut_num_1 has wrong value (error instead of either false or true) in the params.xml file. When you click the Hardware Setup CFG tab, the warning message appears. If you click OK, is pressed, the Hardware Setup tab opens with the DUT

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1 checkbox in red. The displayed value will be the default value taken from the XML schema document (params.xsd).

▲ Active DUTs			
DUT 1	DUT 5	DUT 9	🗌 DUT 13
			DUT 14
DUT 3	DUT 7	DUT 11	DUT 15
DUT 4	DUT 8	DUT 12	DUT 16

Figure 34: CFG PLT with erroneous configuration parameter

When the user makes a change, the Save button will become Save* to indicate that a save is required.

If a configuration parameter error appears, click **Save** to save the default parameter value and overwrite the erroneous value.

Region	Option	Description	
File	Open XML file	Opens a new XML file and loads the settings. The full path of the new XML file is shown at the bottom end of the screen.	
	View XML file	Opens the XML file in notepad.	
	Save as	Exports all settings to a new XML file. The full path of the new XML file is shown at the bottom end of the screen.	
	Reset to defaults	Overwrites all parameters options in the XML file with their default values taken from the XSD file.	
	Exit	Exits the CFG PLT application.	
Run	Run GUI PLT	Opens the GUI PLT application.	
	Run CLI PLT	Opens the CLI PLT application.	

Table 17: CFG PLT Main menu options

Table 18: CFG PLT bottom strip options

Option	Description		
C:\SnatBond_PLT_v_4.6\executables\parame\parame.xml	Save		
C:\SmartBond_PLT_v_4.x\executables \params\params.xml	Shows the full path of the XML file currently used.		
DA14535	Shows the selected device IC.		
Save	Saves the options of the selected tab. For example, if General settings tab is selected, then only the settings for this tab will be saved. Note: A shortcut for this button is the Ctrl+S key combination.		

7.2.1 XML and XSD files

The CFG PLT application is a front-end user interface for the cfg_dll.dll library (Figure 19). The cfg_dll.dll library, explained in detail in Ref. [1], is an XML parser, editor, and parameter validator.

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This library has an easy-to-use API for reading and manipulating the params.xml file. File params.xsd is the XML schema used for parameter validation.

In the CFG PLT application, all user selectable options are loaded and saved inside the XML file, by effectively using the cfg_dll.dll library API. The XSD schema file params.xsd is not edited in any way but only read by the cfg_dll.dll library API, whenever a parameter validation is needed.

Table 19 explains that the params.xml file is separated into three main parts.

Table 19: XML file parts

Part Name	Example	Description
Common part	<pre>(programming_enable>true ctasts_enable>true (retest_failed>faile (!</pre>	The main top part of the XML file contains parameters common to any DUT, like the BD address mode, the COM ports, and which device is enabled or disabled. It also holds the debug parameters, the test statistics and the test station name used in the logs.
DA1453x	<pre> <li< td=""><td>The second XML part, with the element name config_params_da1458x, holds parameters used for DA1453x devices. Under this part, the entire test and memory action settings are stored.</td></li<></pre>	The second XML part, with the element name config_params_da1458x, holds parameters used for DA1453x devices. Under this part, the entire test and memory action settings are stored.
DA1469x	<pre>Config_params_dal468xx <l< td=""><td>The third and final XML part, with the element name config_params_da1468x, holds parameters used for DA1469x devices. Under this part, the entire test and memory action settings are stored.</td></l<></pre>	The third and final XML part, with the element name config_params_da1468x, holds parameters used for DA1469x devices. Under this part, the entire test and memory action settings are stored.

The XSD schema file, params.xsd, holds information about the overall structure of the params.xml file, the default and valid values a parameter can take, and information about the purpose of each parameter. Figure 37 shows an example part of the XSD file.

```
<xs:element name="next bd addr"</pre>
            type="x:cfg_hex_array_6_bytes"
            x:use="required"
            x:default="00:00:00:00:00:01"
            x:info="The BD address of the first active DUT that will be used in the next test run. "/>
<!--cfg_hex_array_6_bytes-->
<xs:simpleType name="cfg_hex_array_6_bytes">
    <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
        <xs:pattern value="([0-9A-Fa-f]][0-9A-Fa-f]](0-9A-Fa-f])((:([0-9A-Fa-f]][0-9A-Fa-f]])(5})"/>
    </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>
<xs:element name="RF_path_loss_DUT_1"</pre>
            type="x:cfg_dut_path_losses"
            x:use="required"
            x:default="0"
            x:info="Set the RF path losses in dB between the device and the GU or the BLE tester instrument."/>
<!--cfg_dut_path_losses-->
<xs:simpleType name="cfg_dut_path_losses">
     <xs:restriction base="xs:float">
         <xs:minInclusive value="0"/>
         <xs:maxInclusive value="40"/>
     </xs:restriction>
 </xs:simpleType>
▲ RF Tests
   Golden Unit
                                   Set the RF path losses in dBm between the device and the GU or the BLE tester instrument.
                          Path loss
 🗄 BLE Tester
         ses per DUT
                                  0.00
                          DUT 1
                                           DUT 5
                                                   0.00
                                                            DUT 9
                                                                     0.00
                                                                                      0.00
                                  0.00
                                           DUT 6
                                                    0.00
                                                            DUT 10
                                                                     0.00
                                                                              DUT 14
                                                                                      0.00
                                  0.00
                                                    0.00
                                                                     0.00
                                                                              DUT 15
                                                                                      0.00
                          DUT 4
                                  0.00
                                           DUT 8
                                                    0.00
                                                                     0.00
                                                                              DUT 16
                                                                                      0.00
```

Figure 35: XSD schema file example

Element next_bd_addr holds the Next BD address, as described in Section 7.2.4.1 and Table 29. This element has a default value of x:default="00:00:00:00:00:01". This default value will be returned by the cfg_dll.dll API if the XML file has an error entry in the equivalent next_bd_addr element, since the validation of the parameter will fail.

The x:info="The BD address ..." value will be loaded by the cfg_dll.dll API and be used in the CFG PLT tooltips. The type="x:cfg:hex_array_6_bytes" defines the parameter type. This is the actual XSD entry that is used for the parameter validation. The cfg:hex_array_6_bytes type is defined later in the file and has a rather complicated pattern defined with <xs:pattern value ="([0-9A-Fa-f]..."/>. If the next_bd_addr element in the XML file has a value that does not match this pattern, the validation of the parameter will fail and the cfg_dll.dll API will return the default value (00:00:00:00:01). In the CFG PLT, the default value will be shown in red, indicating that an error exists in the params.xml file for this parameter. It will not change the erroneous value will overwrite the erroneous value.

Figure 35 shows the second example with the RF_path_loss_DUT_1 XSD element. This element is used in the Path Losses per DUT (see Section 7.2.6.7) as shown in Figure 63. This element has a default value of 0 and the allowed values are floats, between <xs:minInclusive value="0"/> and <xs:maxInclusive value="40"/>, as shown in the cfg_dut_path_losses type description. The x:info="Set the RF path ..."/> will be loaded by the cfg_dll.dll API and used in the CFG PLT tooltips as shown in the bottom part of Figure 35.

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7.2.2 Hardware setup

This section describes the Hardware Setup settings available for the PLT hardware board, see Figure 33.

7.2.2.1 Test station

Test Station		
Station ID	Test_station_1	
Tester ID	Tester_1	

Figure 36: Station identification

These fields hold the station ID and tester ID names to distinguish between different test stations and users. The values of these fields are written into the DUT logs and CSV files. Table 20 describes the available options for the *Station Identification*.

Table 20: Station identification

Option	Description
Station ID	The name of the PLT test station.
Tester ID	The PLT tester ID name.
Ask for Tester ID on start-up	When SmartBond_PLT_GUI.exe starts it will ask for the tester ID name.

7.2.2.2 Device IC

▲ Device IC		
Device IC	DA14535 ~	
▲ Golden U	DA14531 DA14531-01	
	DA14535 DA1469x	

Figure 37: Device IC

You can select the device IC type. This option will also change any IC related graphics, such as selectable tabs and tests. Table 21 describes the available options for the *Device IC*.

Table 21: Device IC

Option	Description
Device IC	The Dialog BLE chipset used in the device under test.

7.2.2.3 **Active DUTs**

Active DUTs				
DUT 1	DUT 5	🔽 DUT 9	DUT 13	
DUT 2	DUT 6	🔽 DUT 10	📝 DUT 14	
DUT 3	DUT 7	V DUT 11	DUT 15	
DUT 4	DUT 8	V DUT 12	DUT 16	

Figure 38: Active DUTs

Enables or disables the testing for each DUT. Table 22 describes the available options for the Active DUT.

Table 22: Active DUTs

Option	Description
DUT1-16	Enables the specific DUT device placed on connector DUT1-DUT16.

7.2.2.4 **DUT COM ports**

▲ DUT COM Po	rts			
DUT 1 157	DUT 5 161	DUT 9 165	DUT 13 169	
DUT 2 158	DUT 6 162	DUT 10 166	DUT 14 170	
DUT 3 159	DUT 7 163	DUT 11 167	DUT 15 171	
DUT 4 160	DUT 8 164	DUT 12 168	DUT 16 172	
Enum	Reset			

Figure 39: DUT COM ports

This field shows the Windows COM port assigned to each DUT. The table is filled only when the 'COM Enum' action has been performed by the CFG or the GUI PLT applications, or when non-zero entries exist in the com port x params.xml options. When the 'COM Enum' action is performed, the tools will automatically find the DUT COM ports and save them in the params.xml file. These values will be read by the CFG PLT application and be displayed here. When a 'COM Enum' action has not been performed, GUI PLT will automatically run it once in every first test execution.

NOTE

Great care must be taken when the params.xml file is shared across different stations, where different DUT COM Ports will probably exist. The 'COM Enum' action should then be performed again, so the new COM ports of the new PC system are identified and updated in the XML file.

Note:

Table 23 describes the available options for the DUT COM Ports.

Option	Description	Description	
DUT1-16	Shows the Widows COM port assigned to a specific DUT.	Shows the Widows COM port assigned to a specific DUT.	
Reset	Sets all values to zero.		
Enum	Executes the COM port enumeration procedure. The found CO before being saved.	M ports are shown	
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Table 23: DUT COM ports





7.2.2.5 Golden unit

Golden Unit	
COM Port	
Set the GU COM port Auto Refresh COM14 -	
Firmware Version	
App:	
BLE:	
Refresh Upgrade GU Firmware	

Figure 40: Golden unit COM port

Figure 40 shows Golden unit COM port. Manual or automatic COM port find can be selected.

The Golden unit COM port can be manually selected from the list with all the available COM ports existing in the system. Additionally, it can be automatically found by clicking the Auto button. The automatic procedure searches the serial number of all system COM ports to find the "DialogSemi" string. Appendix H gives details on how to program the serial number in the GU FTDI.

Table 24: Set GU COM port

Option	Description
Auto	Initiates the automatic Golden Unit COM port find procedure.
Refresh	Refreshes the dropdown menu with all the available system COM ports.
Dropdown Menu	Manually select the Golden unit COM port from all the available system COM ports.

Table 25: Golden unit firmware version upgrade

Option	Description
Refresh	Retrieves the current BLE and application versions of the connected Golden unit.
Upgrade GU Firmware	Opens the GU Upgrade application (see Section 7.5), which is used to update the GU firmware.

7.2.2.6 VBAT/Reset mode

VBAT/Reset Mode				
VBAT low duration 2000 ms Reset duration 50 ms				
VBAT/Reset Mode VBAT Only	VBAT 0v	Production test firmware download and perform tests	Flash programmer firmware download and perform memory actions	L
	RESET			
	0V			

Figure 41: VBAT/Reset mode selection

Figure 41 shows the VBAT/Reset mode selections. This option sets the PLT VBAT and PLT Reset line modes for the DUT power supply and reset during the PLT test sequence. Table 26 describes the available selections.

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Table 26: VBAT/Reset mode

Option	Description
VBAT/Reset mode	 Select the operation for VBAT/Reset signals. Available options are: VBAT Only VBAT On with Reset VBAT/Reset Signals Operation section (see Section 6.9)describes each mode in detail. Default setting is VBAT only.

7.2.3 General

7.2.3.1 Statistics

Statistics				
Pass:	12			
Pass: Fail:	8			
Total:	ō			
Left: Runs:	0			
Runs:	8			

Figure 42: Statistics

Figure 42 shows the test result statistics. Table 27 describes the Statistics field.

Table 2	27: Sta	atistics
---------	---------	----------

Option	Description
Pass	Shows the number of DUTs that have successfully passed all the tests.
Fail	Shows the number of DUTs that have failed the tests.
Total	Shows the number of DUTs that will be tested. This option is available only when Range mode is enabled in the BD Address Assignment (see Section 7.2.4.1).
Left	Shows how many DUTs are still to be tested. This option is available only when Range mode is enabled in the BD Address Assignment (see Section 7.2.4.1).
Runs	Shows the number of test runs PLT has performed.
Reset	Clicking the Reset button clears all statistics values to their defaults. Values <i>Pass</i> , <i>Fail</i> and <i>Runs</i> will be set to zero. If Range mode is enabled in the BD Address Assignment (see Section 7.2.4.1), the <i>Total</i> and <i>Left</i> values will be set as the difference of <i>Next</i> and <i>End BD address</i> , otherwise will be set to zero.



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7.2.3.2 Test options

▲ Test Options
Production tests
Download the production test firmware using the uart memory programmer firmware (uartboot_68x.bin)
Memory programming
☑ Notify user for OTP burning
Firmware download retries 2
Retest failed DUTs
Enable VBAT and UART at the end of the tests
Reset VBAT
Run script before testing starts
Enable script timeout
Timeout 60000 ms
Script path scripts\\run_before_tests.cmd
✓ Run script when testing is finished
Do not run script if there is a system error
✓ Enable script timeout
Timeout 60000 ms
Script path scripts\\run_after_tests.cmd

Figure 43: Test Options

Figure 43 shows generic PLT test procedure options. The PLT procedure is split into two main parts: Production tests and Memory programming.

Production tests include all the tests under Test Settings (DA1453x) (Section 7.2.6) or Test Settings (DA1469x) (Section 7.2.10). Memory Programming includes all the tests under Memory Functions (DA1453x) (Section 7.2.7) or Memory Functions (DA1469x) (Section 7.2.11) and Memory Header (DA1453x) (Section 7.2.8) or Memory Header (DA1469x) (Section 7.2.12) describes the available settings for the *Test Options*.

Table 28:	Test	Options	descriptions
-----------	------	---------	--------------

Option	Description
Production tests	This option enables the production test operations.
Memory programming	This option enables the memory programming operations.
Notify user for OTP burning	When this option is enabled, PLT informs the user with all the OTP burning tests that are enabled. A pop-up message appears, prompting the user whether or not to proceed with the tests.
Firmware download retries	Configures the firmware download retries in case of an error during firmware download.
Re-test failed DUTs	When this option is enabled, any DUT that failed will immediately be retested with the exact same options, including the <i>BD address</i> . This option is the same to the <i>Retest failed DUTs - Enable</i> under GUI PLT Settings (Section 7.3.1).
Enable VBAT and UART at the end of the tests	Enables the VBAT lines and UART communication between the PC and the devices after all the tests have finished. If enabled, DUTs will remain powered after the end of the tests.

User	Manual
0301	manual



Option	Description
Reset VBAT	If this option is enabled the VBAT line will be toggled. If not selected, the DUTs will keep in their system RAM the last test firmware downloaded by the PLT.
Run script before testing starts	This option enables the execution of a batch or an executable before the device testing procedure starts. As described in Running the GUI PLT and Executing Tests (Section 7.3.3), the success return code should be a value between 0 and 100 for the tool not to report an error. Any other value will be taken as error and prevent the tool from running the tests.
Enable script timeout	Enables a wait timeout for the script to finish. The time to wait is set in the Timeout field below. If this option is disabled PLT will wait until the script ends.
Timeout	The time to wait for the script to finish.
Script path	The path of file to execute when the <i>Run script before testing starts</i> option is enabled.
Run script when testing is finished	This option enables the execution of a batch or an executable after the device testing procedure has finished. The success return code should be 0 for the tool not to report an error.
Enable script timeout	Enables a wait timeout for the script to finish. The time to wait is set in the Timeout field below. If this option is disabled, PLT will wait until the script ends.
Timeout	The time to wait for the script to finish.
Script path	The path of file to execute when the <i>Run script when testing is finished</i> option is enabled.



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7.2.4 BD addresses

7.2.4.1 BD address assignment

BD Address Assig	nment
If 'Start BD addre Next PLT test run	ess field' is changed then, the 'Next BD address field' will take the same value. will then set the updated Next BD address to the first active DUT.
 Standard Start BD address Next BD address 	00:00:00:00:00:00:01
Range Start BD address Next BD address End BD address	00 : 00 : 00 : 00 : 01 00 : 00 : 00 : 00 : 00 : 02 00 : 00 : 00 : 00 : 00 : 01
Load from file Start BD address Next BD address BD address file Check for dup	00 : 00 : 00 : 00 : 01 00 : 00 : 00 : 00 : 02 params/\bd_address.ini licate BD addresses
 Barcode Scanner Scanner interface Scan mode Automatically statements 	Refresh HID Automatic DUT position split BD address with ":"

Figure 44: BD address assignment

The BD Address Assignment field defines different ways PLT can handle the device BD address. The available modes are Standard, Range, Load from file and Scan mode.

The Standard, Range, and Load from file modes are similar. These have a Start BD address, which is the initial address that the PLT session begins. The Next BD address field holds the BD address that will be used on the next PLT run, so the BD address assignment can be continued even after the GUI PLT is closed. For that reason, the user cannot alter the Next BD address. The Next BD address initial value is the same as the Start BD address when the PLT session begins.

For Scan mode, an external barcode scanner is needed to assign the device BD addresses.

NOTE

In CFG PLT only the Start BD address is given. The assignment of the actual device BD addresses occurs in the GUI PLT at the beginning of each test run.

The only invalid BD address is 00:00:00:00:00:00.

Standard mode

Table 29 describes the available options for the *Standard* mode. In this mode, the first active DUT takes the *Next BD address*. This BD address is incremented by one and assigned to the next active DUT until all active DUTs have a BD address assigned to them.

This assignment mode never runs out of BD addresses and it will continue assigning addresses until the *Next BD address* reaches FF:FF:FF:FF:FF:FF.

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Table 29: BD Address Assignment - Standard mode

Option	Description
Start BD address	The BD address that the PLT session has started with.
Next BD address	The BD address that will be used in the first active DUT of the next PLT run.

Range mode

NOTE

Table 30 describes the available options for the Range mode. This mode is the same as Standard mode except for the additional End BD address.

Sine a 'Start BD address' and an 'End BD address' exist, the total amount of devices to be tested can be calculated. Therefore, this mode enables the Total and Left fields in the Statistics (Section 7.2.3.1), where Total is the number of the BD addresses to be used from Start BD address to End BD address and Left is the number of BD addresses remaining.

The End BD address must always be greater than the Start BD address. In addition, when Left BD addresses
are not enough for the remaining active DUTs, the PLT will not run.Note text

Table 30: BD Address Assignment options - Range mode

Option	Description
Start BD address	The BD address that the PLT session has started with.
Next BD address	The BD address that will be used in the first active DUT of the next PLT run.
End BD address	The BD address that the PLT session will end with.

Load from File mode

Table 31 describes the available options for the Load from file mode. In this mode, the Start BD address and the Next BD address have the same roles as before. The difference in this mode is that the BD addresses are loaded from a file in the order as they are written in that file, not using the automatic incremental method of the previous modes. In every test run, PLT will search for the first occurrence of the Next BD address in the file and will load it along with the BD addresses that follow, until all active DUTs have a BD address.

1	00:00:00:44:33:0a
2	00:00:00:44:33:09
3	00:00:00:44:33:08
4	00:00:00:11:22:08
5	00:00:00:11:22:06
6	00:00:00:11:22:05
7	00:00:00:11:22:04
8	00:00:00:11:22:03
9	00:00:00:11:22:02

Figure 45: Example for load from File mode

For example, consider three active DUTs: DUT3, DUT6, and DUT 9 and the Next BD address to be 00:00:00:11:22:08. Figure 45 shows the beginning of the BD address file used in this example. PLT will search for the Next BD address in the file and load it to the first active DUT: DUT3. It will then continue with 00:00:00:11:22:06 for DUT6 and 00:00:00:11:22:05 for DUT9. It will also return 00:00:00:11:22:04 as the Next BD address to be used in the next PLT test run.

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NOTE

The BD address file should always end with a zero BD address (00:00:00:00:00:00) and a new line at the end.

Table 31: BD Address Assignment options - load from File mode

Option	Description
Start BD address	The BD address that the PLT session has started with.
Next BD address	The BD address from file that will be used in the first active DUT of the next PLT run.
BD address file	Path to the file that contains the BD addresses. Use button [] on the right to navigate and select a file.
Check for duplicate BD addresses	Before any BD address is assignment happens, there will be a check to find double BD addresses in the selected BD address file.

Scan mode

Table 32 describes the available options for the Scan mode. For this option a USB-to-Serial barcode scanner should be used to scan for BD address barcodes with 'xx:xx:xx:xx:xx' format.

The barcode scanner options are the same as those used for the barcode scanner mode in Custom Memory Data (Section 7.2.8.3) for the DA1453x devices and in Custom Memory Data (Section 7.2.12.2) for the DA1469x devices.

NOTE

Barcode scanner mode is only available with GUI PLT Application (Section 7.3). CLI PLT Application (Section 7.4) does **NOT** support this feature.

Table 32: BD Address Assignment options - Scan mode

Option	Description
Scanner Interface	Selection of the Barcode scanner input. Both HID and COM port interfaces are supported. This dropdown list provides an HID and all the available system COM ports as input options.
	For the HID interface, any HID device is supported that includes newline (CR-LF) characters at the end of the scanned data.
	For the COM port interface, a common USB to UART barcode scanner is supported. PLT has been tested with Honeywell Xenon 1900. Appendix J describes the setup procedure.
	This option is the exact same option as for the DA1453x devices in Custom Memory Data (Section 7.2.8.3) and the DA1469x devices in Custom Memory Data (Section 7.2.12.2).
Scan mode	• Scan DUT position: In this mode the users must first scan the DUT position number and then the BD address. The string used for the position of each DUT is "TEST POSITION 0xx" where "xx" is the DUT position number.
	• Automatic DUT position: Scanned BD address will be assigned to the selected DUT. The DUT selection is automatically been made, starting from the first active DUT and selecting the next one after a successful BD address scan. Users can change the selected DUT using the controls on the GUI PLT screen shown in Figure 113.
	This option is the exact same option as for the DA1453x devices in Custom Memory Data (Section 7.2.8.3) and the DA1469x devices in Custom Memory Data (Section 7.2.12.2).



Option	Description
Automatically split BD address with ':'	When this option is enabled, the input data will be automatically delimited with colon marks. E.g. To enter the '11:22:33:44:55:66' BD address the input string should be '112233445566'.

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7.2.5 DUT hardware setup (DA1453x)

7.2.5.1 UART Boot Pins Setup

▲ UART Boot Pins Setup			
TX-RX pins	TX\RX: P0_5(Single wire)	\sim	
▲ UART Ba	TX: P0_0, RX : P0_1 TX: P0_1, RX : P0_3 TX\RX: P0_3(Single wire)		
Roud Rate	TX\RX: P0_3(Single wire) TX\RX: P0_5(Single wire)		

Figure 46: UART Boot Pins Setup - DA14535

Table 33 describes the available options for the TX-RX pins of the UART Boot Pins Setup DA1453x options. The TX-RX pins selection defines the UART pins and the baud rate that will be used for firmware downloading to the DA1453x during boot.

Table 33: UART TX-RX Pins - DA1453x

Option	Description
TX: P0_0, RX: P0_1	Sets UART TX pin to P0_0, UART RX pin to P0_1 and Baud rate to 115200 bit/s.
TX: P0_1, RX: P0_3	Sets UART TX pin to P0_1, UART RX pin to P0_3 and Baud rate to 115200 bit/s.
TX\RX: P0_3 (single wire)	Sets UART TX and RX pins to P0_3. Boot baud rate will be 115200 bit/s.
TX\RX: P0_5 (single wire)	Sets UART TX and RX pins to P0_3. Boot baud rate will be 115200 bit/s.

Note 1 The baud rate is fixed during device boot, since it is controlled by the device ROM bootloader

7.2.5.2 UART Baud Rate

UART Baud Rate					
Baud Rate 1000000 ▼ 9600 57600 115200 1000000					

Figure 47: UART Baud Rate - DA1453x

Table 34 shows the available options for the UART baud rate.

The Baud Rate selected here is used after the initial firmware (flash_programmer_531.bin) has been downloaded to the DUT. The software sends a command to the DUT to change the UART baud rate to the one selected. All following UART communications with the DUT is performed using the new baud rate. Note that this only happens during memory programming where the flash_programmer_531.bin is used. During tests (RF tests, XTAL trimming, etc.), where the production test firmware is used (prod test 531.bin), the baud rate is fixed at 115200 bit/s.

Table 34: UART Baud Rate - DA1453x

Option	Description
Baud Rate	 9600 [bit/s] 57600 [bit/s]

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Option	Description	
	• 115200 [bit/s]	
	• 1000000 [bit/s]	
	1 Mbit/s is the fastest and safest with 0% baud rate error.	

7.2.5.3 SPI Flash Configuration

SPI Flash Configurati	on	
SPI pin setup CLK P0_0 ▼ MIS ✓ Enable pin Pin P0_0 ▼	0 P0	<u>5</u> • MOSI P0_6 •
] SPI flash options		
SPI bus parameters		
Word length		8-bit
Mode type		Master
SPI clock idle polarity		Low
SPI sampling edge		Low 🔻
SPI interrupt		Disabled 👻
SPI clock divider		8 🔹
Memory parameters		
Total size	0x	040000
Page size	0x	0100
Jedec ID	0x	00000000
Jedec ID mask	0x	00000000
Memory protection	0x	00

Figure 48: SPI Flash Configuration - DA1453x

Table 35 describes the available options for the SPI Pin Setup.

Table 35: SPI Pin Setup - DA1453x

Option	Description	
SPI pin setup	This option enables the SPI flash memory pin selections.	
CLK	Sets the GPIO for the CLK pin of the SPI bus. Default GPIO pin is P0_0.	
MISO	Sets the GPIO for the MISO pin of the SPI bus. Default GPIO pin is P0_5.	
MOSI	Sets the GPIO for the MOSI pin of the SPI bus. Default GPIO pin is P0_6.	
CS	Sets the GPIO for the CS pin of the SPI bus. Default GPIO pin is P0_3.	
Enable pin	Sets a specific GPIO to high state during any SPI flash operation.	
Pin	Sets the GPIO to be used as the enable pin.	

Table 36 describes the available options for the DA1453x SPI Flash Configuration. To setup the SPI flash configuration properly, refer to the datasheet of the memory to be used.



NOTE

If the memory to be used is listed in the supported memories (Appendix R), then the SPI pin setup configuration option can be disabled.

Table 36: SPI Flash Configuration - DA1453x

Option	Description
SPI flash options	Enables the on-demand SPI flash configuration.
Word length	Shows the length of each word in the SPI-bus.
Mode type	Shows the SPI-bus role of the chip.
SPI clock idle polarity	Sets the level of the idle state of the clock.
SPI sampling edge	Sets the SPI-bus sampling edge.
SPI interrupt	Enables the SPI interrupt.
	This interrupt may be shared with other interrupts.
SPI clock divider	Sets the SPI-bus clock frequency.
Total size	Sets the SPI Flash size in bytes.
Page size	Sets the size of each page of the SPI Flash memory.
Jedec ID	Sets the SPI Flash Jedec ID.
Jedec ID mask	Sets the bitmask of the Jedec ID.
Memory protection	Sets the SPI Flash protection value.

7.2.5.4 I2C EEPROM Configuration

▲ I2C EEPROM Con	figuratio	n	
I2C pin setup			
SCL P0_2 -	SDA PO	_3 🔻	
Enable pin			
Pin P0_0 -]		
EEPROM memory op	otions		
I2C EEPROM option	s		
Slave address	0x	0050	
Speed mode		Fast -	
Address mode		7 Bit 🔹	
Address size		2 Bytes 🔻	
Total size	0x	040000	
Page size	0x	0100	

Figure 49: I2C EEPROM Configuration - DA1453x

Table 37 describes the available options for the I2C Pin Setup.



Table 37: I2C Pin Setup - DA1453x

Option	Description
I2C pin setup	This option enables the I2C pin selections. If this option is disabled, the default pin configuration will be used.
SCL	Sets the GPIO for the SCL pin of the I2C bus. Default GPIO pin is P0_2.
SDA	Sets the GPIO for the SDA pin of the I2C bus. Default GPIO pin is P0_3.
Enable pin	Sets a specific GPIO to high state during any EEPROM operation.
Pin	Sets the GPIO to be used as the enable pin.

 Table 38 describes the available options for the DA1453x I2C EEPROM Configuration. To properly setup the I2C EEPROM configuration, refer to the datasheet of the memory to be used.

NOTE

If the memory to be used is listed in the supported memories (Appendix R), then the on demand I2C EEPROM configuration option is not needed.

Table 38: I2C EEPROM Configuration – EEPROM memory options - DA1453x

Option	Description
EEPROM memory options	Enables the on demand EEPROM memory configuration.
Slave address	Sets the I2C-bus slave address of the EEPROM memory to be used.
Speed mode	Sets the I2C-bus speed.
Address mode	Sets the I2C-bus addressing mode.
Address size	Sets the I2C-bus number of bytes used for address.
Total size	Sets the EEPROM size in bytes.
Page size	Sets the size of each page of the EEPROM memory.

7.2.6 Test settings (DA1453x)

7.2.6.1 GPIO Watchdog Operation

A GPIO Watchdog Op	eration		
Enable Watchdog			
Test name	WD-P1_0		
Pin P0_0 ~			

Figure 50: GPIO Watchdog Operation – DA1453x

Table 39 describes the GPIO watchdog configuration options. When this feature is enabled, firmware will continuously toggle the selected GPIO at specific intervals, less than four seconds.

Option	Description
Enable Watchdog	The checkbox enables the operation. It enables the continuous toggling of a GPIO during the whole production testing and memory programming procedure, except during firmware download. The pulse on the GPIO has approximately 1.5% duty cycle and 0.48 Hz frequency.



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Option	Description	
Test name	The test name to be used for logging purposes	
Pin	The GPIO to toggle	

7.2.6.2 VBAT Level Log

▲ VBAT Level Log	
Enable	

Figure 51: VBAT Level Log - DA1453x

When this feature is enabled, PLT will send a command to the device to measure VBAT using its internal ADC. The VBAT level will then be logged. No, pass or fail limits exist for this test. It is only used for logging purposes.

7.2.6.3 OTP Timestamp Read

▲ OTP Timestamp Read]
☑ Enable	
-	

Figure 52: OTP Timestamp Read - DA1453x

If this option is enabled, PLT will read the device timestamp from the OTP memory and log it. This operation is mainly used for logging purposes.

7.2.6.4 DC-DC Converter Level Test

A DC-DC C	onverter Level Test			
Enable				
Enable Low limit	1050			
High limit	1150			

Figure 53: DC-DC Converter Level Test - DA1453x

When this test is enabled, PLT will send a command to the device to measure the DC-DC converter level. It will then compare it to the limits given by the user. Table 40 describes the user configurable options.

Note the accepted range from the device datasheet. While 1050 mv to 1150 mv is a good range for DA1453x in another example, the range for device DA14535 is 1175 mV to 1225 mV in buck mode.

Table 40: DC-DC Converter Level Test options - DA1453x

Option	Description	
Enable	The checkbox enables the test	
Low limit	The low limit of the DC-DC converter level test. If result is lower test will fail.	
High limit	The high limit of the DC-DC converter level test. If the result is higher test will fail.	





7.2.6.5 XTAL Trim

▲ XTAL Trim			
 Enable GPIO input pulse pir Burn to OTP 	P0_5 •		

Figure 54: XTAL Trim - DA1453x

Table 41 describes the available options for the DA1453x XTAL Trim operation.

Table 41: XTAL Trim - DA1453x

Option	Description	
Enable	This option enables the automatic crystal oscillator frequency calibration procedure.	
GPIO input pulse pin	The GPIO on which the DUT will receive the reference pulse during calibration. The UART RX pin can be used for this purpose without any additional connection from the PLT hardware to the DUT.	
Burn to OTP	When this option is selected, the XTAL trim value calculated from the automated calibration process will be written into the OTP XTAL trim header field and the OTP XTAL calibration flag will be set.	

7.2.6.6 Scan DUT Advertise Test

Enable		
Settings		
Channel	СН37 -	
Scan retries	3	
Tx power	0 dBm 🕹	
Units		

Figure 55: Scan DUT Advertise Test - DA1453x

Table 42 describes the available options for the DA1453x Scan DUT Advertise Test operation. In this test, the Golden unit acts as a scanner and the DUTs start advertising using HCI commands.

Option	Description	
Enable	his option enables the Scan DUT Advertise Test operation.	
Channel	The BLE channel frequency used in the RF RX test using the Golden Unit.	
Scan retries	The number of retries to perform the test.	
TX power	Set the device output TX power.	
RSSI limit	The RSSI limit for pass/fail criteria in the RF RX test using the Golden Unit. If the average RSSI of the device after it has received the packets transmitted from the Golden Unit is less than that the test will be considered as failed.	



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7.2.6.7 RF tests

This section refers to various RF tests conducted between the DUTs and the Golden Unit or an external BLE tester.

These tests can have multiple instances with different settings. Tests can be added and removed

using the two buttons (for example, 🔳 and 🔳 in Figure 56) at the bottom right side of each panel.

NOTE

When adding or removing a test, all settings are refreshed with the values written to the XML file, meaning that any unsaved settings will be lost.

Golden unit

▲ RF Tests	
Golden Unit	RF RX test settings using the Golden Unit. GU_RSSI_1 (*) GU_RSSI_2 (*) GU_RSSI_3 (*) V Enable Test name GU_RSSI_1 Settings Frequency 2424 MHz Limits RSSI limit >= -70.0 dBm

Figure 56: Golden Unit RF Tests - DA1453x

Table 43 describes the available options for the RF RX test using the Golden Unit as a transmitter.

In the RF RX test, the Golden Unit sends 500 packets on the selected BLE channel. The DUTs are set in receive mode and the RSSI is measured. If the RSSI measured by the DUT reception is less than the specified RSSI limit value, the device will fail and the tests will stop for that particular device.

Table 43: Golden unit RF Tests	S - DA1453X
--------------------------------	-------------

Option	Description	
Enable	his option enables the specific RF RX test using the Golden unit as a transmitter.	
Test name	The name assigned to each test. The assigned name will be shown on the tab and next to it an indication showing whether the specific test is enabled or not.	
Frequency	The BLE channel frequency used in the RF RX test using the Golden unit.	
RSSI limit	The RSSI limit for pass/fail criteria in the RF RX test using the Golden unit. If the average RSSI of the device, after it has received the packets transmitted from the Golden Unit, is less than the value entered here the test will fail.	



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BLE tester

In the BLE Tester panel, several tests can be enabled that require an external BLE tester instrument.

BLE Tester – general settings

▲ RF Tests	
Golden Unit BLE Tester General TX Power Frequency Offset Modulation Index RX Sensitivity Path losses per DUT	BLE tester general settings.

Figure 57: BLE Tester general settings - DA1453x

Table 44 describes the general settings for the BLE Tester supported tests. Any available external instrument found by the ble tester driver DLL and their interfaces can be selected.

Table 44: BLE Test	ter general set	tings - DA1453x
--------------------	-----------------	-----------------

Option	Description
Enable	This option enables all the BLE Tester tests, which include:
	BLE Tester TX Power
	Frequency Offset
	Modulation Index
	RX Sensitivity
Instrument	Select the BLE tester DLL name. Names are shown only if a BLE tester instrument DLL exists in the project ble_tester_instr_plugins folder.
Interface	The interface of the instrument to be used by the driver.



BLE Tester - TX Power

- Golden Unit BLE Tester - General - TX Power - Frequency Offset - Modulation Index	BLE tester TX power test settings. Tx_Pwr 1 (-/) Enable	
- RX Sensitivity - Path losses per DUT	Test name Settings Frequency 2450 MHz Power range Auto	
	Limits High Limit <= 10.00 dBm Low Limit >= -20.00 dBm Peak Average <= 3.00 dB	

Figure 58: BLE Tester TX Power - DA1453x

Table 45 describes the available options for the TX Power test using a BLE Tester instrument.

Option	Description	
Enable	This option enables the specific TX power test using a BLE tester instrument.	
Test name	The name assigned to each test. The assigned name will be shown on the tab and next to it an indication showing whether the specific test is enabled or not.	
Frequency	The BLE channel frequency used in the BLE TX power test.	
Power range	Set the device TX output power range. Available options are:	
	 Auto (No auto option for Litepoint IQxel-M. Sets the instrument to trigger at - 25dBm) 	
	• +22 dBm to +7 dBm	
	• +9 dBm to -3 dBm	
	• +5 dBm to -7 dBm	
	• -4 dBm to -16 dBm	
	• -12 dBm to -26 dBm	
	• -24 dBm to -35 dBm	
	Default value is Auto.	
TX power	Set the device output TX power as supported by DA1453x.	
High limit	Set the average high-power limit for the BLE TX output power pass/fail test criteria.	
Low limit	Set the average low power limit for the BLE TX output power pass/fail test criteria.	
Peak average	Set the peak-to-average power limit for the BLE TX output power pass/fail test criteria.	

Table 45: BLE Tester TX Power - DA1453x



BLE Tester - Frequency Offset

Golden Unit BLE Tester - General - TX Power - Frequency Offset - Modulation Index - RX Senativity	BLE tester TX frequency offset test settings. Freq_Offs 1 Enable Test name	
Path losses per DUT	Settings Frequency 2450 VMHz Power range Auto V Tx power 0 dBm V	
	Limits Positive Limit < 50 kHz Negative Limit >= 50 kHz Drift Packet Limit +/- 50 kHz Drift Rate Limit +/- 20 kHz/50us	

Figure 59: BLE Tester Frequency Offset - DA1453x

Table 46 describes the available options for the Frequency Offset test using a BLE Tester instrument.

Option	Description
Enable	This option enables the specific TX frequency offset test using a BLE tester instrument.
Test name	The name assigned to each test. The assigned name will be shown on the tab and next to it an indication showing whether the specific test is enabled or not.
Frequency	The BLE channel frequency used in the BLE TX frequency offset test.
Power range	Set the device TX output power range. Available options are: • Auto • +22 dBm to +7 dBm • +9 dBm to -3 dBm • +5 dBm to -7 dBm • -4 dBm to -16 dBm • -12 dBm to -26 dBm • -24 dBm to -35 dBm Default value is <i>Auto</i> .
TX power	Set the device output TX power as supported by DA1453x.
Positive limit	Set the maximum positive offset limit in kHz for the TX carrier frequency offset pass/fail test criteria.
Negative limit	Set the maximum negative offset limit in kHz for the TX carrier frequency offset pass/fail test criteria.
Drift packet limit	Set the overall packet drift in kHz for the TX drift pass/fail test criteria.
Drift rate limit	Set the drift rate limit in kHz/50 μs for the TX drift pass/fail test criteria.

Table 46: BLE Tester Frequency Offset - DA1453x



BLE Tester - Modulation Index

Golden Unit General General TX Power Frequency Offset Modulation Index RX Sensitivity	BLE tester TX modulation index test settings. Mod_ldx 1 Enable Test name	
Path losses per DUT	Settings Frequency 2450 V MHz Powerrange Auto V Tx power 0.dBm V	
	Limits F1 min <= 225 kHz F1 max >= 275 kHz F2 max >= 185 kHz F1/F2 ratio >= 0.8	
	F2 max >= 185 kHz F1/F2 ratio >= 0.8	

Figure 60: BLE Tester Modulation Index - DA1453x

Table 47 describes the available options for the Modulation Index test using a BLE Tester instrument.

Option	Description	
Enable	This option enables the specific TX modulation index test using a BLE tester instrument.	
Test name	The name assigned to each test. The assigned name will be shown on the tab and next to it an indication showing whether the specific test is enabled or not.	
Frequency	The BLE channel frequency used in the BLE TX modulation index offset test.	
Power range	 Set the device TX output power range. Available options are: Auto +22 dBm to +7 dBm +9 dBm to -3 dBm +5 dBm to -7 dBm -4 dBm to -16 dBm -12 dBm to -26 dBm -24 dBm to -35 dBm Default value is Auto. 	
TX power	Set the device output TX power as supported by DA1453x.	
F1 min	Set the F1 minimum average limit in kHz for the TX modulation index pass/fail test criteria.	
F1 max	Set the F1 maximum average limit in kHz for the TX modulation index pass/fail test criteria.	
F2 max	Set the F2 maximum limit in kHz for the TX modulation index pass/fail test criteria.	
F1/F2 ratio	2 ratio Set the F1/F2 maximum average ratio limit for the TX modulation index pass/fail te criteria.	



BLE Tester - RX Sensitivity

▲ RF Tests	
Golden Unit BLE Tester General TX Power Frequency Offset RX Sensitivity Path losses per DUT	BLE tester RX sensitivity test settings. RSSI_1 (✓) RSSI_2 (✓) RSSI_3 (✓) ✓ Enable Test name RSSI_1 Settings Frequency 2450 MHz Pattem PRBS9 Spacing 625 us Num of packets 500 Tx power 0.00 dBm Dirty CRC alternate Limits RSSI limit >= -70.0 dBm

Figure 61: BLE Tester RX Sensitivity - DA1453x

Table 48 describes the available options for the RX Sensitivity test using a BLE Tester instrument.

Option	Description
Enable	This option enables the specific RX sensitivity test using a BLE tester instrument.
Test name	The name assigned to each test. The assigned name will be shown on the tab and next to it an indication showing whether the specific test is enabled or not.
Frequency	The BLE channel frequency used in the BLE RX sensitivity test.
Pattern	 The bit pattern of the TX data. Available options are: PRBS9 10101010 11110000
Spacing	The packet spacing in μ s.
Num of packets	The number of packets the BLE tester instrument to transmit.
Tx power	The TX output power of the BLE tester instrument. Suggested values are 0 to -10 dBm.
Dirty	When enabled, the BLE tester packet generator can use a dirty table to transmit.
CRC alternate	When enabled, the BLE tester will alternatingly send packets with CRC correct and CRC incorrect.
RSSI limit	The RSSI limit for pass/fail criteria in the RF RX sensitivity test. If the average RSSI of the device after it has received the transmitted packets is less than this value, the test will be considered as failed.

Table 48: BLE Tester RX Sensitivity - DA1453x

Path losses per DUT

RF Tests					
Golden Unit ⊡ BLE Tester	Path losses per DUT	. Values 0.00 to 40.00dB			
General TX Power	DUT 1 40.00	DUT 5 34.00	DUT 9 30.00	DUT 13 36.00	
···· Frequency Offset ···· Modulation Index	DUT 2 40.00	DUT 6 34.00	DUT 10 32.00	DUT 14 36.00	
RX Sensitivity	DUT 3 36.00	DUT 7 32.00	DUT 11 34.00	DUT 15 40.00	
ⁱ Path losses per DUT	DUT 4 36.00	DUT 8 30.00	DUT 12 34.00	DUT 16 40.00	

Figure 62: Path losses per DUT - DA1453x

Table 49 describes the available options for the Path losses per DUT.

Based on the relative position of each DUT during RF tests and since the RF tests are performed over the air, values can be used to correct for any path losses. These values are added to the limits of the TX Power and RSSI tests. Additional information can be found in Appendix C and Appendix E.

Table 49: Path losses per DUT from RF Tests DA1453x Options

Option	Description
DUT1-16	Set the calibrated path loss value for each DUT. These will be added as corrections to the limits of the TX Power and RF RX RSSI tests.

7.2.6.8 GPIO/LED Test

▲ GPIO\LED Tests		
GPI0_P1_0 (✓) GPI0_P1_2 (✓) GPI0_P1_3 (✓)		
Test name GPI0_P1_0		
Pin P1 0 V Retries 10 Low 50 ms High 50 ms		
	-	

Figure 63: GPIO/LED Tests - DA1453x

GPIO/LED Tests can have multiple instances with different settings. Tests can be added or removed using the two buttons (for example, and in Figure 63) at the bottom right side of each panel.

NOTE When adding or removing a test, all settings are refreshed with the values written to the XML file, meaning that any unsaved settings will be lost.

Table 50 describes the available options for the GPIO/LED Tests DA1453x Options.

In these tests, selected GPIO can be toggled and any LED connected to it can be visually tested.

Option Description		Description
	Enable	This option enables the GPIO/LED toggling. Can be used for visual LED testing.
	Test name	The name assigned to each test. The assigned name will be shown on the tab and next to it an indication showing whether the specific test is enabled or not.

Table 50: GPIO/LED Tests - DA1453x



Option	Description
Pin	The GPIO that will be used for the specific test.
Retries	Number of pulses to be generated for the specific test.
Low	Sets the amount of the OFF time of the pulse in ms for the specific test.
High	Sets the amount of the ON time of the pulse in ms for the specific test.

7.2.6.9 GPIO Connection Test

GPIO Connection Test	
P1_0-P1_1	
Enable	
Test name P1_0-P1_1	
Enable Set Pin	
Set Pin P0_0 v	
Retries 4 ~	
Check for Shot No shot	
Get Pin P0_1 ~	
Git Pin level 🔘 Low 🛞 High	
	III III

Figure 64: GPIO Connection Test - DA1453x

GPIO Connection Tests can have multiple instances with different settings. Tests can be added and removed using the two buttons (for example, and the in Figure 64) at the bottom right side of each panel.

NOTE

When adding or removing a test all settings are refreshed with the values written to the XML file, meaning that any unsaved settings will be lost.

 Table 51 describes the available options for the DA1453x GPIO Connection Test.

When enabled, the PLT software will check the connection of the specified GPIO (Get Pin) by either checking its state or the connection with another pin (Set Pin). In the latter case, the user gives the Set Pin and the state to check. It will also check for shorts between given GPIOs.

Table 51: GPIO Connection Test - DA1453x

Option	Description
Enable	This option enables the specific custom test.
Test name	The name assigned to each test. The assigned name will be shown on the tab and next to it an indication showing whether the specific test is enabled or not.
Enable Set Pin	Enables the use of the secondary GPIO to drive the GPIO under test. When this option is set, the Get Pin level option will be disabled.
Set Pin	Select the GPIO to be tested
Retries	How many times the software will check for GPIO connection or short. In every retry it will change the Set Pin level and check the Get Pin level.



Option	Description
Check for Short/No short	If Short is selected, PLT will check whether the Set Pin has the same level with the Get Pin for all Retries tested. If No short is selected, PLT will check whether Get Pin is always low no matter what the Set Pin level is.
Get Pin	Select the GPIO to be tested.
Get Pin level	Sets the GPIO state the test awaits to see in the Get Pin. This option is disabled if the Set Pin mode is enabled.

7.2.6.10 Sensor Test

▲ Sensor Tests	
SENS_TEST_1 () SENS TEST 2 () SENS TEST 3 ()	
SENS_TEST_1 () SENS_TEST_2 () SENS_TEST_3 ()	
V Enable	
Settings	
Test name SENS_TEST_1	
Read/Write mode Write ▼ Register address 0x 00 Write data 0x AA	
SPI CLK P0_0 ▼ MISO P0_0 ▼ MOSI P0_0 ▼ CS P0_0 ▼	
✓ Interrupt GPIO check Interrupt GPIO	
Expected data 0x D1	
	- +

Figure 65: Sensor Test - DA1453x

Sensor Tests can have multiple instances with different settings. Tests can be added and removed using the two buttons (for example, and removed in Figure 65) at the bottom right side of each panel.

NOTE

When adding or removing a test all settings are refreshed with the values written to the XML file, meaning that any unsaved settings will be lost.

Table 52 describes the available options for the Sensor Tests DA1453x Options.

Table 52: Sensor Tests - DA1453x

Option	Description	
Enable	This option enables the specific sensor test.	
Test name	The name assigned to each test. The assigned name will be shown on the tab and next to it an indication showing whether the specific test is enabled or not.	
Read / Write mode	Select the sensor test procedure, to read or write.	
Register address	The sensors register address to read or write data.	
Write data	The byte to be written at the sensor register.	
SPI / I2C	Select the interface that the sensor is connected to.	
SPI - CLK	Select the GPIO for the sensor SPI CLK.	
SPI - MISO	Select the GPIO for the sensor SPI MISO.	

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Option	Description	
SPI - MOSI	Select the GPIO for the sensor SPI MOSI.	
SPI - CS	Select the GPIO for the sensor SPI CS.	
I2C - SCL	Select the GPIO for the sensor I2C SCL.	
I2C - SDA	Select the GPIO for the sensor I2C SDA.	
Slave address	The sensor I2C bus slave address.	
Interrupt GPIO check	Enables the sensor interrupt signal test via GPIO.	
Interrupt GPIO	Select the GPIO to be used as a sensor interrupt.	
Expected data	The received sensor byte that will be expected on a successful operation.	

7.2.6.11 Custom Test

Custom Test	
CUST_TEST_1(✓) CUST_TEST_2(✓) CUST_TEST_3(✓)	
Test name CUST_TEST_1	
Command ID 0x 35	_

Figure 66: Custom Test - DA1453x

Custom Tests can have multiple instances with different settings. Tests can be added and removed using the two buttons (for example, 🔳 and 🗉 in Figure 66) at the bottom right side of each panel.

NOTE

When adding or removing a test all settings are refreshed with the values written to the XML file, meaning that any unsaved settings will be lost.

 Table 53 describes the available options for the DA1453x Custom Tests.

When enabled, the PLT software will send an HCI command over UART to activate a customer defined test that will be executed on the DUTs. The HCI custom test command will contain a single byte as data (the *Command ID* byte), to be used mainly as identification for the specific test in the customized firmware. The default functionality of the production test firmware is to respond with the same Command ID. Otherwise, PLT will consider the test as failed.

Option	Description	
Enable	This option enables the specific custom test.	
Test name	The name assigned to each test. The assigned name will be shown on the tab and next to it an indication showing whether the specific test is enabled or not.	
Command ID	The byte that will be sent to the device running the production test firmware.	

Table 53: Custom Tests - DA1453x



7.2.6.12 External 32 kHz Test

▲ External 32kHz Test			
🕼 Enable			

Figure 67: External 32 kHz Test - DA1453x

Table 54 describes the available options for the DA1453x External 32 kHz Test.

When enabled, the PLT software will verify the correct operation of the External 32 kHz crystal on each DUT.

Table 54: External 32 kHz Test - DA1453x

Option	Description	
Enable	This option enables the External 32 kHz test.	



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7.2.6.13 Current Measurement Test

Curre	ent Measuremen	nt Test	
urrent	t measurement gene	eral settings	
<u>_</u> [Enable		
	Instrument Settings		
	Instrument ammet	eter_scpi.dll 🗸	
	Interface	GPIB0::16	
\sim	j Enable single DU	JT current measurement when failed	
	eral Current Measure	rement	
Perip	h Test 1		
\checkmark	Enable		
	Test name		
	Single Device]	
	Ammeter Setup		
	Settings Shunt resistor	r 0.00 Ohms Wait time 2000 mSecs	
	Range	0.01 Amps Resolution 0.0001 Amps	
	Samples	10 SCPI cmd CURR:DC:NPLC 1	
	Limits per devic	ice	
	Upper limit <=	= 0.00 Amps	
	Low limit >=	= 0.00 Amps	
	Test Options	GPIO	
	0.000	Pin P0_0 V GPIO state High V	
	GPIO	PWM frequency 0 KHz PWM duty 0 %	
		- Custom test	
	O Custom Test		
1 (Current Measureme		
leep (∠ En		en	
_	ettings		
S	ingle device 🗌		
S	leep mode 💿 E	Extended 🔿 Deep	
S	hunt resistor	0.00 Ohms Wait time 2000 mSecs Sleep time 5 Secs	
	lange	0.001 Amps Resolution 0.0001 Amps Up to 1200s of sleep time is supported.	
Sa	amples	10 SCPI cmd CURR:DC:NPLC 1	
Lin	nits per device		
	nits per device	0.000002 Amps	

Figure 68: Current Measurement Test - DA1453x

In this test, an external ammeter can be used to calculate the total current consumption of all the active DUTs at the time of the sampling. The ammeter can be connected in the blue banana plugs as described in Current Measurements (Section 5.8) or to an external power supply (if present) depending the selected VBAT/Reset Mode (Section 7.2.2.6).

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During measurement, PLT controls the instrument using the ammeter_driver DLL [1]. Table 55 describes the instrument selection settings found by the ammeter_driver DLL, Table 56 describes the settings used for each of the peripheral current measurement tests, and Table 57 describes the current measurement options for each sleep state.

NOTE

Modifications in the production test firmware are mandatory to achieve the correct current consumption of a specific hardware design. Running the default firmware without any modifications may result in increased current consumption.

Peripheral Current Measurement Tests can have multiple instances with different settings. Tests can be added and removed using the two buttons (for example, and the in Figure 68) at the bottom right side of each panel.

NOTE

When adding or removing a test, all settings are refreshed with the values written to the XML file, meaning that any unsaved settings will be lost.

Table 55: Current Measurement Test – General Settings - DA1453x

Option	Description		
Enable	This option enables all Current Measurement tests, which include:		
	Idle Current Measurement		
	Extended Sleep Current Measurement		
	Deep Sleep Current Measurement		
Only one of the Extended/Deep sleep current measurements can be sele meaning that the other one will be disabled.			
Instrument	Select the Ammeter instrument DLL name. Names are shown only if an ammeter DLL exists in the project ammeter_instr_plugins folder.		
Interface	The interface of the instrument to be used by the driver.		
Enable single DUT current measurement when failed If this option is enabled and if the measurement taken is outside PTL will reset all devices and begin a firmware download and m current to each device separately, in order to identify which exa failed.			

Table 56: Current Measurement Test - Peripheral current measurement - DA1453x

Option	Description	Description		
Enable	This option enables the specific peripheral current measurement te	est.		
Test name	The name assigned to each test. The assigned name will be show next to it an indication showing whether the specific test is enabled			
Single Device	If this option is enabled, PLT will measure the current consumption one device at a time. Initially, it will power-off all DUTs. It will then power-on one by one, download firmware and measure the current individually. This procedure is time consuming. It should only be used for production setup purposes, to identify the correct limits by measuring multiple DUTs and taking the average.			
Shunt resistor	The value of the shunt resistor used for peripheral measurement. Applicable only if a voltmeter or a NI-DAQ is used to measure current instead of a DMM. Values from 0 to 9999 are supported.			
Wait time	The time in milliseconds the PLT waits before taking a current measurement after it has sent an instruction to the DUTs to go into sleep state. Supported values are 1 to 500000 ms.			
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Option	Description		
Range	The range in Amperes the ammeter measures. Supported values are 0 to 9999 with a default value of 0.001 A. When the ammeter_scpi.dll is used, if this value is set to zero, the instrument will use automatic range functionality.		
Resolution	The ammeter resolut	ion value in Amperes.	
Samples	The number of samp	les the ammeter will read and average, 1 to 1000 is supported.	
SCPI cmd		be passed to the ammeter just before the measurement is iple commands separated with a column. Up to 256 characters	
Upper limit	The upper limit value	for a single DUT.	
	Next to this input field the total upper limit current consumption for all the enabled DUTs is shown, which is the value to be used during testing. Note: Some DUTs may fail before the current measurement test start. PLT will automatically re-calculate the total upper limit by using the value given for a single DUT multiplied with the number of the remaining DUTs at the time that the test will run.		
Lower limit	The lower limit value	for a single DUT.	
	Next to this input field the total low limit current consumption for all enabled DUTs is shown, which is the actual value to be used during testing. Note: Some DUTs may fail before the current measurement test starts. PLT will automatically re-calculate the total low limit by using the value given for a single DUT multiplied with the number of the remaining DUTs at the time that the test will run.		
Test Options	Select between a PWM GPIO test and custom test.		
	Note: For the custom tests to work, a modified production test firmware must be created with tests that set the DUTs to specific states before the current measurement test. Each test must be assigned to a specific opcode. The custom tests are the exact same as in Custom Test (Section 7.2.6.11).		
Test Options - GPIO	Pin	Sets the GPIO to toggle with the PWM pulse.	
	GPIO state	Sets the active state of the GPIO.	
	PWM frequency	Sets the PWM frequency.	
	PWM duty	Sets the PWM duty cycle.	
Test Options –	Start Command ID	The opcode of the custom test that sets the state of the DUT.	
Custom Test	Stop Command ID	The opcode of the custom test that restores the DUT to its original state.	

Table 57: Current Measurement test - Sleep current measurement - DA1453x

Option	Description
Enable	This option enables the specific current measurement using the ammeter provided in the <i>Instrument</i> section.
Single Device	If this option is enabled, PLT will measure the current consumption one device at the time. Initially, it will power off all DUTs. It will then power on one by one, download firmware and measure the current individually. This procedure takes a lot of time. It should only be used for production setup purposes, to identify the correct limits by measuring multiple DUTs and taking the average.
Sleep mode	User can select either the Extended or the Deep sleep mode.
Shunt resistor	The value of the shunt resistor used for sleep current measurement. Applicable only if a voltmeter or a NI-DAQ is used to measure current instead of a DMM. Values from 0 to 9999 are supported.



Option	Description	
Wait time	The time in ms the PLT will wait before taking a current measurement, after it has sent an instruction to the DUTs to go into a specific sleep state. Supported values are 1 to 500000 ms.	
Sleep time	The time in seconds that the DUTs will remain in sleep mode. A timer in the production test firmware will wake up the devices. Supported values are 1 to 9 s for DA14580/1/2/3 and up to 1200 s for the rest.	
Range	The range value in Ampere units that the ammeter will operate. Supported values are 0 to 9999 and default value is 0.001A. When the ammeter_scpi.dll is used, if this value is set to zero, the instrument will use the automatic range functionality.	
Resolution	The ammeter resolution value in Ampere units.	
Samples	The number of samples that the ammeter will read and average. 1 to 1000 is supported.	
SCPI cmd	An SCPI command to be passed to the ammeter just before the measurement is taken. Supports multiple commands separated with a column. Up to 256 characters are supported.	
Upper limit	The upper limit value for a single DUT. Next to this input field the total upper limit current consumption for all the enabled DUTs is shown, which is the value to be used during testing. Note: Some DUTs may fail before the current measurement test starts. PLT will automatically re-calculate the total lower limit by using the value given for a single DUT multiplied with the number of the remaining DUTs at the time that the test will run.	
Lower limit	The lower limit value for a single DUT. Next to this input field the total lower limit current consumption for all the enabled DUTs is shown, which is the value to be used during testing. Note: Some DUTs may fail before the current measurement test starts. PLT will automatically re-calculate the total low limit by using the value given for a single DUT multiplied with the number of the remaining DUTs at the time that the test will run.	

7.2.6.14 Temperature Measurement test

Temperature Mea	asurement		
Temperature measurem	ent general settings.		
Enable			
Settings			
Instrument [tmu_te	mp_sens.dll 🔻		
Interface	COM5		

Figure 69: Temperature Measurement test - DA1453x

Table 58 describes the available options of the DA1453x Temperature Measurement Test.

Table 58: Temperature Measurement Test - DA1453x	
--	--

Option	Description	
Enable	This option enables the temperature measurement test.	
Instrument	Selects the temperature measurement DLL. Names are shown only if a temperature measurement instrument DLL exists in the project folder temp_meas_instr_plugins.	
Interface	The interface of the instrument to be used by the driver.	
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7.2.6.15 Scan Test

Scan Test		
✓ Enable		
Scan retries	6	
DUT reboot	3	
DUT reboot difference	37	
DUT reboot time	25	
🗸 Firmware load enabl	e	
Firmware path		binaries \prox_reporter_535.bin

Figure 70: Scan test - DA1453x

Table 59 describes the available options for the DA1453x Scan Test.

By enabling this test, the Golden Unit will scan for the DUT's BD addresses advertised after the customer firmware has been burned. For this test to work, a bootable firmware with the ability to advertise with the BD address given by the PLT must be burned into each DUT. Additionally, the BD addresses provided by the PLT should be burned into OTP memory, such that the devices advertise with the BD addresses that the tool uses.

Option	Description
Enable	This option enables the Scan test.
Scan retries	The total number of BLE advertising scans the Golden Unit will perform.
DUT reboot	Define after how many retries the PLT will reboot the DUTs.
DUT reboot difference	Set the time difference between each DUT when the PLT reboots the devices, in order to avoid air collisions.
DUT reboot time	The time the VBAT will remain low during the device reboot. This value is time in ms*100 (e.g. 15 is 1500 ms).
Firmware load enable	By enabling this option, a new image will be downloaded to all active DUTs before scanning for BLE advertising devices.
Firmware path	The path of the binary file to download to the devices for the scan test.

Table 59: Scan Test DA1453x Options





7.2.7 Memory functions (DA1453x)

This section describes the Memory Functions settings available when using DA1453x devices. Memory functions include OTP, SPI Flash, and I2C EEPROM memory programming.

7.2.7.1 **OTP Memory**

This test enables the OTP memory programming. Table 60 describes the available options for the OTP Memory image write operation.

▲ OTP Memory	
☑ Write enable	
○ No check ○ Check empty ○ Check if data match ⑧ Skip if written	
☑ Verify image	
Burn image length to OTP header (OTP DMA length)	
Different image per DUT	
Image path	binaries\prox_reporter_535.bin

Figure 71: OTP Memory - DA1453x

NOTE

If the binary is larger than the available OTP image area (OTP memory excluding the header area), the PLT software will split the binary into two parts. The first part will contain only the OTP image area. The second part will contain the OTP header fields, split in OTP words. PLT will burn the non-zero words one by one, as single OTP entries in the OTP header area. The check empty feature will handle the first part as an OTP image binary. The second part will be checked word by word.

Option	Description
Write enable	This option enables the OTP image write operation.
 No check Check empty Check if data match Skip if written 	 Memory protection options: No check: No protection is enabled. PLT will attempt to burn the OTP memory without running any check. Check empty: PLT will first check if the OTP memory is empty. Check if data match: PLT will first check if the memory to be burned is empty. If it is not, it will compare the contents with the data to be burned. If the data are not the same the test will fail without making any changes to the memory. If the data are the same, PLT will not burn the memory to prevent using the OTP repair memory and continue with success. Skip if written: PLT will read the contents of OTP memory. If it contains any data, it will skip writing without producing any error.
Verify image	If this option is enabled, PLT will read back the contents of the OTP memory and compare them to the original image file. If these do not match it will fail.
Burn image length to OTP header (OTP DMA length)	If this option is selected, PLT software will calculate the length in OTP words and burn it to the Memory Header (DA1453x) (Section 7.2.8) – OTP DMA length. When selected, it will disable the OTP DMA length option in Memory header tab.
Different image per DUT	If this option is selected, a different image per DUT can be burned into the OTP. The image name must be specific for each DUT, as described below.
Image path	Via this field, the user specifies the image file to be burned into the OTP. A .bin binary file of any name can be selected.

Table 60: OTP Memory - DA1453x



Option	Description
	Depending on the size of the selected binary, PLT will inform the user if the binary contains both the image and the header part or if it exceeds the maximum supported size.
	If Different image per DUT is selected, the user only selects the directory of the images. In that case, the binary file names must have the following format: img_xx.bin, where 'X' denotes the DUT number. For example, if the user has activated DUTs 1, 5 and 10 then img_01.bin, img_05.bin and img_10.bin binary files should exist in the selected OTP image path as shown in Figure 72. Range of numbers is img_01.bin img_16.bin.

	 Different_image_per_l 	DUT 👻 🍫 Sec	-	image_per_DUT
Organize 🔻	Include in library 💌	Share with 🔻 New folde	r	ii 🔹 🔟 🔞
🙀 Favorites	Name	Date modified	Туре	Size
	img_01.bin	26/1/2016 6:05 μμ	BIN File	28 KB
📃 Desktop	img_05.bin	26/1/2016 6:07 μμ	BIN File	28 KB
	img_10.bin	26/1/2016 6:11 μμ	BIN File	28 KB

Figure 72: Different image per DUT folder example

7.2.7.2 SPI Flash Memory

This section explains the settings of the SPI Flash Memory operations.

▲ SPI Flash Memory	
SPI Erase 1	
Erase enable Check empty	
Test name	
Entire memory	
Start address 0x 00000000 Sectors 00000064	
SPI write 1	
Test name	
Write image in chunks of 3960 bytes	
Verify image	
Bootable image	
Start address 0x 00000000	
Different image per DUT	
Image path binaries\prox_reporter_535.bin	
	- +

Figure 73: SPI Flash Memory - DA1453x

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Both erase and write tests can have multiple instances with different settings. Tests can be added and removed using the two buttons (for example, 🖃 and 👀 in Figure 73) at the bottom right side of each panel.

NOTE

When adding or removing a test all settings are refreshed with the values written to the XML file, meaning that any unsaved settings will be lost.

The SPI Flash memory should be erased before any image is written to it. Table 61 describes the available options for the *SPI Flash Erase* operation.

Option	Description
Erase enable	This option will enable the SPI flash erase operation.
Check empty	After flash erasure, the PLT software can verify the erasure result by sending a specific command to the flash_programmer_531.bin firmware running in the DUT. The firmware will read the SPI flash memory and check if it is empty. The result will be returned to the PLT software.
Test name	The name assigned to each test. The assigned name will be shown on the tab and next to it an indication showing whether the specific test is enabled or not.
Entire memory	If selected, the entire memory will be erased. Otherwise, the user can give a start address and a specific number of sectors to be erased.
Start address	The user can enter a specific start address for the SPI flash erasure operation.
Sectors	The number of sectors to erase, starting from the Start address as explained above.

Table 61: SPI Flash Erase - DA1453x

After all the SPI flash erase operations have finished, the SPI image write tests will begin. Table 62 describes the available options for the SPI Flash Image Write operation.

Table 62: SPI Flash Image Write - DA1453x

Option	Description
Write enable	This will enable the specific SPI flash image programming operation.
Test name	The name assigned to each test. The assigned name will be shown on the tab and next to it an indication showing whether the specific test is enabled or not.
Write image in chunks of "user_input" bytes.	During memory programming, PLT will split the image into chunks of size defined in this field. Values from 1 byte to 28664 bytes are supported.
Verify image	By selecting this option, the PLT software will read back the contents of the SPI flash memory, after an image was burned. It will compare them to the original image file. If these do not match the SPI memory programming will fail.
Bootable image	Is this is enabled PLT will write a boot header at SPI address 0 and burn the image at SPI address 0x8.
Start address	Users can configure the SPI flash start address image write operation. If <i>Bootable image</i> is selected, this option is disabled.
Different image per DUT	If this option is selected, a different image per DUT will be burned into the SPI flash. The image name must be specific for each DUT, as described below.
Image path	Via this field, the user specifies the image file to be burned into the SPI Flash memory. A .bin binary file of any name can be selected.
	If option <i>Different image per DUT</i> is selected the user only selects the directory of the images. In that case, the binary file names must have the following format: img_0X.bin, where 'X' denotes the DUT number. For example, if the user has
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```





Option	Description
	activated DUTs 1, 5 and 10 then img_01.img, img_05.img and img_10.img binary files
	should exist in the selected SPI image path, as shown in Figure 72.

7.2.7.3 I2C EEPROM Memory

▲ I2C EEPROM Memory	
Eeprom write 1	
☑ Write enable	
Test name	
Write image in chunks of 3960 bytes	
Verify image	
Bootable image	
Start address 0x 00000000	
Different image per DUT	
Image path binaries\prox_reporter_535.bin	
	- +

Figure 74: I2C EEPROM Memory - DA1453x

In this section, an I2C EEPROM memory can be programmed. The I2C EEPROM image write tests can be performed multiple times with different settings each time. Tests can be added and removed

using the two buttons (for example, 🔳 and 💷 in Figure 74) at the bottom right side of each panel.

NOTE

When adding or removing a test all settings are refreshed with the values written to the XML file, meaning that any unsaved settings will be lost.

Table 63 describes the available options for the I2C EEPROM image write operation.

Option	Description	
Write enable	This will enable the specific I2C/EEPROM image programming tes	t.
Test name	The name assigned to each test. The assigned name will be show next to it an indication showing whether the specific test is enabled	
Write image in chunks of "user_input" bytes.	During memory programming, PLT will split the image into chunks this field. Values from 1 byte to 32760 bytes are supported.	of size defined in
Verify image	By selecting this option, the PLT software will read back the conter and compare them to the original image file. If these do not match memory programming will fail.	
Bootable image	Is this is enabled PLT will write a boot header at EEPROM address image at the EERPOM address 0x20.	s 0 and burn the
Start address	Users can configure the EEPROM start address image write opera <i>image</i> is selected, this option is disabled.	tion. If Bootable
Different image per DUT	If this option is selected, a different image per DUT will be burned memory. The image name must be specific for each DUT, as desc	
Image path	This field specifies the image file to be burned into the EEPROM m binary file of any name can be selected.	nemory. A .bin
	If option <i>Different image per DUT</i> is selected, the user only selects the images. In that case, the binary file names must have the follow	
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Option	Description
	<pre>img_0x.bin, where 'X' denotes the DUT number. For example, if the user has activated DUTs 1, 5 and 10 then img_01.img, img_05.img and img_10.img binary files should exist in the selected image path, as shown in Figure 72.</pre>

7.2.7.4 Memory Read

Memory Read	
OTP BDA () OTP CUST () SPI DATA ()	
Read enable OTB BDA	
Test name OTP BDA Start address 0x 047FD4	
Size 6	
Memory type OTP -	

Figure 75: Memory Read test - DA1453x

Memory Read Tests can have multiple instances with different settings. Tests can be added or removed using the two buttons (for example, and the in Figure 75) at the bottom right side of each panel.

NOTE

When adding or removing a test, all settings are refreshed with the values written to the XML file, meaning that any unsaved settings will be lost.

Table 64 describes the memory read test options. With this test, the user can read up to 64 MBytes of data from any address and any available memory, such as OTP, SPI Flash and EEPROM. An example of how the data appears in the log file is shown in Figure 76. If data to be read are greater than 256 bytes, then a file will be created to store the data under folder mem_read_test in the PLT execution path.

Memory read operation initialized. Memory read test name=[OTP BDA]. Memory read operation started. Memory read test name=[OTP BDA]. Memory read operation ended ОК. Test name [OTP BDA]. Memory=[OTP]. Addr=[0x47fd4]. size=[6]. Data=[0a0000808080].

Figure 76: Memory Read test example log file - DA1453x

Table 64: Memory Read test - DA1453x

Option	Description
Read enable	This will enable the memory read test.
Test name	The name assigned to each test. The assigned name will be shown on the tab and next to it an indication showing whether the specific test is enabled or not.
Start address	Configures the start address for the read test. DA14580/1/2/3 OTP memory 0x40000 offset should be used (e.g. BD address is written in 0x47FD4). DA14585/6 OTP memory offset is at 0x0 (e.g. BD address is written in 0xFFA8). DA14580/1/2/3 OTP valid address is 0x40000 to 0x47FFF and DA14585/6 OTP address 0x0000-0x10000.
Size	Number of bytes to read, up to 64 MBytes. If data to be read are greater than 256 bytes, then a file will be created to store the data under folder mem_read_test in the PLT execution path.



Option	Description
Memory type	The type of memory to read the data from. Available options are OTP, SPI FLASH, and I2C EEPROM.
	Note: For the SPI FLASH and EEPROM memories, the pin configurations are taken from the SPI Flash Configuration (Section 7.2.5.3) and I2C EEPROM Configuration (Sections 7.2.5.4).





7.2.8 Memory Header (DA1453x)

This section describes the OTP header programming settings.

7.2.8.1 General

Figure 77: OTP Header - DA1453x

Table 65 describes the available options for DA1453x OTP Header programming.

Option	Description	
Write	This option enables the OTP header programming.	
 No check Check empty Check if data match Skip if written Memory protection options: No check: No protection is enabled. PLT will attempt to burn the O without running any check. Check empty: PLT will first check if the OTP memory to be burned is empty will burn it. Check if data match: PLT will first check if the memory to be burned it is not, it will compare the contents with the data to be burned. If the same the test will fail without making any changes to the memory are the same, PLT will not burn the memory to prevent using the OT memory and continue with success. Skip if written: PLT will read the contents of OTP memory. If it condata, it will skip writing without producing any error. 		ned is empty. If it urned is empty. If If the data are not emory. If the data e OTP repair
Verify	Read back each OTP header value and compared with the origi successful write.	inal one to verify a
Boot specific mapping	Enables external booting from a specific SPI interface or UART	pin configuration.
UART TX-RX pins Select which pins will be used to boot from an external device throu		nrough UART
SPI CLK Sets the GPIO for the CLK pin of the SPI bus.		
SPI MISO Sets the GPIO for the MISO pin of the SPI bus.		
SPI MOSI	SPI MOSI Sets the GPIO for the MOSI pin of the SPI bus.	
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Option	Description	
SPI CS	Sets the GPIO for the CS pin of the SPI bus.	
Set wake-up command opcode	Default wake-up command opcode is "AB". If a different one is needed to be used, it can be set using this flag and the following field.	
Command opcode	The command opcode to be used for the wake-up.	
Serial speed selection	Division factor for SPI.	
32 kHz source	Selects the low power 32 kHz clock source.	
DMA length	The size (in words) for the DMA controller to copy from OTP to system RAM during boot. Should match the OTP image size. Max value for the DA1453x devices is 0x1FF0.	
	Note: This option will be disabled if Burn image length to OTP header option in OTP Memory (Section 7.2.7.1) is enabled.	
Application flag 1 and 2	If this option is set, the device will boot only from the OTP memory. Used for a production ready device. There is no other means to access the device apart from JTAG, but only if this is still enabled in the OTP Header Table 68: OTP Configuration Script - DA1453x	

7.2.8.2 BD Address

B	ID address
E	☑ Write
	🔿 No check 🔿 Check empty 🔿 Check if data match 💿 Skip if written
	Verify
E	Read
	Compare

Figure 78: BD Address - DA1453x

The BD address can be written independently from the rest of the OTP header fields described before. Table 66 describes the available options for the BD Address programming.

Option	Description
Write	When selected, the BD address will be written in the OTP Header.
 No check Check empty Check if data match Skip if written 	 Memory protection options: No check: No protection is enabled. PLT will attempt to burn the OTP memory without running any check. Check empty: PLT will first check if the OTP memory to be burned is empty. If it is empty will burn it. Check if data match: PLT will first check if the memory to be burned is empty. If it is not, it will compare the contents with the data to be burned. If the data are not the same the test will fail without making any changes to the memory. If the data are the same, PLT will not burn the memory to prevent using the OTP repair memory. Skip if written: PLT will read the contents of OTP memory. If it contains any data, it will skip writing without producing any error.
Verify	When selected, the BD address will be read back from the OTP Header and will be compared to the original.

Table 66: BD Address - DA1453x



Option	Description
Read	This option will read the BD address written in the OTP Header field. It is a standalone memory operation. It does not depend on the previous tests to run, but it is necessary for the following Compare test.
Compare	If the <i>Read</i> option is enabled, a comparison will be performed between the read BD address and the BD address entered in the DUT by the PLT, as described in the BD address DUT assignment method.

7.2.8.3 Custom Memory Data

Custom Memory Data		
ustom Memory Data		
Write enable		
OTP Data 💿 No ch	ck 💿 Check empty 💿 Check if data match	
🔽 Verify data		
Input Barcode scanner	Scanner interface Refresh HID -	Scan mode Automatic DUT position 👻
CSV file	CSV file path params\\custom_mem_data.csv	····
Manual	Edit data	112233445566778899AA
Memory SP Start address 0x Data size	Memory configuration will be taken from 0007100 10	the 'DUT Hardware Setup'tab!

Figure 79: Custom Memory Data - DA1453x

Table 67 describes the Custom Memory data test options. With this test, the user can write any data to any address to any available memory for DA1453x devices, such as OTP, SPI flash and EEPROM. Data input modes can be a Barcode Scanner, a CSV file or data entered manually.

Table 67: Custom Memory Data - DA1453x

Option	Description		
Write enable	This option en	ables the custom data programming.	
Verify data	When selected	d, the data written will be read back and compared to the original.	
 No check Check empty Check if data match Skip if written (Only available when OTP memory or CSV file as input is selected) 			
Barcode scannerCSV file	Note: Barcode scanner mode is only available with GUI PLT Application (Section 7.3). CLI PLT Application (Section 7.4) does NOT support this feature.		
 Manual data 	Scanner interface (Barcode scanner)	Selection of the Barcode scanner input. Both HID and COM port interfaces are supported. This list provides an HID and all available COM ports as selectable options. Any HID device is supported that includes newline (CR-LF) characters at the end of the scanned data.	
		For the COM port interface, a common USB to UART barcode scanner is supported. PLT has been tested with Honeywell Xenon 1900. Appendix J describes the setup procedure.	
		This option is the exact same option as in Scan Mode (Section 7.2.4.1) and the DA1469x devices in Custom Memory Data (Section 7.2.12.2).	
	Scan mode (Barcode scanner)	Scan DUT position: In this mode, users must first scan the DUT position number and then the BD address. The string for the position of each DUT is "TEST POSITION 0xx". "xx" is the position number.	
		Automatic DUT position: Scanned BD address will be assigned to the selected DUT. The DUT selection is automatically been made, starting from the first active DUT and selecting the next one after a successful BD address scan. Users can change the selected DUT using the controls on the GUI PLT screen shown in Figure 113.	
		This option is the exact same option as in Scan Mode (Section 7.2.4.1) and the DA1469x devices in Custom Memory Data (Section 7.2.12.2).	
	CSV file path (CSV file)	Path to the CSV file containing data for each device discriminated using BD addresses. The CSV file format is described in Custom data CSV file format (Section 6.10.1).	
	Edit data (Manual data)	Hexadecimal data input of up to 256 bytes. These data will be burned to all active DUTs.	
Memory	Memory type s EEPROM.	selection to burn the data. Available options are OTP, SPI and	
	the SPI Flash	FLASH and EEPROM memories, the pin configurations are taken from Configuration (Section 7.2.5.3) and I2C EEPROM Configuration 4). These options must be enabled in order for the <i>Memory Read</i> test cessfully.	



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Option	Description	
Start address	Memory address offset to begin burning the data. DA1453x OTP valid address is 0x0000 to 0x7FFF.	
Data size	The size of the memory data to burn. In barcode scanner, the data size is the number of scanned ASCII characters. In manual data, data size is the number of bytes.	

7.2.8.4 OTP Configuration Script

nfiguration Script		
] Enable		
O No check O Check em	ıpty 🔿 Check if data n	natch
Verify data		
SWD mode		
Disable JTAG (writes 0x700)	00000)	
UART STX		
Write		
Timeout value 800000	00	
SPI Clock	<u>1922</u>	
Set to 32MHz (writes 0xA00	00000)	
XTAL trim	5752752550 7 0.0	
Write		
	00 : 00	
Register Configuration		
	00000	na 📕 💻
Enable 500	ANNNNN (NNNNNN	
	000000 0000000	00
SDK Value		
SDK Value SDK Value Group - 0x9000XX	25	
SDK Value	25 <i>i</i> enab <i>By def.</i>	bled, the values for this SDK group will be generated by the PLT software.
SDK Value SDK Value Group - 0x9000XX	25 <i>i</i> enab <i>By def.</i>	bled. the values for this SDK group will be generated by the PLT software.
SDK Value SDK Value Group - 0x9000XX Enable index 25	25 ▲ By defi To writ	bled, the values for this SDK group will be generated by the PLT software.
SDK Value SDK Value Group - 0x9000XX	25 ▲ By defi To writ	bled, the values for this SDK group will be generated by the PLT software.
SDK Value SDK Value Group - 0x9000XX Enable Index 25 SDK Value Group - 0x9000012	25	bled, the values for this SDK group will be generated by the PLT software.
SDK Value SDK Value Group - 0x9000XX Enable Index 25 SDK Value Group - 0x9000012	25 By defa To write 24 If enab By defa To write If enab If	bled, the values for this SDK group will be generated by the PLT software.

Figure 80: OTP Configuration Script - DA1453x

Table 68 describes the OTP Configuration Script test options. With this option is enabled user has the option to program the Configuration Script (CS) with appropriate data.

Option	Description	
Enable When selected, Configuration Script options will be enabled.		
No checkCheck empty	OTP memory protection options: No check: No protection is enabled. PLT will attempt to burn the O without running any check.	TP memory
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Table 68: OTP Configuration Script - DA1453x



Option	Description	
 Check if data match 	Check empty: PLT will first check if the OTP memory to be burned is empty. If it is empty will burn it.	
 Skip if written 	Check if data match: PLT will first check if the memory to be burned is empty. If it is not, it will compare the contents with the data to be burned. If the data are not the same the test will fail without making any changes to the memory. If the data are the same, PLT will not burn the memory to prevent using the OTP repair memory.	
	Skip if written: PLT will read the contents of OTP memory. If it contains any data, it will skip writing without producing any error.	
Verify	When selected, the BD address will be read back from the OTP Header and will be compared to the original.	
SWD mode	If selected JTAG will be disabled. Word 0x70000000 will be written in OTP CS.	
UART STX	If this option is enabled user can program the STM timeout in multiple of 100ms. So, for example, value 0x80000028 is 40x100 us = 4 ms.	
SPI Clock	If this option is enabled, it will overwrite the default 2-MHz clock speed of the SPI boot path and set it to 32 MHz	
XTAL trim	User can manually set an XTAL trim calibration value. This value will be applied to all DUTs. It is suggested to have this disabled and use the automatic XTAL trim operation that finds the best trim value for each DUT.	
Register Configuration	If this option is enabled, user can program in OTP CS a value that will be set to a specific register during boot. It contains:	
	A 32-bit word containing an address of an existing register	
	A 32-bit word containing the data value of the register	
	These are always in pairs with the address sitting in even memory addresses.	
SDK Value Group - 0x9000YYXX	These are mainly used for device specific calibration values, used by the SDK. It contains one 32-bit word, equal to 0x9000YYXX.	
	• 9: Indicates that the following word(s) are not to be stored in registers but will be used by the SDK software.	
	YY: Length - Indicates that YY amount of words follow	
	 XX: Index - An increasing value, used for indexing by the SW application. If YY > 1, XX will not be increased for the words that belong to the same value. 	





7.2.9 DUT Hardware Setup (DA1469x)

7.2.9.1 UART Baud Rate

▲ UART B	aud Rate			
Baud Rate	1000000 → 9600 19200 57600 115200 230400 500000 1000000			

Figure 81: UART Baud Rate - DA1469x

Table 69 shows the available options for the DA1469x UART Baud Rate used during memory programming only.

The Baud Rate selected here is used after the firmware (uartboot_69x.bin) has been downloaded to the DUT. The software will send a command to the DUT to change the UART baud rate to the one selected. All following UART communications with the DUT will be performed using the new baud rate. Note that this is happening only during memory programming where uartboot_69x.bin is used. During tests (RF tests, XTAL trimming, etc.), where the production test firmware is used, the baud rate is fixed to 115200 bit/s.

Table 69: UART Baud Rate - DA1469x

Option	Description	
Baud Rate	 9600 (bit/s) 19200 (bit/s) 	
	 57600 (bit/s) 115200 (bit/s) 230400 (bit/s) 1000000 (bit/s) 	
	Note: 1 Mbit/s is the fastest and safest with 0% baud rate error.	

7.2.10 Test settings (DA1469x)

7.2.10.1 VBAT Level Log

▲ VBAT Level Log	
Enable	

Figure 82: VBAT Level Log - DA1469x

When this feature is enabled, PLT will send a command to the device to measure VBAT using its internal ADC. The VBAT level will then be logged. No, pass or fail limits exist for this test. It is only used for logging purposes.

7.2.10.2 OTP Timestamp Read

▲ OTP Timestamp Read			
☑ Enable			

Figure 83: OTP Timestamp Read - DA1469x

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If this option is enabled, PLT will read the device timestamp from the OTP memory and log it. This operation is mainly used for logging purposes.

7.2.10.3 XTAL Trim

Enable	
GPIO input pulse pin UART I	Rx Pin 🗸
Burn to OTP Shurt capacitance is:	Check Memory Header'> OTP configuration script' for the OTP validation operation (No check', Check empty', Check if data match', Skip if written' and Verify data', that will apply during XTAL tim value burn in OTP CS.
Iess than 3pF	that mill apply during XTH2 only value burn in OTP C3.
greater than 3pF	



Table 70 describes the available options for the DA1469x XTAL Trim operation.

Option	Description
Enable	This option enables the automatic crystal oscillator frequency calibration procedure.
GPIO input pulse pin	The DUT GPIO to receive the reference pulse during calibration. UART RX pin can be used without any additional connection from the PLT hardware to the DUT.
Burn to OTP	If <i>Burn to OTP</i> option is selected, the XTAL trim value calculated from the automated calibration process will be written in the OTP XTAL trim header field.
Shunt capacitance is: • Less than 3 pF • Greater than 3 pF	Depending on the 32 MHz crystal oscillator C0 capacitance, additional settings will be burned to the OTP to highly improve boot time. The value of the C0 capacitance can be found from the crystal oscillator datasheet.

7.2.10.4 GPIO Watchdog operation

GPIO Watchdog Operation		
Enable Watchdog		
Test name	WD-P1_0	
Pin P1_0 -	GPIO power level 3.3V -	

Figure 85: GPIO Watchdog Operation - DA1469x

Table 71 describes the available options for the DA1469x GPIO Watchdog operation.

Table 71: GPIO Watchdog	g Operation - DA1469x
-------------------------	-----------------------

Option	Description
Enable Watchdog	This option enables the continuous toggling of a GPIO during the whole production testing and memory programming procedure, except during firmware download. The pulse on the GPIO has approximately 0.75 % duty cycle and 0.5 Hz frequency. Note: Production test firmware is downloaded through uartboot_69x firmware. After the uartboot_69x firmware is downloaded, the watchdog pin will be pulsed.
Test name	The name assigned for this test.





Option	Description
Pin	Select the GPIO that will be toggled.
GPIO power level	Sets the power level of the GPIOs.

7.2.10.5 Scan DUT Advertise Test

Scan DUT Advertise Test		
📝 Enable		
Channel	CH37 •	
Scan retries	3	
RSSI limit	>= -70.0 dBm	

Figure 86: Scan DUT Advertise Test - DA1469x

Table 72 describes the available options for the DA1469x Scan DUT Advertise Test operation.

Table 72: Scan DUT Advertise Test - DA1469x

Option	Description
Enable	This option enables the Scan DUT Advertise Test operation.
Channel	The BLE channel frequency used in the RF RX test using the Golden Unit.
Scan retries	The number of retries to perform the test.
RSSI limit	The RSSI limit for pass/fail criteria in the RF RX test using the Golden Unit. If the average RSSI of the device, after it has received the packets transmitted from the Golden Unit is less than that the test will be considered as failed.

7.2.10.6 RF Tests

This section refers to various RF tests conducted between the DUTs and the Golden Unit or an external BLE tester.

The following tests can have multiple instances with different settings. Tests can be added and removed using the two buttons (for example and the in Figure 87) at the bottom right side of each panel.

NOTE

When adding or removing a test all settings are refreshed with the values written to the XML file, meaning that any unsaved settings will be lost.



Golden unit

▲ RF Tests		
F ^{and} Golden Unit ⊕-BLE Tester Path losses per DUT	RF RX test settings using the Golden Unit. GU_RSSI_1(✓) GU_RSSI_2(✓) Image: Comparison of the set of the	

Figure 87: Golden unit RF tests - DA1469x

Table 73 describes the available options for the DA1469x *RF RX* test using the Golden unit as a transmitter.

In the RF RX test, the Golden Unit sends 500 packets. The DUTs are set in receive mode and the RSSI is measured. If the RSSI measured by the DUT reception is less than the specified *RSSI limit*, the device will fail and the tests will stop for that particular device.

Table 73: Golden Unit RF Tests - DA1469x

Option	Description
Enable	This option enables the specific RF RX test using the Golden Unit as a transmitter.
Test name	The name assigned to each test. The assigned name will be shown on the tab and next to it an indication showing whether the specific test is enabled or not.
Frequency	The BLE channel frequency used in the RF RX test using the Golden Unit.
RSSI limit	The RSSI limit for pass/fail criteria in the RF RX test using the Golden Unit. If the average RSSI of the device after it has received the packets transmitted from the Golden Unit is less than this value, the test will be considered as failed.
Packet error limit	This configures the PER limit for pass/fail criteria. If the percentage of the correct packets received is less than the value entered here, the test will fail.

BLE Tester

In the BLE Tester panels, a number of tests can be enabled that require an external BLE tester instrument. More detailed information about the BLE tester can be found in Ref. [1].



BLE Tester - General

▲ RF Tests	
Golden Unit BLE Tester General TX Power Frequency Offset Modulation Index RX Sensitivity Path losses per DUT	BLE tester general settings. ✓ Enable Settings Instrument int8852b.dll Interface GPIB0::27

Figure 88: BLE Tester General Settings - DA1469x

Table 74 describes the General settings for the BLE Tester supported tests. Any available external instrument found by the ble_tester_driver DLL and their interfaces can be selected.

Option	Description			
Enable	This option enables all of the BLE Tester tests, which include:			
	BLE Tester TX Power			
	Frequency Offset			
	Modulation Index			
	RX Sensitivity			
Instrument	Selects the BLE tester DLL. Names are shown only if a BLE tester instrument DLL exists in the project folder ble_tester_instr_plugins.			
Interface	The interface of the instrument to be used by the driver.			



BLE Tester - TX Power

▲ RF Tests	
Golden Unit BLE Tester General 	BLE tester TX power test settings. TX_POW_1 (✓) TX_POW_2 (✓) TX_POW_3 (✓) ✓ Enable Test name TX_POW_1 Settings Frequency 2450 MHz Power range Auto Limits High Limit <= 10.00 dBm Low Limit >= -20.00 dBm Peak Average <= 3.00 dB

Figure 89: BLE Tester TX power - DA1469x

Table 75 describes the available options for the DA1469x TX Power test using a BLE Tester instrument.

Option	Description	
Enable	This option enables the specific TX power test using a BLE tester instrument.	
Test name	The name assigned to each test. The assigned name will be shown on the tab and next to it an indication showing whether the specific test is enabled or not.	
Frequency	The BLE channel frequency used in the BLE TX power test.	
Power range	 Set the device TX output power range. Available options are: Auto (No auto option for Litepoint IQxel-M. Sets the instrument to trigger at -25 dBm) +22 dBm to +7 dBm +9 dBm to -3 dBm +5 dBm to -7 dBm -4 dBm to -16 dBm -12 dBm to -26 dBm -24 dBm to -35 dBm Default value is <i>Auto</i>. 	
High limit	Set the average high power limit for the BLE TX output power pass/fail test criteria.	
Low limit	Set the average low power limit for the BLE TX output power pass/fail test criteria.	
Peak average	Set the peak-to-average power limit for the BLE TX output power pass/fail test criteria.	

Table 75: BLE Tester TX Power - DA1469x



BLE Tester - Frequency Offset

Golden Unit BLE Tester BLE tester TX frequency offset test settings.	▲ RF Tests		
TX Power Frequency Offset Modulation Index RX Sensitivity Path losses per DUT FREQ_OFFS_1 (✓) FREQ_OFFS_3 (✓) FREQ_OFFS_3 (✓) FREQ_OFFS_3 (✓) FREQ_OFFS_1 Settings Frequency 2450 MHz Power range Auto Limits Positive Limit <= 50 kHz Negative Limit >= 50 kHz Drift Packet Limit +/- 50 kHz Drift Rate Limit +/- 20 kHz/50us	BLE Tester General TX Power Frequency Offset Modulation Index RX Sensitivity	FREQ_OFFS_1 (*) FREQ_OFFS_2 (*) FREQ_OFFS_3 (*) Image: Test name FREQ_OFFS_1 Settings Frequency 2450 • MHz Power range Auto Imits Positive Limit <= 50 kHz	

Figure 90: BLE Tester Frequency Offset - DA1469x

Table 76 describes the available options for the Frequency Offset test using a BLE Tester instrument.

Option	Description		
Enable	This option enables the specific TX frequency offset test using a BLE tester instrument.		
Test name	The name assigned to each test. The assigned name will be shown on the tab and next to it an indication showing whether the specific test is enabled or not.		
Frequency	The BLE channel frequency used in the BLE TX frequency offset test.		
Power range	 Set the device TX output power range. Available options are: Auto +22 dBm to +7 dBm +9 dBm to -3 dBm +5 dBm to -7 dBm -4 dBm to -16 dBm -12 dBm to -26 dBm -24 dBm to -35 dBm Default value is Auto. 		
Positive limit	Set the maximum positive offset limit in kHz for the TX carrier frequency offset pass/fail test criteria.		
Negative limit	Set the maximum negative offset limit in kHz for the TX carrier frequency offset pass/fail test criteria.		
Drift packet limit	Set the overall packet drift in kHz for the TX drift pass/fail test criteria.		
Drift rate limit	Set the drift rate limit in kHz/50 μ s for the TX drift pass/fail test criteria.		

Table 76: BLE Tester Frequency Offset - DA1469x



BLE Tester - Modulation Index

RF Tests	
Golden Unit BLE Tester General TX Power Frequency Offset Modulation Index RX Sensitivity W Path losses per DUT	BLE tester TX modulation index test settings. MOD_IDX_1 (✓) MOD_IDX_2 (✓) Image: MOD_IDX_2 (✓) MOD_IDX_3 (✓) Image: MOD_IDX_1 Settings Frequency 2450 ▼ Imits Limits
	F1 min <=

Figure 91: BLE Tester Modulation Index - DA1469x

Table 77 describes the available options for the Modulation Index test using a BLE Tester instrument.

Option	Description	
Enable	This option enables the specific TX modulation index test using a BLE tester instrument.	
Test name	The name assigned to each test. The assigned name will be shown on the tab and next to it an indication showing whether the specific test is enabled or not.	
Frequency	The BLE channel frequency used in the BLE TX modulation index offset test.	
Power range	 Set the device TX output power range. Available options are: Auto +22 dBm to +7 dBm +9 dBm to -3 dBm +5 dBm to -7 dBm -4 dBm to -16 dBm -12 dBm to -26 dBm -24 dBm to -35 dBm Default value is Auto. 	
F1 min	Set the F1 minimum average limit in kHz for the TX modulation index pass/fail test criteria.	
F1 max	Set the F1 maximum average limit in kHz for the TX modulation index pass/fail test criteria.	
F2 max	Set the F2 maximum limit in kHz for the TX modulation index pass/fail test criteria.	
F1/F2 ratio	Set the F1/F2 maximum average ratio limit for the TX modulation index pass/fail test criteria.	



BLE Tester - RX Sensitivity

▲ RF Tests		
Golden Unit BLE Tester General TX Power Frequency Offset Modulation Index KX Senstivity Path Iosses per DUT	BLE tester RX sensitivity test settings. RX_SENS_2444 (✓) ✓ Enable Test name RX_SENS_2444 Settings	
- Tainiusses per D'UT	Settings Frequency 2444 MHz Pattem PRBS9 Spacing 625 us Num of packets 500 Tx power -10.00 dBm Dirty CRC alternate	
	RSSI limit >= -70.0 dBm Packet error limit < 10 %	- +

Figure 92: BLE Tester RX Sensitivity - DA1469x

Table 78 describes the available options for the RX Sensitivity test using a BLE Tester instrument.

Option	Description	
Enable	This option enables the specific RX sensitivity test using a BLE tester instrument.	
Test name	The name assigned to each test. The assigned name will be shown on the tab and next to it an indication showing whether the specific test is enabled or not.	
Frequency	The BLE channel frequency used in the BLE RX sensitivity test.	
Pattern	 The bit pattern of the TX data. Available options are: PRBS9 10101010 11110000 	
Spacing	The packet spacing in μs.	
Num of packets	The number of packets the BLE tester instrument to transmit.	
Tx power	The TX output power of the BLE tester instrument. Suggested values are 0 to -10 dBm.	
Dirty	When enabled, the BLE tester packet generator can use a dirty table to transmit.	
CRC alternate	When enabled, the BLE tester will alternatingly send packets with CRC correct and CRC incorrect.	
RSSI limit	The RSSI limit for pass/fail criteria in the RF RX sensitivity test. If the average RSSI of the device after it has received the transmitted packets is less than this value, the test will be considered as failed.	
Packet error limit	This configures the PER limit for pass/fail criteria. If the percentage of the correct packets received is less than the value entered here, the test will fail.	

Table 78: BLE Tester	RX Sensitivity -	DA1469x
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Path losses per DUT

▲ RF Tests					
Golden Unit	Path losses per DUT	. Values 0.00 to 40.00dB	l.		
General TX Power	DUT 1 40.00	DUT 5 34.00	DUT 9 30.00	DUT 13 36.00	
···· Frequency Offset ···· Modulation Index	DUT 2 40.00	DUT 6 34.00	DUT 10 32.00	DUT 14 36.00	
RX Sensitivity	DUT 3 36.00	DUT 7 32.00	DUT 11 34.00	DUT 15 40.00	
Path losses per DUT	DUT 4 36.00	DUT 8 30.00	DUT 12 34.00	DUT 16 40.00	

Figure 93: Path losses per DUT - DA1469x

Table 79 describes the available options for the Path losses per DUT.

Based on the relative position of each DUT during RF tests and since the RF tests are performed over the air, values can be used to correct for any path losses. These values are added to the limits of the TX Power and RF RX RSSI tests. Additional information can be found in Appendix C and Appendix E.

Table 79: Path losses per DUT from RF Tests DA1469x options

Option	Description
DUT1-16	Set the path loss value for each DUT. These will be added as corrections to the limits of the TX Power and RF RX RSSI tests

7.2.10.7 GPIO/LED Test

GPIOILED Tests	
GPI0_P1_0() GPI0_P1_2() GPI0_P1_3()	
☑ Enable	
Test name GPIO_P1_0	
Pin P1_0 Retries 10 Low 50 ms High 50 ms GPIO power level 3.3V	-

Figure 94: GPIO/LED Tests - DA1469x

GPIO/LED Tests can have multiple instances with different settings. Tests can be added or removed using the two buttons (for example, 🔳 and 💷 in Figure 94) at the bottom right side of each panel.

NOTE

When adding or removing a test, all settings are refreshed with the values written to the XML file, meaning that any unsaved settings will be lost.

Table 80 describes the available options for the GPIO/LED Tests DA1469x Options.

In these tests, a specific pulse can be given to a GPIO and any LED connected to it can be visually tested. The Pin option sets the GPIO to be used, Low and High define the duty cycle and the Retries the number of pulses.

Table 80: GPIO/LED Tests - DA1469x

Option	Description	
Enable	This option enables the GPIO/LED toggling. Can be used for visual LED) testing.
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Option	Description
Test name	The name assigned to each test. The assigned name will be shown on the tab and next to it an indication showing whether the specific test is enabled or not.
Pin	The GPIO that will be used for the specific test.
Retries	Number of pulses to be generated for the specific test.
Low	Sets the amount of the OFF time of the pulse in ms for the specific test.
High	Sets the amount of the ON time of the pulse in ms for the specific test.
GPIO power level	Sets the power level of the GPIOs.

7.2.10.8 GPIO Connection Test

GPIO Connection Test	
P1_0-P1_2	
Enable	
Test name P1_0-P1_2	
🗹 Enable Set Pin	
Set Pin P1_0 v GPIO power level 3.3V v	
Retries 4 \sim	
Check for Short No short	
Get Pin P1_2 ~	
Get Pin level 🔘 Low 🛞 High	
	III 1

Figure 95: GPIO Connection Test - DA1469x

GPIO Connection Tests can have multiple instances with different settings. Tests can be added and removed using the two buttons (for example, and the in Figure 64) at the bottom right side of each panel.

NOTE

When adding or removing a test all settings are refreshed with the values written to the XML file, meaning that any unsaved settings will be lost.

Table 81 describes the available options for the DA1469x GPIO Connection Test.

When enabled, the PLT software will check the connection of the specified GPIO (Get Pin) by either checking its state or the connection with another pin (Set Pin). In the latter case, the user gives the Set Pin and the state to check. It will also check for shorts between given GPIOs.

Option	Description
Enable	This option enables the specific custom test.
Test name	The name assigned to each test. The assigned name will be shown on the tab and next to it an indication showing whether the specific test is enabled or not.
Enable Set Pin	Enables the use of the secondary GPIO to drive the GPIO under test. When this option is set, the Get Pin level option will be disabled.
Set Pin	Select the GPIO to be tested

Table 81: GPIO Connection Test - DA1469x



Option	Description
GPIO power level	The output GPIO power level, 3.3 V or 1.8 V.
Retries	How many times the software will check for GPIO connection or short. In every retry it will change the Set Pin level and check the Get Pin level.
Check for Short/No short	If Short is selected, PLT will check whether the Set Pin has the same level with the Get Pin for all Retries tested. If No short is selected, PLT will check whether Get Pin is always low no matter what the Set Pin level is.
Get Pin	Select the GPIO to be tested.
Get Pin level	Sets the GPIO state the test awaits to see in the Get Pin. This option is disabled if the Set Pin mode is enabled.

7.2.10.9 Sensor Test

▲ Sensor Tests	
SENS_TEST_1() SENS_TEST_2() SENS_TEST_3()	
Imable	
Settings	
Test name SENS_TEST_1	
Read/Write mode Write ▼ Register address 0x 00 Write data 0x AA	
SPI CLK P0_0 ▼ MISO P0_0 ▼ MOSI P0_0 ▼ CS P0_0 ▼	
I2C SCL P2_3 ▼ SDA P2_0 ▼ Slave address 0x 00	
✓ Interrupt GPIO check Interrupt GPIO ▼	
GPIO power level 3.3V -	
Expected data 0x D1	

Figure 96: Sensor Test - DA1469x

Sensor Tests can have multiple instances with different settings. Tests can be added and removed using the two buttons (for example, 🖃 and 🖭 in Figure 96) at the bottom right side of each panel.

NOTE

When adding or removing a test all settings are refreshed with the values written to the XML file, meaning that any unsaved settings will be lost.

Table 82 describes the available options for the Sensor Tests DA1469x Options.

Option	Description
Enable	This option enables the specific sensor test.
Test name	The name assigned to each test. The assigned name will be shown on the tab and next to it an indication showing whether the specific test is enabled or not.
Read / Write mode	Select the sensor test procedure, to read or write.
Register address	The sensors register address to read or write data.
Write data	The byte to be written at the sensor register.

Table 82: Sensor Tests - DA1469x

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Option	Description
SPI / I2C	Select the interface that the sensor is connected to.
SPI - CLK	Select the GPIO for the sensor SPI CLK.
SPI - MISO	Select the GPIO for the sensor SPI MISO.
SPI - MOSI	Select the GPIO for the sensor SPI MOSI.
SPI - CS	Select the GPIO for the sensor SPI CS.
I2C - SCL	Select the GPIO for the sensor I2C SCL.
I2C - SDA	Select the GPIO for the sensor I2C SDA.
Slave address	The sensor I2C bus slave address.
Interrupt GPIO check	Enables the sensor interrupt signal test via GPIO.
Interrupt GPIO	Select the GPIO to be used as a sensor interrupt.
GPIO power level	Sets the power level of the GPIOs.
Expected data	The received sensor byte that will be expected on a successful operation.

7.2.10.10 Custom Test

Custom Test	
CUST_TEST_1 () CUST_TEST_2 () CUST_TEST_3 ()	
Enable Test name CUST_TEST_1	
Command ID 0x 35	-

Figure 97: Custom Test - DA1469x

Custom tests can have multiple instances with different settings. Tests can be added and removed using the two buttons (for example, **I** and **I** in Figure 97) at the bottom right side of each panel.

NOTE

When adding or removing a test all settings are refreshed with the values written to the XML file, meaning that any unsaved settings will be lost.

Table 83 describes the available options for the DA1469x Custom Tests.

When enabled, the PLT software will send an HCI command through UART to activate a customerdefined test that will run on the DUTs. The HCI custom test command will contain a single byte as data (the Command ID byte), to be used mainly as identification for a specific test in the firmware. Default functionality of the production test firmware is to respond with the same Command ID. Otherwise, the test will be considered as failed.

Option	Description		
Enable	This option enables the specific custom test.		
Test name	The name assigned to each test. The assigned name will be shown on the tab and next to it an indication showing whether the specific test is enabled or not.		
Command ID	The byte that will be sent to the device running the production test firmware.		
User Manual	Revision 1.0	Oct 9, 2023	

Table 83: Custom Tests DA1469x Options



7.2.10.11 External 32 kHz Test

▲ External 32kHz Test		
✓ Enable		

Figure 98: External 32 kHz Test - DA1469x

Table 84 describes the available options for the DA1469x External 32 kHz Tests.

Table 84: External 32 kHz Tests DA1469x Options

Option	Description	
Enable	This option enables the external 32 kHz low power clock test.	



7.2.10.12 Current Measurement Test

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ngs runert ammeter_scpidl face GPIB0::16 able single DUT current measurement when failed Current Measurement st 1 ble at name gle Device monter Sctup Setings Sunt resitor 0.00 Oms Wat time 2000 mSecs Range 0.01 Args Custom Test Start Command ID C O Stop Command ID C O Stop Command ID C Stop Command ID C I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
frace GPIB0::16 able single DUT current measurement when failed Current Measurement set 1 ble gle Devic □ mmeter Setup Settings Shurt resistor 0.000 Ohms Wat time 2000 mSecs Range 0.011 Amps Resolution 0.0001 Amps Samples 10 SCPI end CURR.DC.NPLC 1 Limits per device
able single DUT current measurement when failed Current Measurement set 1 ble at name get Device mininter Setup Settings Sunt resitor 0.00 Ohms Wat time 2000 mSecs Range 0.01 Amps Resolution 0.000 Amps Samples 10 SCP1 cmd CURR:DC:NPLC 1 Inits per device PM M frequency RHz PWM duy 0'x Curtom test Start Command ID 0x 00 Stop Command ID 0x 00 Im E Secs e 0.000 Amps Resolution 0.000 Amps Im E Secs e 0.000 Amps Resolution 0.000 Amps Im E Secs Im E Sec Im
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Range 0.01 Amps Resolution 0.0001 Amps Samples 10 SCPI cmd CURR:DC:NFLC 1 Limits per device Upper limit <= 0.00
Samples 10 SCPI cmd CURR:DC:NPLC 1 Limits per device Upper limit <=
Limits per device Upper limit <= 0.00 Amps Low limit >= 0.00 Amps Low limit >= 0.00 Amps Low limit >= 0.00 Amps est Options GPIO Pin P0_0 GPIO state High ~ GPIO power level 3.3V ~ PWM frequency 0 KHz PWM duty 0 ½ Custom Test Start Command ID 0x 00 Stop Command ID 0x 00 ent Measurement s s e device mode • Extended O Deep resistor 0.00 Ohms Wait time 2000 mSecs Sleep time 5 Secs e 0.001 Amps Resolution 0.0001 Amps Up to 1200s of sleep time is supported. les 10 SCPI cmd CURR:DC:NPLC 1 per device timit <= 0.000002 Amps
Upper limit <= 0.00 Amps Low limit >= 0.00 Amps est Options GPI0 Pin P0_0 GPI0 state High GPI0 power level 3.3V PWM frequency 0 KHz PWM duty 0 % Custom Test Stat Command ID 0x 00 Stop Command ID 0x 00 ent Measurement s s e device mode • Extended O Deep resistor 0.00 Ohms Wait time 2000 mSecs Sleep time 5 Secs e 0.001 Amps Resolution 0.0001 Amps Up to 1200s of sleep time is supported. les 10 SCPI cmd CURR:DC:NPLC 1 per device rlimit <= 0.000002 Amps
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GPIO PWM frequency O KHz PWM duty O % Custom Test Start Command ID 0x 00 Stop Command ID 0x 00 ent Measurement e e e e e device e e e device e e 0.000 Ohms Wait time 2000 mSecs Sleep time 5 Secs e e 0.001 Amps Resolution 0.0001 Amps Up to 1200s of sleep time is supported. les 10 SCPI cmd CURR:DC:NPLC 1
Custom Test Custom test Start Command ID 0x 00 Stop Command ID 0x 00 ent Measurement e set device mode Extended Deep resistor 0.00 Ohms Wait time 2000 mSecs Sleep time 5 Secs e 0.001 Amps Resolution 0.0001 Amps Up to 1200s of sleep time is supported. les 10 SCPI cmd CURR:DC:NPLC 1
Custom Test Start Command ID 0x 00 Stop Command ID 0x 00 ent Measurement end
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r limit <= 0.000002 Amps
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Figure 99: Current Measurement Tests - DA1469x

In this test, an external ammeter can be used to measure the total current consumption of all active DUTs. The ammeter can be connected in the blue banana plugs as described in Current

User	Manual	



SmartBond Production Line Tool

Measurements (Section 5.8) or to an external power supply (if present) depending the selected VBAT/Reset Mode (Section 7.2.2.6).

During measurement, PLT will control the instrument using the ammeter_driver DLL [1]. Table 85 describes the instrument selection settings found by the ammeter_driver DLL, Table 86 describes the settings used for each of the peripheral current measurement tests and Table 87 describes the current measurement options for each sleep state.

NOTE

Modifications in the production test firmware are mandatory in order to achieve the correct current consumption of a specific hardware design (IC and peripherals) for each sleep state. Running the default firmware without any modifications specific for the hardware design, may cause increased current consumption.

Peripheral Current Measurement Tests can have multiple instances with different settings. Tests can

be added and removed using the two buttons (for example, 트 and 🖭 in Figure 99) at the bottom right side of each panel.

NOTE

When adding or removing a test, all settings are refreshed with the values written to the XML file, meaning that any unsaved settings will be lost.

Table 85:	Current Measurement tests	- DA1469x
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Option	Description	
Enable	This option enables all Current Measurement tests, which include:	
	Peripheral current measurements	
	Extended sleep current measurement	
	Deep sleep current measurement	
	Only one of the Extended/Deep sleep current measurements can be selected.	
Instrument	Select the Ammeter instrument DLL name. Names are shown only if an ammeter DLL exists in the project ammeter_instr_plugins folder.	
Interface	The interface of the instrument to be used by the driver.	
Enable single DUT current measurement when failed	If this option is enabled and if the measurement taken is outside of the limits, PTL will reset all devices and begin a firmware download and measure the current to each device separately, in order to identify which exact device failed.	

Table 86: Current Measurement test – Peripheral Current Measurement - DA1469x

Option	Description	
Enable	This option enables the specific peripheral current measurement test.	
Test name	The name assigned to each test. The assigned name will be shown on the tab and next to it an indication showing whether the specific test is enabled or not.	
Single Device	If this option is enabled, PLT will measure the current consumption one device at the time. Initially, it will power off all DUTs. It will then power on one by one, download firmware and measure the current individually. This procedure takes a lot of time. It should only be used for production setup purposes, to identify the correct limits by measuring multiple DUTs and taking the average.	
Shunt resistor	The value of the shunt resistor used for peripheral measurement. Applicable only if a voltmeter or a NI-DAQ is used to measure current instead of a DMM. Values from 0 to 9999 are supported.	



Option	Description			
Wait time	The time in ms the PLT will wait before taking a current measurement, after it has sent an instruction to the DUTs to go into a specific sleep state. Supported values are 1 to 500000 ms.			
Range	0 to 9999 and defaul	mpere units that the ammeter will operate. Supported values are t value is 0.001 A. When the ammeter_scpi.dll is used, if this he instrument will use the automatic range functionality.		
Resolution	The ammeter resolut	ion value in Ampere units.		
Samples	The number of samp supported.	les that the ammeter will read and average. 1 to 1000 is		
SCPI cmd		An SCPI command to be passed to the ammeter just before the measurement is taken. Supports multiple commands separated with a column. Up to 256 characters are supported.		
Upper limit	The upper limit value single DUT.	of the peripheral current measurement test procedure, for a		
	Next to this input field the total upper limit current consumption for all the enabled DUTs is shown, which is the value to be used during testing. Note: During testing, some DUTs may fail until the current measurement test takes place. In that case, the PLT will automatically re-calculate the total upper limit by using the value given for a single DUT multiplied with the number of the active DUTs at the time that the test will run.			
Lower limit	The lower limit value of the peripheral current measurement test, for a single DUT. Next to this input field the total lower limit current consumption for all the enabled DUTs is shown, which is the value to be used during testing. Note: During testing, some DUTs may fail until the current measurement test takes place. In that case, the PLT will automatically re-calculate the total lower limit by using the value given for a single DUT multiplied with the number of the active DUTs at the time that the test will run.			
Test Options	Select between a PWM GPIO test and custom test.			
	Note: For the custom tests to work, a modified production test firmware must be created with tests that set the DUTs to specific states before the current measurement test. Each test must be assigned to a specific opcode. The custom tests are the exact same as in Custom Test.			
Test Options - GPIO	Pin	Sets the GPIO to toggle with the PWM pulse.		
	GPIO state	Sets the active state of the GPIO.		
	GPIO power level	Sets the power level of the GPIOs.		
	PWM frequency	Sets the PWM frequency.		
	PWM duty	Sets the PWM duty cycle.		
Test Options –	Start Command ID	The opcode of the custom test that sets the state of the DUT.		
Custom Test	Stop Command ID	The opcode of the custom test that restores the DUT to its original state.		

Table 87: Current Measurement Test - Sleep Current Measurement - DA1469x

Option	Description
Enable	This option enables the sleep current measurement using the ammeter provided in the Instrument section.
Single Device	If this option is enabled, PLT will measure the current consumption, one device at the time. Initially, it will power off all DUTs. It will then power on one by one, download firmware and measure the current individually. This procedure takes a lot of time. It

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Option	Description	
	should only be used for production setup purposes, to identify the correct limits by measuring multiple DUTs and taking the average.	
Sleep mode	User can select either the Extended or the Deep sleep mode.	
Shunt resistor	The value of the shunt resistor used for sleep current measurement. Applicable only if a voltmeter or a NI-DAQ is used to measure current instead of a DMM. Values from 0 to 9999 are supported.	
Wait time	The time in ms the PLT will wait before taking a current measurement, after it has sent an instruction to the DUTs to go into a specific sleep state. Supported values are 1 to 500000 ms.	
Sleep time (only for extended sleep)	The time in seconds that the DUTs will remain in extended sleep mode. A timer in the production test firmware will wake up the devices and set them to idle mode. Supported values are 1 to 9 s for DA14580/1/2/3 and up to 1200 s for the rest.	
Range	The range value in Ampere units that the ammeter will operate. Supported values are 0 to 9999 and default value is 0.001 A. When the ammeter_scpi.dll is used, if this value is set to zero, the instrument will use the automatic range functionality.	
Resolution	The ammeter resolution value in Ampere units.	
Samples	The number of samples that the ammeter will read and average. 1 to 1000 is supported.	
SCPI cmd	An SCPI command to be passed to the ammeter just before the measurement is taken. Supports multiple commands separated with a column. Up to 256 characters are supported.	
Upper limit	The upper limit value for the sleep current measurement test procedure, for a single DUT.	
	Next to this input field the total upper limit current consumption for all the enabled DUTs is shown, which is the value to be used during testing. Note: During testing, some DUTs may fail until the current measurement test takes place; in that case, the PLT will automatically re-calculate the total upper limit by using the value given for a single DUT multiplied with the number of the active DUTs at the time that the test will run.	
Lower limit	The lower limit value for the sleep current measurement test procedure, for a single DUT.	
	Next to this input field the total lower limit current consumption for all the enabled DUTs is shown, which is the value to be used during testing. Note: During testing, some DUTs may fail until the current measurement test takes place; in that case, the PLT will automatically re-calculate the total lower limit by using the value given for a single DUT multiplied with the number of the active DUTs at the time that the test will run.	

7.2.10.13 Temperature Measurement Test

Temperature Measurement		
Temperature measurement general settings.		
Instrument Itmu_temp_sens.dll		
Interface COM5		

Figure 100: Temperature Measurement test - DA1469x

Table 88 describes the available options for the DA1469x Temperature Measurement Test.

Table 88: Temperature	e Measurement	Test - DA1469x
-----------------------	---------------	----------------

Option	Description
Enable	This option enables the Temperature measurement test.
Instrument	Select the Temperature measurement DLL. Names are shown only if a Temperature measurement instrument DLL exists in the project folder temp_meas_instr_plugins.
Interface	The interface of the instrument to be used by the driver.

7.2.10.14 Scan Test

	Scan Test	
1	Enable	
	Scan retries	9
	DUT reboot	3
	DUT reboot difference	37
	DUT reboot time	25

Figure 101: Scan Test - DA1469x

Table 89 describes the available options for the DA1469x Scan Test.

By enabling this test, the Golden Unit will scan for the DUT's BD addresses advertised after the customer firmware has been burned. For this test to work, a bootable firmware with the ability to advertise with the BD address given by the PLT must be burned into each DUT. Additionally, the BD addresses provided by the PLT should be burned into OTP memory or QSPI memory such that the devices advertise with the BD addresses the tool uses.

Option	Description
Enable	This option enables the Scan test.
Scan retries	The total number of BLE advertising scans the Golden Unit will perform.
DUT reboot	Define after how many retries the PLT will reboot the DUTs.
DUT reboot difference	Set the time difference between each DUT when the PLT reboots the devices, in order to avoid air collisions.
DUT reboot time	The time the VBAT will remain low during the device reboot. This value is time in ms*100 (for example, 15 is 1500 ms).

Table 89: Scan Test DA1469x Options



7.2.11 Memory functions (DA1469x)

This section describes the Memory Functions settings available when using DA1469x devices. Memory functions include OTP and QSPI Flash memory programming.

7.2.11.1 **OTP memory**

▲ OTP	
Vite enable	
○ No check ○ Check empty ○ Check if data match	
🗹 Venfy mage	
Different image per DUT	
Image path binaries\\pxp_reporter_681_01 bin cached	

Figure 102: OTP memory - DA1469x

This test enables the OTP memory programming. Table 90 describes the available options for the OTP Memory image write operation.

NOTE

If the binary is larger than the available OTP image area (OTP memory excluding the header area), the PLT software will split the binary into two parts. The first part will contain only the OTP image area. The second part will contain the OTP header fields, split in OTP words. PLT will burn the non-zero words one by one, as single OTP entries in the OTP header area. The check empty feature will handle the first part as an OTP image binary. The second part will be checked word by word.

Option	Description
Write enable	This option enables the OTP image write operation.
 No check Check empty Check if data match 	Memory protection options: No check: No protection is enabled. PLT will attempt to burn the OTP memory without running any check. Check empty: PLT will first check if the OTP memory to be burned is empty. If it is
 Skip if written 	empty will burn it. Check if data match: PLT will first check if the memory to be burned is empty. If it is not, it will compare the contents with the data to be burned. If the data are not the same the test will fail without making any changes to the memory. If the data are the same, PLT will not burn the memory to prevent using the OTP repair memory.
	Skip if written: PLT will read the contents of OTP memory. If it contains any data, it will skip writing without producing any error.
Verify image	If this option is enabled, PLT will read back the contents of the OTP memory and compare them to the original image file. If these do not match it will fail.
Different image per DUT	If this option is selected, a different image per DUT can be burned into the OTP. The image name must be specific for each DUT, as described below.
Image path	Via this field, the user specifies the image file to be burned into the OTP. A .bin binary file of any name can be selected.
	Depending on the size of the selected binary, PLT will inform the user if the binary contains both the image and the header part or if it exceeds the maximum supported size.
	If option <i>Different image per DUT</i> is selected, the user only selects the directory of the images. In that case, the binary file names must have the following format: <pre>img_0X.bin</pre> , where 'X' denotes the DUT number. For example, if the user has

Table 90: OTP memory - DA1469x





Option	Description
	activated DUTs 1, 5 and 10 then img_01.img, img_05.img and img_10.img binary files
	should exist in the selected OTP image path, as shown in Figure 72.

7.2.11.2 QSPI Flash memory

▲ QSPI Flash	
QSPI erase 1 (✓) QSPI Erase 2 (✓) QSPI Erase 3 (✓)	
Image: Several state in the	
Entire memory Start address 0x 00000000 Size 0x 00100000	
	- +
QSPI write 1 () QSPI Write 2 () QSPI Write 3 ()	
☑ Write enable	
Test name	
Verify image	
Start address 0x 00000000	
Different image per DUT	
Image path binaries\\pxp_reporter_681_01.bin.cached	- +

Figure 103: QSPI Flash - DA1469x

This section describes how the QSPI Flash memory can be erased and programmed.

Both erase and write operations can have multiple instances with different settings. Tests can be added and removed using the two buttons (for example, 🖃 and 🖭 in Figure 103) at the bottom right side of each panel.

NOTE

When adding or removing a test all settings are refreshed with the values written to the XML file, meaning that any unsaved settings will be lost.

The QSPI flash memory should be erased before any image is written to it. Table 91 describes the available options for the QSPI Flash Erase operation.

Table 91: QSPI Flash Erase - DA1469x

Option	Description
Erase enable	This will enable the specific QSPI flash erase test.
Check empty	After QSPI flash erasure, the PLT software can verify the result by sending a specific command to the uartboot_69x.bin firmware running in the DUT. The firmware will read the QSPI flash and check if it is empty. The result will be returned to the PLT software.
Entire memory	This option is only available for the Erase enable option. When this checkbox is selected, the entire memory can be erased. Otherwise, the user can give a start address and a specific number of bytes to be erased.
Start address	The user can enter a specific start address for the QSPI erasure to start.

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Option	Description
Size	The size in bytes to erase, starting from the Start address as explained above.

After every QSPI Flash erase test has finished, the QSPI image write tests will begin. Table 92 describes the available options for the QSPI Flash Image Write operation.

Table 92: QSPI Flash Image Write - DA146	469x
--	------

Option	Description
Write enable	This will enable the specific QSPI flash image programming test.
Verify image	By selecting this option, the PLT software will read back the contents of the QSPI flash memory and compare them to the original image file. If these do not match, the QSPI memory programming will fail.
Start address	The user can configure the QSPI flash start address where the image will be written.
Different image per DUT	If this option is selected, ten a different image per DUT can be burned into the QSPI flash. The image name must be specific for each DUT, as described below.
Image path	Via this field, the user specifies the image file to be burned into the QSPI flash memory. A .bin binary file of any name can be selected.
	If option <i>Different image per DUT</i> is selected, the user only specifies the directory of the images. In that case, the binary file names must have the following format: img_0X.bin, where 'X' denotes the DUT number. For example, if the user has activated DUTs 1, 5 and 10 then img_01.img, img_05.img and img_10.img binary files should exist in the selected QSPI image path, as shown in Figure 72.

7.2.11.3 Memory Read

Memory Read	
OTP BD AREA (\checkmark) OTP NVM (\checkmark) QSPI BDA (\checkmark) QSPI CUSTOM (\checkmark)	7
Read enable	
Test name QSPI CUSTOM	
Start address 0x 0E1000	
Size 5	
Memory type QSPI -	
] 📃 王

Figure 104: Memory Read test - DA1469x

Memory Read Tests can have multiple instances with different settings. Tests can be added or removed using the two buttons (for example, and fin Figure 104) at the bottom right side of each panel.

NOTE

When adding or removing a test, all settings are refreshed with the values written to the XML file, meaning that any unsaved settings will be lost.

Table 93 describes the memory read test options. With this test, the user can read up to 64MBytes of data from any address from any available memory for the DA1469x devices, such as OTP and QSPI. An example of how the data appears on the log file is shown in Figure 105.



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Memory read operation initialized. Memory read test name=[QSPI CUSTOM]. Memory read operation started. Memory read test name=[QSPI CUSTOM]. Memory read operation ended OK. Test name [QSPI CUSTOM]. Memory=[QSPI]. Addr=[0xE1000]. Size=[5]. Data=[1122334455].

Figure 105: Memory Read test example log file - DA1469x

Table 93: Memory Read Test - DA1469x

Option	Description
Read enable	This will enable the specific memory reading test.
Test name	The name assigned to each test. The assigned name will be shown on the tab and next to it an indication showing whether the specific test is enabled or not.
Start address	Configures the start address. Valid addresses for OTP are 0x10080000 – 0x1008FFFF.
Size	Number of bytes to read, up to 64MBytes. If data to be read are greater than 256 bytes, then a file will be created to store the data under folder mem_read_test in the PLT execution path.
Memory type	The type of memory to read the data from. Available options are OTP and QSPI FLASH.

7.2.12 Memory Header (DA1469x)

This section describes the Memory Header programming settings (OTP and QSPI), available in DA1469x devices.

7.2.12.1 QSPI Header - BD Address

A QSPI Header	
BD address	
Vrite	
Verify	Address 0x 00080000
Read	Same address for both 'Write' and 'Read' actions.
Compare	

Figure 106: QSPI Header BD Address - DA1469x

Table 94 describes the available options for the DA1469x BD Address programming operation into the QSPI Header.

Option	Description
Write	When selected the BD address will be written in the QSPI Header.
Verify	If selected, the BD address will be read back from the QSPI Header and compared to the original.
Read	This option will read the BD address written in the QSPI Header field. It does not depend on the previous tests to run, but it is necessary for the following Compare test.
Compare	When the Read option is enabled, a comparison will be performed between the read BD address and the BD address entered in the DUT by the PLT, as described in the BD address DUT assignment method.
Address	The QSPI Flash address where the BD address will be written. This field is the same for all of the above actions. Default value is 0x080000.



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7.2.12.2 Custom Memory Data

Custom Memory Data	
Custom Memory Data	
Write enable	
	eck 💿 Check empty 💿 Check if data match
Verify data	
 Barcode scanner 	Scanner interface Refresh COM14 Scan mode Automatic DUT position
CSV file	CSV file path params/\custom_mem_data.csv
Manual	Edit data 1122334455
Memory QSI	PI 🔻
Start Address Ox	E10000
Data size	27
👿 Use Homekit binan	/ generator
🔽 Unique data	
Binary generato	binaries\\SetupCode_Generator_680.exe

Figure 107: Custom Memory Data - DA1469x

Table 95 describes the Custom Memory data test options. With this test, the user can write any data to any address to any available memory for the DA1469x devices, such as OTP, register initialization at OTP-TCS section and QSPI. Data input modes can be a Barcode Scanner, a CSV file or data entered manually. For the DA1469x devices, the data entry can be used as input to the Homekit binary generator to create a binary and automatically write it to a memory.

Option	Description	
Write enable	This option enables the Custom data programming.	
Verify data	When selected, the data written will be read back from the memory and will be compared to the original.	
 No check Check empty Check if data match Skip if empty (Only available when OTP memory, OTP TCS field or CSV file as input is selected) 	 Memory protection options: No check: No protection is enabled. PLT will attempt to burn the OTP memory without running any check. Check empty: PLT will first check if the OTP memory to be burned is empty. If it is empty will burn it. Check if data match: PLT will first check if the memory to be burned is empty. If it is not, it will compare the contents with the data to be burned. If the data are not the same the test will fail without making any changes to the memory. If the data are the same, PLT will not burn the memory to prevent using the OTP repair memory. Skip if written: PLT will read the contents of OTP memory. If it contains any data, it will skip writing without producing any error. 	
 Barcode scanner CSV file Manual data 	Note: Barcode scanner mode is only available with GUI PLT Application (Section 7.3). CLI PLT Application (Section 7.4) does NOT support this feature.Custom data input options:Scanner interface (Barcode scanner)Selection of the Barcode scanner input. Both HID and COM port interfaces are supported. This list provides an HID and all available COM ports as selectable options.	

Table 95: Custom Memory Data - DA1469x

Option	Description	1
		Any HID device is supported that includes newline (CR-LF) characters at the end of the scanned data.
		For the COM port interface, a common USB to UART barcode scanner is supported. PLT has been tested with Honeywell Xenon 1900. Appendix J describes the setup procedure.
		This option is the exact same option as in Scan Mode (Section 7.2.4.1) and the DA1469x devices in Custom Memory Data (Section 7.2.12.2).
	Scan mode (Barcode scanner)	Scan DUT position: In this mode, the users must first scan the DUT position number and then the BD address. The string used for the position of each DUT is "TEST POSITION 0xx" where "xx" is the DUT position number.
		Automatic DUT position: Scanned BD address will be assigned to the selected DUT. The DUT selection is automatically been made, starting from the first active DUT and selecting the next one after a successful BD address scan. Users can change the selected DUT using the controls on the GUI PLT screen shown in Figure 113.
		This option is the exact same option as in Scan Mode (Section 7.2.4.1) and the DA1453x devices in Custom Memory Data (Section 7.2.12.2).
	CSV file path (CSV file)	Path to the CSV file containing data for each device discriminated using BD addresses. The CSV file format is described in Custom data CSV file format (Section 6.10.1).
	Edit data (Manual data)	Hexadecimal data input of up to 256 bytes to burn. These data will be burned to all active DUTs.
Memory (available with Barcode scanner and Manual		e selection to burn the data. Available options are OTP, QSPI CS (only with Manual data).
data modes)	TCS section register add	n Manual Data input mode is selected, writing a register in OTP is also supported. In this mode, the address field changes to lress and the data to register value. PLT will automatically find the burn the value, and the mirrored equivalent.
Start address (available with Barcode scanner and Manual data modes)	Memory address offset to begin burning the data. OTP valid address is 0x10080000 – 0x1008FFFF.	
Data size (available with Barcode scanner and Manual data modes)	The size of the memory data to burn. In barcode scanner, the size is the number of scanned characters. In manual data, the size is number of bytes. Note: If the Homekit binary generator is used, the data size entered here is the size of the setup code and serial number. In the example the data to be scanned are "5086747870SX03112233445566R", meaning that the data size should be 27 since ASCII character will be scanned The data size to be actually burned into the devices will be 574 bytes, which is the binary size created by the SetupCode_Generator_680.exe application.	
Use Homekit binary generator (available with Barcode scanner mode)	If enabled the input memory data from the barcode scanner will be applied as input to the Dialog Homekit setup code binary generator. PLT will automatically call the setup code binary generator and burn the files created.	
Unique data (available with Barcode scanner mode)	If enabled the input memory data will be compared to each other and if same data are found an error will be issued. Comparison can only be performed per current PLT test run and not for previous tested devices.	
Binary generator (available with Barcode scanner mode)	The path to the Homekit setup code binary generator executable. PLT will automatically call this application and burn the files created.	

User	Manual
0001	manaai

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7.2.13 Debug Settings

▲ Debug Settings		
UI PLTD PDLL UDLL CFG DLL BLE Tester Anmeter Temperature measurement Barcode scanner	✓ Enable Output ✓ ✓ Console ✓ ✓ Console ✓ ✓ Error ✓ Ul_debug.txt	

Figure 108: Debug Settings

 Table 96 describes the available options for the Debug Settings. Debug messages are available in all PLT software blocks shown in Figure 19.

NOTE

Printing debug information may introduce system delay and thus some tests may fail due to time out expirations. We suggest having debug information disabled in all software blocks and only partially enable when there is a real need for it. From PLT v4.0 and onwards, this system delay has been almost eliminated as debug print messages are printed from a lower priority queue. It is safer, but it is still suggested to have the debug prints disabled.

Option	Description
Enable	Enable debug message prints for the selected library or UI.
Output - Console	Sends the debug messages to the stdio output. The PLT CLI does not support this option. If enabled, debug messages will be redirected to the equivalent files.
Output - File	Save the debug messages to a file.
Level - Error	Enable error debug level messages. All debug print messages marked as error will be printed.
Level - Info	Enable info debug level messages. All debug print messages marked as info will be printed.
Level - Debug	Enable low level debug level messages. All low level debug print messages will be printed.
File path	Select the file that the debug messages will be saved. The file should exist; otherwise, it should be created manually. Used only when the option Output - File is selected.

Table 96: Debug Settings



7.2.14 Security

Change Password	
Old Password	
Disable password	
New Password	
Retype New Password	
••••••	

Figure 109: Security

In this field, a password can be set to protect specific tool actions, such as:

- Opening the CFG PLT or the GUI PLT application
- Closing the CFG PLT or the GUI PLT application
- Opening or refreshing configuration settings in the GUI PLT application
- Opening the settings menu in the GUI PLT application

Table 97 describes the available options for the Security Options.

Table 97: Security Options

Option	Description
Old Password	Type the current password to enable changing of the following fields.
Disable Password	This option will disable the password usage.
New Password	Type a new password.
Retype New Password	Verify the new password.

7.3 **GUI PLT application**

The GUI PLT (SmartBond_GUI_PLT.exe) is a Graphical User Interface application that performs the device validation and programming process. At the same time, it allows the users to monitor the entire procedure in detail. The GUI PLT uses the same XML file configured from CFG PLT as described in Section 7.2.

NOTE

If a change is made to the XML file from the CFG PLT, then the GUI PLT settings should be refreshed as described in Table 98.

Start BD address 00:00:00:00:00:01	DUT	BD Address	Code		Stah	25	Result
Next BD address	1	00 00 00 00 00 02					
00.00.00.00.00.02	2	00:00:00:00:00:03					
erwiddwese 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	3	00:00:00:00:00:04					
tatistics	4	00-00-00-00-05					
Pass 0 Fuil 0	5	00.00.00.00.00.06					
Total 0 Left 0	6	00 00 00 00 00 07					
Runs 0	7	00:00:00:00:00:08					
DA14535	В	00:00:00:00:00:09					
COM Enum	9	A0 00 00 00 00 00 0A					
GU Check	10	80.00.00.00.00.00					
VBAT/UART	11	00.00.00.00.00.0C					
UART check	12 00:00:00:00:0D						
	13	00-00-00-00-00-0E					
	14	00.00.00.00.00.0F					
	15	00.00.00.00.00.10					
	16	00.00.00.00.00.11					
	GU	COM Port	Code		State	15	Result
		COM63			- 40.07		(Service) a terr
		BR	E Tester	Temp	Ammeter	Voltmeter	
smartbond.				ST	ART		

Figure 110 shows the initial screen of the GUI PLT, which is described in Table 98.

Figure 110: GUI PLT main screen

Table 98: GUI PLT main screen description

Options	Description			
File options				
File > Open XML file	Opens a new XML file and loads its settings. The full path of the new XML file is shown at the bottom end of the screen.			

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Options	Description
File > Refresh XML file	Reloads the settings from the XML file and initializes itself with the new settings.
File > Open CSV file	Contains a list with all the available CSV files to open.
File > Exit	Exits the GUI PLT application.
Edit options	
Edit > Settings	Opens the GUI PLT Settings (Section 7.3.1) window.
Run options	
Run > Run Configuration PLT	Opens the CFG PLT application.
Left Column options	·
Start BD Address	The BD address the PLT session started with, as described in Section 7.2.4.
Next BD Address	The BD address that will be used on the BD address assignment for the next run as described in Section 7.2.4.
End BD Address	The BD address the PLT session ends with as described in Section 7.2.4. This option is available only when <i>Range mode</i> is enabled.
Statistics	This field holds statistics for each PLT session. Table 27 describes the <i>Statistics</i> field.
IC	The selected IC of the PLT.
COM Enum	If this checkbox is enabled then the START button initiates the automatic Window COM port enumeration for the DUT.
GU Check	If this checkbox is enabled then the START button initiates the automatic Window COM port enumeration for the Golden Unit.
VBAT/UART	If this checkbox is enabled then the START button will enable the VBAT and UART for the DUTs selected under <i>VBAT/UART</i> in Table 99.
UART check	If this checkbox is enabled then the START button initiates the UART check procedure for the DUTs with a specified Baud rate set from the user through GUI PLT Settings (Section 7.3.1). During this test, 1000 packets will be sent, received back and checked for errors. For the DA1453x and DA1469x DUTs the packets contain 252 bytes. Note: Before any UART transfer begins, PLT ill download the production test firmware to the active DUTs.



Options	Description
Center screen options	
DUT panel	 Shows the following fields for each DUT: DUT: DUT connector number on the PLT hardware. This field is also a button that opens the Log file for the specific DUT.
	 BD Address: BD address assigned to the DUT. Code: Real-time status as a PLTD DLL special code described in [1]. Description: A brief description of the status code. Result: Simplified color-coded status showing the progress per DUT.
GU panel	 Shows the following fields for the Golden Unit: GU: A button that opens the Golden Unit Log file. COM Port: The COM port assigned to the Golden Unit. Code: Real-time status as a PLTD DLL special code described in [1]. Status: A brief description of the status code. Result: Simplified color-coded status showing the progress of the GU.
Instrument panel	This field shows a simplified color-coded status is shown for each of the instruments (BLE Tester , Temp, Ammeter and Voltmeter), if they are enabled.
START button	If one of the options <i>COM Enum</i> , <i>GU Check</i> , <i>VBAT/UART</i> or <i>UART check</i> is enabled, then selecting the <i>START</i> button will initiate the chosen test. If no option is selected, selecting the <i>START</i> button initiates the production procedure. Note: To select and click the START button press the space-bar key. The START button can only be clicked with the mouse (or use the `f' key as a shortcut), after the selected procedure is finished, in order to return to main screen. This is to avoid clicking the Start button and starting a new test procedure, by mistake.
Bottom of the main screen	1
Left panel: C:\SmartBond_PLT_v_4.x\executables\params\params.xml	Shows the full path of the XML file that is currently used.
Center panel: Retest failed: Disabled	Shows if the Re-test option in GUI PLT Settings (Section 7.3.1) is enabled.
Right panel: Test Time: 00:00:000	This timer starts counting when the START button is clicked and runs until the PLT returns to its idle state, showing the approximate duration of the tests.



7.3.1 **GUI PLT settings**

GUI settings			L			23
Hide results						
BD address 🔲 Co	de [Stat	us		GU	
Hide instruments						
BLE Tester Ter	mp [Volt	meter		Amme	ter
Retest failed DUTs						
🔽 Enable 🛛 📝 Ask	c to ret	ny				
Multiple runs						
Enable						
Times 0] [S	et			
Test options						
V Production tests	V 1	Memory	progra	ammir	ng	
VBAT/UART						
🔲 Init 🛛 DUTs Ox 🛛	000	S	et			
UART check						
Baud rate 1000000	•					
				ſ	Clos	220
				L	CIO	se

Figure 111: GUI PLT settings

Figure 111 shows the GUI PLT settings window. In this window, various graphic options and features can be set as described in Table 99.

Field	Option	Description			
Hide results	BD address	This option will hide the BD address column in the DUT panel of the GUI PLT.			
	Code	This option will hide the Code column in the DUT panel of the GUI PLT.			
	Status	This option will hide the Status column in the DUT panel of the GUI PLT.			
	GU	This option will hide the GU column in the DUT panel of the GUI PLT.			
Hide	BLE Tester	his option will hide the BLE Tester column in the GU panel of the GUI PLT			
instruments	Temp	This option will hide the Temp column in the GU panel of the GUI PLT.			
	Voltmeter	This option will hide the Voltmeter column in the GU panel of the GUI PLT.			
	Ammeter	This option will hide the Ammeter column in the GU panel of the GUI PLT.			
Retest failed DUTs	Enable	If this option is enabled, any DUT that failed during the main procedure will immediately re-run the tests having the exact same options including the BD address assigned to it. This option is the exact same option as Re-test failed DUTs in Section 7.2.3.2.			
	Ask to retry	This option will show a message asking to do a re-test in case any DUT failed. If this option is disabled, the re-testing will be done automatically.			
Multiple Runs	Enable	By enabling this option, the GUI PLT will perform multiple procedures without any delay between them. This is used for only for evaluation.			
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Table 99: GUI PLT Settings



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Field	Option	Description
	Times	The number of times to run.
Test Options	Production tests	Enables /Disables the production test procedure. This is the same option as Production tests in Section 7.2.3.2.
	Memory programming	Enables /Disables the production test procedure. This is the same option as Memory programming in Section 7.2.3.2.
VBAT/UART	Init	If this option is enabled, the PLT hardware will be reset before enabling the DUTs. This option is enabled only when VBAT/UART in the main screen is enabled.
	DUTs	Bitwise DUT set/reset for each of the 16 DUTs using a 16-bit hexadecimal value. 089
		Example: To enable only DUTs 1, 2, 15 and 16 use "C003" (1100 0000 0000 0011 = 0xC003).
UART check	Baud rate	Sets the Baud rate for the UART check test.

7.3.2 Barcode Scanner mode

A barcode scanner can be used for two purposes. It can be used to scan DUT BD addresses and/or Custom Memory Data. If any these options have the Barcode scanner option enabled then the Barcode Scan option will appear in the GUI PLT as shown in Figure 112. If both options are enabled then the GUI PLT will first use the Barcode scanner for the BD address Scan Mode (Section 7.2.4.1) assignment and then for the Custom Memory Data (Section 6.10).

In all cases described in Section 7.2.4.1 except Scan Mode, the GUI PLT assigns BD addresses right before the PLT starts the production test run. Device BD addresses should be scanned before the start of a production test run. If the **START** button is clicked without any BD address being assigned to the device, the PLT will **not** run the tests.

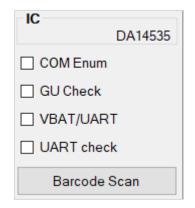


Figure 112: Barcode Scan option in GUI PLT

Two different device BD address scanning procedures are supported. If the same BD address is used twice an error message appears in the DUT panel. It then waits for a unique BD address. An example is shown in Figure 114.

- 1. Scan DUT position. In this mode, the user must first scan the DUT position and then the BD address. The string used for the position of each DUT is "TEST POSITION 0xx" where "xx" is the DUT number 1 to 16.
- 2. Automatic DUT position. The scanned BD address will be assigned to the selected DUT. DUT selection is done automatically. The PLT starts from the first active DUT and goes to the next after a successful BD address scan. The user can change the selected DUT via the controls shown in Figure 113. If the scanned BD address was successfully assigned, the PLT will automatically select the next active DUT and wait for a new BD address to be scanned.





Figure 113: Barcode Scanner controls

If the Custom Memory Data (Section 6.10) test requires data to be scanned then the user must scan the Custom data after the BD address for each DUT. Homekit Setup Code Scan Example (Section 7.3.2.1) provides detailed steps showing how to scan both BD addresses and data for the Custom Memory data test.

After all active DUTs have BD addresses assigned; the user should click the END button in the controls to return to the main screen. Clicking the **START** button will then start the test execution.

NOTE

If the **Barcode Scan** button is clicked again, all BD addresses will be reset and the BD address assignment procedure will begin again.

DUT	BD Address	Code	Status	Result
1	11:22:33:44:55:06		BARCODE SCANNER BD ADDRESS OK	PASS
2	00:00:00:00:00:00		BD ADDRESS 11:22:33:44:55:06 ALREADY USED. RETRY	CHECK
3	11:22:33:44:55:08		BARCODE SCANNER BD ADDRESS OK	PASS
4	11:22:33:44:55:09		BARCODE SCANNER BD ADDRESS OK	PASS
9	11:22:33:44:55:13		BARCODE SCANNER BD ADDRESS OK	PASS
10	00:00:00:00:00:00			
11	00:00:00:00:00			
12	00:00:00:00:00:00			

Figure 114: Barcode Scan - BD Address assignment

7.3.2.1 Homekit setup code scan example

An example of using the barcode scanner and Custom Memory Data (Section 6.10) will be given. A barcode scanner will be used to scan different Homekit setup codes. PLT will call the *SetupCode_Generator_680.exe* application to create the binaries that contains the DUTs serial numbers and the hashed version of the setup codes. Finally, it will program the binaries to the DUTs. The process will be described in Table 100. The example will use DA14681-01 DUTs and configure the PLT such that to perform XTAL trim test, RF test and homekit setup code scanning and programming.

Table 100: Homekit setup code scan example

#	Action
1	Copy PLT software SmartBond_PLT_v_4.x.x. under C:\ directory.
2	Open SmartBond_CFG_PLT.exe from executables folder.



#	Action
	> SmartBond_PLT_v_4.x > executables
	ammeter_instr_plugins Etemp_meas_instr_plugins
	binaries volt_meter_instr_plugins
	📕 ble_tester_instr_plugins 🛛 🖉 GU_tw_upgrade.exe
	icons SmartBond_CFG_PLT.exe
	IQmeasure_3.1.2 SmartBond_CU_PLT.exe
	params GrantBond_GULPLT.exe
	scripts newscale.exe
3	Go to Hardware Setup > Device IC and select DA14681-01 (AE). Click the Save* button.
	Device IC
	Device IC DA14681-01 (AE) V
4	Go to Hardware Setup > Active DUTs and select DUT13, DUT14, DUT15 and DUT16. Click the Save * button.
	Active DUTs
	DUT 1 DUT 5 DUT 9 V DUT 13
	DUT 2 DUT 6 DUT 10 V DUT 14
	DUT 3 DUT 7 DUT 11 V DUT 15
	DUT 4 DUT 8 DUT 12 V DUT 16
5	Go to Hardware Setup > Golden Unit COM Port and auto-detect the COM port. Click the Auto button. Click the Save* button.
	COM Port
	Set the GU COM port Auto Refresh COM14 V
	Firmware Version
	App:
	BLE:
	Refresh Upgrade GU Firmware
6	Go to Test Settings > XTAL Trim and enable the settings as shown in the following screenshot. Click the Save * button.
	These settings will enable the XTAL trim calibration test. The result of the XTAL trim calibration will be
	saved into QSPI flash. Dialog SDK firmware is able to read the value from this specific QSPI address
	(0x8F000) and apply it to the appropriate chipset XTAL trim register.
	▲ XTAL Trim
	GPIO input pulse pin P2_3
	Burn to OTP
	I Burn to QSPI
	Address 0x 0008F000
7	Go to Test Settings > RF Tests and enable the settings shown in the following screenshot. Three RF
	tests at channels 2424 MHz, 2450 MHz and 2476 MHz are already enabled in the PLT by default.
	Check that all settings are correct. Click the Save* button.
1	



#	Action								
	RF Tails								
	Golden Unit BE Enter RF RX leaf antings using the Golden Unit								
	Path Issee per DUT	0U_RSS(_1(x)) GU_RSS(_2(x)) GU_RSS(_3(x))							
		図 Enable							
		Teat name GU_RSSI_1							
		Settings Frequency 2424 • MHz							
		Linds							
		RSSI Int >= -70.0 dBn Packet eror Init < 10.0 %							
		Construction of the commutation of the construction of the constru							
8	Deselect everyth Save * button.	ning in Memory Functions tab. No need to burn any image for this example.	Click the						
9	Connect to the P assigned to the i	PC a USB to Serial (COM) barcode scanner instrument. Keep the Windows C instrument.	OM port						
	scanner in step 9	ange the Scanner Interface COM port to the COM port assigned to the barco 9. Click the Save * button.	de						
	Custom Memory Der	fl#							
	Custom Memory Data								
	Wite enable								
	2.2.0 State (1997)	: check 🛞 Check empty 👘 Check if data match							
	Verify data								
	0.025	er Scanner interface Refresh COM14 + Scan mode Automatic DUT position +							
	@ CSVfle	CSV/lie psthill perame/Vountion_mem_data.csv							
	Manual	Edit data 1122334455							
	Constanting (Constanting)								
	10	Q5PI -							
	Start Address Ox	E10000							
	Data size	27							
	Use Homekit bin								
	cinary genera	ator bhanes\\SetupCode_Generator_580.exe							
11	Close SmartBon	nd PLT exe and open SmartBond GLIL PLT exe							
12		tBond_GUI_PLT.exe screen will appear.							
11		nd_PLT.exe and open SmartBond_GUI_PLT.exe.							
14		bond_oo_r Lr.exe soleen will appeal.							



#	Action						
	File Edit Flan						
	Start BD address 00 00 00 00 00 01	DUT	BD Address	Code	Status	Result	
	Next BD address	13	00.00.00.00.00.01				
	00 00 00 00 00 01	14	00 00 00 00 00 00 02				
	End 00 address 00 00 00 00 00 00	: 15	00 00 00 00 00 03				
	Statistics	16	00.00.00.00.00.04				
	Pase 0	GU	COM Port	Code	States	Result	
	Fail 0 Tittal II	Cesto	COM	Lode	OGUNU	Poistan	
	Fute 0	-	CONT	-			
	IC .			1	BLE Tester Temp Voltmeter		
	DA14681-01 (AE)						
	COM Errum						
	C GLJ Check						
	U VBAT,UART						
	Barcode Scan						
		-					
	1000				START		
	@smartbond				START		
	CIDALISIN DALIMIN PIT A 4/0	-	inter and		Repetition Day	abled Tert Taxe: 00.001.000	
13	Click the Barco	de S	can button o	on the	bottom left corner. The following	screen will app	ear.
	File Edit Run						
	Start BD address	D	UT BD Address	e i	Memory Data	Result	
	00:00:00:00:00:01 Next BD address	1000	00.00.00.00.00.01				
	00.00.00.00.00.01	1.5	4 00 00 00 00 00 02				
	End 00 address		5: 00.00.00.00.00.00	_			
	Statistics	100	16 00.00.00.00.00.04	-			
	Parm 0	1000	U COM Port		States	Result	
	Fail 0 Total 0	100	COM	-	Southern Street	111100000000000000000000000000000000000	
	Tilans 0			-			
	IC				BLE Tester Temp Voltmeter		
	DA14681-01 (AE)						
	CONCINER 1						
	C UU Black						
	C VERTINAT						
	Bartitile Bras						
				1			
	1221		PREV		END NEX	т	
	@smartbond_				LIND		
	C/(D43456x, D43468x, PUT_y, A.r.)#	a a fair a fa	101.001		Referct Nativel Drive	Head Test Time: 00:00:000	
14					o scan four different homekit setu	p codes with sp	ecific format.
	Four different ex	kamp	ole codes are	e giver	n next.		
		15067.4	0.41.1000.10000005			571 LIOSC10000161	
		438034	04100961400096		23/835	321003614000161	
		446139	80LU09G1A000011				
					5679523	5LU09G1A000038	
15				p 14, a	are scanned using the barcode so	canner instrume	ent, the GUI PLT
	will be as shown	n ne>	kt.				





#	Action								
#	Action File fall Rue Start BD address 60:00:00:00:00:00 Next BD address 60:00:00:00:00:01 End BD address 60:00:00:00:00:00 Statistics Fait 0 Fait 0 Fait 0 Rurs 0 IC DA14681-01 (AE)	DUT BD Address 13 0000 00 00 00 01 14 0000 00 00 00 02 15 0000 00 00 00 00 16 0000 00 00 00 00 16 0000 00 00 00 00 16 0000 00 00 00 00 16 0000 00 00 00 16 0000 00 00 00 17 0000 00 00 00 18 0000 00 00 00 19 0000 00 00 00 18 0000 00 00 00 19 0000 00 00 00 10 0000 00 00 10 0000 00 00 10 0000 00 00 13 0000 00 00 14 0000 00 00 15 0000 00 00 16 0000 00 17 0000 00 18 0000 00 19 0000 10 0000 10 0000 10 0000 10 0000 10 0000 10 0000 10 <th>Memory Data HURSENHLUSSE1400001 207000521.000014000010 HK1130001.00001400001 Status BLE Tester Temp Voltewater</th> <th>Flesselt OK OK CK Flesselt</th> <th></th>	Memory Data HURSENHLUSSE1400001 207000521.000014000010 HK1130001.00001400001 Status BLE Tester Temp Voltewater	Flesselt OK OK CK Flesselt					
	COMANDE, DAIANDE, DU, 2, 5 report			NEXT tett failed: Disabled 1 Text Time: 20:00:000					
16	PREV/NEXT but process. The pre	tons or click the E evious scanned da	vigate to the different DUT M ND button and then the Barc ta will be erased. I D button. The tool will return	ode Scan button a	gain to restart the				
17	File Edit Run Stratt BD address	DUT BD Address C 13 0000 00 00 00 00 00 14 0000 00 00 00 00 15 0000 00 00 00 16 0000 00 00 16 0000 00 00 16 0000 00 00 16 0000 00 16 000000000000000000000000000000000000	Start the PLT tests. The PLT p ode Status S 101 ACTNE COMPORT DENTFY STARTED COMPORT DENTFY OK COMPORT DENTFY OK COMPORT DENTFY OK Status STATUSED NOT USED NOT USED	ent falled Daatted - Text Time: 9000094					
18	PLT will get the barcode scanned data for each DUT and call the <i>SetupCode_Generator_680.exe</i> to create four different binaries. The binaries will reside inside <i>SmartBond_PLT_v_4.x.x.x</i> /executables/binaries.								
	Name GU		Date modified 08-Mar-17 4:49 PM	Type File folder	Size				
	and States and a second	.U09G1A00016.bin	08-Mar-17 5:18 PM	EIN File	1 KB				
		.009G1A00010.bin	08-Mar-17 5:18 PM	BIN File	1 KB				
	and a second sec	.U09G1A00009.bin	08-Mar-17 5:18 PM	BIN File	1 KB				
	1000	.009G1A00009.bin	08-Mar-17 5:18 PM	EIN File	1 KB				
19	If everything finis	shed with no error	the following screen will be s	hown.					

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Edd flue						
tart BD address	DUT	BD Address	Code	Statum		Result
ext 8D address	13	00000000000	215	CUSTOM DATA WRITE DK		PASS
00 00 00 00 00 05	34	000000000000	23	CUSTOM DATA WRITE OK		PASS
terenhos Cil be bolocia concia	-15	000000000000	215	CUSTOM DATA WRITE DK		PASS
latistics	.16	00.00.00.00.00.04	215	CUSTOM DATA WRITE OK		/PASS
Pars 4 Fail 0	GU.	COM Port	Code	Status		Result
Total C Laft C		COM	26	RD TEGTER IMT OK		OK
Rues t DA14581-01 (AE) COM Enum GUIDeck VEAYAUGT1				BLE Tester Temp Voltman NOTUSED NOTUSED NOTUSE	TANDAL	
i Brite						
smartbond.				FINISHED		
M1458x DALMER PLT, v. 4. r.p	anamoga	netate			Retect failed: Disabled	Test Time 00.00012

7.3.3 Running the GUI PLT and Executing tests

The GUI PLT starts the test procedure when users click the **START** button. Before initiating the test procedure, the GUI PLT will assign BD addresses to the active DUTs and check for any wrong configuration parameters.

If Run scripts before testing starts is enabled, PLT will execute the selected script/executable, and wait until it finishes or times out, depending on the selections made in Test Options (Section 7.2.3.2). If the script/executable has returned on time, PLT will check the return code. Values from 0 to 100 indicate a successful completion. Negative values or values larger than 100 indicate an error. In the case of an error (either time out or error returned result), a pop-up message will appear indicating the return code and the test procedure will not start.

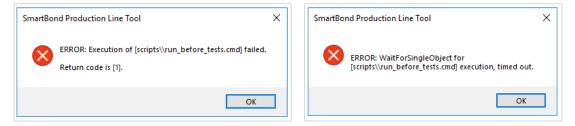
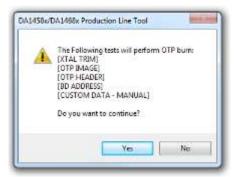


Figure 115: GUI PLT - erroneous messages in "Run Scripts Before Testing Starts"

If any OTP burning test is scheduled, a pop-up message will inform the user and prompt to continue (Figure 116).

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Click **Yes** to start the testing procedure. PLT updates the status of the procedure for each DUT and the Golden unit (Figure 117). The **START** button is replaced by a progress bar indicating the progress of the tests.

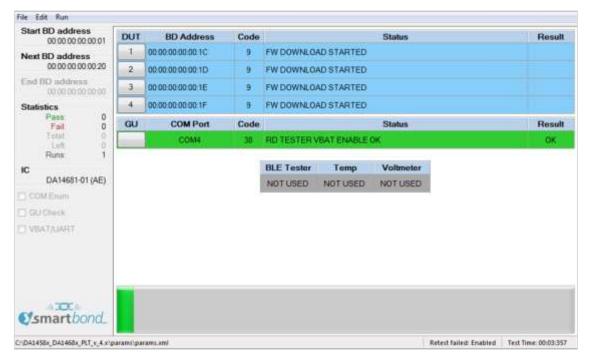


Figure 117: GUI PLT testing (1 of 2)

If an error in a DUT is found (Figure 118), PLT will show the status code, a brief description of the error and the color of the DUT's status line will turn red. The **DUT number** button can be clicked anytime to access the DUT Log File (Section 7.3.5) to get more details about the parameters used, calculated values and the reason for failure in the case of an error.



SmartBond Production Line Tool

Start BD address 00:00:00:00:00:01	DUT	BD Address	Code			Status		Result
Next BD address	1	00.00.00.00.00.10	164	OSPICHECK B	MPTY FALLED			FAIL
00:00:00:00:00:20	2	00.00.00.00.00.1D	166	QSPI IMAGE W	RITE STARTE	:D		
End BD address 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	3	00.00.00.00.00.1E	166	QSPI MAGE W	RITE STARTE	D		
Statistics	4	00.00.00.00.00 1F	166	QSPI MAGE W	RITE STARTE	D		
Pass 0 Fail 0	GU	COM Port	Code			Status		Result
Total D Left: 0		COM4	38	RD TESTER V	BATENABLE	OK		ОК
Runs 1			1	BLE Tester	Temp	Voltmeter	1	
DA14681-01 (AE)			1	NOT USED	NOT USED	NOTUSED		
COM Enum					and a second second	1005002525254		
GU Check								
VEATILIART								
A TEL								
smartbond								

Figure 118: GUI PLT testing (2 of 2)

After the testing procedure is completed (Figure 119), the progress bar shows FINISHED and the color turns red if any DUT has failed, otherwise it is green. If there is an error and the Retest failed DUTs and Ask to retry options are enabled, a message will appear asking if the user would like to retest the failed DUTs, as shown in Figure 120. When the GUI PLT performs a retest run, all options (including the BD addresses) remain the same and only tests that failed are retested. At this time, the CSV File (Section 7.3.6) and all the DUT Log Files (Section 7.3.5) are updated.



Figure 119: GUI PLT tests finished



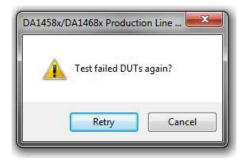


Figure 120: GUI PLT retry failed DUTs message

If the DUT fails again, after the retest has finished the GUI PLT will remain in the FINISHED screen (Figure 119) with the **FINISHED** button shown in red.

If Run scripts when testing is finished is enabled, clicking the finished button will execute the selected script/executable. As with Run scripts before testing starts, PLT will wait until it finishes or times out, depending on the selections made in Test Options (Section 7.2.3.2). If the script/executable has returned on time, PLT will check the return code. Zero value indicates a successful completion. Any other value is considered an error. In the case of an error (either time out or error result), a pop-up message will appear indicating the return code.

7.3.4 Debug console

Section 7.2.12.2 shows the debug settings for all PLT applications including the GUI PLT. If at least one debug session is enabled with the output set to Console, the GUI PLT will open a new console window showing the desired debug information.

Figure 121 shows an example of the Debug console. Depending on the type of the message, a different color is used: DEBUG messages are light blue, INFO messages are white and ERROR messages are red.

- DA1458x/DA14	460x Production Line Tool Detrug	state in the second
12:17:55,386 12:17:55,386 12:17:55,386 17:17:55,386 17:17:55,387 12:17:55,387 12:17:55,387 12:17:55,382 12:17:55,392 12:17:55,392 12:17:55,393 12:17:55,393 12:17:55,393 12:17:55,393	<pre>INFO: [GU1] icfg_GU1::cfg_GU1 MainTurn::cfg_gu1_strong.tc to limb 1 1183 >>> [INF0: [GU1] icfg_GU1::cfg_GU1 MainTurn::cfg_gu1_string_to_char: [1489] >>> [INF0: [GU1] icfg_GU1::cfg_GU1 MainTurn::cfg_gu1_strong.to_char [INF0: [GU1] icfg_GU1::cfg_GU1 MainTurn::cfg_gu1_strong.to.char [INF0: [GU1] icfg_GU1::cfg_GU1::cfg_GU1 MainTurn::cfg_gu1_strong.to.char [INF0: [GU1] icfg_GU1::cfg_GU1::cfg_GU1_strong_GU_strong.to.char [INF0: [GU1] icfg_GU1::cfg_GU1::cfg_GU1_strong_GU_strong.to.char [INF0: [GU1] icfg_GU1::cfg_GU1::cfg_U1::cfg_U1_strong_GU_strong.to.char [INF0: [GU1] icfg_GU1::cfg_U1::cfg_U1::cfg_U1::cfg_U1::cfg_U1::cfg_U2::cfg_U2::cfar [INF0: [GU1] icfg_U2::cfg_U2::cfg_U2::cfg_U2::cfg_U2::cfar [INF0: [GU1] icfg_U2::cfg_U2::cfar [INF0: [GU1] icfg_U2::cfg_U</pre>	fara) from file.
12:17:55.436 12:17:56.436 12:17:55.436 12:17:55.436 12:17:55.436 12:17:55.437 12:17:55.437 12:17:55.437 12:17:55.437 12:17:55.437 12:17:55.437	<pre>(INF01 (GII) lefg_GII::efg_GII MainTorm::efg_gui_char_to_string i 17:91 >>> (INF01 (GII) lefg_GII::efg_GII MainTorm:!efg_gui_set_ualue i 1181 >>> (INF01 (GII) lefg_GII::efg_GII MainTorm:!efg_gui_set_ualue i 1181 >>> (INF01 (GII) lefg_GII::efg_GII MainTorm:!efg_gui_set_ualue i 1181 >>> (INF01 (GII) lefg_GII::efg_GII MainTorm:!efg_gui_set_ualue i 15891 >>> (INF01 (GIII lefg_GII::efg_GII MainTorm::efg_gui_set_inf0 (1521 >>> (INF01 (GIII lefg_GII::efg_GII ::efg_gUI mainTorm::efg_gui_set_inf0 (1521 >>> (INF01 lefg_GII::efg_GII::efg_gUI mainTorm::efg_gui_set_inf0 (1521 >>> (INF01 lefg_GII::efg_GII::efg_gUI mainTorm::efg_gui_set_inf0 (1521 >>> (INF01 lefg_GII::efg_GII::efg_gUI mainTorm::efg_gui_set_inf0 (1521 >>> (INF01 lefg_GII::efg_GII::efg_gUI mainTorm::efg_gui_set_inf0 (1521 >>>)</pre>	

Figure 121: Debug console



7.3.5 DUT log file

20161128_DUT_000	000000024_FAILED.log - Notepad		- E 8
File Edit Format	View Help		
oftware versio LTD DLL version: v DDL Version: v DDL Version: v DDL Version: v Troduction test roduction test roduction test lash programme laste: 2016-11-2 tart Time: 19: tation ID: Tes levice ID: 1 0M port: 25].172.2.22 BLE firmware version: 8.0.15.0 APP firmware version: 1.1 r firmware version: 00.03 8 02:48.942 :28.557 t_station_1		
	00:00:00:24	101 102020	0.308
******	Gactions DUT_UDIL_FW_DOWNLOAD_INIT DUT_UDIL_FW_DOWNLOAD_START DUT_UDIL_FW_DOWNLOAD_START DUT_UDIL_FW_DOWNLOAD_OK DUT_UDIL_FW_DOWNLOAD_OK DUT_DIL_FW_DOWNLOAD_OK DUT_DIL_COM_PORT_START DUT_PDIL_COM_PORT_START DUT_PDIL_CW_PORT_START DUT_PDIL_TAL_TRIM_INIT DUT_PDIL_XTAL_TRIM_INIT DUT_PDIL_XTAL_TRIM_START DUT_PDIL_UART_RESYNC_START DUT_PDIL_UART_RESYNC_START DUT_PDIL_UART_RESYNC_START DUT_PDIL_UART_RESYNC_START DUT_PDIL_UART_RESYNC_START DUT_PDIL_UART_RESYNC_START DUT_PDIL_UART_RESYNC_START DUT_PDIL_VTAL_TRIM_READ_INIT DUT_PDIL_VTAL_TRIM_READ_START DUT_PDIL_YTAL_TRIM_READ_START DUT_PDIL_YTAL_TRIM_READ_OK DUT_PDIL_YTAL_STATS_START_INIT DUT_PDIL_PKT_RX_STARS_START_INIT DUT_PDIL_PKT_RX_STATS_START_INIT DUT_PDIL_PKT_RX_STARS_START_INIT DUT_PDIL_PKT_RX_STARS_START_INIT DUT_PDIL_PKT_RX_STARS_START_INIT DUT_PDIL_PKT_RX_STARS_START_INIT DUT_PDIL_PKT_RX_STARS_START_NOT	cpass/tail> STARTED STARTED PASS PASS STARTED PASS STARTED PASS STARTED PASS STARTED START	UDLL firmware download initialized. Fin UDLL firmware download started OK. Firmware UDLL firmware downloaded OK. Firmware UDLL firmware downloaded OK. Firmware UDLL firmware downloaded OK. Firmware Device pdll COM port open initialized. Device pdll COM port opened OK. Device pdll COM port opened OK. Device pdll Firmware version get starts Device pdll Firmware version get OK. Pt XTAL trim operation started. XTAL trim operation started. UART resync process initialized. UART resync process Started. UART resync process Started. UART resync process Started. XTAL trim value read Started. XTAL trim value read OK. Value is=[116 RF RX packet test with statistics start RF RX packet test with statistics start
*************	1001_F000_FR1_00_5FR15_5F0F_2FR1	1 PIRKIES	in a pense sere after statistics stop .

Figure 122: DUT log file

Figure 122 shows a Log file generated for DUT1 during testing.

In the first few lines of the log, a header is created giving vital information about the PLT hardware and the software. It includes the firmware and software version, the station name and test dates and times. It also holds information about the DUT, such as the connector number in the PLT hardware, the BD address assigned to it and the Windows COM port. For the DUTs that have failed, the log file is renamed with the word "_FAILED" at the end for easier retrieval.

The Log file is created at the beginning of each test, containing only the header and all information available at the time of creation. As the device testing progresses, the status of each test is written at the end of the log file, including information about the DUT and a timestamp of the event. After the tests finish the header is updated with the end time of the test and the firmware versions, which were retrieved during testing.

7.3.6 CSV file

imag FW		to solve berefe				and the second se				
			FAIL	PASS	00.03	C:\Users\/PASS	25 PASS	1 00:00:00:0 FAIL	17:10:43	17:08:53
			FAIL	PASS	00.03	C:\Users\/PASS	26 PASS	2.00:00:00:0 FAIL	17:10:43	17:08:53
			FAIL	PASS	00.03	C:\Users\/ PASS	25 PASS	1 00:00:00:0 FAIL	17:13:24	17:10:48
ies\\pxp	binaries	FAIL	PASS	PASS	00.03	C:\Users\(PASS	26 PASS	2 00:00:00:0 FAIL	17:13:24	17:10:48
			FAIL	PASS	00.03	C:\Users\/ PASS	25 PASS	1 00:00:00:0 FAIL	17:16:39	17:13:30
ies\\pxp	binaries	FAIL	PASS	PASS	00.03	C:\Users\/ PASS	26 PASS	2 00:00:00:0 FAIL	17:16:39	17:13:30
product	\source\pr	PLT_V_4.0	DA1468x	DA1458x	u\Desktop	C:\Users\pdimopo	25 FAIL	1 00:00:00:0 FAIL	17:17:10	17:17:00
						C:\Users\/FAIL	26 PASS	2 00:00:00:0 FAIL	17:17:10	17:17:00
product	\source\pr	PLT_V_4.0	DA1468x_	DA1458x	u\Desktop	C:\Users\pdimopo	25 FAIL	1 00:00:00:0 FAIL	17:18:13	17:17:55
						C:\Users\[FAIL	26 PASS	2.00:00:00:0 FAIL	17:18:13	17:17:55
			FAIL	PASS	00.03	C:\Users\rPASS	25 PASS	1 00:00:00:0 FAIL	17:20:22	17:19:56
ies//pxp	binaries	PASS	PASS	PASS	00.03	C:\Users\/ PASS	26 PASS	2 00:00:00:0 PASS	17:20:22	17:19:56
			FAIL	PASS	00.03	C:\Users\/ PASS	25 PAS5	1 00:00:00:0 FAIL	17:22:16	17:21:39
			FAIL	PASS	00.03	C:\Users\/ PASS	26 PASS	2 00:00:00:0 FAIL	17:22:16	17:21:39
			FAIL	PASS	00.03	C:\Users\J PASS	25 PASS	1 00:00:00:0 FAIL	17:25:41	17:22:18
			FAIL	PASS	00.03	C:\Users\J PASS	26 PASS	2 00:00:00:0 FAIL	17:25:41	17:22:18
			FAIL	PASS	00.03	C:\Users\/ PASS	25 PASS	1 00:00:00:0 FAIL	17:26:08	17:25:47
les//pxp	binaries	PASS	PASS	PASS	00.03	C:\Users\/ PAS5	26 PASS	2 00:00:00:0 PASS	17:26:08	17:25:47
PA			FAIL	PASS	00.03	C:\Users\J PASS	25 PASS	1 00:00:00:0 FAIL	18:58:48	18:57:45
les\\PA	binaries	PASS	PASS	PASS	00.03	C:\Users\/ PASS	26 PASS	2 00:00:00:0 PASS	18:58:48	18:57:45
ies\\PA	binaries	PASS	PASS	PASS	00.03	C:\Users\ PASS	27 PASS	3 00:00:00:0 PASS	18:58:48	18:57:45
ies\\PA	binaries	PASS	PASS	PASS	00.03	C:\Users\J PASS	28 PA55	4 00:00:00:0 PASS	18:58:48	18:57:45
PA			FAIL	PASS	00.03	C:\Users\/ PASS	25 PASS	1 00:00:00:0 FAIL	19:00:20	18:59:40
esl\PA	binaries	PASS	PASS	PASS	00.03	C:\Users\/ PASS	26 PASS	2.00:00:00:0 PASS	19:00:20	18:59:40

Figure 123: CSV file

Figure 123 shows an example of a generated CSV file. As with the DUT Log File (Section 7.3.5), the PLT software and hardware information are shown along with valuable DUT information. The CSV file keeps information about all the production tests of a single day. A new CSV file is created every day.



7.4 CLI PLT Application

The CLI PLT (SmartBond_CLI_PLT.exe) is a Command Line Interface application with similar functionality and features as the GUI PLT. It performs the device testing and memory programming. At the same time, it allows users to monitor the test procedure in detail. It supports the same configuration file created from the CFG PLT and can run the same tests as the GUI PLT.

NOTE

Barcode scanner mode (described in Scan Mode (Section 7.2.4.1), Custom Memory Data (Section 7.2.8.3), and Custom Memory Data (Section 7.2.12.2)) is only available with GUI PLT application (Section 7.3). CLI PLT application (Section 7.4) does NOT support this feature.

Figure 124 shows the initial screen of the CLI PLT software. The CLI PLT can be executed from a command line prompt, passing arguments externally and initiating the tests immediately. This is useful for scripting/batch files as shown in Section 7.4.3.

Parameters are automatically loaded from the params/params.xml file when the CLI PLT starts. If there is a parameter error, a warning will be shown. It is recommended to run the 'x' command or start the CFG PLT before running the tests and check the configuration parameters. If a change is made to the params.xml configuration file while CLI is open, the file should be reloaded using the 'i' command. If any OTP burning test is scheduled, a message will inform the user and prompt for continuing.

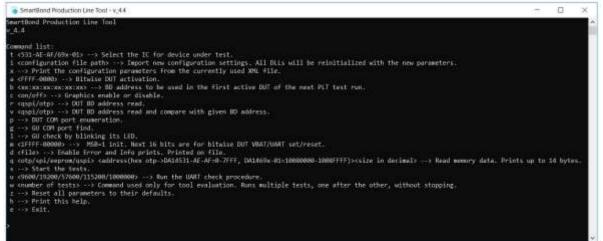


Figure 124: CLI software start screen

7.4.1 CLI commands

Table 101 lists all available CLI commands. A list with brief description of these commands can be printed using the 'h' command.

Table 101: CLI Commands

Cmd	Arguments	Description
t	 DA14531 DA14531-01 DA14535 DA1469x 	Selects the type of IC that the DUT uses. This option will change the DUT IC setting in the configuration file and reload all the settings if there is a switch from any DA1453x IC to a DA1469x IC and vice versa. Example: "t DA14535".
i	Path to XML configuration file.	Initializes the PLT with the parameters found in the params.xml file. Example: "i params.params.xml".

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Cmd	Arguments	Description
х	none	Print the configuration parameters from the currently used XML file.
a	Hex values from "FFFF" to "0000".	 Bitwise DUT activation. Sets the active DUTs to be tested. Examples: "a 1": Only DUT 1 will be activated and tested. "a 9": DUTs 1 and DUT 4 will be activated and tested.
b	xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx	Sets the start BD address of the first active DUT. Example: "b FE:00:11:22:33:44"
С	on/off	Enables or disables the graphics debug output of the CLI. Useful in the read BD address command r , in order to see only the DUT BD address returned and not the entire process. Example: "c on"
r	qspiotp	Reads the BD addresses of the active DUTs. It is better to disable the graphics beforehand by running the command "c off". Example: "r qspi"
v	qspiotp	Verify the BD addresses of the active DUTs. It is better to disable the graphics beforehand by running the command "c off". Example: "v qspi"
р	none	Execute the automatic DUT Window COM port enumeration.
g	none	Execute the automatic GU Window COM port enumeration.
1	none	Run the GU sanity check. The Golden Unit will start blinking its red LED.
m	First character: "1" or "0". Then hex value from "1FFFF" to "0000".	MSB character should be '1' the first time this command is executed. Consecutive 'm' commands should have the MSB character set to '0'. The next 16 bits are used for bitwise DUT VBAT/UART enable/disable. Example: "m 1FFFF"
d	consolefile	Use this option to enable error and info prints. Choose file output or console output. Only the <i>file</i> option is currently supported. Example: "d file"
đ	First argument • otp • spi • eeprom • qspi Second argument • The address in hex Third argument • The size in bytes	This option can read from any memory, for any address offset up to 256 bytes of data.
S	none	Starts the tests.
u	 9600 19200 57600 115200 1000000 	This command performs a UART check connection for all the active DUTs for a specific Baud rate.

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Cmd	Arguments	Description
W	Number of tests to run.	This command is used only for PLT evaluation. It starts multiple tests. These are executed one after the other without user intervention.
Z	none	Resets all the XML parameters to their defaults.
h	none	Help print out. Prints the list of the CLI commands that are available.
е	none	Exits the application.

7.4.2 Running the CLI and Executing tests

There are a number of options to be called in order to make sure that the CLI PLT is set up correctly. Each of following commands is explained in Table 101.

Using the help command ('h') the entire CLI command list will be shown.
 Example: >h

Set console options

- To redirect the debugging messages to the file use command 'd'. This option is going to replace the UI debug values in the configuration file.
 Example: >d file
- To show or hide any prints in the Console window use command 'c' with on/off argument. Example: >c on

Check, reset, reload, and change settings

 Because the configuration file is automatically loaded, use the 'x' command (Figure 125) to see the loaded settings. Errors will be shown in red.
 Example: >x

Example: >>:

Figure 125: CLI PLT print settings (x command)

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- To reset the configuration parameters to their defaults values the 'z' command should be used.
- To reload the configuration file or to load another one, 'i' command can be used.

Example: >i params/params.xml

• To change only the selected device IC, use the 't xxx' command, where 'xxx' is the desired IC selection. If a change from DA1453x to DA1469x (and vice versa) is made, all the settings will be reloaded.

```
Example: >t 69x-01
```

• To change the active DUTs use the 'a' command. As an argument a 16-bit hexadecimal value is used, which is the bitwise representation of the active DUTs with DUT 1 being the LSB. This command will replace the dut_num_x values in the configuration file.

The following example will enable only DUT1, DUT2, DUT15 and DUT 16. Example: >a C003

To change the BD address that will be used in the next run use the 'b' command.
 This option is going to replace the BD address and Statistics values in the configuration file.
 Example: >b 00:00:00:00:00:01

Hardware Specific tests

- To automatically find the Windows COM Port assigned to the Golden Unit, use the 'g' command. This command will replace the gu_com_port value in the configuration file.
 Example: >g
- To verify that the Golden Unit COM port is found correctly and to check if the Golden Unit is ready run the '1' command.

Example: >1

• To automatically find the Windows COM Port assigned for each DUT, use the 'p' command. This command will replace the com_port_dut_x values in the configuration file.

Example: >p

DŪT	BD ADDRESS	CODE	STATUS	RESULT
2	00:00:55:00:00:01	Ø	NOT ACTIVE	
3	00:00:55:00:00:02	2	COM PORT IDENTIFY STARTED	
4	00:00:55:00:00:03	3	COM PORT IDENTIFY OK	PASS
GU	COM4	34	RD TESTER COM LOOPBACK OK	OK

Figure 126: CLI PLT DUT COM Port enumeration ('p' command)

• To run a UART error check use the 'u' command followed with a specific Baud rate. Example: >u 1000000

PLT Production tests

To check if there is a BD address written in the active DUTs use the 'r' command. To read the BD addresses and verify that they are the same as the ones currently assigned use the 'v' command. Both commands use 'qspi' or 'otp' as argument to define the memory header. The following example will read the BD address from the QSPI memory header and compare it

with the one currently assigned to the DUTs.

Example: >v qspi





DUT BD ADDRESS 2 00:00:55:00:00:01 3 00:00:55:00:00:02 4 00:00:55:00:00:03	CODE 177 177 177	STATUS QSPI BD ADDRESS COMPARED OK QSPI BD ADDRESS COMPARED OK QSPI BD ADDRESS COMPARED OK	RESULT PASS PASS PASS PASS
GU COM4	26	RD TESTER INIT OK	OK
DUT QSPI BD ADDRESS		GIVEN BD ADDRESS	Status
02 00:00:55:00:00:01		00:00:55:00:00:01	Match
03 00:00:55:00:00:02		00:00:55:00:00:02	MATCH
04 00:00:55:00:00:03		00:00:55:00:00:03	MATCH
return status = 0xFFF1			

Figure 127: CLI PLT read and compare BD Address in QSPI ('v' command)

• Use the 's' command to begin testing with the current configuration. Figure 128 shows the CLI during the testing. After all the tests have finished, the result remains on the screen as shown in Figure 129.

DUT BD ADDRESS 2 00:00:55:00:00:01 3 00:00:55:00:00:02 4 00:00:55:00:00:03 GU COM4	CODE STATUS 9 FW DOWNLOAD STARTED 9 FW DOWNLOAD STARTED 9 FW DOWNLOAD STARTED 38 RD TESTER UBAT ENABLE OK	RESULT
BLE TESTER TEMP NOT USED NOT USE	Figure 128: CLI PLT testing	
DUT BD ADDRESS 2 00:00:55:00:00:01 3 00:00:55:00:00:02 4 00:00:55:00:00:03 CII COM4	CODE STATUS 216 SCAN TEST OK - DUT FOUND 216 SCAN TEST OK - DUT FOUND 216 SCAN TEST OK - DUT FOUND 26 PD TESTER INIT OK	RESULT PASS PASS PASS OV

BLE TH	ESTER TEMP	UOLT		
NOT L	ISED NOT US	ED NOT USED		
		ATURU	DR ARRDOG	0.7.6.7.11
11 YSP1 1 2 00:00:	55:00:00:01	GIVEN	BD HDDRESS :55:00:00:01	MATC
	55:00:00:02		:55:00:00:02	MATC
	55:00:00:03		:55:00:00:03	MATC

Figure 129: CLI PLT testing finished

Use the 'q' command to read from any memory up to 156 bytes of data. The following example will read the BD address (6 bytes from offset 0xFF0) of a DA1453xs DUT.
 Example: >q otp ff0 6

Other test commands

• Use the 'm' command to power on and access the DUTs to perform further testing. This will open the VBAT and the COM ports from the PLT hardware to the DUTs. As an argument, a '0' or '1' character is used to reset the PLT hardware. This is followed by a 16-bit hexadecimal number, which is the bitwise representation of the DUTs to use, with DUT 1 being the LSB.

In the following example, the PLT hardware will be reset and DUTs 1, 2, 15 and 16 will be used. Example: \ge m 1C003





7.4.3 Using CLI commands with arguments

It is possible to start the CLI program with the commands described in Section 7.4.2 as arguments. This is useful for scripting/batch files.

C:\executables>DA1458x_DA1468x_CLI_PLT.exe -a 0001 -b 00:00:55:00:00:01 -s -b 00:00:55:00:00:01 -v qspi

Figure 130: CLI with Commands as arguments

The example shown in Figure 130 will perform the following commands:

- 1. '-a 0001': Set the DUT1 as the only active DUT.
- 2. '-b 00:00:55:00:01'. Assign as the first BD address to be assigned the 00:00:55:00:00:01. This BD address will be used in DUT1, as it is the only active DUT.
- 3. '-s': Perform the tests. BD address write in QSPI header should be enabled for the following test to pass.
- 4. '-b 00:00:55:00:01: After the tests finish the BD address will be incremented; this command will reset it to 00:00:55:00:00:01.
- 5. '-v qspi': Read only the BD address written in the QSPI header and compare it with the one assigned to the DUT1. These are the same.



7.5 GU Upgrade application

The GU Upgrade (GU_fw_upgrade.exe) is a Graphical User Interface application, which can be used to upgrade the firmware of the Golden Unit automatically, in contrast with Golden Unit (Appendix K) that describes a manual way to upgrade the firmware of the Golden Unit. It guides the user to configure, detect the PLT hardware and finally reprogram the SPI Flash memory onboard the PLT hardware with the Golden Unit firmware.

NOTE

Quick access to GU upgrade tool is provided by clicking the **Upgrade GU firmware** button, under **Firmware Version - Golden Unit** (Section 7.2.2.5) in CFG PLT. Current version of the GU firmware can be seen using the **Refresh** button on the same section.

This tool cannot upgrade PLT hardware version A. To update PLT hardware version A follow the instructions inGolden Unit .

7.5.1 Introduction

The first page of the tool is an introduction page with the purpose of the tool. User can exit the tool at any step by clicking the **Cancel** button or close the application using the **X** button from the windows bar at the top.

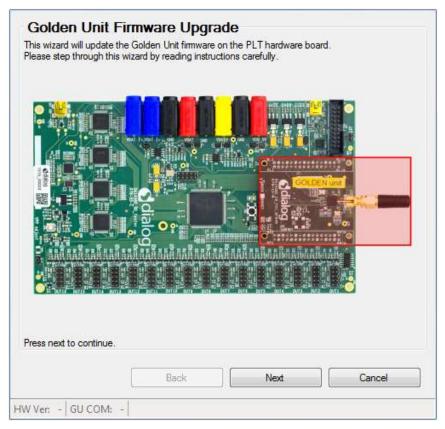


Figure 131: GU Upgrade - introduction page





Figure 132: GU Upgrade - exit message

7.5.2 Hardware version

Select the PLT hardware version. Depending on the version, some options may be missing, or the tool may not support it. Selected hardware version will be shown on the left bottom corner of the tool at any of the following steps. As noted before PLT hardware version A is not supported by this tool.

elect the version of the PL he location of the version r	I hardware you have number is shown in the	picture below.	
		-	
		THE REAL PROPERTY.	
	ddia	loci	
	DA14580 RD_teste	09	FN Gov
	078-55-C	di l	Martin Contractor
	8	Ö å	1. A.
	g o	0	
	AND DE STREET, SALES	THE REPORT OF BRIDE	MARE' =
R MARAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA	laan aan jian lanaji Germanika		with the
		TTTTT	
			3
Hardware Version			
A			
A			
Press next to continue B	Back	Next	Cancel

Figure 133: GU Upgrade - hardware version



Figure 134: GU Upgrade - hardware version compatibility

7.5.3 Power supply

Connect the power supply of the PLT, as described in PLT Power Supply (Section 5.3) and connect the jumpers as shown in Figure 136 where applicable. Adjust the jumpers as proposed by the tool.

llcor	Manual	
USEI	Manual	



Power Supply			
Make sure of the following			
1. PLT is powered (5V, 1 2. GU USB cable is con	VDDIO = 3.3V, VBAT). nected		
3. Jumper J37 is NOT pl	aced.		
4. Jumper J47 is placed.	and the second second		2 C
0 14 1 / E 180	VBAT	VDDIO 5V	GU USB
• 64 1 61			137
	WAT INVIAT IT A DRE WAT DRE	VIDED O FAIL 100 VV	
			N unit
	. a _	5.m.	A Dist in the second
Carlos and a second second	and the second se		Sector and S
			• 01
Ş. Q	la or		
Press next to continue.			
Press next to continue.			
Press next to continue.	Back	Next	Cancel
Press next to continue.	Back	Next	Cancel

Figure 135: GU Upgrade - power supply

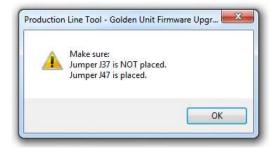


Figure 136: GU Upgrade - power supply pop-up

7.5.4 Golden unit reset

Select the way the GU will be reset. User can manually reset the GU, but PLT can do it automatically, which is the default selection. If the manual mode is selected, the user will be prompt any time the Golden Unit must be reset, to click the reset button located next to the Golden Unit on top of the PLT hardware.



Golden Unit Reset
Select the way the Golden Unit will be reset. Automatic : The tool will automatically reset the Golden Unit. Manual : The tool will instruct the user to manually reset the Golden Unit when needed, using the reset button shown on the picture below.
e Automatic Manual
Press next to continue.
Back Next Cancel
HW Ver: D GU COM: -

Figure 137: GU Upgrade - golden unit reset



Figure 138: GU Upgrade - golden unit reset message for manual mode

7.5.5 GU COM port

Find the windows assigned GU COM port. User can either select it from the dropdown list or use the *Auto* button to find it using the serial number as described in Automatic GU COM Port Find (Appendix H). GU COM port can be also verified using the *Check* button. Selected GU COM port will be shown on the left bottom corner of the tool.

			_
	cor	Man	
U	301	IVIAII	uai



GU COM Port	
Select the GU COM port	Auto Refresh COM14 -
Check COM Port	
CHECK COM FUIL	
Port available: 💙	Check
	Back Next Cancel
HW Ver: D GU COM: COM	14 Golden Unit COM Port is OK!

Figure 139: GU Upgrade - GU COM port

7.5.6 Burn firmware

This is the final step. Select the binary to burn.

Clicking the **Burn** button will erase the SPI Flash on the PLT hardware, program it with the new firmware selected before, and then read it back to verify that the contents written are the same as those in the binary.

C:\DA1458x_DA14	468x_PLT_v_4	4x\executa	ables\binarie	es\GU\prod_t	est_GU.bin	
			Burn			
App Version: BLE Version: Result:						
		Back		Finish		Cancel

Figure 140: GU Upgrade - burn firmware

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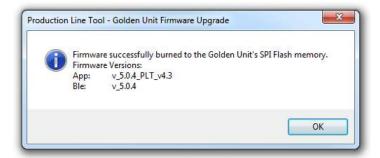


Figure 141: GU Upgrade - burn firmware pop-up message

Select firmwa	rmware are file _DA1468x_PLT_v_4x\executables\binaries\GU\prod_test_GU.bin				
	Burn				
App Version: v_5.0.4_PLT_v4.3 BLE Version: v_5.0.4 Result:					
Result:	~				

Figure 142: GU Upgrade - burn firmware success

After the SPI flash program procedure is finished, a pop-up message appears with the result of the programming procedure. If the SPI flash was programmed successfully, the pop-up message will also show the version of the new Golden Unit firmware (Figure 141).



8 Example Usage

In this section, a simple example of PLT will be described using two DA14535 devices. Table 102 explains the example test procedure step-by-step.

The tests to run in this example are the XTAL trim, RF RSSI test, SPI erase, SPI check empty and SPI image write.

Two DUTs will be used at PLT DUT connector positions DUT1 and DUT2.

Table 102: DA14535 PLT example usage

Step	Description							
Hardw	vare Connect	tions						
1						DK Pro Motherboard Connection emory, a custom triple-jumper must		
CFG G	GUI Settings							
2	Open CFG	PLT, make th	ne following s	elections.				
3	Hardware Setup							
	Test Station: Station ID Test_station_1 Tester ID Tester_1 Ask for Tester ID on start up				Device IC	Select DA14580, and then click Save .		
					Golden Unit COM Port	Click Auto, and then click Save.		
		Device IC Device IC Device IC DA14535				Enable only DUT1 and DUT2, and then click Save .		
	COM Pot Set the GU COM pot Auto Refresh COM63 Fittmware Version BLE Refresh Upgrade GU Fittmware				Ports			
	Active DUTs							
	Ø DUT 1 DUT 5 DUT 3 DUT 13 Ø DUT 2 DUT 6 DUT 16 DUT 14 DUT 3 DUT 7 DUT 11 DUT 15 DUT 4 DUT 8 DUT 12 DUT 16			DUT 14				
	A DUT COM Po	ate						
	DUT 1 3 DUT 2 4 DUT 3 0 DUT 4 0 Enum	DUT 5 0 DUT 5 0 DUT 7 0 DUT 8 0 Penet	0019 0 00118 0 00111 0 00112 0	001 13 0 001 14 0 001 15 0 001 16 0				
4	VBAT/Rese	et Mode			•			
					VBAT low duration	Set a time for the POR that is sufficient enough for the DUTs to discharge their capacitors during the POR.		



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Step	Description		
	▲ VBAT/Reset Mode VBAT low duration 2000 ms Reset duration 50 ms VBAT/Reset Mode VBAT Only	VBAT/Res et Mode	Since the DUTs will be powered from the PLT hardware and the Reset signal will not be used, use the VBAT only option.
5	General		
	▲ Statistics	Statistics	Click Reset, and then click Save.
	Pass: 0 Fail: 0 Total: 0 Left: 0 Runs: 0 Reset Image: Compare the set of the set o	Test Options	Select all options, and then click Save. Production tests should be enabled for the XTAL Trim and the RF tests to run. Memory programming is required for the QSPI erase and check empty functions. Clear the rest of the options.
6	UART		
	▲ UART Boot Pins Setup	UART Boot Pin Setup	TX\RX: P0_5(Single Wire)
	TX-RX pins TX\RX: P0_5(Single wire) ✓ ▲ UART Baud Rate Baud Rate 1000000 ✓	UART Baud Rate	100000
7	Test Settings		
	▲ XTAL Trim Enable GPIO input pulse pin UART Rx Pin ∨ Bum to OTP Check: Memory (No check: 'C) that will apply o	XTAL Trim	Select Enable in XTAL Trim. Select <i>UART Rx Pin</i> . Burn to OTP is disabled.
	RF RXtest settings using the Golden Unit. GU_RSSL1(*) Enable Test name GU_RSSL1 Settings Prequency 2424 + MHz Linits RSSI limit I+ -70.0 dlim Packet encritest (10.0	RF Tests - Golden Unit	 Only one test is enabled for this example. In Golden Unit: Select Enable. In Frequency, select 2424 MHz. Set RSSI limit to -70 dBm. Set Packet error limit to 10%.

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Step	Description	Description					
8	Memory Functions						
	SPI write 1 Write enable Test name Write image in chunk Verify image Bootable image Start address Uifferent image pri Image path binaries	< 0 er DUT	3960 bytes		Write 1 test	 Select Write enable. Select Verify image. Select Bootable ima Make sure prox_reporter_535.1 selected. 	ge.
9	OTP Header						
	General				Clear all options		
	BD address				Clear all opti	ons	
GUI PI	LT				1		
	Open GUI PLT.	n Tool - v	,4.6 - Texter, 1				D X
	Start BD address 00:00:00:00:00:01	DUT 1	BD Address 00.00.00.00.00.00	Code		Stature	Result
	Next BD address 00:00:00:00:00:02	2	00.00.00.00.00.00				
	End BD address phonologic up to	GU	COM Port	Code		Status	Result
	Statistics Past 0		COM63				
	Fail 0 Totat 0 Form 0 Rome 0		BLE	Tester	Temp An	umeter Volimeter	
	DA14635						
	Barcode Scan						
	Smartbond.				START		
	Cr/SmartBoord, PUT_X_4.Evenenutat	slestpara	miparanciasi			Retest failed. Doubled Test	t Time: 00:00:000



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1								
	Press	Space	Bar to begin	testing.				
	The fo	llowing	g screenshot s	shows the UA	RT chanı	nels (in re	ed) for bo	oth DUTs for the entire PLT run.
	The green marks are the timings between each of the active tests.							
	-3.0		-24 -44	-31 -51 12	mi -	2× +2×1	30 s 4	-1+ TD -2+ 1607-2+TR -4+ TD -2+ T10
	-							
	TOTAL D							
	-	*						
	adaria (ni 🗌						
	01/121							
	file of	DUT1	with the timing file, the total		the logic	analyzer	capture.	shows the test steps from the log These marks are described below.
	<pre> <time: ####################################</time: </pre>		<pre> <action> ####################################</action></pre>				<pass fail=""></pass>	>
	17:51	:11.321	DUT_UDLL_FW_DO	WNLOAD_INIT		T1	STARTED	UDLL firmware download initialized. Firm
			DUT_UDLL_FW_DO DUT_UDLL_FW_DO				PASS	UDLL firmware download started OK. Firm UDLL firmware downloaded OK. Firmware i.
	17:51:	15.652	DUT_UDLL_FW_DO	WNLOAD OK		j	PASS	UDLL firmware downloaded OK. Firmware i
			DUT_PDLL_COM_P	-		T2	STARTED STARTED	Device pdll COM port open initialized.
			DUT_PDLL_COM_P DUT_PDLL_COM_P	-		1	PASS	Device pdll COM port open started. Device pdll COM port opened OK.
	17:51	:15.982	DUT PDLL FW VE	RSION GET START		i i	STARTED	Device pdll Firmware version get starte
	117:51	16.003	DUT PDLL FW VE	RSION GET OK			PASS	Device pdll Firmware version get OK. PD
			DUT_PDLL_XTAL_ DUT_PDLL_XTAL_			T3	STARTED STARTED	XTAL trim operation initialized. XTAL trim operation started.
			DUT_PDLL_XTAL	-		i	PASS	XTAL trim operation ended OK.
			DUT_PDLL_UART_			1	STARTED	UART resync process initialized.
			DUT_PDLL_UART_ DUT_PDLL_UART_				STARTED PASS	UART resync process started. UART resync process OK.
			DUT PDLL XTAL				STARTED	XTAL trim value read initialized.
	17:51	:18.283	DUT_PDLL_XTAL	IRIM_READ_START		1	STARTED	XTAL trim value read started.
			DUT PDLL XTAL			ļ	PASS	XTAL trim value read OK. Value is=[1428
			DUT_PDLL_PKT_R	K_STATS_START_INI	IT	T4	STARTED STARTED	<pre> RF RX packet test with statistics start RF RX packet test with statistics start</pre>
				K_STATS_STARTED ()K	1	PASS	RF RX packet test with statistics start
				K_STATS_STOP_INIT		i	STARTED	RF RX packet test with statistics stop
				K_STATS_STOP_STAP		1	STARTED	RF RX packet test with statistics stop.
	117:51	:18.729	DUT_PDLL_PKT_R	K_STATS_STOPPED_C	ж	1	PASS	RF RX packet test with statistics stopp
	117:51	20.280	DUT UDLL FW DO	RX TEST PASSED			PASS STARTED	Golden Unit RF RX packet test PASSED. E UDLL firmware download initialized. Fir UDLL firmware download started OK. Firm
			DUT_UDLL_FW_DO			15	STARTED	UDLL firmware download started OK. Firm
			DUT_UDLL_FW_DO			I	PASS	UDLL firmware downloaded OK. Firmware i
	117:51	22.065	DUT UDLL FW DO	WNLOAD_OK R_GET_INIT R_GET_STARTED		!	PASS	UDLL firmware downloaded OK. Firmware i UDLL 'firmware version get' operation i
	117:51	:22.092	DUT UDLL FW VE	R GET STARTED		Т6		UDLL 'firmware version get' operation i UDLL 'firmware version get' operation s
	12.102		DUT UDLL FW VE			i	PASS	UDLL 'firmware version get' operation e
	17:51	22.113	DUT_UDLL_SPI_E	RASE_INIT		т7¦	STARTED	SPI erase operation initialized.
	117:51	:22.131	DUT_UDLL_SPI_E	RASE_STARTED		17	STARTED	SPI erase operation started. Erase all
	117:51	22.318	DUT UDLL SPI E	RASE OK		ļ	PASS	SPI erase operation ended OK. Erase all
	117-51	22.335	IDUT UDIT SPI_C	HECK EMPTY STARTS	an an	Т8	STARTED	<pre>SPI check empty operation initialized. SPI check empty operation started, all</pre>
	117:51	:23.496	DUT UDLL SPI C	HECK_EMPTY_OK		1	PASS	SPI erase operation started. Erase all SPI erase operation ended OK. Erase all SPI check empty operation initialized. SPI check empty operation started, all SPI check empty operation ended OK, all SPI check empty operation ended of the started.
	17:51	23.500	DUT_UDLL_SPI_I	MG_WR_INIT		TO	STARTED	SPI image write operation initialized.
				MG_WR_INIT MG_WR_STARTED		19	STARTED	<pre>SPI image write operation initialized. SPI image write operation started. Imag</pre>
	17:51	24.663	DUT_UDLL_SPI_I	MG_WR_OK			PASS	SPI image write operation ended OK. Ima
						T10		
	T1			load (prod_te can be verified				n the log file, the test lasted for apture.
	T2	PLT b	begins the ope	eration to get t	he versic	on of the	prod_tes	st_535.bin firmware.

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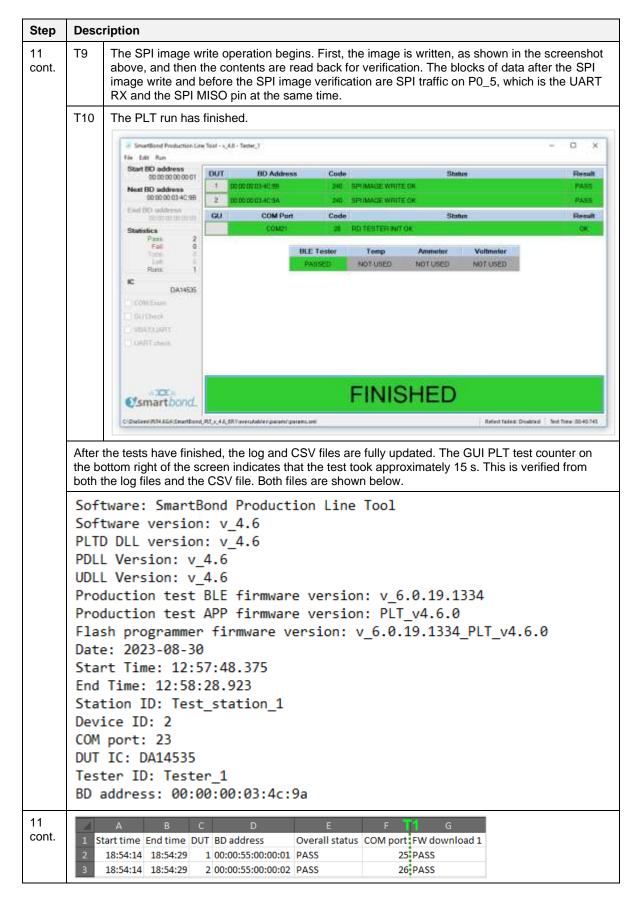
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Step	Desc	ription
11 cont.		
	Т3	After the firmware version was acquired the XTAL Trim test begins. The 500 ms reference pulse in the DUT RX channel is shown with blue letters. This test lasted for 2.3 s including the UART resync.
	T4	The RF RX RSSI test begins.
	T5	The firmware download (flash_programmer_58x.bin) begins. Checking the log file, the test lasted about 1.8 s. This can also be verified by looking the timing difference between T5-T4 at the first oscilloscope capture.
	Т6	PLT begins the operation to get the version of the flash_programmer.bin firmware.
	Τ7	The SPI erase action begins. As with any SPI operation, first, a command to set the SPI bus pins is used and then the erase command. The blocks of data after the SPI erase and before the SPI check empty are SPI traffic on P0_5, which is the UART RX and the SPI MISO pin at the same time.
	Т8	The SPI check empty action begins. As with any SPI operation, first, a command to set the SPI bus pins is used and then the check empty command. The blocks of data after the SPI check empty and before the SPI image write are SPI traffic on P0_5, which is the UART RX and the SPI MISO pin at the same time.
		1942 - 431 - 441 - 431 - 441 - 431 -





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Step	Description	n				
	н	2 1		ТЗ к		L <mark>Т4</mark> М
	FW path 1	FW version get 1	FW version	1 XTAL trin	n test	XTAL trim GU RX test
	C:\Users\pd	PASS	v_5.0.4	PASS		1426 PASS
	C:\Users\pd	PASS	v_5.0.4	PASS		1346 PASS
	N	T5 0	Р	1 <mark>6</mark> Q		
	GU RX RSSI 1	FW download 2	FW path 2	FW version	get 2	
	-31.82	PASS	C:\Users\pd	PASS		
	-21.87	PASS	C:\Users\pd	PASS		
	R	T7 s T	3 т Т	<mark>9</mark> U		v T10
	FW version	2 SPI erase 1 S	PI empty 1	SPI burn 1	SPI in	nage 1
	v_3.0.11.55	4 PASS P	ASS	PASS	binar	es\prox_reporter
	v_3.0.11.55	4 PASS P	ASS	PASS	binar	es\prox_reporter





Appendix A Top View of PLT PCB Version D

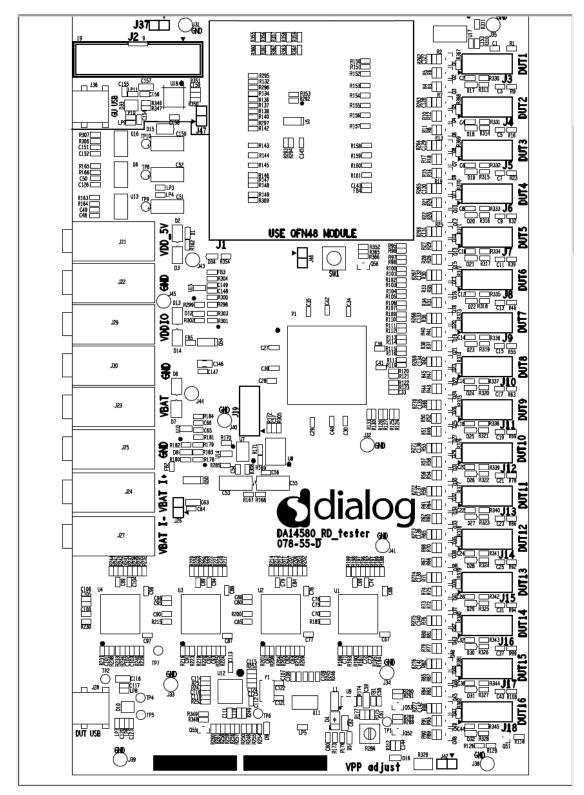


Figure 143: Top view of PLT PCB version D

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Appendix B Electrical Schematics

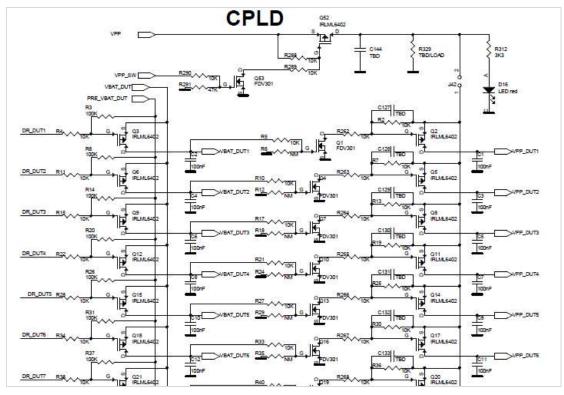


Figure 144: VBAT and VPP control from CPLD

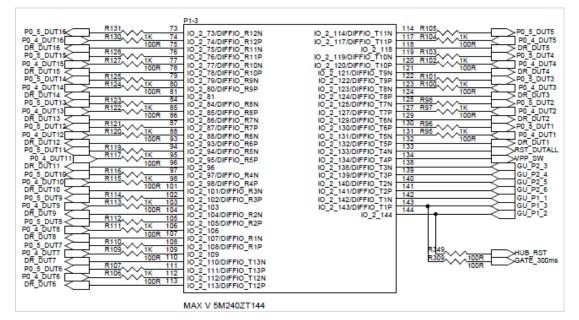


Figure 145: CPLD DUT UART connections



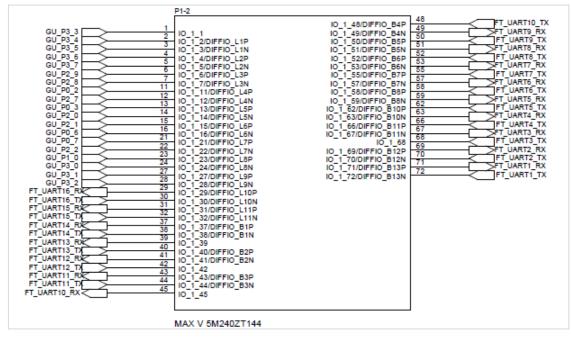


Figure 146: CPLD FTDI and GU control connections

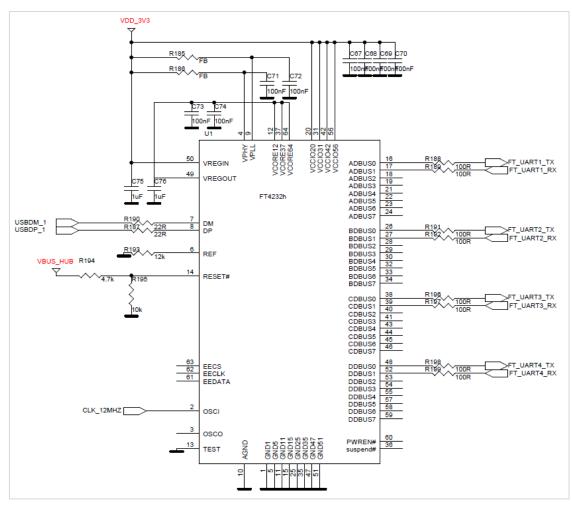


Figure 147: FTDI Chip for USB UART to DUTs 1, 2, 3 and 4

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USB HUB: provides 5 V input for the 3.3 V LDO and USB input-signals to the four Quad FTDI chips.

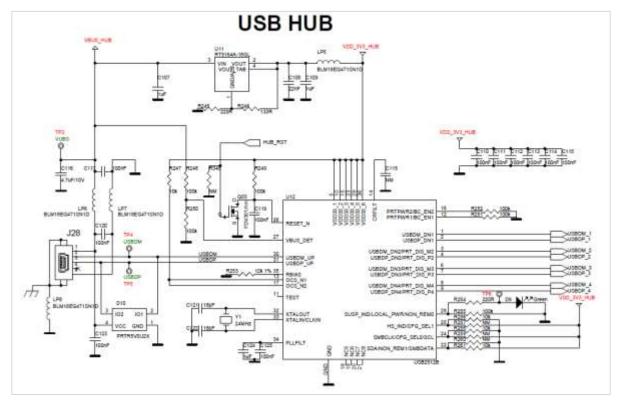


Figure 148: Quad USB HUB

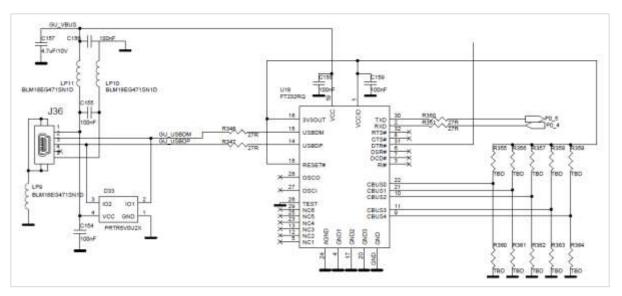
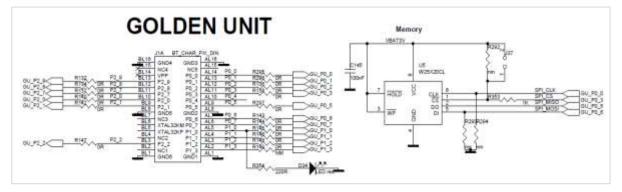


Figure 149: Golden unit - dedicated USB port and FTDI chip



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The Golden unit SW (prod_test_GU.bin) is located in the SPI Flash memory mounted on the PLT hardware and is loaded into the GU's system RAM when powered on.

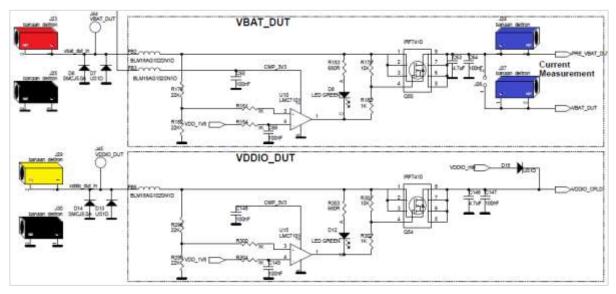


Figure 151: VBAT_DUT and VDDIO supplies

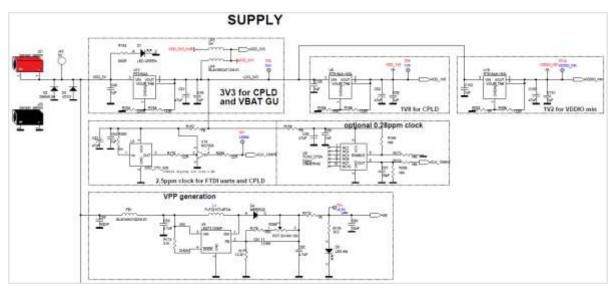


Figure 152: GU supply and VPP generation

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Appendix C Application Hardware Design Considerations

When Production Line Tool (PLT) is used, one should be aware of the following items:

- Vpp PLT connection signal is used only for DA14580/1/2/3 devices.
- 1-Wire UART needs only one UART pin connection to the device (see Figure 6). It is only used for DA1453x devices.
- One could consider adding additional pads to the design for future debugging, not related to PLT, like pins for SWD.
- Pads are, in most cases, placed on the rear side of the circuit board. They should be gold plated. Dimensions of these pads are crucial and have to do with the stability and accuracy of the pogopins that connect to the PLT HW. They should not be designed too critical. Long pogo pins might bend during production testing.
- Optionally, holes can be added for guiding-pins that fit on the test jig used for the PCB or panel.
- Orientation of the antenna used on the application board will impact the RSSI-value.
 When panels are used, this RSSI will vary, dependent on the distance to the GU antenna on the PLT. In the PLT software an RSSI-offset can be added for each DUT location to compensate for these differences.

More reference documentation is available on the Dialog website:

 AN-B-054, DA1453x/DA1468x Application Hardware Design Guidelines, Application Note, Renesas Electronics

https://www.renesas.com/us/en/document/apn/b-054-da14585586-application-hardware-design-guidelines

 AN-B-061, DA1468x Application Hardware Design Guidelines, Application Note, Renesas Electronics

https://www.renesas.com/us/en/document/apn/b-061-application-note-da1468x-application-hardware-design-guidelines

- AN-B-066, DA1469x Hardware Guidelines, Application Note, Renesas Electronics https://www.renesas.com/us/en/document/apn/b-066-hardware-design-guidelines
- AN-B-075, DA1453x Hardware Guidelines, Application Note, Renesas Electronics https://www.renesas.com/us/en/document/apn/b-075-da14530531-hardware-guidelines



Appendix D Suggestions about Hardware and Cabling

When connecting PLT to DUTs, special care should be taken regarding cabling.

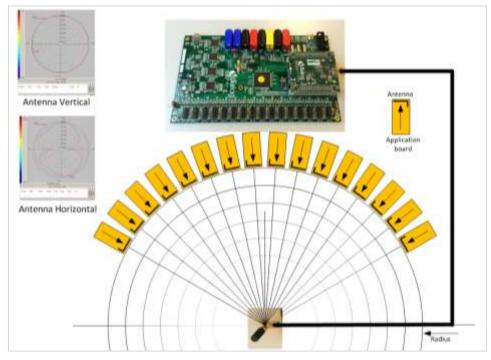


Figure 153: Possible solution of antenna on cable and fixed radius of DUTs to antenna

The user should realize that the PLT system is equipped with RF transmitters and receivers. These parts may induce noise on hardware and cables. Take note of the following:

- The direction of the GU antenna to the DUT antenna will influence the RSSI value
- The distance of the DUT antenna to the GU antenna (radius) will influence the RSSI value
- The control lines from the PLT to the DUTs must be kept as short as possible
- A vertical GU antenna has different characteristics from a horizontal one, see Figure 153



Antenna Vertical	Antenna Application board
Antenna Horizontal	

Figure 154: Possible solution of antenna on cable and DUTs put in line

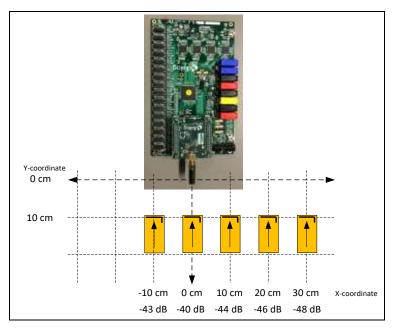




Figure 155 shows the measured values from Table 103.

Table 103:	RF test RS	SI results
------------	-------------------	------------

Test	Distance (cm)	Offset (cm)	RSSI (dBm)	Description
1	10	0	-40	DUT and GU boards are inline.
2	10	-10	-43	DUT moved 10 cm to the left relative to the GU.
3	10	10	-44	DUT moved 10 cm to the right relative to the GU.
4	10	20	-46	DUT moved 20 cm to the right relative to the GU.

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Test	Distance (cm)	Offset (cm)	RSSI (dBm)	Description	
5	10	30	-48	DUT moved 30 cm to the right relative to the GU.	
6	10	normal	-40	DUT and GU boards are inline, functioning normally.	
7	10	defect 1	-60 ~ -70	Coupling capacitor not soldered well, missing or damaged.	
8	10	defect 2	~ -60	Short circuited shunt matching inductor (e.g. solder bridge)	
9	10	defect 3	< -100	16 MHz crystal oscillator not working well. Received packets ~ 0.	
Golde	Golden Unit output power = 0 dBm				

For more details on the RF setup, see Ref. [11] and Appendix E.

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Appendix E RF Path Losses Calibration

To accurately perform radiated tests for 16 DUTs using the Golden unit or a BLE tester, one should calibrate the setup to know what RSSI value can be expected for non-problematic devices. Because the distance and the position of each of the 16 DUTs to the GU RF antenna are different, the calibration process calculates the different path losses to compensate for these differences. The calculated values are applied to the Production Line Tool configuration as RF path losses (DA1453x - Path Losses per DUT (Section 7.2.6.7), DA1469x - Path Losses per DUT (Section 7.2.10.6)), which are actually added in the RSSI result.

This section describes the process to calculate the RF path losses for each different DUT position.

E.1 Prerequisites

Table 104 shows the prerequisites needed for performing the RF path loss calibration procedure.

#	Requirements	Description
1	1 PLT board	1 PLT board with Golden unit.
		Power supply for the PLT.
		USB cables for the PLT to the PC.
2	<10 PCBA with 16 DUTs each	At least 10 PCBAs. The more PCBAs used the better.
		The PCBAs selected should all work as good as possible.
		If a fault device is identified on a PCBA that PCBA should be replaced.
3	1 shielded box	It must be big enough to fit the PCBA and the fixture.
		It should have one SMA female to female connector and a small hole to pass the DUT to PLT cable connections.
	2 RF cables (1 optional)	One cable to be used from the PLT GU to the shielded box.
4		One more cable to be used from the shielded box to the RF antenna. (This is optional since the RF antenna can be directly mounted into the shielded box RF SMA connector).
		The cables should have low attenuation at 2.5 Ghz range (<2 dB) and high shielding effectiveness (>60 dB).
		Proposed cables are from Radiall. Cables datasheet:
		https://www.radiall.com/media/files/RFCableAssemblies%20D1C004XEe.pdf
		• Flexible cable 2.6/50 D (RD316) P/N: C291 185 067
		 Flexible cable 2/50 D (124416 type) P/N: C291 146 087
		• Flexible cable 2.6/50 D (ECO316D: alternative to RD316) P/N: C291 999 905
		 Flexible cable 5/50 D (ECO142: alternative to RG142) P/N: C291 325 290
		• Flexible cable 5/50 D (Power 142: alternative to RG142) P/N: C291 325 270
		• Flexible cable 6/50 D (ECO230) P/N: C291 326 490
5	DUT fixture	A fixture to be placed inside the shielded box to easily connect the PCBAs to the PLT.

Table 104: Prerequisites





E.2 Setup

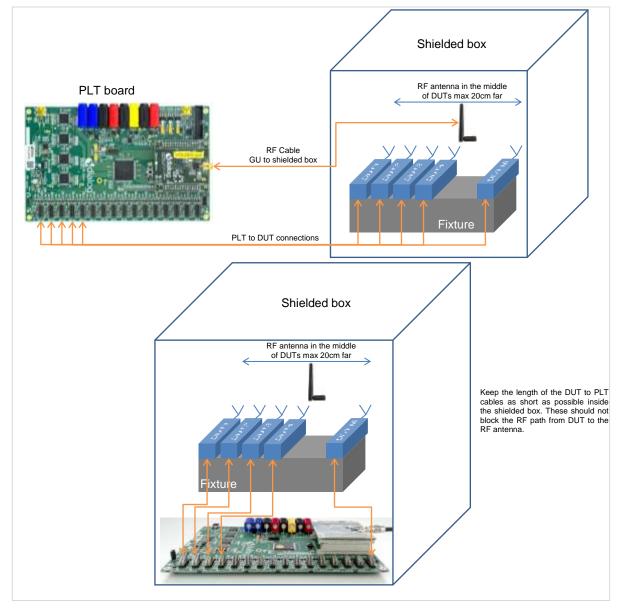


Figure 156: Setup diagram

Table 105: Calibration setup

Item	Description
PLT board	The PLT board could either be outside or inside the shielded box, as shown in Figure 156, depending on the fixture setup.
DUTs	The DUT antennas should point the RF antenna.
PLT to DUT connections	PLT to DUT cable connections should be as short as possible. Also, the cables should not block the RF path from DUT to the RF antenna.
Shielded box	The shielded box must be big enough to fit the PCBA and the fixture and PLT if it is inside.

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Item	Description
RF cable - PLT to shielded box.	This type of cable must have good shielding and low attenuation. Effective shielding must be >60 dB. Check Table 104 for the best proposals. If multiple production lines are used, RF cable shielding is important to avoid disturbance from other close by PLTs. However, if other PLTs are far away (>3 m) other cables can be used.
	 FLEXIBLE CABLE 2.6/50 S (RG316 - KX22A) P/N: C291 170 007
RF cable – Shielded box to RF antenna (optional).	Due to the close distance between the DUT antennas and the RF antenna cable, cable shielding must be good, at least 60 dB. Check Table 104 for proposals. This cable can be optional. The RF antenna may be mounted directly onto the SMA RF connector inside the shielded box. In that case, the fixture and the DUTs should be placed appropriately (less than 20 cm).
RF antenna	The RF antenna can be any good Wi-Fi antenna that operates at 2.5 GHz. It should be placed in a vertical position as shown in Figure 156. The distance to the DUTs should not be larger than 20 cm. It should be placed in the middle of the DUTs (in front of DUT 8). Bear in mind that the Anritsu MT8852B BLE tester cannot perform TX measurements if the signal received at its antenna is less than -50 dBm. For a good measurement, the signal reaching its antenna should be greater than -40 dBm.
	Therefore, the distance and the placement between the DUTs and the RF antenna are very important. Trial-and-error test should be carried out until the optimal antenna position is found.
	The RF antenna placement should be very stable. After the optimal position is found, it should be fixed into position and not able to move again.
DUT fixture	The fixture position should be fixed compared to the RF antenna. The fixture should not move in any way to keep the distance between the DUTs and the RF antenna fixed.



E.3 Procedure

Table 106 describes the steps to follow to calculate the RF path losses for each different DUT position.

Table 106: Procedure steps

#	Step	Description							
1	Open the SmartBond_CFG_ PLT.exe PLT configuration executable.	Configure PLT so only XTAL trim (without OTP burn) and one Golden unit RF t enabled.							
2	Select all 16 DUTs	Select the GU COM port and Enumerate the DUT COM port numbers.							
		Active DUTs							
		V DUT 1 V DUT 5 V DUT 9 V DUT 13 V DUT 2 V DUT 6 V DUT 10 V DUT 14 V DUT 3 V DUT 7 V DUT 11 V DUT 15 V DUT 4 V DUT 8 V DUT 12 V DUT 16							
		▲ DUT COM Ports							
		DUT 1 20 DUT 5 11 DUT 9 14 DUT 13 5 DUT 2 12 DUT 6 10 DUT 10 15 DUT 14 6							
		DUT 3 18 DUT 7 9 DUT 11 16 DUT 15 7							
		DUT 4 13 DUT 8 19 DUT 12 17 DUT 16 8							
		Enum Reset							
		Golden Unit COM Port							
		Set the GU COM port Auto Refresh COM4							
3	Select only Production tests	Under the General tab, select only the Production tests and clear Memory programming .							
		Test Options							
		Production tests							
		Memory programming							



#	Step	Description
4	Select XTAL trim (not OTP burn) and one Golden	RSSI and PER limits do not matter. These should be set to a small value (less than - 70 dBm) as shown below. Ideally, we want the limits to be set to a value that all RF tests PASS.
	Unit RF test at middle band at 2440 MHz.	XTAL Trim
		Enable GPIC input pulse pri P0_5 Burn to 0TP
		▼ 8cen DUT Advertise Test
		RF Testa
		Golden Unit BLE Tester RF RX test settings using the Golden Unit.
		Path losses per DUT GU_RS9_1 (2) GU_RS9_2 GU_RS9_3
		🗹 Enable
		Text name GU_FSSI_1
		Settings Frequency 2440m MHz
		Linta
		RSSI lont >= -70.0 dBm. Packet error lont < 10.0 %
5	Set all DUT path losses to 0 dB.	RF Tests
		Golden Unit BLE Tester Path losses per DUT. Values 0.00 to 40.00dB.
		Path losses per DUT DUT 1 0.00 DUT 5 0.00 DUT 9 0.00 DUT 13 0.00
		DUT 2 0.00 DUT 6 0.00 DUT 10 0.00 DUT 14 0.00
		DUT 3 0.00 DUT 7 0.00 DUT 11 0.00 DUT 15 0.00
		DUT 4 0.00 DUT 8 0.00 DUT 12 0.00 DUT 16 0.00
6	Backup CSV log file.	Go to SmartBond_PLT_v_4.x\executables\logs and back up the today's CSV file. For example, if today's CSV file is Test_station_1_20180306_csv_results.csv rename it to:
		Test_station_1_20180306_csv_results_BackUp.csv.
		Doing so ensures a new CSV file is created at the next PLT test run.
7	Place the 1 st PCBA	Place the 1 st PCBA into the fixture inside the shielded box.



#	Step	Description					
8	Open	file Ette flam					
Ŭ	SmartBond_GUI_P	Start BD address	DUT	BD Address	Code	Status	Result
	LT.exe	30 80 80 00 00 0A Next BD address	1	80.00 80 00 00 DA			
		A0.00.00.00.00	2	\$0.80.80.00.00.0B			
		Eint BD address 00 cb ib 00 cb im	3	80.80.80.00.00 DC			
		Statistics	4	80 00 00 00 00 0A			
		Para 1 Fair 2	5	00.00.00.00.00.07			
		Lat 0	<u>6</u> .:	00 00 00 00 00 00			
		Rate 1	2	00.00.00.00.00.09			
		IC DA14580	8	AD 00:00:00:00:00 DA			
		COM Enum		00:00:00:00:00:0B			
		C GU Check	10	50.00.00.00.00.0C			
		U VBAT/UART	.11	00.00.00.00.00.00			
		UART check	12	00.00 00.00.00 DE			
			13	00:00:00:00:00:0F			
			14	00.00.00.00.00.10	-		
			15	00.00.00.00.00.11			
			16	50.00.00.50.00.12	1000		
			GU	CDM Port	Code	Sitatun	Result
		1		COM14			
		Contrast, Dates, Priv. Contrast,		Ingeneri/perentaje		START	t Test Time: 02:00:000
9	Go to Edit->Settings	GUI settings Hide results BD address Hide instruments	sts	Code Status Temp Voltmeter Ask to retry Set Memory programmi	GU Ammeter	s to 20. Click Set and Close.	



#	Step	Description					
10	In the	File Edit Han					
	SmartBond_GUI_P	Start BD address 30 50 50 00 00 0A	DUT	BD Address	Code	Status	Result
	LT.exe Multiple	Next BD address	. t.	80.90 80 00 00 DA			
	Runs should be	A0.00.00.00.00.00	2	\$0.80.80.00.00.0B			
	shown on the left	East BQ address 00 co to to to to	3	80 80 80 00 00 00 0C			
	panel	Statistics	4	80-80-80-00-0A			
		Fair 2	5	00.00.00.00.00.07			
		Lat 0	6.:	80.00.00.00.00.00			
		Rate: 1	2	00.00.00.00.09			
		IDA14680	. 8	AD 00:00:00:00:00 DA			
		COM Enum		00:00:00:00:00:0B			
		C GU Check	10	60:00:00:00:00:0C			
		C VEATAUART	. 11	00.00.00.00.00.00			
		UAR7 check	12	00.00 00.00 00 DE			
		Multiple Runs Correct: 0	13	00:00:00:00:00:00			
		Total 20	-14	66.00-00-00-00-10	_		
			15	00.00.00.00.00.11	_		
			16	50:00:00:60:00:12			
			GU	CDM Port COM14	Code	Status	Result
				BLE	Tester	Tomp Anneter Vallasetor	
		ersmartbond.				START	
		CIDAL450s,DAL480s,PIT,x;4.44	restabi	Nigeranti paranti iya		Retart fallest Disabled	Text Trace 00:000.000
11	Click START	Click START a	nd v	wait for the 20 te	sts to b	e performed.	
12	Backup CSV log file	1 st PCBA. For e Test_station_1	exar _20	PLT_v_4.2.3.19 nple if today's C 180306_csv_res 180306_csv_res	SV file i sults.cs\	v rename it to	/ file for the
13	Place the 2 nd PCBA	Place the 2 nd P	СВ	A into the fixture	inside t	the shielded box.	
14	Repeat steps	Repeat the pro	ced	ure from step 9	to step	13 for all 10 PCBAs.	



#	Step	Description	ı						
15	Check CSV results	At the end,	10 CSV logs files sho	ould exis	st. For exam	ple,			
		Test_station	n_1_20180306_csv_i	esults	PCBA_1.csv				
		Test_station	n_1_20180306_csv_i	esults	PCBA_2.csv	' .			
			n_1_20180306_csv_i					004	
		Each CSV f lines. Exam	ile should have 16 D ple:	UIS*2	0 Tests = 32	0 lines + 1 (SV header	= 321	
		A h	B C D E	FG	H 1	j K	L M	N	0
			nd time DUT BD addres Overal	CON FW do	o FW path 1 FW ve		ri XTAL I GU RX GU	RX RSS G	C & Commission
		2 11:20:33 3 11:20:33			C:\Users\rPASS C:\Users\rPASS	the second	1172 PASS	-28.5	0
		4 11:20:33			C:\Users\(PASS	the subset of second second	1207 PASS 1272 PASS	-26.61	0
		and the second se	11:20:47 4 00:00:00:0 PASS		C:\Users\(PASS	The second se	1222 PASS	-28.5	0
		6 11:20:33			C:\Users\(PASS	and the second sec	1181 PA55	-26.13	6
		7 11:20:33			C:\Users\rPASS	Contraction of the second s	1218 PASS	-22.34	0
		8 11:20:33 9 11:20:33	11:20:47 7 00:00:00:0 PASS 11:20:47 8 00:00:00:0 PASS		C:\Users\rPASS C:\Users\rPASS	Contraction (1997) Contraction (1997)	1237 PASS 1180 PASS	-28.98 -38.93	0
		10 11:20:33			C:\Users\rPASS	and the second sec	1207 PASS	-27.08	0
		11 11:20:33	11:20:47 10:00:00:00:0 PASS		C:\Users\/PASS	Contraction of the second second	1244 PASS	-36.09	0
		12 11:20:33	11:20:47 11 00:00:00:0 PASS		C:\Users\(PA55		1180 PASS	-34.19	0
		the second se	11:20:47 12:00:00:00:0 PASS		C:\Users\rPASS	and the second se	1168 PASS	-27.08	0
		Sector and a sector of the sector	11:20:47 13 00:00:00:0 PASS		C:\Users\rPASS C:\Users\rPASS	Construction of the second second	1255 PASS	-32.29	0
			11:20:47 14 00:00:00:0 PASS 11:20:47 15 00:00:00:0 PASS		C:\Users\(PASS	the second se	1247 PASS 1180 PASS	-23.76 -24.71	0
		the state of the s	11:20:47 16 00:00:00:0 PASS	8 PASS		Contraction of the American States of the Ame	1247 PASS	-28.98	0
		DUT #	Formula			Examp	ble Result	-	
		DUT 1	=SUMIF(\$C\$2:\$C\$32	1, 1 , \$N\$	2:\$N\$321)/20		-28.5015	_	
		DUT 2	=SUMIF(\$C\$2:\$C\$32	1, 2 , \$N\$	2:\$N\$321)/20		-26.609	_	
		DUT 3	=SUMIF(\$C\$2:\$C\$32	1, 3 , \$N\$	2:\$N\$321)/20		-26.8685	_	
		DUT 4	=SUMIF(\$C\$2:\$C\$32	1 ,4 , \$N\$	2:\$N\$321)/20		-28.406	_	
		DUT 5	=SUMIF(\$C\$2:\$C\$32	1, 5 , \$N\$	2:\$N\$321)/20		-26.346	_	
		DUT 6	=SUMIF(\$C\$2:\$C\$32	1, 6 , \$N\$	2:\$N\$321)/20		-22.5515		
		DUT 7	=SUMIF(\$C\$2:\$C\$32	1, 7 , \$N\$	2:\$N\$321)/20		-28.98	_	
		DUT 8	=SUMIF(\$C\$2:\$C\$32:	1, 8 , \$N\$	2:\$N\$321)/20		-39.283	_	
		DUT 9	=SUMIF(\$C\$2:\$C\$32:	1, 9 , \$N\$	2:\$N\$321)/20		-27.08	-	
		DUT 10	=SUMIF(\$C\$2:\$C\$32	1, 10 ,\$N\$	\$2:\$N\$321)/2)	-36.607	-	
		DUT 11	=SUMIF(\$C\$2:\$C\$32	1, 11 ,\$N\$	\$2:\$N\$321)/2)	-34.19	-	
		DUT 12	=SUMIF(\$C\$2:\$C\$32	1, 12 ,\$N\$	\$2:\$N\$321)/2	0	-26.7745	-	
		DUT 13	=SUMIF(\$C\$2:\$C\$32				-32.0095	-	
		DUT 14	=SUMIF(\$C\$2:\$C\$32				-23.784	-	
		DUT 15	=SUMIF(\$C\$2:\$C\$32				-24.71	-	
		DUT 16	=SUMIF(\$C\$2:\$C\$32	1, 16 ,\$N\$	\$2:\$N\$321)/2	0	-29.168		

#	Step	Desc	ription										
17	Get all values to a new excel sheet.	Create a new excel sheet. Copy all values created at step 16 from the 10 CSV files to this new excel sheet. An example of all DUT average values from all 10 CSV files is given below. Only two decimal digits are shown.											
		DUT	PCBA 1	PCBA 2	PCBA 3	PCBA 4	PCBA 5	PCBA 6	PCBA 7	PCBA 8	PCBA 9	PCBA 10	
		1	-28.50	-28.30	-28.51	-27.56	-29.48	-28.59	-30.09	-29.33	-30.50	-30.13	
		2	-26.61	-26.07	-27.09	-26.56	-27.99	-27.38	-28.31	-27.64	-28.36	-28.11	
		3	-26.87	-26.71	-27.65	-26.71	-28.64	-27.84	-29.14	-28.43	-29.54	-29.14	
		4	-28.41	-27.98	-28.82	-27.87	-29.49	-29.24	-30.10	-29.61	-30.22	-29.36	
		5	-26.35	-25.69	-26.72	-26.58	-26.74	-26.02	-27.37	-26.75	-27.42	-27.20	
		6	-22.55	-21.60	-22.68	-21.81	-23.32	-22.33	-23.82	-23.77	-24.45	-24.19	
		7	-28.98	-28.59	-29.31	-28.49	-29.42	-28.63	-29.84	-28.95	-29.98	-29.73	
		8	-39.28	-39.06	-39.50	-38.95	-39.53	-39.38	-40.32	-40.11	-40.39	-39.90	
		9	-27.08	-26.64	-27.68	-27.07	-27.76	-27.28	-28.40	-27.51	-28.89	-28.75	
		10	-36.61	-35.74	-36.85	-36.05	-37.07	-37.04	-37.96	-37.59	-38.84	-38.03	
		11	-34.19	-33.57	-35.15	-34.94	-36.09	-35.10	-36.11	-35.23	-36.21	-35.97	
		12	-26.77	-26.51	-26.90	-26.65	-27.33	-27.11	-27.40	-26.67	-28.03	-27.26	
		13	-32.01	-31.14	-32.47	-31.73	-33.29	-32.96	-34.01	-33.61	-34.85	-34.17	
		14	-23.78	-23.31	-24.50	-23.56	-24.51	-24.46	-24.55	-23.60	-25.03	-24.67	
		15	-24.71	-23.89	-25.39	-24.82	-25.46	-25.37	-26.24	-25.42	-27.09	-26.94	
		16	-29.17	-28.37	-30.09	-30.07	-30.78	-29.83	-31.27	-30.51	-31.31	-30.56	
18	Get the average of	Avera	ige each	n DUTs r	esults.								
	each DUT for all PCBAs	DL	JT =	AVERA	GE(B1:	K1)							
		DUT	1		-2	29.10							
		DUT	2		-2	27.41							
		DUT	3		-2	28.07							
		DUT	4		-2	29.11							
		DUT	5		-2	26.68							
		DUT	6		-2	23.05							
		DUT	7		-2	29.19							
		DUT	8		-3	39.64							
		DUT	9		-2	27.71							
		DUT	10		-3	37.18							
		DUT	11		-3	35.26							
		DUT	12		-2	27.06							
		DUT	13		-3	33.02							
		DUT	14		-2	24.20							
		DUT	15		-2	25.53							
		DUT	16		-3	30.20							



#	Step	Descriptio	on							
19	Calculate the RF path loss		To calibrate the RF result to -10 dBm we should apply the formula shown in column below.							
		DUT	=AVERAG	E(B1:K1)	Path Loss	5				
			Rov	v L	=-10-L1					
		DUT 1		-29.10	19.1	0				
		DUT 2		-27.41	17.4	1				
		DUT 3		-28.07	18.0	7				
		DUT 4		-29.11	19.1	1				
		DUT 5		-26.68	16.6					
		DUT 6		-23.05	13.0	5				
		DUT 7		-29.19	19.1					
		DUT 8		-39.64	29.6					
		DUT 9		-27.71	17.7					
		DUT 10		-37.18	27.1					
		DUT 11		-35.26	25.2	-				
		DUT 12		-27.06	17.0					
		DUT 13		-33.02	23.0					
		DUT 14		-24.20	14.2					
		DUT 15		-25.53	15.5					
		DUT 16		-30.20	20.2					
20	Apply the				20.2	<u> </u>				
	calculated path	Golden U		1						
	losses to the SmartBond		er	Path losses pe	er DUT. Values 0.0	0 to 40.00dE				
	_CFG_PLT.exe	····· Path loss	es per DUT	DUT 1 1	9.1 DUT 5	16.68	DUT 9	17.71	DUT 13	32.02
	PLT configuration executable.			DUT 2 17	.41 DUT 6	13.05	DUT 10	27.18	DUT 14	14.2
				DUT 3 18	.07 DUT 7	19.19	DUT 11	25.26	DUT 15	
				DUT 4 19	.11 DUT 8	29.64	DUT 12	17.06	DUT 16	20.20
21	Verify		ps 10 to 13 v The results s				J RX RS	SSI resu	lts in the	10



Appendix F Hex2Bin

This section gives a step-by-step example of using the hex2bin.exe utility, which converts Intel HEX files into binary format. See Figure 158.

- 1. Put the hex2bin.exe file in the same directory as the HEX files to be converted.
- 2. Open a Command Line Interface (CLI) in the same directory, for example, by using <Shift>+<Right Click> and selecting **Open command window here**.
- 3. Enter "hex2bin -c blinky_1.hex".
- 4. The binary file (blinky_1.bin) will be produced in the same directory.

Figure 157 shows the directory and the files used in this example.

^	Name	Date modified	Туре	Size
	퉬 temp	1/14/2015 9:17 AM	File folder	
	blinky_1.bin	1/14/2015 9:18 AM	BIN File	2 KB
	blinky_1.hex	1/14/2015 8:52 AM	HEX File	4 KB
	blinky_2.bin	1/14/2015 9:19 AM	BIN File	2 KB
	blinky_2.hex	1/14/2015 8:57 AM	HEX File	4 KB
	💷 hex2bin.exe	10/21/2014 2:39 PM	Application	55 KB



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C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
usage: hex2bin [OPTIONS] filename
Options: -s [address] Starting address in hex (default: 0)
-1 [length] Maximal Length (Starting address + Length -1 is Max Address) File will be filled with Pattern until Max Address is reached Length must be a power of 2 in hexadecimal: Hex Decimal 1000 = 4096 (4ki)
2000 = 8192 (8ki) 4000 = 16384 (16ki) 8000 = 32768 (32ki) 10000 = 65536 (64ki) 20000 = 131072 (128ki)
$\begin{array}{rcl} 40000 &=& 262144 & (256ki) \\ 80000 &=& 524288 & (512ki) \\ 100000 &=& 1048576 & (1Mi) \\ 200000 &=& 2097152 & (2Mi) \\ 400000 &=& 4194304 & (4Mi) \end{array}$
800000 = 8388608 (8Mi) -e [ext] Output filename extension (without the dot) -c Enable hex file checksum verification -p [value] Pad-byte value in hex (default: ff)
-k [0:1:12] Select checksum type 0 = 8-bit, 1 = 16-bit little endian, 2 = 16-bit big endian -r [start] [end] Range to compute checksum over (default is min and max addresses) -f [address] [value] Address and value of checksum to force
C:_hex2bin>hex2bin -c blinky_1.hex hex2bin v1.0.10, Copyright <c> 2012 Jacques Pelletier & contributors</c>
Lowest address = 00000000 Highest address = 00000447 Pad Byte = FF 8-bit Checksum = 33
C:_hex2bin>hex2bin -c blinky_2.hex hex2bin v1.0.10, Copyright (C) 2012 Jacques Pelletier & contributors
Lowest address = 00000000 Highest address = 00000477 Pad Byte = FF 8-bit Checksum = D8
C:_hex2bin>cd _hex2bin_

Figure 158: Hex2Bin.exe example





Appendix G Bin2Image

Figure 160 shows an example of using the bin2image.exe utility, which creates a bootable-cached image for DA1468x devices.

The file bin2image.exe must be put in the same directory as the file to be converted. Figure 159 shows the directory and the files used in this example.

Share with 🔹 New folder			
Name	Date modified	Туре	Size
길 temp	7/27/2016 8:54 PM	File folder	
📑 bin2image.exe	5/17/2016 9:53 PM	Application	44 KE
pxp_reporter.bin	10/16/2015 5:19 PM	BIN File	57 KE
pxp_reporter.bin.cached	7/27/2016 8:54 PM	CACHED File	57 KE

Figure 159: Bin2Image example directory with files

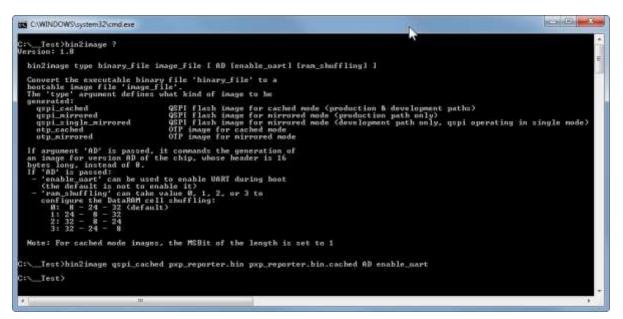


Figure 160: Bin2Image example





Appendix H Automatic GU COM Port Find

For the GU COM port automatic recognition to operate, a special serial number should exist in the GU FTDI IC. Usually this serial number is programmed during PLT PCB manufacturing, but it may not exist in some older versions.

If the 'GU COM port find' operation does not work, then the steps described in should be followed.

Table 107: FTDI "DialogSemi" serial number

Step	Description		
1	Download the FTDI FT_Prog tool from http://www.ftdichip.com/Support/Utilities.htm#FT_PROG.		
2	Put power on the PLT board.		
3	Remove any other USB FTDI connection to the PC.		
4	Connect the USB cable of the GU to the PC.		
5	Check the Device Manager that the GU COM port has been found.		
6	Run the FT_Prog.exe.		
7	Select Devices > Scan and Parse.		
8	A single 'FT232' device should be found.		
9	Select USB String Descriptors.		
10	Clear Auto Generate Serial No:.		



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Step	Description		
11	Edit Serial Number to "DialogSemi" as shown below.		
	ITTEL: IT Prog Device: 7 (bit 15:04) It STIC:		
12	Click the Flash button to program the change to the FTDI IC.		
13	In the new window, click Program .		
	Program Devices Device List Device Star O fell Device Star O fell Device D star Device D star		
	Predat D: 04001 Merufasture: TD: Predat Documptor: FT2201 USS UART Deve Number: Distrigion: -Inset Deve Number: Distrigion: -Inset Deve Program Data Docume Cycle Form		
14	Click Close.		
15	Unplug and reconnect the GU USB cable to the PC.		
16	Verify the Serial Number change by running FT_Prog.exe again and reading the Serial Number value.		



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Appendix I Improving Cabling Between PLT and DUTs

The following recommendations can be used to improve the connections between PLT and DUTs:

- Keep the lengths of the cables as short as possible.
- When possible use twisted pair cables instead of separate cables for:
 - GND/VBAT
 - GND/TxD
 - GND/RxD
 - GND/VPP
- Use ferrite beads for noise reduction in cables.



Figure 161: Example of twisted pair cable with 4 pairs and ferrite

- Connect pull-down resistors at the end of the PLT TX signal lines. Use a 4.7 kΩ resistor at PLT DUT Connector Pin 7 (DUT TX) with the other end connected to ground. In total 16 resistors must be mounted, one for each PLT DUT connector.
- Connect a pull-down resistor as close as possible to the UART RX signal connector on the DUT. The value should be approximately 4.7 kΩ. Connect the other end of the resistor to ground.
- Use gold plated contacts in the connections between the PLT and the DUTs.
- Use extra drivers in the UART lines.
- Use series resistors of approximately 100 Ω in the UART lines, one mounted at the beginning and one at the end of the signal lines.

NOTE

Start with the simple solutions first by testing them one-by-one for stability.

Figure 162 and Figure 163 show examples of some of the above proposals.





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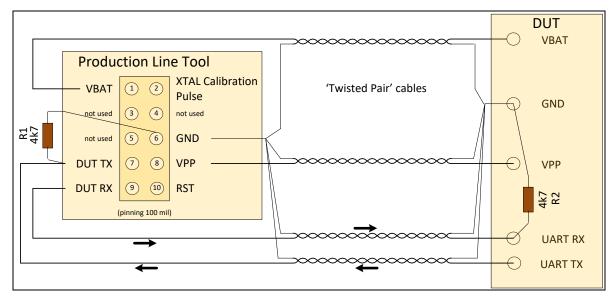


Figure 162: Location of pull-down resistors

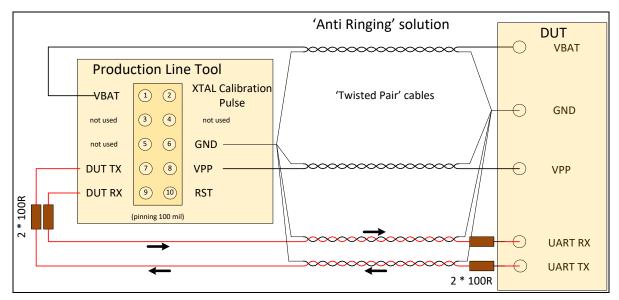


Figure 163: Anti-ringing solution

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Appendix J Honeywell Xenon 1900 Barcode Scanner Setup

To use the Honeywell Xenon 1900, then follow the steps below to appropriate set it up for PLT usage.

- 1. Download Xenon-UG.pdf User Guide.
- 2. Scan Restore factory defaults at page 198 (Resetting the Factory Defaults).
- 3. Program the USB to Serial Interface. Scan code at Page 32 (TRMUSB130).
- 4. Download Xenon USB to Serial drivers HSM USB Serial Driver version 3.5.5.zip.



Appendix K Golden Unit Upgrade Using Smart Snippets Toolbox

The SPI Flash memory of the Golden unit can be programmed as any DA14580 device, using the JTAG connector next to the Golden unit and the Smart Snippets Toolbox application.

- 1. Connect the power supply to the PLT hardware as described in PLT Power Supply (Section 5.3).
- 2. Connect the USB cable of the Golden unit.
- 3. Connect the JTAG (J2) of the Golden unit.
- 4. Open the Smart Snippets Toolbox and select the JTAG method and the DA14580 chip.
- 5. Under the **Layout** category, on the **Booter & Board Setup** page, the GPIOs for the Flash memory should be the following: CLK: P0_0, CS: P0_3, MISO: P0_5, MOSI: P0_6.
- 6. Under the **Tools** category, on the **SPI Flash Programmer** tab, using the **Browse** button, select the "prod_test_GU.bin" binary which is under the SmartBond SmartBond PLT v4.x/binaries/GU/ prod test GU.bin folder on the PLT software package.
- 7. After the binary is loaded on the Smart Snippets Toolbox, click **Connect** at the bottom. This will download a firmware on the Golden unit and set the SPI Flash GPIOs to program the memory.
- 8. Select **Erase** to completely erase the Flash memory before burning the new firmware.
- 9. Select Burn and Verify. On the pop-up message, select to make the firmware bootable.
- 10. Remove the JTAG from the PLT hardware and then manually reset the Golden unit using the reset button next to it. The Golden unit has now booted with the new firmware.



Appendix L FTDI Driver Removal and Installation

To re-install the latest FTDI drivers, the previous should be uninstalled.

To remove FTDI driver:

- 1. Download CDM uninstaller from http://www.ftdichip.com/Support/Utilities.htm#CDMUninstaller.
- 2. Run CDMuninstallerGUI.exe
- 3. The VID/PID of the PLT FTDIs are VID=0403/PID=6011 for the DUTs and VID=0403/PID=6001 for the GU.

Enter these VIDs and PIDs in the CDM Uninstaller, and then click **Add** for each one.

- 4. Then click on **Remove Devices** to uninstall the FTDI drivers.
- 5. Un-plug both USB cables.

More information can be found in the following link:

http://www.ftdichip.com/Support/Utilities/CDM_Uninst_GUI_Readme.html

To install FTDI driver:

- 1. Download the latest drivers from http://www.ftdichip.com/Drivers/VCP.htm and install them using the executable.
- After uninstalling the drivers, plug in both USB cables. Windows will automatically assign the new drivers. Do not remove the cables during driver installation. A driver installation error may occur and the removal-installation will have to be repeated.
- Check in the Windows Device manager that the driver versions of the 17 PLT COM Ports->USB Serial Ports are the latest.

FTDI driver versions v2.12.24, v2.12.26 and 2.12.28 have been tested.



Appendix M DA1453x DK Pro Motherboard Connection

Figure 164 shows the wiring to a DA1453x DK motherboard.

As described in DUT Connector (Section 5.4) the following connections are needed to connect a DUT to the PLT.

- 1. Ground. DUT connector pin6 <-> Pro DK any ground Pin.
- 2. VBAT. DUT connector pin1 <-> Pro DK J4 pin4.
- 3. UART Tx. DUT connector pin7 <-> Pro DK J5 pin25.
- 4. UART Rx. DUT connector pin9 <-> Pro DK J5 pin25.
- 5. Reset. DUT connector pin10 <-> Pro DK J5 pin RST (Optional).

If no power supply is provided through the USB cable (J12), the reset circuit will drive the reset pin of the DUT host board (connector J4) high, keeping the DUT at a reset state. To overcome this either the R84 resistor should be removed or the USB cable should be connected.

Additionally, J4 jumper should be removed. Power supply to the board will be provided from the PLT HW (VBAT line).



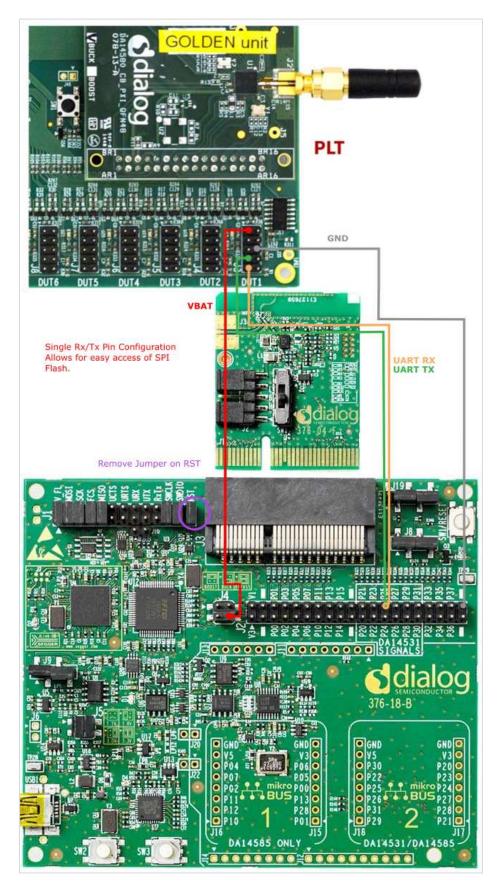


Figure 164: DA1453x Pro Motherboard DK wiring.

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Appendix N DA1469x Daughterboard Connection

Figure 165 shows the wiring to a DA1469x doughterboard.

As described in DUT Connector (Section 5.4) the following connections are needed to connect a DUT to the PLT:

- 1. Ground. DUT connector pin6 <-> J4 pin8.
- 2. VBAT. DUT connector pin1 <-> J4 pin7.
- 3. UART Tx. DUT connector pin7 <-> J4 pin1.
- 4. UART Rx. DUT connector pin9 <-> J4 pin2.
- 5. Reset. DUT connector pin10 <-> J4 pin6. (Optional requires inversion).

Power supply will be provided from the PLT HW (VBAT line).

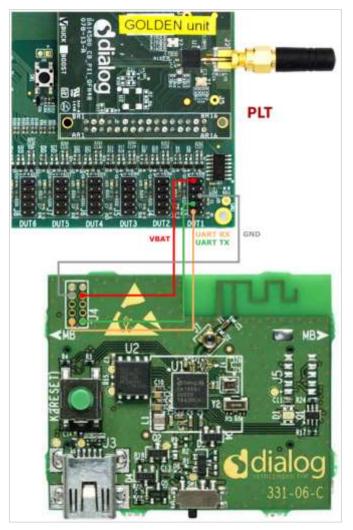


Figure 165 DA1469x Daughterboard direct connection.

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Appendix O Connecting DA1469x DK Pro Motherboard to PLT

Figure 166 DA1469x DK Pro Motherboard PLT connection shows the wiring to a DA1469x doughterboard for the DA1469x DUTs.

As described in DUT Connector (Section 5.4) the following connections are needed to connect a DUT to the PLT:

- 1. Ground. DUT connector pin6 <-> J3 GND (or any Ground connection point)
- 2. VBAT. DUT connector pin1 <-> J9 pin2. (Remove jumpers)
- 3. UART Tx. DUT connector pin7 <-> J3 P0.9.
- 4. UART Rx. DUT connector pin9 <-> J3 P0.8.
- 5. Reset. DUT connector pin10 <-> J4 RSTn (optional).

Power supply will be provided from the PLT HW (VBAT line).

Move sliders 1 and 2 on S1 to off position to disconnect the UART pins from the DK to the DUT.

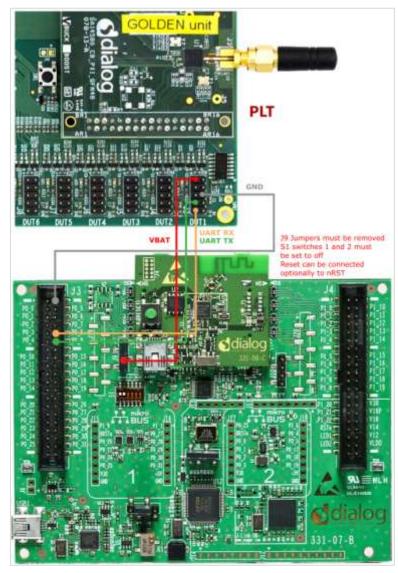


Figure 166 DA1469x DK Pro Motherboard PLT connection

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Appendix P Connecting DA1469x DK Pro Motherboard for Current Measurements

DA1469x DK Pro motherboards are equipped with current measurement modules. Therefore, they can operate as external ammeters with the PLT only for validation purposes and not for the actual production.

The DA1469x DK Pro motherboard should be connected to J9 as shown in Figure 167. A three-wire connection must be made between the PLT board and the motherboard. Jumpers J9 should be removed from the DA1469x DK Pro motherboard. It is mandatory to have a common ground between the two boards. One possible ground connection is shown with the purple line.

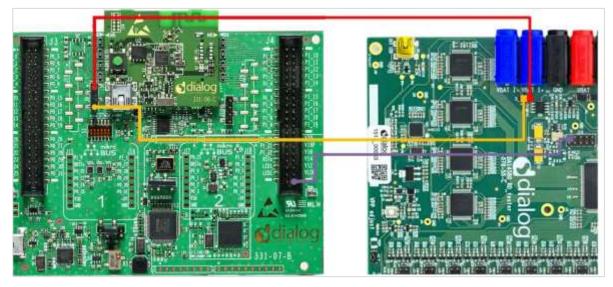


Figure 167: DA1469x PRO DK ammeter connection with PLT

To use the DA1469x Pro motherboard as current measurement instrument in PLT, the ammeter_da1468x_dk.dll should be selected in Current Measurement Test (Section 7.2.6.13) (DA1453x) or

Current Measurement Test(DA1469x) test settings panel. The interface should be set to the second FTDI COM port enumerated in Windows, as shown in Figure 168.

Current Measurement Test	
Current measurement general settings. Enable Settings	Ports (COM & LPT) USB Serial Port (COM12
Instrument ammeter_da1458x_dk.dk +	USB Serial Port (COM13)
Interface 13	

Figure 168: DA1469x DK PRO Current Measurement Settings

NOTE This way of measuring current should not be used in production. The outcome of the measurement is an indication and is subject to variations of offset and gain. In PLT software the offset and gain of the measurement cannot be adjusted. System cannot be calibrated. In a production environment an external calibrated multimeter solution should be used instead.



Appendix Q Connecting DUT with Battery Supply

Wiring connections to a battery powered DUT is described in DUT Connector (Section 5.4). Example connections can be found in sections DA1453x DK Pro Motherboard Connection (Appendix M) and DA1469x Daughterboard Connection (Appendix N).

- 1. Four wires are mandatory for the connection:
 - Common Ground
 - UART Tx
 - UART Rx
 - Reset line
- 'VBAT as Reset' mode is the only mode supporting battery powered DUTs since POR cannot be performed. For PLT to perform a reset on the DUTs, the VBAT line of each DUT connector must be connected to the reset line of the DUT.
- 3. Current measurement is not supported, since there is no way to measure the current of the DUTs.
- 4. To program the OTP for the DA14580/1/2/3 DUTs, an external VPP voltage must be supplied. VPP lines on the DUT connectors will not provide any voltage in `VBAT as Reset' mode so they cannot be used.

To have the least possible wiring connections, UART Rx line can also be used as input GPIO for the pulse used during the XTAL Trim procedure.

Appendix R User Interfaces Shortcut Keys

Table 108: User interface shortcut keys

Application	Shortcut	Description	
CFG PLT Application (Section 7.2)	Ctrl + S	This shortcut is equivalent to clicking the save button at the bottom of the screen.	
GUI PLT Application	Space-Bar	It is used to select the Start button to start testing.	
(Section 7.3)	F	It is equivalent to clicking the Finished button.	

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Appendix S DA1453x Supported SPI Flash\EEPROM Memories

Table 109 describes the supported SPI Flash and EEPROM memories for DA1453x devices. To use a memory not shown in the list, use SPI Flash Configuration (Section 7.2.5.3) or I2C EEPROM Configuration (Section 7.2.5.4).

Memory type	Memory vendor	Product number
SPI Flash memory	Windbond	W25X10
		W25X20
		W25X40
	Renesas	AT25xy512C
		AT25xy011
		AT25EU0011A
		AT25xy021A
		AT25EU0021A
		AT25XE041B
		AT25FF041A
		AT25SF041B
		AT25XE041D
		AT25XE081D
		AT25FF081A
	Macronix	MX25R2035F
	Puya	P25Q10U
	GigaDevice	GD25WD20
I2C EEPROM	ST	M24M02

Table 109: DA1453x supported SPI flash memories



Appendix T DA1469x Supported QSPI Flash Memories

Table 110 describes the supported QSPI flash memories for DA1469x devices. To support a QSPI flash memory that is not in the list, follow the DA1469x QSPI Flash Support {#flash_support} instructions in readme.md file located under SDK_10.0.8.105\sdk\bsp\memory\ folder to manually add it inside the uartboot.bin firmware.

Table 110: DA1469x supported QSPI flash memories

Memory vendor	Product number
Windbond	W25Q32FW
Gigadevice	GD25LE32
Macronix	MX25U3235
Renesas	AT25SL321
Puya	P25Q32SL





Appendix U BLE Tester Measurement Results

When using an MT8852B as an external BLE tester instrument for the DA1453x RF Tests (Section 7.2.6.7) and DA1469x RF Tests (Section 7.2.10.6), PLT will instruct the MT8852B to perform specific tests and then wait for its reply. MT8852B replies with a string, containing the command code of the test performed, followed by the results of the test or an Error Response (Appendix U.4) string.

Table 111 shows the result command codes.

The PDF document (located by clicking) the following link, describes the format of the result string for each command code, under section 15 - 7.

https://dl.cdn-anritsu.com/en-au/test-measurement/files/Manuals/Programming-Manual/MT8852B/MT8852B-Bluetooth%20tester-Programming%20Manual%20Rev%20X.pdf

Table 111: MT8852B supported command codes

Code	Test
LEOP0	TX power
LEICD0	Carrier frequency and Drift
LEMI	Modulation index
ERRLST	Error response

As an example, the test results of DUT1 in the example of CSV Log File Contents (Appendix W) will be used.

U.1 Tx power

The result of DUT1 for the TX-Power test is:

TRUE;-14.25;-14.25;-14.25;0.10;0;2;PASS

Table 112: MT8852B – BLE TX output power test results

Description	Format	Example
Results valid	TRUE FALSE	TRUE
Packet average power in dBm	floating point	-14.25
Test avg max in dBm	floating point	-14.25
Test avg min in dBm	floating point	-14.25
Test peak to average power in dBm	floating point	0.10
Number of failed packets	integer	0
Number of tested packets	integer	2
Pass/fail result	PASS FAIL	PASS



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U.2 Frequency offset

The result of DUT1 for the Frequency Offset test is:

TRUE; -2.500e+003; 2.800e+003; -7.800e+003; -7646; -9.0e+003; -9.0e+003; 0; 2; PASS; -7646

Table 113: MT8852B – BLE carrier frequency offset and drift test results

Description	Format	Example
Drift rate valid	TRUE FALSE	TRUE
Average Fn	Integer	-2.500e+003
Maximum Positive Fn	Integer	2.800e+003
Minimum Negative Fn	integer	-7.800e+003
Drift rate	integer	-7646
Average drift	integer	-9.0e+003
Maximum drift	integer	-9.0e+003
Packets Failed	integer	0
Packets Tested	integer	2
Pass/fail result	PASS FAIL	PASS
Initial drift rate	integer	-7646

U.3 Modulation index

The result of DUT1 for the Modulation Index test is: TRUE; 282100.00; 249100.00; 200700.00; 248700.00; 1.00; 0; 576; 1; 1; FAIL; 100.00%

The tester responded with FAIL because two tests with different patterns were needed. The overall result of the Modulation Index test will be concluded in a second step, after the second payload is tested.

Table 114: MT8852B – BLE modulation characteristics test results

Description	Format	Example
Results valid	TRUE FALSE	TRUE
Delta f1 max in Hz	floating point	282100.00
Delta f1 average in Hz	floating point	249100.00
Delta f2 max in Hz (Delta f1 max lowest for BLR8)	floating point	200700.00
Delta f2 average in Hz (omitted for BLR8)	floating point	248700.00
Delta f2 avg / delta f1 avg (Omitted for BLR8)	floating point	1.00
Delta f2 max Failed limit (Delta f1 max Failed limit for BLR8)	integer	0
Delta f2 max count (Delta f1 max count for BLR8)	integer	576
Packets failed	integer	1

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Description	Format	Example
Packets tested	integer	1
Pass/fail result	PASS FAIL	FAIL
Delta f2 max % pass rate	floating point	100.00%
(Delta f1max % pass rate for BLR8)		

U.4 Error response

If the BLE Tester fails to perform the tests it will respond with an error. Table 115 describes the parts of the error message. Click the following link to find more details in Section 4.3 of the relative PDF document:

https://dl.cdn-anritsu.com/en-au/test-measurement/files/Manuals/Programming-Manual/MT8852B/MT8852B-Bluetooth%20tester-Programming%20Manual%20Rev%20X.pdf

The format of the response message is

ABCCDDEFGHIIJKK!LLLLLL!MMMMMMM!NNNNNN!0000000!

A common error response, which is not an actual error, is the message below:

Table 115: MT8852B – error list

Alias	Error	Status	Description
А	CONNECTION ALREADY	0	No previous connection
	EXISTS	1	Connection already exists
В	EUT TEST MODE STATE	0	EUT Test Mode enabled
		1	EUT Test Mode not enabled
CC	EUT HCI ERROR	00	ОК
		XX	2-digit hex error code (EUT controlled via RS232)
DD	INTERNAL HCI ERROR	00	ОК
		XX	2-digit hexadecimal error code
E	INTERNAL SYNC ERROR	0	ОК
		1	Internal HCI synchronization error
F	EUT SYNC ERROR	0	ОК
		1	EUT HCI synchronization error (control via RS232)
G	EUT HARDWARE ERROR	0	ОК
		1	EUT Reported HCI Hardware error message
н	REQUEST FAILED	0	ОК
		1	Request failed (system busy)
П	DSP STATUS	00	ОК
	Note: Setting of the DSP status code will not set the DDE bit of	01	Searching channel
	the event register	02	Searching sync word
		03	Incorrect packet length

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Alias	Error	Status	Description
		04	No payload
		05	Auto ranging
		06	Incorrect packet
		07	Incorrect packet type
		08	Over range
		09	Under range
		10	Invalid payload
		11	Error finding start of packet using power profile
		12	Error locating P0/GFSK sync word
		13	Location of P0/GFSK sync word exceeds allowed limits
		14	Error locating EDR sync word
		15	Location of EDR sync word exceeds allowed limits
		16	Error decoding the packet type field
		17	Modulation mode of PI/4-DQPSK or 8DPSK not specified
		18	pi/4-DQPSK modulation does not match with detected packet type
		19	8DPSK modulation does not match with packet type
		20	Invalid packet type decoded
		21	Unknown packet type decoded
		22	Expected and measured packet lengths do not match
		23	Insufficient blocks in packet for measurement
J	EUT BT ADDRESS	0	ОК
		1	EUT Bluetooth Address set (in Manual mode)
КК	HCI COMM STATUS	00	ОК
		01	Unknown HCI command
		02	No connection
		03	Hardware failure
		04	Paging timeout
		05	Connection timeout
		06	Unsupported feature parameter
		07	Connection ended by user
		08	Low resource connection ended
		09	Power Off connection ended
		10	Local host connection ended
		11	Unsupported remote feature

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Alias	Error	Status	Description
		12	Role change not allowed
		13	LMP response timeout
		14	IQ modem DAC saturation
LLLLLL L			Internal core error text (variable length)
MMMM MMM			EUT core error text (variable length)
NNNN NNN			Last GPIB command that caused a Command error (variable length)
0000 000			Last GPIB command that caused an Execution error (variable length)





Appendix V Memory Programming

This appendix lists all possible memory programming operations. The memory operations are grouped per chipset and memory type.

V.1 DA1453x memory programming tests

V.1.1 OTP

Table 116: DA1453x memory programming – OTP memory

Test Name		Operatio n	No.	Description
XTAL Trim		Write\ Verify	1	This operation writes the user selected binary into the OTP memory. The start address will always be address 0. If Verify is selected, PLT will read the OTP contents for the size of the binary burned and compare it with the actual binary. If the binary size is larger than the OTP image area, PLT considers that the binary contains the header as well. PLT can also program the following during OTP image burn. DMA length
OTP Header		Write\ Verify	1	The OTP header write operation will write any non-zero header field one by one. If the Verify option is selected it will read the OTP header fields and compare them to the ones written before.
BD Addres	BD Address		1	The BD address write procedure will write the BD address field in the OTP header area. If the Verify option is selected, PLT will read the OTP BD address and compare it to the one written before.
		Read\ Compare	1	This will read the BD address field from the OTP header and save it to the DUT logs. If the Compare option is selected it will compare the address read with the one PLT uses for the particular device.
Memory re	ad	Read	101	The memory read procedure can read any OTP memory area and save the results in the DUT logs.
Custom Memory Data	Barcod e scanner	Write∖ Verify	1	This procedure will write data with a given size at a given address offset. A barcode scanner is used as data input. If the Verify option is selected, PLT will read the contents and compare it to the one written before.
	CSV file		51	This procedure will read the memory programming parameters from a CSV file. Up to 5 memory writes can be set. If the Verify option is selected, PLT will read the memory contents and compare them to the ones written before.
	Manual		1	The manual procedure will write data with a given size at a given address offset. If the Verify option is selected, PLT will read the memory contents and compare them to the ones written before.

Note 1 Applies to all available memories simultaneously.

Note 1 Check Empty is performed by reading the memory contents and checking whether these are all zeros.

Note 2 Check if data match is performed by reading the memory contents and checking whether these are all zeros or the data to be written are the same.

Note 3 If the OTP part to be written contains all-zero values, then the write operation will not be performed. This also applies for writing default values in the OTP header.



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V.1.2 SPI flash

Table 117: DA1453x memory programming - SPI flash

Test Name	9	Operatio n	No.	Description
•	SPI Flash Configuration		1	The memory programming firmware can auto-detect the memories listed in Table 109.
(Section 7.2.5.3)				However, PLT can also use a user-defined SPI flash configuration. PLT will send a command containing the SPI configuration set by the user. For the DA14583 and DA1586 devices, this option is disabled because PLT initializes the firmware with the internal SPI flash characteristics.
	SPI Flash Memory (Section 7.2.7.2)		10	The erase operation can perform up to 10 erase tests, which can erase either the entire memory or specific sections.
			10	This can perform up to 10 different check empty operations, which will verify that specific sections or the entire memory is empty.
		Write\ Verify	10	This operation will write a user defined binary at a given offset or at offset 0 if it is a bootable image. If the Verify option is selected, PLT will read the contents and compare it to the one written before.
-	Memory Read (Section 7.2.7.4)		10 ¹	The memory read procedure can read any field of the SPI memory and save the data into the DUT logs.
Custom Memory Data (Section	Barcod e scanner	Write∖ Verify	1	This procedure will write data with a given size at a given address offset. A barcode scanner is used as data input. If the <code>Verify</code> option is selected, PLT will read the contents and compare it to the one written before.
7.2.8.3)	CSV file		5 ¹	This procedure will read the memory programming parameters from a CSV file. Up to 5 memory writes can be set.
				If the Verify option is selected, PLT will read the memory contents and compare them to the ones written before.
	Manual		1	The manual procedure will write data with a given size at a given address offset. If the Verify option is selected, PLT will read the memory contents and compare them to the ones written before.

Note 1 Applies for all available memories simultaneously.



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V.1.3 EEPROM

Table 118: DA1453x memory programming – EEPROM memory

Test Name		Operatio n	No.	Description
I2C EEPROM Configuration (Section 7.2.5.4)		Initialize	1	The memory programming firmware can auto-detect the memories listed in Table 109. However, PLT can also use a user-defined EEPROM configuration. PLT will send a command containing the EEPROM configuration set by the user.
I2C EEPROM Memory (Section 7.2.7.3)		Write∖ Verify	10	This operation will write a user defined binary at a given offset or at offset 0 if it is a bootable image. If the <code>Verify</code> option is selected, PLT will read the contents and compare it to the one written before.
	Memory Read (Section 7.2.7.4)		10 ¹	The memory read procedure can read any field of the SPI memory and save the data into the DUT logs.
Custom Memory Data (Section 7.2.8.3)	Barcod e scanner	Write∖ Verify	1	This procedure will write data with a given size at a given address offset. A barcode scanner is used as data input. If the $Verify$ option is selected, PLT will read the contents and compare it to the one written before.
	CSV file		5 ¹	This procedure will read the memory programming parameters from a CSV file. Up to 5 memory writes can be set. If the Verify option is selected, PLT will read the memory contents and compare them to the ones written before.
	Manual		1	The manual procedure will write data with a given size at a given address offset. If the Verify option is selected, PLT will read the memory contents and compare them to the ones written before.

Note 1 Applies for all available memories simultaneously.

V.2 DA1469x Memory Programming Operation

V.2.1 OTP

Table 119: DA1469x memory programming – OTP memory

Test Name	Operatio n	No	Description
XTAL Trim (Section 7.2.10.3)	Write\ Verify	1	The XTAL trim procedure will first find an available OTP TCS field to write the value even if another XTAL trim value is programmed at a previous TCS field. If the Verify option is selected it will read the OTP TCS section field and compare them to the one written before.
OTP Memory (Section 7.2.11.1)	Write\ Verify	1	 This operation writes the user selected binary into the OTP memory. The start address will always be address 0. If Verify is selected, PLT will read the OTP contents for the size of the binary burned and compare it with the actual binary. If the binary size is larger than the OTP image area, PLT considers that the binary contains the header as well. PLT can also program the following during OTP image burn. DMA length Image CRC

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Test Name		Operatio n	No	Description
Memory Header (DA1453x) (Section 7.2.8)		Write∖ Verify	1	The OTP header write operation will write any non-zero header field one by one. If the Verify option is selected it will read the OTP header fields and compare them to the ones written before.
BD Address (Section 7.2.8.2)		Write∖ Verify	1	The BD address write procedure will write the BD address field in the OTP header area. If the Verify option is selected, PLT will read the OTP BD address and compare it to the one written before.
		Read\ Compare	1	This will read the BD address field from the OTP header and save it to the DUT logs. If the Compare option is selected it will compare the address read with the one PLT uses for the particular device.
	Memory Read (Section 7.2.11.3)		10 1	The memory read procedure can read any OTP memory area and save the results in the DUT logs.
Custom Memory Data (Section 7.2.12.2)	Barcode scanner	Write∖ Verify	1	This procedure will write data with a given size at a given address offset. A barcode scanner is used as data input. If the $Verify$ option is selected, PLT will read the contents and compare it to the one written before.
	CSV file		5 ¹	This procedure will read the memory programming parameters from a CSV file. Up to 5 memory writes can be set. If the Verify option is selected, PLT will read the memory contents and compare them to the ones written before.
	Manual		1	The manual procedure will write data with a given size at a given address offset. If the Verify option is selected, PLT will read the memory contents and compare them to the ones written before.

Note 1 Applies for all available memories simultaneously.

Note 2 Check Empty is performed by reading the memory contents and checking whether these are all zeros.

Note 3 Check if data match is performed by reading the memory contents and checking whether these are all zeros or the data to be written are the same.

Note 4 If the OTP part to be written contains all-zero values, then the write operation will be omitted. This also applies for writing default values in the OTP header.

V.2.2 QSPI

Table 120: Memory programming – QSPI memory

Test Nan	ne	Operatio n	No.	Description	
XTAL Trim (Section 7.2.10.3)		Write\ Verify	1	The XTAL trim QSPI write procedure will write the XTAL trim value found during the calibration process to the user defined QSPI address. If the Verify option is selected, PLT will read the QSPI user defined address contents and compare them to the ones written before.	
QSPI Fla (Section	sh Memory 7.2.11.2)	Erase	10	The erase operation can perform up to 10 erase tests, which can erase either the entire memory or specific sections.	
		Check Empty	10	This can perform up to 10 different check empty operations, which will verify that specific sections or the entire memory is empty.	
		Verify at offset 0 if it is a bootable imag		This operation will write a user defined binary at a given offset or at offset 0 if it is a bootable image. If the Verify option is selected, PLT will read the contents and compare it to the one written before.	
Address	QSPI Header - BD Address (Section 7.2.12.1)		1	The BD address write procedure will write the BD address field i the QSPI user defined address. If the Verify option is selected, PLT will read the data from QSPI user defined address and compare them with the ones written before.	
		Read\ Compare	1	This will read the BD address field from the QSPI user defined address and save it to the DUT logs. If the Compare option is selected it will compare the address read with the one PLT uses for the particular device.	
Memory ((Section		Read	10 ¹	The memory read procedure can read any field of the SPI memory and save the data into the DUT logs.	
Custom Memor y Data (Sectio	Barcode scanner	er Verify		This procedure will write data with a given size at a given address offset. A barcode scanner is used as data input. If the $Verify$ option is selected, PLT will read the contents and compare it to the one written before.	
n 7.2.12. 2)	CSV file			This procedure will read the memory programming parameters from a CSV file. Up to 5 memory writes can be set. If the Verify option is selected, PLT will read the memory contents and compare them to the ones written before.	
	Manual		1	The manual procedure will write data with a given size at a given address offset. If the Verify option is selected, PLT will read the memory contents and compare them to the ones written before.	

Note 1 Applies for all available memories simularieously.	Note 1	Applies for all available memories simultaneously.	
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Appendix W CSV Log File Contents

Table 121 describes the CSV File (Section 7.3.6) columns generated during PLT testing. In general, not all CSV file columns shown in Table 121 will be printed, but only those that relate to the enabled tests and memory operations user has selected. An example is given in CSV Log File Example (Appendix W.1).

Table 121: CSV File Contents

Header	Value	Description		
Start time	hh:mm:ss	Shows the actual time the test procedure has started		
End time	hh:mm:ss	Shows the actual time the test procedure has ended		
Tester ID	ID	The tester ID name.		
DUT	1-16	The PLT connector for this device. Values 1-16.		
BD address	XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX	The BD address assigned for this device.		
Overall status	PASS\FAIL	The overall status of the test procedure for this device.		
COM Port	XX	Windows assigned COM Port		
Temperature test	PASS\FAIL	Shows the temperature measured during		
Temperature	XX.XX	temperature test. The first column shows the result of the test. The second column shows the temperature measured.		
FW download 1	PASS\FAIL	Production test FW download.		
FW path 1	C:\folder\to\bin	The first column shows the result of the production test firmware download procedure. The second column shows the path to the firmware.		
RAM FW download	PASS\FAIL	Production test FW download through memory		
RAM FW path	C:\path\to\bin	programming FW. The first column shows the result of the production test firmware download procedure. The second column shows the path to the firmware.		
FW version get 1	PASS\FAIL	Production test FW version.		
FW version 1	e.g. "v_5.0.4_PLT_v4.3"	The first column shows the result of the test. The second column shows the production test FW version read back from each device.		
GPIO Watchdog ['Test Name']	PASS\FAIL	GPIO watchdog toggling test for production testing FW		
GPIO Watchdog mem ['Test Name']	PASS\FAIL	GPIO watchdog toggling test for memory programming FW		
ADC VBAT	PASS\FAIL	Whether VBAT was successfully measured.		
VBAT level	VBAT level	The level of the VBAT as measured by the internal DUT ADC		



Header	Value	Description		
DC-DC level test	PASS\FAIL	Whether the DA1453x DC-DC level is inside the user defined limits		
DC-DC level	DC-DC level	The DC-DC level as measured from the internal DUT ADC.		
OTP timestamp	PASS\FAIL	Whether the OTP timestamp read succeeded.		
OTP timestamp value	Timestamp	The actual timestamp of the DUT IC.		
Scan HCI Adv [CH37-9\All]	PASS\FAIL	Scan test using Advertising through HCI.		
Scan HCI Adv RSSI [CH37-9\All]	The RSSI value measured for this device.	The first column shows the result of the test. The second column shows the calculated value in decimal.		
Extended\Deep sleep current test	PASS\FAIL	Current measurement test – sleep tests.		
Extended\Deep sleep current	RES=[xxxxA]. LL=xxxxA]. HL=[xxxxA].	The first column shows the result of the test. The second column shows the calculated value, and the high and low limits used for this test.		
Sleep clock select	PASS\FAIL	Sleep clock selection		
XTAL trim test	PASS\FAIL	Automated XTAL Trim value calculation.		
XTAL trim	e.g. "1155"	The first column shows the result of the test. The second column shows the calculated value in decimal.		
ADC calibration	PASS\FAIL	ADC calibration test.		
ADC calibration value	xx	The first column shows the result of the test. The second column shows the calculated value.		
BLE TX power test 'X' [Test Name]	PASS\FAIL	Tx Power tests using external BLE Tester		
BLE TX power 'X' [Test Name]	TRUE;-13.16;-13.16;- 13.16;0.08;0;2;PASS	-		
BLE TX offset test 'X' ['Test Name']	PASS\FAIL	Tx Frequency offset tests using external BLE		
BLE TX offset 'X' [Test Name]	TRUE;- 1.100e+003;1.400e+0 03;- 4.000e+003;2902;- 3.0e+003;- 3.0e+003;0;2;PASS;2 503	Tester		
BLE TX modulation test 'X' ['Test Name']	PASS\FAIL	Tx Modulation Index tests using external BLE Tester.		
BLE TX modulation 'X' [Test Name]	TRUE;260600.00;253 300.00;216800.00;248 000.00;0.98;0;576;1;1; FAIL;100.00%	The first column shows the result of the test. The second column shows the calculated value.		
BLE RX RSSI test 'X' ['Test Name']	PASS\FAIL	Rx sensitivity tests using external BLE Tester.		
BLE RX RSSI ['Test Name']	The RSSI value measured for this device.	The first column shows the result of the test. The second column shows the RSSI value measured for this device. The third column shows the Packet Error Rate measured for this device.		
BLE RX PER ['Test Name']	The Packet Error Rate measured for this device.			

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Header	Value	Description		
GU RX RSSI test 'X' ['Test Name']	PASS\FAIL	Rx sensitivity tests using Golden Unit as		
GU RX RSSI ['Test Name']	The RSSI value measured for this device.	Tester. The first column shows the result of the test. The second column shows the RSSI value measured for this device. The third column shows the Packet Error Rate measured for this device.		
GU RX PER ['Test Name']	The Packet Error Rate measured for this device.			
GPIO/LED test 'X' ['Test Name']	PASS\FAIL	GPIO\LED tests		
GPIO connection test 'X' [Test Name]	PASS\FAIL	GPIO connection tests		
Audio test	PASS\FAIL	Audio test.		
Audio level	XX.XX	The first column shows the result of the test. The second column shows the power level measured of each device.		
Sensor test 'X' ['Test Name']	PASS\FAIL	Sensor tests.		
Custom test 'X' ['Test Name']	PASS\FAIL	Custom tests		
32KHz Test	PASS\FAIL	External 32kHz crystal test		
Range extender	PASS\FAIL	Range extender test		
Peripheral test 'X' ['Test Name']	PASS\FAIL	Current measurement tests for peripherals.		
Peripheral test current	RES=[xxxxA]. LL=xxxxA]. HL=[xxxxA].	The first column shows the result of the test. The second column shows the calculated value, and the high and low limits used for this test.		
FW download 2	PASS\FAIL	Memory programming FW download.		
FW path 2	C:\path\to\bin	The first column shows the result of the production test firmware download procedure. The second columns shows the path to the		
		firmware.		
FW version get 2	PASS\FAIL	Memory programming FW version. The first column shows the result of the test.		
FW version 2	e.g. "v_5.0.4_PLT_v4.3"	The second column shows the result of the test. The second column shows the memory programming FW version read back from each device.		
QSPI init	PASS\FAIL	Initialize QSPI Flash memory.		
QSPI jedec	xxxxxx	The first column shows the result of the test. The second columns shows the Jedec ID read back from the device.		
QSPI erase 'X' ['Test Name']	PASS\FAIL	Erase the QSPI Flash memory test.		
QSPI check empty 'X' ['Test Name']	PASS\FAIL	Verify that the QSPI Flash memory has been erased.		
QSPI burn 'X' ['Test Name']	PASS\FAIL	QSPI image write test.		
QSPI image	C:\path\to\bin	The first column shows the result of the test. The second columns shows the path to the firmware burnt.		
QSPI BDA burn	PASS\FAIL	Write BD address value to QSPI Header.		
QSPI BDA rd/cmp	PASS\FAIL			

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Header	Value	Description		
QSPI BDA read	XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX	Read BD address written in QSPI Header and compare it with the one the device is currently using. The first column shows the result of the test. The second columns shows the BD address		
		written in the QSPI header.		
QSPI XTAL trim burn	PASS\FAIL	Write XTAL Trim value to QSPI Header.		
QSPI write ADC calibration	PASS\FAIL	Write ADC calibration value to QSPI memory.		
Custom memory burn	PASS\FAIL	Write on any available memory test.		
Custom memory data	"Data from CSV file" or "xx"	The first column shows the result of the test. The second columns shows whether the data are given from a CSV file or the contents written.		
'SPI\OTP\EEPROM\QSPI' Memory	PASS\FAIL	Read any part of any available memory.		
read 'X' ['Test Name']		The first column shows the result of the test.		
Memory read data	XX	The second columns shows the contents read back.		
SPI init	PASS\FAIL	Initialize SPI Flash memory.		
SPI erase 'X' ['Test Name']	PASS\FAIL	Erase the SPI Flash memory test.		
SPI empty 'X' ['Test Name']	PASS\FAIL	Verify that the SPI Flash memory has been erased.		
SPI burn 'X' ['Test Name']	PASS\FAIL	SPI image write tests.		
SPI image	C:\path\to\bin	The first column shows the result of the test.		
		The second columns shows the path to the firmware burnt.		
EEPROM init	PASS\FAIL	Initialize EEPROM memory.		
EEPROM burn 'X' ['Test Name']	PASS\FAIL	EEPROM image write tests.		
EEPROM image	C:\path\to\bin	The first column shows the result of the test. The second columns shows the path to the firmware burnt.		
OTP burn	PASS\FAIL	OTP image write test.		
OTP image	C:\path\to\bin	The first column shows the result of the test. The second columns shows the path to the firmware burnt.		
OTP BDA burn	PASS\FAIL	Write BD address value to OTP Header.		
OTP BDA rd/cmp	PASS\FAIL	Read BD address written in OTP Header and		
OTP BDA read	XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX	compare it with the one the device is currently using.		
		The first column shows the result of the test. The second columns shows the BD address written in the OTP header.		
OTP XTAL trim burn	PASS\FAIL	Write XTAL Trim value to OTP Header.		
OTP header burn	PASS\FAIL	OTP Header area burn.		
OTP write ADC calibration	PASS\FAIL	Write ADC calibration value to OTP.		
Scan	PASS\FAIL	Scan test with the DUTs booting and advertising.		

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W.1 CSV Log File Example

This example uses three DA14583 devices. The following tests and memory operations are enabled:

- XTAL Trim
- GPIO Watchdog Operation
- Scan DUT Advertise Test
- Golden Unit RF Test 1
- Golden Unit RF Test 2
- BLE Tester Tx Power 1
- BLE Tester Frequency Offset 1
- BLE Tester Modulation Index 1
- BLE Tester Rx Sensitivity 1
- GPIO\LED Test 1
- Custom Test 1
- External 32kHz Test
- Current Measurement Test Peripheral Test 1
- Current Measurement Test Extended Sleep Test
- SPI Erase 1
- SPI Check Empty 1
- SPI Write 1
- Custom Memory Data Manual
- OTP BD Address Read
- Memory Read Test 1
- Scan Test

The first device successfully completed all tests, the second failed to be found by the Golden Unit during the scan test and the third failed the external 32 kHz test.

The CSV results of the tests are split into four main categories explained in detailed in the following sections.

W.2 CSV log file entries 1/4

The first part of the CSV file contains general device and test information, as shown in Figure 169 and explained in Table 122.

Start time	End time	DUT	BD address	Overall status	COM port
15:05:55	15:06:54	1	80:80:80:00:00:0A	PASS	44
15:05:55	15:06:54	2	80:80:80:00:00:0B	FAIL	45
15:05:55	15:06:54	3	80:80:80:00:00:0C	FAIL	46

Figure 169: CSV file entries (1/4)

Table 122: CSV file entries (1/4)

Header	Value	Description		
Start time	15:05:55	The time the tests started.		
End time	15:06:54	The time the tests finished.		

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Header	Value	Description
DUT	1	The PLT position each device is connected.
	2	
	3	
BD address	80:80:80:00:00:0A	The BD address assigned to each device.
	80:80:80:00:00:0B	C C
	80:80:80:00:00:0C	
Overall status	PASS	The overall final result for each device.
	FAIL	
	FAIL	
COM port 44		The Windows assigned COM port to each device.
	45	
	46	





W.3 CSV log file entries 2/4

The second part of the CSV Log file contains the production tests entries, as shown in Figure 170 and explained in Table 123.

FW downlo	ad 1 FW path 1	FW version get 1	FW version 1	GPIO Watchdog [WD-P1_0]	XTAL trim test	XTAL trim Scan HCI Adv [CH37]	Scan HCI Adv RSSI [CH37]
PASS	C:\DA1458x_DA1468x_PLT_v_4.x\executables\binaries\prod_test_580.bin	PASS	v_5.0.4_PLT_v4.3	PASS	PASS	1266 PASS	-11.39
PASS	C:\DA1458x_DA1468x_PLT_v_4.x\executables\binaries\prod_test_580.bin	PASS	v_5.0.4_PLT_v4.3	PASS	PASS	1237 PASS	-14.71
PASS	C:\DA1458x_DA1468x_PLT_v_4.x\executables\binaries\prod_test_580.bin	PASS	v_5.0.4_PLT_v4.3	PASS	PASS	1155 PASS	-16.61

BLE TX power test 1 [Tx Pwr 1] BLE TX power 1 [Tx Pwr 1]		BLE TX offset test 1 [Freq Offs 1]	BLE TX offset 1 [Freq Offs 1]
PASS	TRUE;-17.91;-17.91;-17.91;0.10;0;2;PASS	PASS	TRUE;-2.500e+003;2.800e+003;-7.800e+003;-7646;-9.0e+003;-9.0e+003;0;2;PASS;-7646
PASS	TRUE;-9.63;-9.63;-9.63;0.09;0;2;PASS	PASS	TRUE;-1.500e+003;3.200e+003;-6.800e+003;5945;-6.0e+003;-6.0e+003;0;2;PASS;-1054
PASS	TRUE;-12.27;-12.27;-12.27;0.09;0;2;PASS	PASS	TRUE;4.000e+002;5.900e+003;-3.700e+003;-6009;-8.0e+003;-8.0e+003;0;2;PASS;1756

BLE TX modulation test 1 [Mod Idx 1]	BLE TX modulation 1 [Mod Idx 1]	BLE RX RSSI test 1 [Rx sens 1]	BLE RX RSSI 1 [Rx sens 1]	BLE RX PER 1 [Rx sens 1]
PASS	TRUE;282100.00;249100.00;200700.00;248700.00;1.00;0;576;1;1;FAIL;100.00%	PASS	-18.03	4
PASS	TRUE;276800.00;248800.00;190600.00;238200.00;0.96;0;576;1;1;FAIL;100.00%	PASS	-11.87	5.6
PASS	TRUE;261800.00;246400.00;199400.00;238700.00;0.97;0;576;1;1;FAIL;100.00%	PASS	-13.29	0.4

GU RX RSSI test 1 [GU_RSSI_1]	GU RX RSSI 1 [GU_RSSI_1]	GU RX PER 1 [GU_RSSI_1]	GU RX RSSI test 2 [GU_RSSI_2]	GU RX RSSI 2 [GU_RSSI_2]	GU RX PER 2 [GU_RSSI_2]	GPIO/LED test 1 [GPIO_P1_0]
PASS	-11.87	3.2	PASS	-11.87	7.6	PASS
PASS	-15.18	0	PASS	-15.66	1.2	PASS
PASS	-15.66	0.4	PASS	-15.66	0.8	PASS

Custom test 1	32KHz Test	Peripheral test 1	Peripheral test current 1	Extended sleep current test	Extended sleep current
PASS	PASS	PASS	RES=[0.007038353A]. LL=[0.0000020000A]. HL=[0.200000000A].	PASS	RES=[0.001338430A]. LL=[0.0000340000A]. HL=[0.0400000000A].
PASS	PASS	PASS	RES=[0.007038353A]. LL=[0.0000020000A]. HL=[0.200000000A].	PASS	RES=[0.001338430A]. LL=[0.0000340000A]. HL=[0.0400000000A].
PASS	FAIL				

Figure 170: CSV file entries (2/4)

Table 123: CSV file entries (2/4)

Header	Value	Description
FW download 1	PASS	

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Header	Value	Description					
FW path 1	C:\SmartBond_PLT_v_4.x\executables\binaries\prod_test_ 580.bin	Production test firmware downloaded successfully to all devices. Selected firmware is C:\DA1453x_DA1468x_PLT_v_4.x\executables\binaries\prod_test_580.bin.					
FW version get 1	PASS	All devices responded to firmware version request. All of them have version					
FW version 1	v_5.0.4_PLT_v4.3	v_5.0.4_PLT_v4.3.					
GPIO watchdog [WD-P1_0]	PASS	GPIO toggling for watchdog has started. In addition, header has the name assigned to the test.					
XTAL Trim test	PASS	XTAL Trim test finished successfully. The calculated value (in decimal) is shown for					
XTAL Trim	1266	each device.					
	1237						
	1155						
Scan HCI Adv [CH37]	PASS	Scan test using advertising through HCI commands test finished successfully. Channel 37 is selected, which is also shown on the header. RSSI values, for each device are also shown.					
Scan HCI Adv RSSI	-11.39						
[CH37]	-14.71						
	-16.61						
BLE TX power test 1 [Tx Pwr 1]	PASS	Transmission power test using external BLE Tester finished successfully. In addition, header has the name assigned to the test and the BLE tester values are shown exactly as they were retrieved.					
BLE TX power 1 [Tx	TRUE;-14.25;-14.25;-14.25;0.10;0;2;PASS						
Pwr 1]	TRUE;-19.89;-19.89;-19.89;0.13;0;2;PASS						
	TRUE;-9.76;-9.76;-9.76;0.08;0;2;PASS						
BLE TX offset test 1 [Freq Offs 1]	PASS	Transmission offset test using external BLE Tester finished successfully. In addition, header has the name assigned to the test and the BLE tester values are					
BLE TX offset 1 [Freq Offs 1]	TRUE;-2.500e+003;2.800e+003;-7.800e+003;-7646;- 9.0e+003;-9.0e+003;0;2;PASS;-7646	shown exactly as they were retrieved.					
	TRUE;-1.500e+003;3.200e+003;-6.800e+003;5945;- 6.0e+003;-6.0e+003;0;2;PASS;-1054						

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Header	Value	Description				
	TRUE;4.000e+002;5.900e+003;-3.700e+003;-6009;- 8.0e+003;-8.0e+003;0;2;PASS;1756					
BLE TX modulation test 1 [Mod Idx 1]	PASS	Transmission modulation index test using external BLE Tester finished successfully. In addition, header has the name assigned to the test and the BLE tester values are shown exactly as they were retrieved.				
BLE TX modulation 1 [Mod Idx 1]	TRUE;282100.00;249100.00;200700.00;248700.00;1.00;0; 576;1;1;FAIL;100.00% TRUE;276800.00;248800.00;190600.00;238200.00;0.96;0; 576;1;1;FAIL;100.00% TRUE;261800.00;246400.00;199400.00;238700.00;0.97;0; 576;1;1;FAIL;100.00%					
BLE RX RSSI test 1 [Rx sens 1]	PASS	Reception test using external BLE Tester finished successfully. In addition, header has the name assigned to the test and the RSSI and packet error				
BLE RX RSSI 1 [Rx sens 1]	-18.03 -11.87 -13.29	rate for each device are shown.				
BLE RX PER 1 [Rx sens 1]	4 5.6 0.4					
GU RX RSSI test 1 [GU_RSSI_1]	PASS	Reception test 1 using the Golden Unit finished successfully. In addition, header has the name assigned to the test and the RSSI and packet error				
GU RX RSSI 1 [GU_RSSI_1]	-11.87 -15.18 -15.66	rate for each device are shown.				
GU RX PER 1 [GU_RSSI_1]	3.2 0 0.4					
GU RX RSSI test 2 [GU_RSSI_2]	PASS	Reception test 2 using the Golden Unit finished successfully.				

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Header	Value	Description
GU RX RSSI 2 [GU_RSSI_2]	-11.87 -15.66 -15.66	In addition, header has the name assigned to the test and the RSSI and packet error rate for each device are shown.
GU RX PER 2 [GU_RSSI_2]	7.6 1.2 0.8	
GPIO/LED test 1 [GPIO_P1_0]	PASS	GPIO\LED toggling test finished successfully.
Custom test 1	PASS	Custom test finished successfully.
External 32kHz test	Devices 1-2: PASS Device 3: FAIL	External 32kHz test finished successfully for devices 1 and 2. In this test, device #3 failed . Since device 3 failed on this test, it will not continue with the remaining tests, meaning that the entries for device 3 will be blank.
Peripheral test 1	PASS	Current measurement for peripherals test finished successfully. Only one test was
Peripheral test current 1	RES=[0.007038353A]. LL=[0.0000020000A]. HL=[0.200000000A]. RES=[0.007038353A]. LL=[0.0000020000A]. HL=[0.2000000000A].	active. The limits used and the value measured are shown. These values are for all active devices, in this case for two devices, devices 1 and 2.
Extended sleep current test	PASS	Current measurement during extended sleep test finished successfully. The limits used and the value measured are shown. These values are for all active devices, in
Extended sleep current	RES=[0.001338430A]. LL=[0.0000340000A]. HL=[0.0400000000A]. RES=[0.001338430A]. LL=[0.0000340000A]. HL=[0.0400000000A].	this case for two devices, devices 1 and 2.

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W.4 CSV log file entries 3/4

The third part of the CSV Log file contains the memory programming entries, as shown in Figure 171 and explained in Table 124.

FW download 2	FW pat	h 2			FW vers	ion get 2	FW versi	on 2	GPIO Watc	hdog mem [WD-P1_(] SPI init	SPI erase 1 [SPI ER 1]	SPI empty 1 [SPI ER 1]
PASS	C:\DA1458x_DA1468x_PLT_v_4.x\executables\binaries\flash_programmer_580.bin			PASS		v_5.0.4_F	LT_v4.3	PASS		PASS	PASS	PASS	
PASS	C:\DA1458x_DA1468x_PLT_v_4.x\executables\binaries\flash_programmer_580.bin			PASS		v_5.0.4_F	LT_v4.3	PASS		PASS	PASS	PASS	
SPI burn 1 [SPI	WR 1]	SPI image 1 [SPI WR 1]	Custom memory burn	Custom memo	ry data	OTP BDA	rd/cmp	OTP BD	A read	SPI Memory read 1	[SPI @80	00] SPI Memory rea	d data 1 [SPI @8000]
PASS		binaries\prox_reporter_580.bin	PASS	112	2334455	PASS		80:80:80	A0:00:00:0	PASS			1122334455
PASS		binaries\prox_reporter_580.bin	PASS	112	2334455	FAIL		00:00:00	0:00:00:00				

Figure 171: CSV file entries (3/4)

Table 124: CSV file entries (3/4)

Header	Value	Description
FW download 2	PASS	Production test firmware downloaded successfully to all devices. Selected firmware is
FW path 2	C:\DA1453x_DA1468x_PLT_v_4.x\ex ecutables\binaries\prod_test_580.bin	C:\DA1453x_DA1468x_PLT_v_4.x\executables\binaries\prod_test_580.bin.
FW version get 2	PASS	All devices responded to firmware version request. All of them have version
FW version 2	v_5.0.4_PLT_v4.3	v_5.0.4_PLT_v4.3.
GPIO watchdog [WD- P1_0]	PASS	GPIO toggling for watchdog has started. In addition, header has the name assigned to the test.
SPI init	PASS	SPI flash initialization procedure completed successfully.
SPI erase 1 [SPI ER 1]	PASS	SPI flash erase procedure completed successfully. Only one test is active. In addition, header has the name assigned to the test.
SPI empty 1 [SPI ER 1]	PASS	SPI flash check for empty contents procedure completed successfully. Only one test is active. In addition, header has the name assigned to the test.
SPI burn 1 [SPI WR 1]	PASS	

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Header	Value	Description
SPI image 1 [SPI WR 1]	binaries\prox_reporter_580.bin binaries\prox_reporter_580.bin	Production test firmware downloaded successfully to all devices. Selected firmware is C:\DA1453x_DA1468x_PLT_v_4.x\executables\binaries\prod_test_580.bin.
Custom memory burn	PASS	Custom memory data write procedure completed successfully. Data written were 1122334455.
Custom memory data	1122334455 1122334455	
OTP BDA rd/cmp	Device 1: PASS Device 2: FAIL	OTP read and compared test completed successfully for both devices, but the contents of device 2 did not match the assigned BD address, resulting to failure for device 2. Assigned BD address for device
OTP BDA read	80:80:80:00:00:0A 00:00:00:00:00:00	2 was 80:80:80:00:00:0B and the contents of the OTP header were 00:00:00:00:00:00. Device1 BD address assigned and OTP header contents were both 80:80:80:00:00:0A. Since device 2 failed on this test, it will not continue with the remaining tests, meaning that the entries for device 2 will be blank.
SPI Memory read 1 [SPI @8000]	PASS	Read data from SPI Flash memory completed successfully. Only one test was active. Data read back were 1122334455. The memory and address are the as those in Custom memory write, resulting to
SPI Memory read data 1 [SPI @8000]	1122334455	same contents. In addition, header has the name assigned to the test.

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W.5 CSV log file entries 4/4

The last part of the CSV Log file contains the scan test entry, as shown in Figure 172 and explained in Table 125.

Scan
PASS

Figure 172: CSV file entries (4/4)

Table 125: CSV file entries (4/4)

Header	Value	Description
Scan	PASS	Scan test for device 1 has finished successfully.



Appendix X DUT Status Codes

Table 126 contains all the possible status codes a DUT can have, followed by a brief description. The table categorizes the status based on the various states of the DUT during testing and programming.

Table 126: DUT status codes

Status	Description
Generic	
DUT_NOT_ACTIVE	Device is not active.
DUT_INTERNAL_SYSTEM_ERROR	Internal system error.
DUT_COM_PORT_IDENTIFY_STARTE D	COM port identification started.
DUT_COM_PORT_IDENTIFY_OK	COM port identified successfully.
DUT_COM_PORT_IDENTIFY_FAILED	COM port identification failed.
DUT_GU_ERROR	Error occurred due to a Golden Unit failure. Check the Golden unit status for more information.
COM port enumeration	
DUT_PDLL_UART_LOOP_INIT	UART loop test initialized.
DUT_PDLL_UART_LOOP_START	UART loop test start.
DUT_PDLL_UART_LOOP_OK	UART loop test ended successfully.
DUT_PDLL_UART_LOOP_FAILED	UART loop test failed.
Temperature measurement	
DUT_TEMPERATURE_MEASUREMENT_ INIT	Temperature measurement initialized.
DUT_TEMPERATURE_MEASUREMENT_ OK	Temperature measurement finished successfully.
DUT_TEMPERATURE_MEASUREMENT_ ERROR	Temperature measurement error.
Production test - Generic errors	
DUT_PDLL_NO_ERROR	PDLL returned success.
DUT_PDLL_PARAMS_ERROR	PDLL Device parameters contain errors.
DUT_PDLL_RX_TIMEOUT	Device did not reply on a PDLL message request.
DUT_PDLL_TX_TIMEOUT	Sending a message to the device failed due to Tx timeout.
DUT_PDLL_UNEXPECTED_EVENT	Received an unexpected message from the device.
DUT_PDLL_CANNOT_ALLOCATE_MEM ORY	PDLL cannot allocate memory.
DUT_PDLL_INTERNAL_ERROR	PDLL internal system error.
DUT_PDLL_THREAD_CREATION_ERR OR	PDLL thread creation error.
DUT_PDLL_INVALID_DBG_PARAMS	PDLL debug library (dbg_dll.dll) access error.
DUT_PDLL_DBG_DLL_ERROR	PDLL invalid debug library (dbg_dll.dll) parameters.
DUT_PDLL_HCI_STANDARD_ERROR	HCI error.
Production test - COM port	

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Status	Description
DUT_PDLL_COM_PORT_START	PDLL Device COM port open started.
DUT_PDLL_COM_PORT_OK	PDLL Device COM port opened successfully.
DUT_PDLL_COM_PORT_FAILED	PDLL Device COM port failed.
Production test - UART resync	
DUT_PDLL_UART_RESYNC_INIT	UART resync process initialized.
DUT_PDLL_UART_RESYNC_START	UART resync process started.
DUT_PDLL_UART_RESYNC_OK	UART resync process completed successfully.
DUT_PDLL_UART_RESYNC_FAILED	UART resync process failed.
Production test - Firmware version	
DUT_PDLL_FW_VERSION_GET_STAR T	PDLL Device Firmware version acquisition started.
DUT_PDLL_FW_VERSION_GET_OK	PDLL Device Firmware version acquisition completed successfully.
DUT_PDLL_FW_VERSION_GET_FAIL ED	PDLL Device Firmware version acquisition failed.
Production test – GPIO watchdog	
DUT_PDLL_GPIO_WD_INIT	GPIO watchdog operation initialized.
DUT_PDLL_GPIO_WD_START	GPIO watchdog operation started.
DUT_PDLL_GPIO_WD_OK	GPIO watchdog operation ended successfully.
DUT_PDLL_GPIO_WD_FAILED	GPIO watchdog operation failed.
Production test – OTP timestamp read	
DUT_PDLL_OTP_TIMESTAMP_RD_IN IT	Initialize timestamp read from the OTP.
DUT_PDLL_OTP_TIMESTAMP_RD_ST ART	OTP timestamp read operation started.
DUT_PDLL_OTP_TIMESTAMP_RD_OK	OTP timestamp read operation ended successfully.
DUT_PDLL_OTP_TIMESTAMP_RD_FA ILED	OTP timestamp read operation failed.
Production test – VBAT level read	
DUT_PDLL_ADC_VBAT_INIT	Initialize VBAT level read using internal ADC.
DUT_PDLL_ADC_VBAT_START	VBAT level read operation started.
DUT_PDLL_ADC_VBAT_OK	VBAT level read operation ended successfully.
DUT_PDLL_ADC_VBAT_FAILED	VBAT level read operation failed.
Production test – DC-DC level test	
DUT_PDLL_DC_LEVEL_INIT	Initialize DC-DC level test, by reading voltage using internal ADC.
DUT_PDLL_DC_LEVEL_START	DC-DC level test operation started.
DUT_PDLL_DC_LEVEL_OK	DC-DC level test operation ended successfully.
DUT_PDLL_DC_LEVEL_FAILED	DC-DC level test operation failed. Cannot read voltage
DUT_PDLL_DC_LEVEL_LIMITS_PAS SED	DC-DC level is outside user defined limits. Test failed.
DUT_PDLL_DC_LEVEL_LIMITS_FAI LED	DC-DC level is inside user defined limits. Test passed.

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Status	Description
Production test – TX power level set	
DUT_PDLL_SET_TX_PWR_INIT	Initialize TX power set operation.
DUT_PDLL_SET_TX_PWR_START	TX power set operation started.
DUT_PDLL_SET_TX_PWR_OK	TX power set operation ended successfully.
DUT_PDLL_SET_TX_PWR_FAILED	TX power set operation failed.
Production test – Reset mode selection (DA1453x)	
DUT_PDLL_RESET_MODE_INIT	Reset mode set operation initialized.
DUT_PDLL_RESET_MODE_START	Reset mode set operation started.
DUT_PDLL_RESET_MODE_OK	Reset mode set operation ended successfully.
DUT_PDLL_RESET_MODE_FAILED	Reset mode set operation failed.
Production test - Current measurem	lent test
DUT_SLEEP_CURRENT_MEASURE_IN IT	Sleep current measurement test initialized.
DUT_SLEEP_CURRENT_MEASURE_ST ART	Sleep current measurement test start.
DUT_SLEEP_DEVICE_SLEPT_OK	Sleep current measurement device mode set successfully.
DUT_SLEEP_CURRENT_MEASURE_ER ROR	Sleep current measurement test error.
DUT_SLEEP_CURRENT_MEASURE_PA SSED	Sleep current measurement test passed.
DUT_SLEEP_CURRENT_MEASURE_FA ILED	Sleep current measurement test failed.
DUT_PDLL_PERIPH_AMMETER_TEST INIT	Peripheral current measurement test initialized.
DUT_PDLL_PERIPH_AMMETER_TEST START	Peripheral current measurement test start.
DUT_PDLL_PERIPH_AMMETER_TEST _ERROR	Peripheral current measurement test error.
DUT_PDLL_PERIPH_AMMETER_TEST PASSED	Peripheral current measurement test passed.
DUT_PDLL_PERIPH_AMMETER_TEST _FAILED	Peripheral current measurement test failed.
Production test – Sleep Clock Source	
DUT_PDLL_SLEEP_CLK_SRC_INIT	Sleep Clock source test operation initialized.
DUT_PDLL_SLEEP_CLK_SRC_START	Sleep Clock source test operation started.
DUT_PDLL_SLEEP_CLK_SRC_OK	Sleep Clock source test operation ended successfully.
DUT_PDLL_SLEEP_CLK_SRC_FAILE D	Sleep Clock source test operation failed.
Production test – External 32 kHz	
DUT_PDLL_EXT32KHz_TEST_INIT	External 32kHz test operation initialized.
DUT_PDLL_EXT32KHz_TEST_START	External 32kHz test operation started.
DUT_PDLL_EXT32KHz_TEST_OK	External 32kHz test operation ended successfully.
DUT_PDLL_EXT32KHz_TEST_FAILE D	External 32kHz test operation failed.

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Status	Description
Production test - XTAL trim	
DUT_PDLL_XTAL_TRIM_INIT	XTAL trim operation initialized.
DUT_PDLL_XTAL_TRIM_START	XTAL trim operation started.
DUT_PDLL_XTAL_TRIM_OK	XTAL trim operation ended successfully.
DUT_PDLL_XTAL_TRIM_OUT_OF_RA NGE	XTAL trim failed. Input frequency is out of range.
DUT_PDLL_XTAL_TRIM_FREQ_CAL_ NOT_CONNECTED	XTAL trim could not be performed. Could not detect external input frequency.
DUT_PDLL_XTAL_TRIM_OTP_WRITE _FAILED	XTAL trim failed. Could not write the calculated value to the OTP header.
DUT_PDLL_XTAL_TRIM_FAILED	XTAL trim failed.
Read value written in OTP	
DUT_PDLL_OTP_XTAL_TRIM_READ_ INIT	OTP XTAL trim read operation initialized.
DUT_PDLL_OTP_XTAL_TRIM_READ_ START	OTP XTAL trim read operation started.
DUT_PDLL_OTP_XTAL_TRIM_READ_ OK	OTP XTAL trim read operation ended successfully.
DUT_PDLL_OTP_XTAL_TRIM_READ_ FAILED	OTP XTAL trim read operation failed.
Read register value	
DUT_PDLL_XTAL_TRIM_READ_INIT	XTAL trim value read initialized.
DUT_PDLL_XTAL_TRIM_READ_STAR T	XTAL trim value read started.
DUT_PDLL_XTAL_TRIM_READ_OK	XTAL trim value read success.
DUT_PDLL_XTAL_TRIM_READ_FAIL ED	XTAL trim value read failed.
Production test - Golden Unit RSSI	
DUT_PDLL_GU_RF_RX_TEST_PASSE D	Golden Unit RF RX packet test passed.
DUT_PDLL_GU_RF_RX_TEST_FAILE D	Golden Unit RF RX packet test failed.
DUT start packet RX	
DUT_PDLL_PKT_RX_STATS_START_ INIT	RF RX packet test with statistics start initialized.
DUT_PDLL_PKT_RX_STATS_START	RF RX packet test with statistics start.
DUT_PDLL_PKT_RX_STATS_STARTE D_OK	RF RX packet test with statistics started successfully.
DUT_PDLL_PKT_RX_STATS_START_ FAILED	RF RX packet test with statistics started failed.
DUT stop packet RX	
DUT_PDLL_PKT_RX_STATS_STOP_I NIT	RF RX packet test with statistics stop initialized.
DUT_PDLL_PKT_RX_STATS_STOP_S TART	RF RX packet test with statistics stop.
DUT_PDLL_PKT_RX_STATS_STOPPE D_OK	RF RX packet test with statistics stopped successfully.



Status	Description
DUT_PDLL_PKT_RX_STATS_STOP_F	RF RX packet test with statistics stop failed.
AILED	
DUT_BLE_TESTER_TX_PWR_PASSED	BLE tester TX power test passed.
DUT_BLE_TESTER_TX_PWR_FAILED	BLE tester TX power test failed.
TX carrier offset measure	
DUT_BLE_TESTER_TX_OFFS_PASSE D	BLE tester TX frequency offset test passed.
DUT_BLE_TESTER_TX_OFFS_FAILE D	BLE tester TX frequency offset test failed.
TX modulation index measure	
DUT_BLE_TESTER_TX_MOD_IDX_PA SSED	BLE tester TX modulation index test passed.
DUT_BLE_TESTER_TX_MOD_IDX_FA ILED	BLE tester TX modulation index test failed.
RX sensitivity test	
DUT_BLE_TESTER_RX_TEST_PASSE D	BLE tester RX sensitivity test passed.
DUT_BLE_TESTER_RX_TEST_FAILE D	BLE tester RX sensitivity test failed.
DUT packet transaction	
DUT_PDLL_PKT_TX_START_INIT	RF packet TX initialized.
DUT_PDLL_PKT_TX_START	RF packet TX start.
DUT_PDLL_PKT_TX_STARTED_OK	RF packet TX started successfully.
DUT_PDLL_PKT_TX_STARTED_FAIL ED	RF packet TX failed to start.
DUT_PDLL_PKT_TX_ENDED_START	RF packet TX ended successfully.
DUT_PDLL_PKT_TX_ENDED_OK	RF packet TX end initiated.
DUT_PDLL_PKT_TX_ENDED_FAILED	RF packet TX failed to end.
Production test - Scan with HCI BLE	advertisements test
DUT_PDLL_BLE_HCI_ADV_START_I NIT	BLE HCI advertise start initialized.
DUT_PDLL_BLE_HCI_ADV_START	BLE HCI advertise start started.
DUT_PDLL_BLE_HCI_ADV_START_O K	BLE HCI advertise start success.
DUT_PDLL_BLE_HCI_ADV_START_F AILED	BLE HCI advertise start failed.
DUT_PDLL_BLE_HCI_ADV_STOP_IN IT	BLE HCI advertise stop initialized.
DUT_PDLL_BLE_HCI_ADV_STOP_ST ART	BLE HCI advertise stop started.
DUT_PDLL_BLE_HCI_ADV_STOPPED _OK	BLE HCI advertise stop success.
DUT_PDLL_BLE_HCI_ADV_STOP_FA ILED	BLE HCI advertise stop failed.
DUT_PDLL_BLE_HCI_ADV_SCAN_ST ART	BLE HCI advertise scan started.

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Status	Description
DUT_PDLL_BLE_HCI_ADV_NOT_YET FOUND	BLE HCI advertise not yet found.
DUT_PDLL_BLE_HCI_ADV_FOUND	BLE HCI advertise found.
DUT_PDLL_BLE_HCI_ADV_RSSI_FA	BLE HCI advertise RSSI failed.
DUT PDLL BLE HCI ADV FAILED	BLE HCI advertise failed.
Production test – Range extender te	st
DUT_PDLL_RANGE_EXT_EN_INIT	Range extender test enable initialization.
DUT_PDLL_RANGE_EXT_EN_START	Range extender test enable start.
DUT_PDLL_RANGE_EXT_EN_ERROR	Range extender test enable error.
DUT_PDLL_RANGE_EXT_EN_OK	Range extender test enable ended successfully.
DUT_PDLL_RANGE_EXT_EN_FAILED	Range extender test enable failed.
Production test - GPIO/LED test	
DUT_PDLL_GPIO_TOGGLE_INIT	GPIO-LED test operation initialized.
DUT_PDLL_GPIO_TOGGLE_START	GPIO-LED test operation start.
DUT_PDLL_GPIO_TOGGLE_FINISHE D OK	GPIO-LED test operation completed successfully.
DUT_PDLL_GPIO_TOGGLE_ERROR	GPIO-LED test operation error.
DUT_PDLL_GPIO_TOGGLE_FAILED	GPIO-LED test operation failed.
DUT_PDLL_GPIO_TOGGLE_PASSED	GPIO-LED test operation passed.
Production test – GPIO connection t	est
DUT_PDLL_GPIO_CONNECTION_INI T	GPIO Connection test operation initialized.
DUT_PDLL_GPIO_SET_START	GPIO Connection test set operation start.
DUT_PDLL_GPIO_SET_ERROR	GPIO Connection test set operation error.
DUT_PDLL_GPIO_SET_FINISHED_O K	GPIO Connection test set operation success.
DUT_PDLL_GPIO_GET_START	GPIO Connection test get operation start.
DUT_PDLL_GPIO_GET_ERROR	GPIO Connection test get operation passed.
DUT_PDLL_GPIO_GET_FINISHED_O K	GPIO Connection test get operation success.
DUT_PDLL_GPIO_CONNECTION_ERR OR	GPIO Connection test operation error.
DUT_PDLL_GPIO_CONNECTION_FAI LED	GPIO Connection test operation failed.
DUT_PDLL_GPIO_CONNECTION_PAS SED	GPIO Connection test operation completed successfully.
Production test - Audio test	
DUT_PDLL_AUDIO_TEST_START_IN IT	Audio test start action initialized.
DUT_PDLL_AUDIO_TEST_START	Audio test action start.
DUT_PDLL_AUDIO_TEST_ALREADY_ ACTIVE	Audio test is already active.
DUT_PDLL_AUDIO_TEST_STARTED_ OK	Audio test action started successfully.

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Status	Description
DUT_PDLL_AUDIO_TEST_START_FA	Audio test start action failed.
ILED	
DUT_PDLL_AUDIO_TEST_STOP_INI T	Audio test stop action initialized.
DUT_PDLL_AUDIO_TEST_STOP	Audio test stop action started.
DUT_PDLL_AUDIO_TEST_STOPPED_ OK	Audio test stop action completed successfully.
DUT_PDLL_AUDIO_TEST_STOP_FAI LED	Audio test stop action failed.
DUT_PDLL_AUDIO_TEST_PASSED	Audio test passed.
DUT_PDLL_AUDIO_TEST_FAILED	Audio test failed.
DUT_PDLL_AUDIO_TEST_INVALID_ COMMAND	Audio test invalid command.
Production test - Sensor test	
DUT_PDLL_SENSOR_TEST_INIT	Sensor test action initialized.
DUT_PDLL_SENSOR_TEST_START	Sensor test action start.
DUT_PDLL_SENSOR_TEST_OK	Sensor test action ended successfully.
DUT_PDLL_SENSOR_TEST_FAILED	Sensor test action failed.
DUT_PDLL_SENSOR_TEST_DATA_MA TCH_OK	Sensor test action data matched.
DUT_PDLL_SENSOR_TEST_DATA_MA TCH_FAILED	Sensor test action data match failure.
Production test - Custom action test	t
DUT_PDLL_CUSTOM_ACTION_INIT	Custom test action initialized.
DUT_PDLL_CUSTOM_ACTION_START	Custom test action start.
DUT_PDLL_CUSTOM_ACTION_OK	Custom test action ended successfully.
DUT_PDLL_CUSTOM_ACTION_FAILE D	Custom test action failed.
DUT_PDLL_CUSTOM_ACTION_DATA_ MATCH_OK	Custom test action data matched.
DUT_PDLL_CUSTOM_ACTION_DATA_ MATCH_FAILED	Custom test action data match failure.
Production test - ADC calibration te	st
DUT_PDLL_ADC_CALIB_INIT	ADC calibration process. Initializing process.
DUT_PDLL_ADC_CALIB_VBAT_RD_S TART	ADC calibration process. Start reading VBAT voltage using the external voltage meter instrument.
DUT_PDLL_ADC_CALIB_VBAT_RD_O K	ADC calibration process. VBAT voltage read ended successfully.
DUT_PDLL_ADC_CALIB_VBAT_RD_F AILED	ADC calibration process. VBAT voltage read failed.
DUT_PDLL_ADC_CALIB_DUT_RD_IN IT	ADC calibration process. Initialize reading device ADC samples.
DUT_PDLL_ADC_CALIB_DUT_RD_ST ART	ADC calibration process. Start reading device ADC samples.
DUT_PDLL_ADC_CALIB_DUT_RD_OK	ADC calibration process. Device ADC samples read success.
DUT_PDLL_ADC_CALIB_DUT_RD_FA	ADC calibration process. Device ADC samples read failed.
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Status	Description
DUT_PDLL_ADC_CALIB_OK	ADC calibration process ended successfully.
DUT_PDLL_ADC_CALIB_FAILED	ADC calibration process failed.
Production test - Scan test	
DUT_PDLL_BLE_SCAN_INIT	Scan operation initialized.
DUT_PDLL_BLE_SCAN_START	Scan operation start.
DUT_PDLL_BLE_SCAN_NOT_YET_FO UND	Scan operation. DUT has not been found yet.
DUT_PDLL_BLE_SCAN_FOUND	Scan operation completed successfully. DUT was found.
DUT_PDLL_BLE_SCAN_FAILED	Scan operation failed. DUT was not found.
DUT_PDLL_BLE_SCAN_RSSI_FAILE D	Scan operation failed. RSSI level is outside user defined limits.
Memory programming - Generic erro	ors
DUT_UDLL_SUCCESS	UDLL returned success.
DUT_UDLL_ACTION_RESPONSE_ERR OR	UDLL device responded with error.
DUT_UDLL_UART_RX_TIMEOUT_ERR OR	UDLL UART RX timeout. Cannot communicate with the DUT or DUT is not present.
DUT_UDLL_NO_CRC_MATCH_ERROR	UDLL CRC match error.
DUT_UDLL_PROG_PARAMS_ERROR	UDLL programming parameter error.
DUT_UDLL_DEVICE_PARAMS_ERROR	UDLL device parameter error.
DUT_UDLL_UART_WRITE_ERROR	UDLL UART write returned error.
DUT_UDLL_UART_READ_ERROR	UDLL UART read returned error.
DUT_UDLL_INTERNAL_ERROR	UDLL internal error.
DUT_UDLL_COM_PORT_INIT_ERROR	UDLL COM port initialization error.
DUT_UDLL_COM_PORT_ERROR	UDLL COM port error.
DUT_UDLL_CANNOT_ALLOCATE_MEM ORY	UDLL cannot allocate memory.
DUT_UDLL_READ_FILE_SIZE_ERRO R	UDLL read file size error.
DUT_UDLL_CANNOT_OPEN_FW_FILE	UDLL cannot open firmware file.
DUT_UDLL_CANNOT_OPEN_IMAGE_F ILE	UDLL cannot open image file.
DUT_UDLL_UART_PINS_PATCH_ERR OR	UDLL cannot patch the UART pins into the firmware file.
DUT_UDLL_INVALID_DBG_PARAMS	UDLL invalid debug library (dbg_dll.dll) parameters.
DUT_UDLL_DBG_DLL_ERROR	UDLL debug library (dbg_dll.dll) access error.
Firmware download	
DUT_UDLL_FW_DOWNLOAD_INIT	UDLL firmware download initialized.
DUT_UDLL_FW_DOWNLOAD_STARTED	UDLL firmware download started successfully.
DUT_UDLL_FW_DOWNLOAD_RETRY	UDLL firmware download retry.
DUT_UDLL_FW_DOWNLOAD_OK	UDLL firmware downloaded successfully.
DUT_UDLL_FW_DOWNLOAD_FAILED	UDLL firmware download failed.

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Status	Description	
Memory programming - Firmware ve	ersion	
DUT_UDLL_FW_VER_GET_INIT	UDLL device firmware version acquisition initialized	
DUT_UDLL_FW_VER_GET_STARTED	UDLL device firmware version acquisition started.	
DUT_UDLL_FW_VER_GET_OK	UDLL device firmware version acquisition completed succ	cessfully.
DUT_UDLL_FW_VER_GET_FAILED	UDLL device Firmware version acquisition failed.	
Memory programming – GPIO watch	ldog	
DUT_UDLL_GPIO_WD_INIT	UDLL GPIO watchdog operation initialized.	
DUT_UDLL_GPIO_WD_STARTEDs	UDLL GPIO watchdog operation started.	
DUT_UDLL_GPIO_WD_OK	UDLL GPIO watchdog operation ended successfully.	
DUT_UDLL_GPIO_WD_FAILED	UDLL GPIO watchdog operation failed.	
Memory programming – RAM firmwa	are download	
DUT_UDLL_RAM_FW_DOWNLOAD_INI T	UDLL firmware download to RAM initialized	
DUT_UDLL_RAM_FW_DOWNLOAD_STA RTED	UDLL firmware download to RAM started.	
DUT_UDLL_RAM_FW_DOWNLOAD_OK	UDLL firmware download to RAM completed successfully	<i>.</i>
DUT_UDLL_RAM_FW_DOWNLOAD_FAI LED	UDLL firmware download to RAM failed.	
Memory programming - OTP image	write	
DUT_UDLL_OTP_IMG_WR_INIT	OTP image write operation initialized.	
DUT_UDLL_OTP_IMG_WR_STARTED	OTP image write operation started.	
DUT_UDLL_OTP_IMG_WR_OK	OTP image write operation ended successfully.	
DUT_UDLL_OTP_IMG_WR_FAILED	OTP image write operation failed.	
Memory programming - BD address	write to OTP memory	
DUT_UDLL_OTP_BDA_WR_INIT	OTP BD address write operation initialized.	
DUT_UDLL_OTP_BDA_WR_STARTED	OTP BD address write operation started.	
DUT_UDLL_OTP_BDA_WR_OK	OTP BD address write operation ended successfully.	
DUT_UDLL_OTP_BDA_WR_FAILED	OTP BD address write operation failed.	
Memory programming - BD address	read/compare to OTP memory	
DUT_UDLL_OTP_BDA_RD_INIT	OTP BD address read operation initialized.	
DUT_UDLL_OTP_BDA_RD_STARTED	OTP BD address read operation started.	
DUT_UDLL_OTP_BDA_RD_OK	OTP BD address read operation ended successfully.	
DUT_UDLL_OTP_BDA_RD_FAILED	OTP BD address read operation failed.	
DUT_UDLL_OTP_BDA_CMP_OK	OTP BD address comparison success.	
DUT_UDLL_OTP_BDA_CMP_FAILED	OTP BD address comparison failed. No match.	
Memory programming - XTAL trim v	alue write to OTP memory	
DUT_UDLL_OTP_XTAL_TRIM_WR_IN IT	OTP XTAL trim value write operation initialized.	
DUT_UDLL_OTP_XTAL_TRIM_WR_ST ARTED	OTP XTAL trim value write operation started.	
DUT_UDLL_OTP_XTAL_TRIM_WR_OK	OTP XTAL trim value write operation ended successfully.	·
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Status	Description		
DUT_UDLL_OTP_XTAL_TRIM_WR_FA ILED	OTP XTAL trim value write operation failed.		
	Memory programming - ADC calibration value write to OTP memory		
DUT_UDLL_OTP_ADC_CALIB_WR_IN IT	OTP ADC calibration value write operation initialized.		
DUT_UDLL_OTP_ADC_CALIB_WR_ST ARTED	OTP ADC calibration value write operation started.		
DUT_UDLL_OTP_ADC_CALIB_WR_OK	OTP ADC calibration value write operation ended successfully.		
DUT_UDLL_OTP_ADC_CALIB_WR_FA ILED	OTP ADC calibration value write operation failed.		
Memory programming - OTP header	write		
DUT_UDLL_OTP_HDR_WR_INIT	OTP header write operation initialized.		
DUT_UDLL_OTP_HDR_WR_STARTED	OTP header write operation started.		
DUT_UDLL_OTP_HDR_WR_OK	OTP header write operation ended successfully.		
DUT_UDLL_OTP_HDR_WR_FAILED	OTP header write operation failed.		
Memory programming - OTP custon	ner field write		
DUT_UDLL_OTP_CUSTOMER_FIELD_ WR INIT	OTP customer field write operation initialized.		
DUT_UDLL_OTP_CUSTOMER_FIELD_ WR_STARTED	OTP customer field write operation started.		
DUT_UDLL_OTP_CUSTOMER_FIELD_ WR OK	OTP customer field write operation ended successfully.		
DUT_UDLL_OTP_CUSTOMER_FIELD_ WR_FAILED	OTP customer field write operation failed.		
Memory programming - OTP configu	uration script write		
DUT_UDLL_OTP_CFG_SCRIPT_INIT	OTP configuration script field write operation initialized.		
DUT_UDLL_OTP_CFG_SCRIPT_STAR TED	OTP configuration script field write operation started.		
DUT_UDLL_OTP_CFG_SCRIPT_STAT US	OTP configuration script field write status update of progress.		
DUT_UDLL_OTP_CFG_SCRIPT_OK	OTP configuration script field write operation ended successfully.		
DUT_UDLL_OTP_CFG_SCRIPT_FAIL ED	OTP configuration script field write operation failed.		
Memory programming - OTP memor	y check-empty operation		
DUT_UDLL_OTP_CHECK_EMPTY_INI T	Operation to check whether the OTP field to burn is empty initialized.		
DUT_UDLL_OTP_CHECK_EMPTY_STA RTED	Operation to check whether the OTP field to burn is empty started.		
DUT_UDLL_OTP_CHECK_EMPTY_OK	The OTP field to burn is empty.		
DUT_UDLL_OTP_CHECK_SAME_DATA _OK	The OTP field contains the same data as the ones to burn.		
DUT_UDLL_OTP_CHECK_SKIP_WRIT E	The OTP field is already written with data. No new data will be written. It will continue without errors.		
DUT_UDLL_OTP_CHECK_EMPTY_FAI LED	The OTP field is already burned with data.		
Memory programming - SPI initialization			
DUT_UDLL_SPI_INIT_INIT	SPI initialization operation initialized.		



Status	Description	
DUT_UDLL_SPI_INIT_STARTED	SPI initialization operation started.	
DUT_UDLL_SPI_INIT_OK	SPI initialization operation ended successfully.	
DUT_UDLL_SPI_INIT_FAILED	SPI initialization operation failed.	
Memory programming - SPI memory	y erase	
DUT_UDLL_SPI_ERASE_INIT	SPI erase operation initialized.	
DUT_UDLL_SPI_ERASE_STARTED	SPI erase operation started.	
DUT_UDLL_SPI_ERASE_OK	SPI erase operation ended successfully.	
DUT_UDLL_SPI_ERASE_FAILED	SPI erase operation failed.	
Memory programming - SPI memory	y check empty	
DUT_UDLL_SPI_CHECK_EMPTY_INI T	SPI check if empty operation initialized.	
DUT_UDLL_SPI_CHECK_EMPTY_STA RTED	SPI check if empty operation started,	
DUT_UDLL_SPI_CHECK_EMPTY_OK	SPI check if empty operation ended successfully,	
DUT_UDLL_SPI_CHECK_EMPTY_FAI LED	SPI check if empty operation failed,	
Memory programming - SPI image	write	
DUT_UDLL_SPI_IMG_WR_INIT	SPI image write operation initialized.	
DUT_UDLL_SPI_IMG_WR_STARTED	SPI image write operation started.	
DUT_UDLL_SPI_IMG_WR_OK	SPI image write operation ended successfully.	
DUT_UDLL_SPI_IMG_WR_FAILED	SPI image write operation failed.	
Memory programming - EEPROM in	itialization	
DUT_UDLL_EEPROM_INIT_INIT	EEPROM initialization operation initialized.	
DUT_UDLL_EEPROM_INIT_STARTED	EEPROM initialization operation started.	
DUT_UDLL_EEPROM_INIT_OK	EEPROM initialization operation ended successfully.	
DUT_UDLL_EEPROM_INIT_FAILED	EEPROM initialization operation failed.	
Memory programming - EEPROM in	nage write	
DUT_UDLL_EEPROM_IMG_WR_INIT	EEPROM image write operation initialized.	
DUT_UDLL_EEPROM_IMG_WR_START ED	EEPROM image write operation started.	
DUT_UDLL_EEPROM_IMG_WR_OK	EEPROM image write operation ended successfully.	
DUT_UDLL_EEPROM_IMG_WR_FAILE D	EEPROM image write operation failed.	
Memory programming - QSPI memo	bry initialization	
DUT_UDLL_QSPI_INIT_INIT	QSPI initialization operation initialized.	
DUT_UDLL_QSPI_INIT_STARTED	QSPI initialization operation started.	
DUT_UDLL_QSPI_INIT_OK	QSPI initialization operation ended successfully.	
DUT_UDLL_QSPI_INIT_FAILED	QSPI initialization operation failed.	
Memory programming - QSPI memo	ory erase	
DUT_UDLL_QSPI_ERASE_INIT	QSPI erase operation initialized.	
DUT_UDLL_QSPI_ERASE_STARTED	QSPI erase operation started.	
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Status	Description		
DUT_UDLL_QSPI_ERASE_OK	QSPI erase operation ended successfully.		
DUT_UDLL_QSPI_ERASE_FAILED	QSPI erase operation failed.		
Memory programming - QSPI memo	ry check empty		
DUT_UDLL_QSPI_CHECK_EMPTY_IN IT	QSPI check if empty operation initialized.		
DUT_UDLL_QSPI_CHECK_EMPTY_ST ARTED	QSPI check if empty operation started.		
DUT_UDLL_QSPI_CHECK_EMPTY_OK	QSPI check if empty operation ended successfully.		
DUT_UDLL_QSPI_CHECK_EMPTY_FA ILED	QSPI check if empty operation failed.		
Memory programming - QSPI image	write		
DUT_UDLL_QSPI_IMG_WR_INIT	QSPI image write operation initialized.		
DUT_UDLL_QSPI_IMG_WR_STARTED	QSPI image write operation started.		
DUT_UDLL_QSPI_IMG_WR_OK	QSPI image write operation ended successfully.		
DUT_UDLL_QSPI_IMG_WR_FAILED	QSPI image write operation failed.		
Memory programming - BD address	write to QSPI memory		
DUT_UDLL_QSPI_BDA_WR_INIT	QSPI BD address write operation initialized.		
DUT_UDLL_QSPI_BDA_WR_STARTED	QSPI BD address write operation started.		
DUT_UDLL_QSPI_BDA_WR_OK	QSPI BD address write operation ended successfully.		
DUT_UDLL_QSPI_BDA_WR_FAILED	QSPI BD address write operation failed.		
Memory programming - BD address	Memory programming - BD address read/compare to QSPI memory		
DUT_UDLL_QSPI_BDA_RD_INIT	QSPI BD address read operation initialized.		
DUT_UDLL_QSPI_BDA_RD_STARTED	QSPI BD address read operation started.		
DUT_UDLL_QSPI_BDA_RD_OK	QSPI BD address read operation ended successfully.		
DUT_UDLL_QSPI_BDA_RD_FAILED	QSPI BD address read operation failed.		
DUT_UDLL_QSPI_BDA_CMP_OK	QSPI BD address comparison success.		
DUT_UDLL_QSPI_BDA_CMP_FAILED	QSPI BD address comparison failed. No match.		
Memory programming - XTAL trim v	alue write to QSPI memory		
DUT_UDLL_QSPI_XTAL_TRIM_WR_I NIT	QSPI XTAL trim value write operation initialized.		
DUT_UDLL_QSPI_XTAL_TRIM_WR_S TARTED	QSPI XTAL trim value write operation started.		
DUT_UDLL_QSPI_XTAL_TRIM_WR_O K	QSPI XTAL trim value write operation ended successfully.		
DUT_UDLL_QSPI_XTAL_TRIM_WR_F AILED	QSPI XTAL trim value write operation failed.		
Memory programming - ADC calibra	Memory programming - ADC calibration value write to QSPI memory		
DUT_UDLL_QSPI_ADC_CALIB_WR_I NIT	QSPI ADC calibration value write operation initialized.		
DUT_UDLL_QSPI_ADC_CALIB_WR_S TARTED	QSPI ADC calibration value write operation started.		
DUT_UDLL_QSPI_ADC_CALIB_WR_O K	QSPI ADC calibration value write operation ended successfully.		
DUT_UDLL_QSPI_ADC_CALIB_WR_F AILED	QSPI ADC calibration value write operation failed.		
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Status	Description
Memory programming - Custom data memory write	
DUT_UDLL_MEM_DATA_WR_INIT	Custom memory data burn operation initialized.
DUT_UDLL_MEM_DATA_WR_STARTED	Custom memory data burn operation started.
DUT_UDLL_MEM_DATA_WR_STATUS	Custom memory data burn update interim status.
DUT_UDLL_MEM_DATA_WR_OK	Custom memory data burn operation ended successfully.
DUT_UDLL_MEM_DATA_WR_FAILED	Custom memory data burn operation failed.
Memory programming - memory read operation	
DUT_UDLL_MEM_RD_INIT	Memory read operation initialized.
DUT_UDLL_MEM_RD_STARTED	Memory read operation started.
DUT_UDLL_MEM_RD_OK	Memory read operation ended successfully.
DUT_UDLL_MEM_RD_FAILED	Memory read operation failed.

Appendix Y Golden Unit Status Codes

Table 127 contains all the possible status codes the Golden unit can have, followed by a brief description. The table categorizes the status based on the various states the Golden unit may be during testing and programming the DUTs.

Status	Description
Generic	
GU_NOT_ACTIVE	Golden Unit is not active.
GU_INTERNAL_SYSTEM_ERROR	Internal system error.
GU_COM_OPEN_OK	COM port opened successfully.
GU_COM_OPEN_FAILED	COM port failed to open
GU_PDLL_NO_ERROR	PDLL returned success.
GU_PDLL_PARAMS_ERROR	Golden Unit PDLL parameters have errors.
GU_PDLL_RX_TIMEOUT	Golden Unit did not reply on a PDLL message request. GU COM port may not be correct or it may need manual RESET.
GU_PDLL_TX_TIMEOUT	Golden Unit Tx timeout when sending a message to the device.
GU_PDLL_UNEXPECTED_EVENT	Received an unexpected message from the Golden Unit.
GU_PDLL_CANNOT_ALLOCATE_MEMORY	PDLL cannot allocate memory.
GU_PDLL_INTERNAL_ERROR	PDLL internal system error.
GU_PDLL_THREAD_CREATION_ERROR	PDLL thread creation error.
GU_PDLL_DBG_DLL_ERROR	PDLL debug library (dbg_dll.dll) access error.
GU_PDLL_INVALID_DBG_PARAMS	PDLL invalid debug library (dbg_dll.dll) parameters.
GU_PDLL_HCI_STANDARD_ERROR	Golden Unit HCI error.



Status	Description
Golden Unit reset operation	
GU_RESET_START	Golden Unit HW reset started.
GU_RESET_OK	Golden Unit HW reset OK.
GU_RESET_FAILED	Golden Unit HW reset FAILED.
Golden Unit COM port handling	
GU_PDLL_COM_PORT_INIT	Golden Unit COM port open initialized.
GU_PDLL_COM_PORT_START	Golden Unit COM port open started.
GU_PDLL_COM_PORT_OK	Golden Unit COM port opened OK.
GU_PDLL_COM_PORT_FAILED	Golden Unit COM port FAILED.
Golden Unit firmware version	
GU_PDLL_FW_VERSION_GET_START	Golden Unit PDLL firmware version acquisition started.
GU_PDLL_FW_VERSION_GET_OK	Golden Unit PDLL firmware version acquisition OK.
GU_PDLL_FW_VERSION_GET_FAILED	Golden Unit PDLL firmware version acquisition FAILED.
GU_PDLL_FW_VERSION_VALID	The Golden Unit firmware version is valid.
GU_PDLL_FW_VERSION_NOT_VALID	The Golden Unit firmware version is not valid. An upgrade may be needed.
Golden Unit CPLD control	
GU_PDLL_RDTESTER_INIT	PLT HW tester initializing.
GU_PDLL_RDTESTER_INIT_START	PLT HW tester initialize started.
GU_PDLL_RDTESTER_INIT_OK	PLT HW tester initialized successful.
GU_PDLL_RDTESTER_INIT_FAILED	PLT HW tester initialization failed.
GU_PDLL_RDTESTER_UART_CONNECT_INIT	PLT HW tester UART connection initialized.
GU_PDLL_RDTESTER_UART_CONNECT_START	PLT HW tester UART connection started.
GU_PDLL_RDTESTER_UART_CONNECT_OK	PLT HW tester UART connected successfully.
GU_PDLL_RDTESTER_UART_CONNECT_FAILED	PLT HW tester UART connection failed.
GU_PDLL_RDTESTER_UART_LOOPBACK_INIT	PLT HW tester UART loopback process initialized.
GU_PDLL_RDTESTER_UART_LOOPBACK_START	PLT HW tester UART loopback process started.
GU_PDLL_RDTESTER_UART_LOOPBACK_OK	PLT HW tester UART loopback process success.
GU_PDLL_RDTESTER_UART_LOOPBACK_FAILED	PLT HW tester UART loopback process failed.
GU_PDLL_RDTESTER_VBAT_UART_CNTRL_INIT	PLT HW tester VBAT/UART control initialized.
GU_PDLL_RDTESTER_VBAT_UART_CNTRL_START	PLT HW tester VBAT/UART control started.
GU_PDLL_RDTESTER_VBAT_UART_CNTRL_OK	PLT HW tester VBAT/UART control success.
GU_PDLL_RDTESTER_VBAT_UART_CNTRL_FAILED	PLT HW tester VBAT/UART control failed.
GU_PDLL_RDTESTER_VBAT_UART_RST_CNTRL_INIT	PLT HW tester VBAT/UART/Reset control initialized.
GU_PDLL_RDTESTER_VBAT_UART_RST_CNTRL_START	PLT HW tester VBAT/UART/Reset control started.
GU_PDLL_RDTESTER_VBAT_UART_RST_CNTRL_OK	PLT HW tester VBAT/UART/Reset control success.
GU_PDLL_RDTESTER_VBAT_UART_RST_CNTRL_FAILED	PLT HW tester VBAT/UART/Reset control failed.
GU_PDLL_RDTESTER_VPP_CNTRL_INIT	PLT HW tester VPP control initialized.

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Status	Description
GU_PDLL_RDTESTER_VPP_CNTRL_START	PLT HW tester VPP control started.
GU_PDLL_RDTESTER_VPP_CNTRL_OK	PLT HW tester VPP control success.
GU_PDLL_RDTESTER_VPP_CNTRL_FAILED	PLT HW tester VPP control failed.
GU_PDLL_RDTESTER_RST_PULSE_INIT	PLT HW tester Reset pulse control initialized.
GU_PDLL_RDTESTER_RST_PULSE_START	PLT HW tester Reset pulse control started.
GU_PDLL_RDTESTER_RST_PULSE_OK	PLT HW tester Reset pulse control success.
GU_PDLL_RDTESTER_RST_PULSE_FAILED	PLT HW tester Reset pulse control failed.
GU_PDLL_RDTESTER_UART_PULSE_INIT	PLT HW tester XTAL trim pulse in UART TX pin initialized.
GU_PDLL_RDTESTER_UART_PULSE_START	PLT HW tester XTAL trim pulse in UART TX pin started.
GU_PDLL_RDTESTER_UART_PULSE_OK	PLT HW tester XTAL trim pulse in UART TX pin success.
GU_PDLL_RDTESTER_UART_PULSE_FAILED	PLT HW tester XTAL trim pulse in UART TX pin failed.
GU_PDLL_RDTESTER_XTAL_PULSE_INIT	PLT HW tester XTAL trim pulse in GATE pin initialized.
GU_PDLL_RDTESTER_XTAL_PULSE_START	PLT HW tester XTAL trim pulse in GATE pin started.
GU_PDLL_RDTESTER_XTAL_PULSE_OK	PLT HW tester XTAL trim pulse in GATE pin success.
GU_PDLL_RDTESTER_XTAL_PULSE_FAILED	PLT HW tester XTAL trim pulse in GATE pin failed.
GU_PDLL_RDTESTER_PULSE_WIDTH_INIT	PLT HW tester pulse width initialized.
GU_PDLL_RDTESTER_PULSE_WIDTH_START	PLT HW tester pulse width started.
GU_PDLL_RDTESTER_PULSE_WIDTH_OK	PLT HW tester pulse width success.
GU_PDLL_RDTESTER_PULSE_WIDTH_FAILED	PLT HW tester pulse width failed.
GU_PDLL_RDTESTER_VBAT_CNTRL_INIT	PLT HW tester VBAT control initialized.
GU_PDLL_RDTESTER_VBAT_CNTRL_START	PLT HW tester VBAT control started.
GU_PDLL_RDTESTER_VBAT_CNTRL_OK	PLT HW tester VBAT control success.
GU_PDLL_RDTESTER_VBAT_CNTRL_FAILED	PLT HW tester VBAT control failed.
GU_PDLL_RDTESTER_INVALID_COMMAND	PLT HW tester unknown command.
Golden Unit RF packet transmission for DUT RSSI RF	test
GU_PDLL_PKT_TX_START_INIT	Golden Unit RF packet TX initialized.
GU_PDLL_PKT_TX_START	Golden Unit RF packet TX started.
GU_PDLL_PKT_TX_STARTED_OK	Golden Unit RF packet TX success.
GU_PDLL_PKT_TX_STARTED_FAILED	Golden Unit RF packet TX failed.
GU_PDLL_PKT_TX_ENDED_OK	Golden Unit RF packet TX ended successfully.
GU_PDLL_PKT_TX_STARTED_FAILED	Golden Unit RF packet TX ended failed.
Golden Unit audio tone generation for audio testing	
GU_PDLL_AUDIO_TONE_START_INIT	Golden Unit audio tone start initialized.
GU_PDLL_AUDIO_TONE_START	Golden Unit audio tone start.
GU_PDLL_AUDIO_TONE_STARTED_OK	Golden Unit audio tone started successfully.
GU_PDLL_AUDIO_TONE_START_FAILED	Golden Unit audio tone start failed.
GU_PDLL_AUDIO_TONE_STOP_INIT	Golden Unit audio tone stop initialized.
GU_PDLL_AUDIO_TONE_STOP	Golden Unit audio tone stop.
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Status	Description
GU_PDLL_AUDIO_TONE_STOPPED_OK	Golden Unit audio tone stopped successfully.
GU_PDLL_AUDIO_TONE_STOP_FAILED	Golden Unit audio tone stop failed.
Golden Unit GPIO toggling for sanity test	
GU_PDLL_GPIO_TOGGLE_INIT	Golden Unit GPIO toggle operation initialized.
GU_PDLL_GPIO_TOGGLE_START	Golden Unit GPIO toggle operation start.
GU_PDLL_GPIO_TOGGLE_FINISHED_OK	Golden Unit GPIO toggle operation completed successfully.
GU_PDLL_GPIO_TOGGLE_FAILED	Golden Unit GPIO toggle operation failed.
Golden Unit BLE advertising scan test	
GU_PDLL_BLE_SCAN_INIT	Golden Unit scan operation initialized.
GU_PDLL_BLE_SCAN_START	Golden Unit scan operation started.
GU_PDLL_BLE_SCAN_OK	Golden Unit scan operation completed successfully.
GU_PDLL_BLE_SCAN_FAILED	Golden Unit scan operation failed.

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Revision History

Revision	Date	Description
1.0	Oct 9, 2023	Initial version. Document is an overall update from revision 4.7 of UM-B-041.

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Status Definitions

Status	Definition
DRAFT	The content of this document is under review and subject to formal approval, which may result in modifications or additions.
APPROVED or unmarked	The content of this document has been approved for publication.

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(Rev.1.0 Mar 2020)

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