

RA6T1

Vector control for permanent magnetic synchronous motor with encoder - AB incremental type encoder

Abstract

This application note describes the sample program for a permanent magnetic synchronous motor drive with vector control using encoder based on Renesas RA6T1 microcontroller. This application note also describes how to use the motor control development support tool, 'Renesas Motor Workbench'.

The targeted software for this application is only to be used as reference purposes only and Renesas Electronics Corporation does not guarantee the operations. Please use this after carrying out a thorough evaluation in a suitable environment.

Operation checking device

Operations of the target software of this application note are checked by using the following device.

- RA6T1 (R7FA6T1AD3CFP)

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1. Overview

This application note explains how to implement the vector control with encoder software that drives permanent magnetic synchronous motor (PMSM) using the RA6T1 microcontroller and how to use the motor control development support tool, 'Renesas Motor Workbench'.

Note that this software uses the algorithm described in the application note 'Vector control with encoder for permanent magnet synchronous motor (Algorithm)' (R01AN3789), so please refer to that for the details of the algorithm.

1.1 Development environment

Table 1-1 and Table 1-2 show development environment of the software explained in this application note.

Table 1-1 Hardware Development Environment

| Microcontroller | Evaluation board <small>(Note 1)</small> | Motor <small>(Note 2)</small> | Sensor <small>(Note 3)</small> |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| RA6T1 (R7FA6T1AD3CFP) | 48V inverter board RA6T1 CPU Card | BLY171D-24V-4000 | AMT102-V |

Table 1-2 Software Development Environment

| e ² studio version | FSP version | Toolchain version |
|-------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------------|
| V2022-10 | V4.1.0 and later | GCC ARM Embedded: V10.3.1.20210824 |

For purchase and technical support, contact Sales representatives and dealers of Renesas Electronics Corporation.

Notes:

1. 48V inverter board (RTK0EM0000B10020BJ) is included in the kit products RTK0EMA170S00020BJ and RTK0EMX270S00020BJ, and it is a product of Renesas Electronics Corporation.

RA6T1 CPU Card (RTK0EMA170C00000BJ) is a product of Renesas Electronics Corporation.

2. BLY171D-24V-4000 is a product of Anaheim Automation.

Anaheim Automation (<https://www.anahaimutomation.com/>)

3. AMT102-V is a product of CUI Devices.

CUI Devices (<https://www.cuidevices.com/>)

2. System overview

Overview of this system is explained below.

2.1 Hardware configuration

The hardware configuration is shown below.

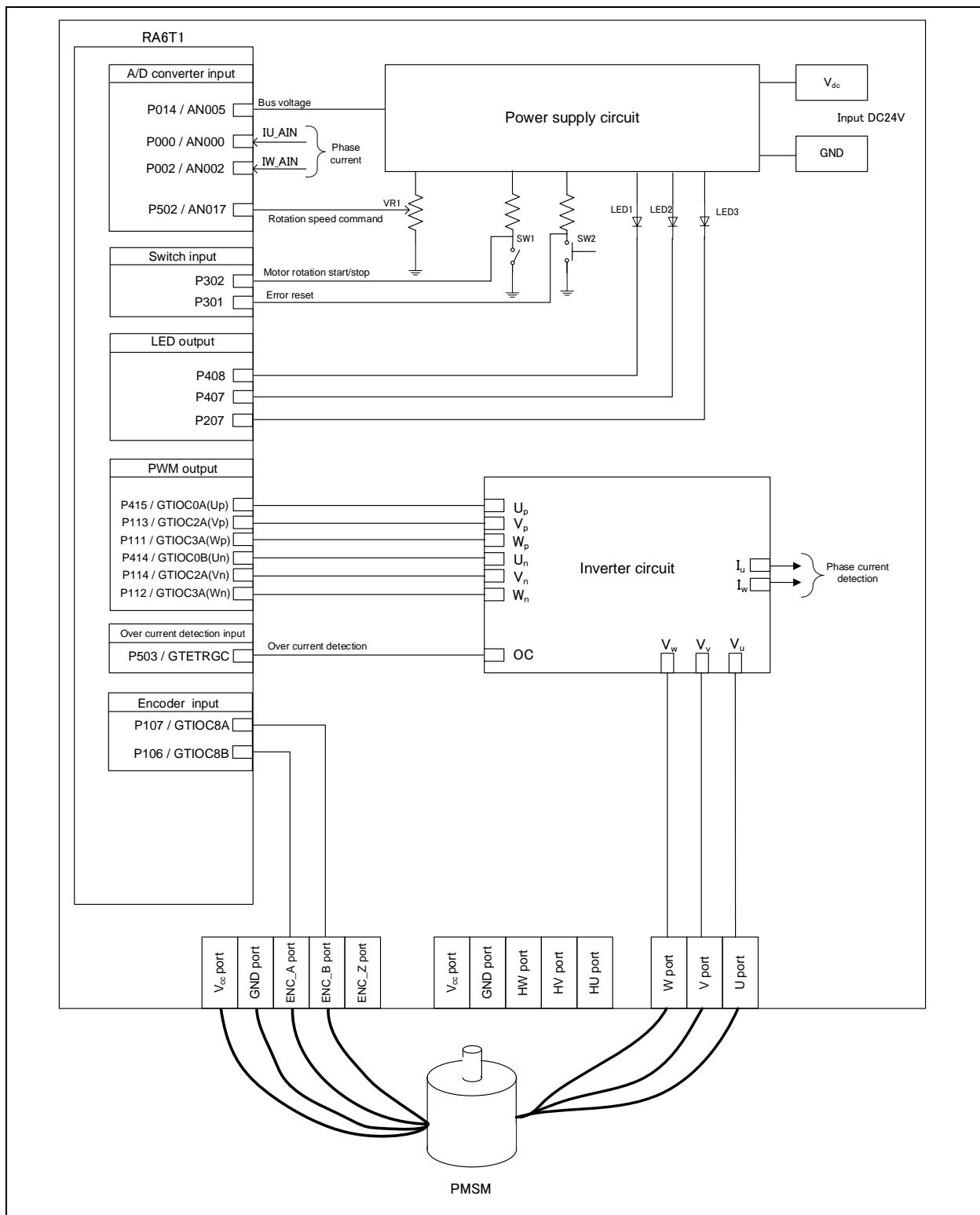


Figure 2-1 Hardware Configuration Diagram

2.2 Hardware specifications

2.2.1 User interface

Table 2-1 and Table 2-2 lists of user interfaces of this system.

Table 2-1 User Interface

| Item | Interface component | Function |
|------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Rotation speed command | Variable resistor (VR) | Reference value of rotation speed input (analog value) |
| START/STOP | Toggle switch (SW1) | Motor rotation start/stop command |
| ERROR RESET | Push switch (SW2) | Command of recovery from error status |
| LED1 | Orange LED | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - At the time of motor rotation: ON - At the time of stop: OFF |
| LED2 | Orange LED | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - At the time of error detection: ON - At the time of normal operation: OFF |
| LED2 | Orange LED | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Positioning completed: ON - Positioning not completed: OFF |

Table 2-2 CPU card user interface

| Item | Interface component | Function |
|-------|---------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| LED1 | Green LED | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - At the time of motor rotation: ON - At the time of stop: OFF |
| LED2 | Green LED | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - At the time of error detection: ON - At the time of normal operation: OFF |
| RESET | Push switch (RESET) | System reset |

List of port interfaces of this system is given in Table 2-3.

Table 2-3 Port Interfaces

| R7FA6T1AD3CFP port name | Function |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| P014 / AN005 | Inverter bus voltage measurement |
| P502 / AN017 | For inputting rotation speed/position command values (analog values) |
| P302 | START/STOP toggle switch |
| P301 | ERROR RESET push switch |
| P408 | LED1 ON/OFF control |
| P407 | LED2 ON/OFF control |
| P207 | LED3 ON/OFF control |
| P000 / AN000 | U phase current measurement |
| P001 / AN001 | V phase current measurement |
| P002 / AN002 | W phase current measurement |
| P415 / GTIOC0A | PWM output (Up) / Low Active |
| P113 / GTIOC2A | PWM output (Vp) / Low Active |
| P111 / GTIOC3A | PWM output (Wp) / Low Active |
| P414 / GTIOC0B | PWM output (Un) / High Active |
| P114 / GTIOC2B | PWM output (Vn) / High Active |
| P112 / GTIOC3B | PWM output (Wn) / High Active |
| P503 / GTETRGC | PWM emergency stop input at the time of overcurrent detection |
| P107 / GTIOC8A | Encoder A Phase input |
| P106 / GTIOC8B | Encoder B Phase input |

2.2.2 Peripheral functions

List of the peripheral functions used in this system is given in Table 2-4.

Table 2-4 List of the Peripheral Functions

| Peripheral | Resource | Purpose |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 12-bit A/D Converter | AN000, AN001, AN002, AN005, AN017 | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Measure electric current of phase U,V and W• Measure inverter bus voltage• Rotational speed or position command input |
| AGT | AGT0 | 500 [μ s] interval timer |
| GPT | CH0, CH1, CH2, CH3, CH8 | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Complementary PWM outputs• Encoder phase counter• Encoder count capture |
| POEG | Group C | Sets ports executing PWM output to high impedance state when an overcurrent is detected by external circuit. |

(1) 12-bit A/D Converter (12ADC)

U-phase current (I_u), V-phase current (I_v), W-phase current (I_w), inverter bus voltage1 (V_{dc}), and speed command (VR) are measured in "Single scan mode" (use a hardware trigger).

A/D conversion is implemented to be synchronized with carrier synchronized interrupt as GPT underflow (PWM valley).

| g_adc0 ADC (r_adc) | | |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Settings | Property | Value |
| API Info | Common | |
| | Parameter Checking | Default (BSP) |
| | Module g_adc0 ADC (r_adc) | |
| | General | |
| | Name | g_adc0 |
| | Unit | 0 |
| | Resolution | 12-Bit |
| | Alignment | Right |
| | Clear after read | Off |
| | Mode | Single Scan |
| | Double-trigger | Disabled |
| | Input | |
| | > Channel Scan Mask (channel availability varies by MCU) | |
| | > Group B Scan Mask (channel availability varies by MCU) | |
| | > Addition/Averaging Mask (channel availability varies by | |
| | > Sample and Hold | |
| | > Window Compare | |
| | Add/Average Count | Disabled |
| | Reference Voltage control | VREFH0/VREFH |
| | Interruptions | |
| | Normal/Group A Trigger | GPT0 COUNTER UNDERFLOW (Underflow) |
| | Group B Trigger | Disabled |
| | Group Priority (Valid only in Group Scan Mode) | Group A cannot interrupt Group B |
| | Callback | rm_motor_driver_cyclic |
| | Scan End Interrupt Priority | Priority 5 |
| | Scan End Group B Interrupt Priority | Disabled |
| | Window Compare A Interrupt Priority | Disabled |
| | Window Compare B Interrupt Priority | Disabled |
| | > Extra | |
| | > Pins | |

Figure 2-2 FSP Configuration of ADC Driver (FSP 3.5.0)

(2) Low Power Asynchronous General-Purpose Timer (AGT)

The AGT is used as 500 [μ s] interval timer.

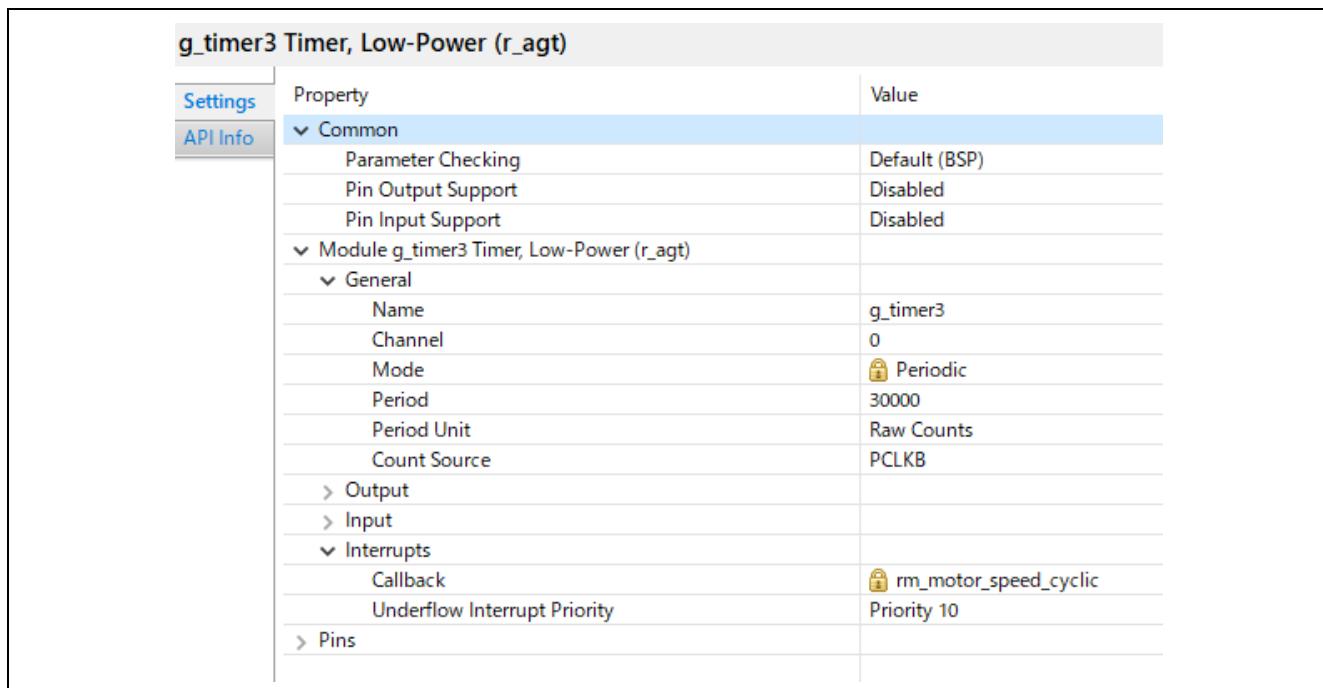


Figure 2-3 FSP Configuration of AGT Driver (FSP 3.5.0)

(3) General PWM Timer (GPT)

On the channel 0, 2, and 3, output with dead time is performed by using the complementary PWM Output Operating Mode.

| g_timer0 Timer, General PWM (r_gpt) | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Settings | Property | Value |
| API Info | Common | |
| | Parameter Checking | Default (BSP) |
| | Pin Output Support | Enabled with Extra Features |
| | Write Protect Enable | Disabled |
| | Clock Source | PCLKD |
| | Module g_timer0 Timer, General PWM (r_gpt) | |
| | General | |
| | Name | g_timer0 |
| | Channel | 0 |
| | Mode | Triangle-Wave Symmetric PWM |
| | Period | 50 |
| | Period Unit | Microseconds |
| | Output | |
| | Custom Waveform | |
| | Duty Cycle Percent (only applicable in PWM mode) | 50 |
| | GTIOCA Output Enabled | True |
| | GTIOCA Stop Level | Pin Level High |
| | GTIOCB Output Enabled | True |
| | GTIOCB Stop Level | Pin Level High |
| | Input | |
| | Interrupts | |
| | Extra Features | |
| | Output Disable | |
| | Output Disable POEG Trigger | |
| | POEG Link | POEG Channel 2 |
| | GTIOCA Disable Setting | Set Hi Z |
| | GTIOCB Disable Setting | Set Hi Z |
| | ADC Trigger | |
| | Dead Time | |
| | ADC Trigger (GPTE/GPTEH only) | |
| | Interrupt Skipping (GPTE/GPTEH only) | |
| | Extra Features | Enabled |
| | Pins | |

Figure 2-4 FSP Configuration of GPT Driver for PWM output (FSP 3.5.0)

(4) Phase Counting Timer (GPT)

Channel 8 is used as phase counting mode2 to measure the phase difference between encoder phase A and B signal and counts the encoder input.

| g_timer4 Timer, General PWM (r_gpt) | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Settings | Property | Value |
| API Info | Common | |
| | Parameter Checking | Default (BSP) |
| | Pin Output Support | Enabled with Extra Features |
| | Write Protect Enable | Disabled |
| | Clock Source | PCLKD |
| | Module g_timer4 Timer, General PWM (r_gpt) | |
| | General | |
| | Name | g_timer4 |
| | Channel | 8 |
| | Mode | Periodic |
| | Period | 0xFFFFFFF |
| | Period Unit | Raw Counts |
| | Output | |

Figure 2-5 FSP Configuration of GPT Driver for phase counting timer (FSP 3.5.0) [1/5]

| g_timer4 Timer, General PWM (r_gpt) | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Settings | Property | Value |
| API Info | Input | |
| | Count Up Source | |
| | GTETRGA Rising Edge | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | GTETRGA Falling Edge | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | GTETRGB Rising Edge | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | GTETRGB Falling Edge | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | GTETRGC Rising Edge | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | GTETRGC Falling Edge | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | GTETRGD Rising Edge | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | GTETRGD Falling Edge | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | GTIOCA Rising Edge While GTIOCB Low | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | GTIOCA Rising Edge While GTIOCB High | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| | GTIOCA Falling Edge While GTIOCB Low | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| | GTIOCA Falling Edge While GTIOCB High | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | GTIOCB Rising Edge While GTIOCA Low | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| | GTIOCB Rising Edge While GTIOCA High | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | GTIOCB Falling Edge While GTIOCA Low | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | GTIOCB Falling Edge While GTIOCA High | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| | ADC0 COMPARE MATCH (Compare match) | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Figure 2-6 FSP Configuration of GPT Driver for phase counting timer (FSP 3.5.0) [2/5]

| g_timer4 Timer, General PWM (r_gpt) | | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Settings | Property | Value |
| API Info | ▼ Count Down Source | |
| | GTETRGA Rising Edge | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | GTETRGA Falling Edge | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | GTETRGB Rising Edge | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | GTETRGB Falling Edge | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | GTETRGC Rising Edge | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | GTETRGC Falling Edge | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | GTETRGD Rising Edge | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | GTETRGD Falling Edge | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | GTIOCA Rising Edge While GTIOCB Low | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| | GTIOCA Rising Edge While GTIOCB High | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | GTIOCA Falling Edge While GTIOCB Low | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | GTIOCA Falling Edge While GTIOCB High | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| | GTIOCB Rising Edge While GTIOCA Low | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | GTIOCB Rising Edge While GTIOCA High | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| | GTIOCB Falling Edge While GTIOCA Low | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| | GTIOCB Falling Edge While GTIOCA High | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | ADC0 COMPARE MATCH (Compare match) | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | ADC0 COMPARE MISMATCH (Compare mismatch) | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Figure 2-7 FSP Configuration of GPT Driver for phase counting timer (FSP 3.5.0) [3/5]

| g_timer4 Timer, General PWM (r_gpt) | | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Settings | Property | Value |
| API Info | ▼ Capture A Source | |
| | GTETRGA Rising Edge | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | GTETRGA Falling Edge | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | GTETRGB Rising Edge | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | GTETRGB Falling Edge | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | GTETRGC Rising Edge | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | GTETRGC Falling Edge | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | GTETRGD Rising Edge | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | GTETRGD Falling Edge | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | GTIOCA Rising Edge While GTIOCB Low | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| | GTIOCA Rising Edge While GTIOCB High | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| | GTIOCA Falling Edge While GTIOCB Low | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| | GTIOCA Falling Edge While GTIOCB High | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| | GTIOCB Rising Edge While GTIOCA Low | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| | GTIOCB Rising Edge While GTIOCA High | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| | GTIOCB Falling Edge While GTIOCA Low | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| | GTIOCB Falling Edge While GTIOCA High | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| | ADC0 COMPARE MATCH (Compare match) | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | ADC0 COMPARE MISMATCH (Compare mismatch) | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Figure 2-8 FSP Configuration of GPT Driver for phase counting timer (FSP 3.5.0) [4/5]

| | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| ▼ Input | |
| > Count Up Source | |
| > Count Down Source | |
| > Start Source | |
| > Stop Source | |
| > Clear Source | |
| > Capture A Source | |
| > Capture B Source | |
| Noise Filter A Sampling Clock Select | Filter PCLKD / 4 |
| Noise Filter B Sampling Clock Select | Filter PCLKD / 4 |
| ▼ Interrupts | |
| Callback | 🔒 rm_motor_sense_encoder_interrupt |
| Overflow/Crest Interrupt Priority | Disabled |
| Capture A Interrupt Priority | Priority 3 |
| Capture B Interrupt Priority | Disabled |
| Underflow/Trough Interrupt Priority | Disabled |
| > Extra Features | |

Figure 2-9 FSP Configuration of GPT Driver for phase counting timer (FSP 3.5.0) [5/5]

(5) Free run timer (GPT)

Channel 1 is used as a free run timer for speed measurement.

| g_timer0 Timer, General PWM (r_gpt) | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Settings | Property | Value |
| API Info | Common | |
| | Parameter Checking | Default (BSP) |
| | Pin Output Support | Enabled with Extra Features |
| | Write Protect Enable | Disabled |
| | Clock Source | PCLKD |
| | Module g_timer0 Timer, General PWM (r_gpt) | |
| | General | |
| | Name | g_timer0 |
| | Channel | 0 |
| | Mode | Triangle-Wave Symmetric PWM |
| | Period | 50 |
| | Period Unit | Microseconds |
| | Output | |
| | Input | |
| | Interrupts | |
| | Callback | NULL |
| | Overflow/Crest Interrupt Priority | Disabled |
| | Capture A Interrupt Priority | Disabled |
| | Capture B Interrupt Priority | Disabled |
| | Underflow/Trough Interrupt Priority | Disabled |
| | Extra Features | |
| | Pins | |

Figure 2-10 FSP Configuration of GPT Driver for free run timer (FSP 3.5.0)

(6) Port Output Enable for GPT (POEG)

The port executing PWM output are set to high impedance state when an overcurrent is detected (when a low level of the GTETRG port is detected)

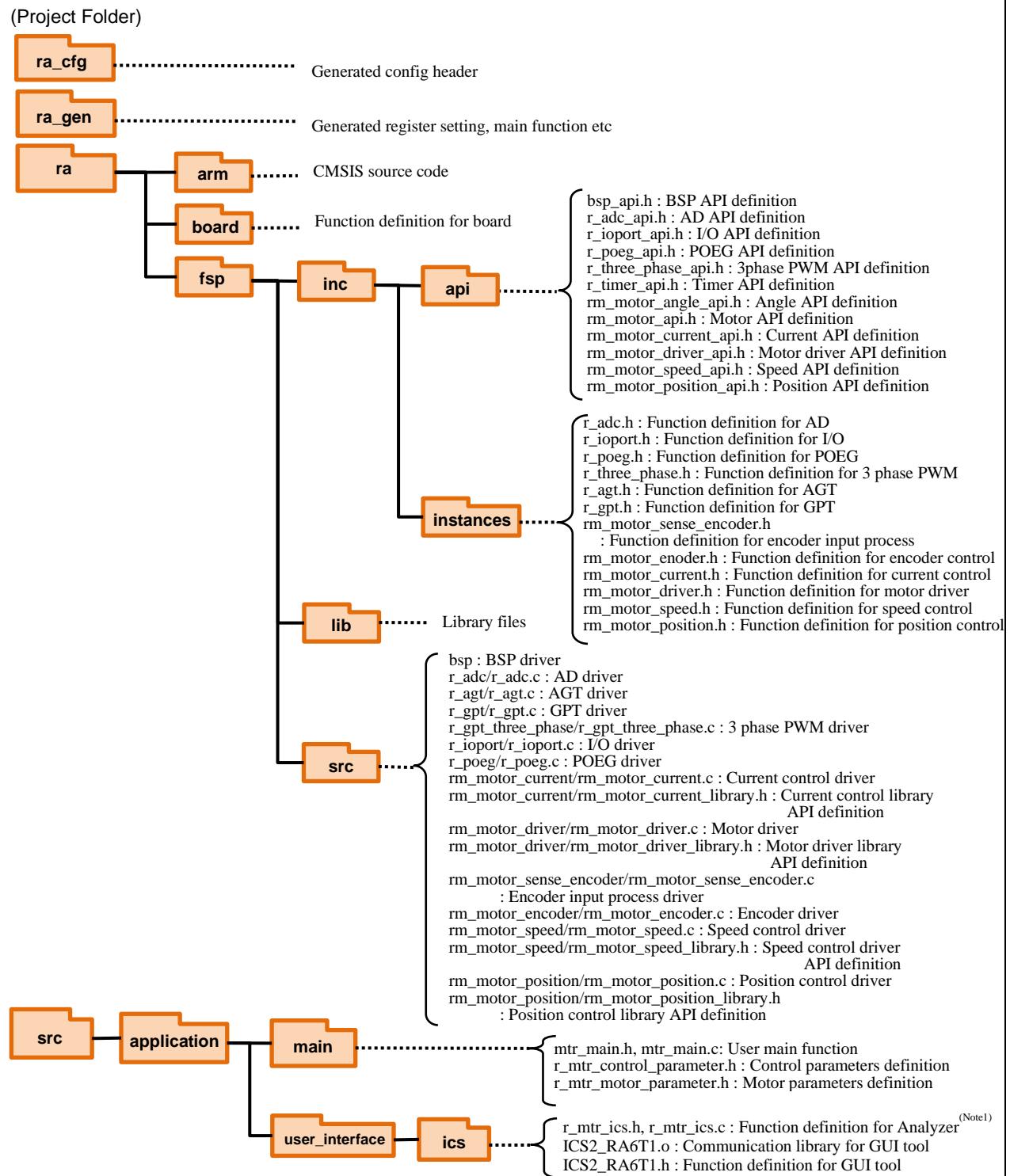
| g_poeg0 Port Output Enable for GPT (r_poeg) | |
|----------------------------------------------------|----------------------|
| Settings | Value |
| Common | Parameter Checking |
| Module g_poeg0 Port Output Enable for GPT (r_poeg) | Default (BSP) |
| General | |
| Trigger | |
| Name | g_poeg0 |
| Channel | 2 |
| Input | |
| GTETRG Polarity | Active Low |
| GTETRG Noise Filter | Disabled |
| Interrupts | |
| Callback | g_poe_overcurrent |
| Interrupt Priority | Priority 0 (highest) |
| Pins | |

Figure 2-11 FSP Configuration of POEG Driver (FSP 3.5.0)

2.3 Software configuration

2.3.1 Software file configuration

Folder and file configuration of the software is given below.



Note 1 : Regarding the specification of Analyzer function in the motor control development support tool “Renesas Motor Workbench” , please refer to the chapter 4.5 the identifier “ics/ICS (ICS is previous motor control development support tool “In Circuit Scope”)” is attached to the name of folders, files, functions, variables related to “Renesas Motor Workbench” .

Figure 2-12 Folder and file configuration

2.3.2 Module configuration

Module configuration of the software is described below.

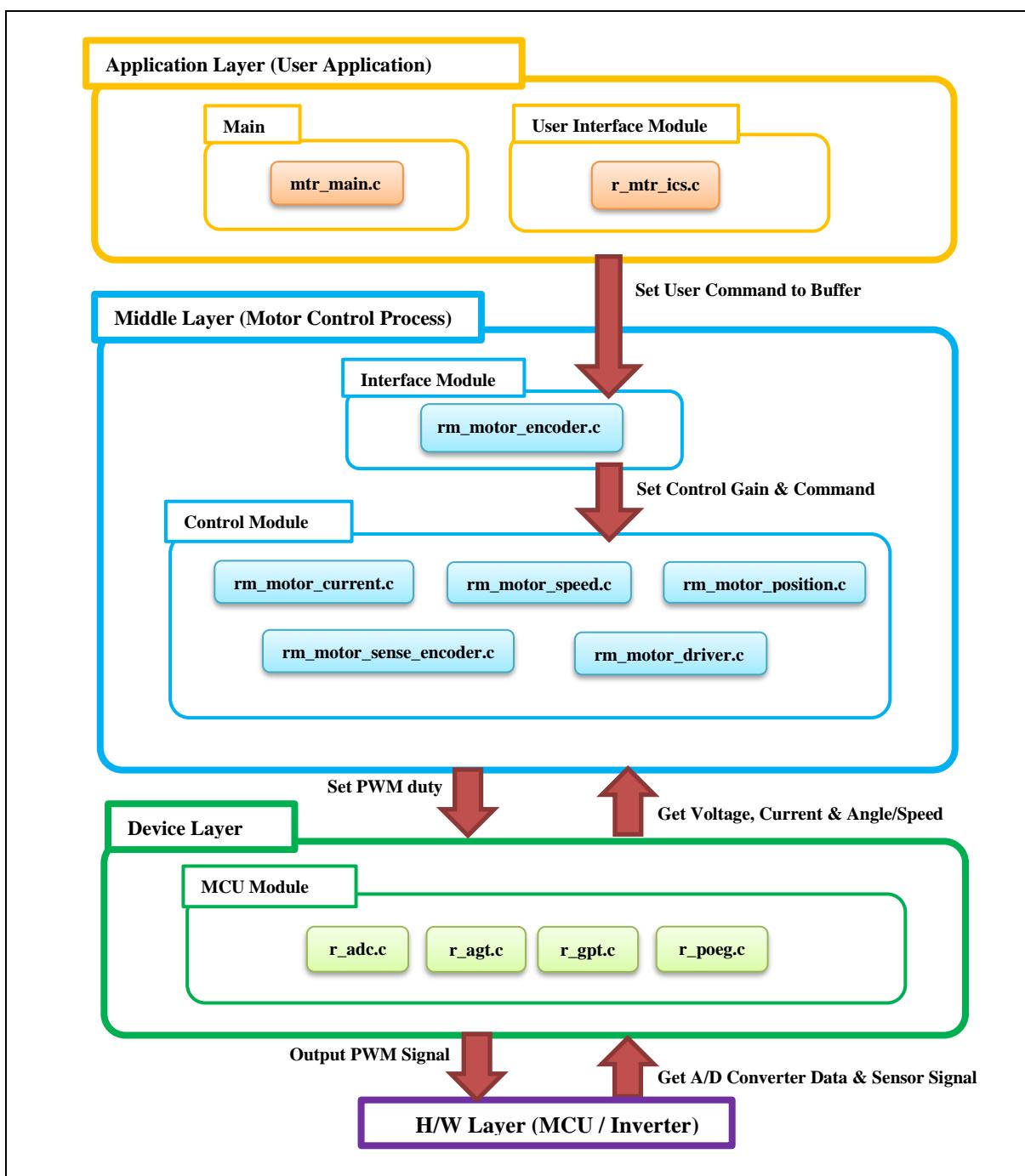


Figure 2-13 Module Configuration

2.4 Software specifications

Table 2-5 shows basic software specification of this system. For details of the vector control with encoder, refer to the application note 'Vector control with encoder for permanent magnet synchronous motor (Algorithm)' (R01AN3789).

Table 2-5 Basic Specifications of Vector Control with encoder Software

| Item | Content | |
|------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Control method | Vector control | |
| Position detection method | Incremental encoder (A-B Phase) | |
| Motor rotation start/stop | SW1 input or input from 'Renesas Motor Workbench' | |
| Input voltage | DC 24 [V] | |
| Main clock frequency | 120 [MHz] | |
| Carrier frequency (PWM) | 20 [kHz] (Carrier period: 50 [μs]) | |
| Dead time | 2 [μs] | |
| Control period | Current control: 50 [μs] (the carrier period) Speed control: 500 [μs] | |
| Rotation speed control range | CW: 0 [rpm] to 4000 [rpm] CCW: 0 [rpm] to 4000 [rpm] | |
| Position control range | At board_ui | Position command generation: Voltage input divided by VR (input range) -180° to 180° |
| | At ics_ui | Position command generation: Position profile of trapezoidal curve for speed command value (input range) -32768° to 32767° (Max speed) CW / CCW: 4000[rpm] |
| Dead band of position* | Encoder count ±1 [cpr] (±0.09degree) | |
| Natural frequency of each control system | Current control system : 300 [Hz] Speed control system : 15 [Hz] Position estimation system : 5 [Hz] | |
| Optimization setting of compiler | Optimization level | Optimize more(-O2) (default setting) |
| Processing stop for protection | Disables the motor control signal output (six outputs), under any of the following conditions. 1. Instantaneous value of current of any phase exceeds $3.82 (=1.8 * \sqrt{2} * 1.5)$ [A] (monitored every 50 [μs]) 2. Inverter bus voltage exceeds 28 [V] (monitored every 50 [μs]) 3. Inverter bus voltage is less than 14 [V] (monitored every 50 [μs]) 4. Rotation speed exceeds 4500 [rpm] (monitored every 50 [μs]) When an external over current signal is detected (when a low level of the GTETRGC port is detected), the PWM output ports are set to high impedance state. | |

* Dead band is provided to avoid hunting at the detection of target position.

2.5 Interrupt Priority

Table 2-6 shows the interrupt and priorities used in this system.

Table 2-6 Interrupt priority

| Interrupt level | Priority | function |
|-----------------|----------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 15 | Min | |
| 14 | | |
| 13 | | |
| 12 | | |
| 11 | | |
| 10 | | 500 [usec] Interrupt handling |
| 9 | | |
| 8 | | |
| 7 | | |
| 6 | | |
| 5 | | A/D conversion complete interrupt |
| 4 | | |
| 3 | | GPT capture compare A interrupt (Input capture of encoder input) |
| 2 | | |
| 1 | | |
| 0 | Max | Over current error interrupt |

| Allocations | | | |
|-------------|-----------------------------------------------|-------------------|--|
| Interrupt | Event | ISR | |
| 0 | AGT0 INT (AGT interrupt) | agt_int_isr | |
| 1 | ADC0 SCAN END (A/D scan end interrupt) | adc_scan_end_isr | |
| 2 | GPT8 CAPTURE COMPARE A (Compare match A) | gpt_capture_a_isr | |
| 3 | POEG2 EVENT (Port Output disable interrupt C) | poeg_event_isr | |

Figure 2-14 FSP Interrupts Configuration (FSP 3.5.0)

3. Descriptions of the control program

The target software of this application note is explained here.

3.1 Contents of control

3.1.1 Motor start/stop

Starting and stopping of the motor are controlled by input from 'Renesas Motor Workbench' or SW1.

A general-purpose port is assigned to SW1 and based upon its level the motor operation is controlled.

"Low" level → Motor Start

"High" level → Motor Stop

3.1.2 A/D Converter

(1) Motor rotation speed reference

The rotation speed and position command value of the motor is determined from the input from 'Renesas Motor Workbench' or the output value (analog value) of VR1. Rotation speed and position command value from VR1 is measured as shown in the table below.

Table 3-1 Conversion Ratio of the Rotation Speed Reference

| Item | Conversion ratio (reference: A/D conversion value) | | Channel |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------|
| Rotation speed reference | CW | 0 rpm to 4000 rpm: 0800H to 0FFFH | AN017 |
| | CCW | 0 rpm to 4000 rpm: 07FFH to 0000H | |
| Position reference | CW | 0 rpm to 180 degrees: 0800H to 0FFFH | |
| | CCW | 0 rpm to 180 degrees: 07FFH to 0000H | |

(2) Inverter bus voltage

Inverter bus voltage is measured as shown in the table below. It is used for calculation of modulation rate and detection of overvoltage and undervoltage (PWM stops in case of abnormality).

Table 3-2 Inverter Bus Voltage Conversion Ratio

| Item | Conversion ratio (Inverter bus voltage: A/D conversion value) | Channel |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|---------|
| Inverter bus voltage | 0 [V] to 111 [V]: 0000H to 0FFFH | AN005 |

(3) U, W phase current

The U, V and W phase currents are measured as shown in Table 3-3 and used for vector control. User can select only U and W phase currents to use as 2shunt resistances detection.

Table 3-3 Conversion Ratio of U, V and W Phase Current

| Item | Conversion ratio (U, V, W phase current: A/D conversion value) | Channel |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| U, W phase current | -12.5 [A] to 12.5 [A]: 0000H to 0E8BH ^(Note) Current = $(5.0V-2.5V)/(0.01\Omega \times 20) = 12.5A$ In this system, the current detection circuit shifts the level from 5V to 3V, so 0E8BH is the upper limit of A / D conversion. | Iu: AN000 Iv: AN001 Iw: AN002 |

Note: For more details of A/D conversion characteristics, refer to "RA6T1 Group User's Manual: Hardware".

3.1.3 Modulation

The target software of this application note uses pulse width modulation (hereinafter called PWM) to generate the input voltage to the motor. And the PWM waveform is generated by the triangular wave comparison method.

(1) Triangular wave comparison method

The triangular wave comparison method is used to output the voltage command value. By this method, the pulse width of the output voltage can be determined by comparing the carrier waveform (triangular wave) and voltage command value waveform. The voltage command value of the pseudo sinusoidal wave can be output by turning the switch on or off when the voltage command value is larger or smaller than the carrier wave respectively.

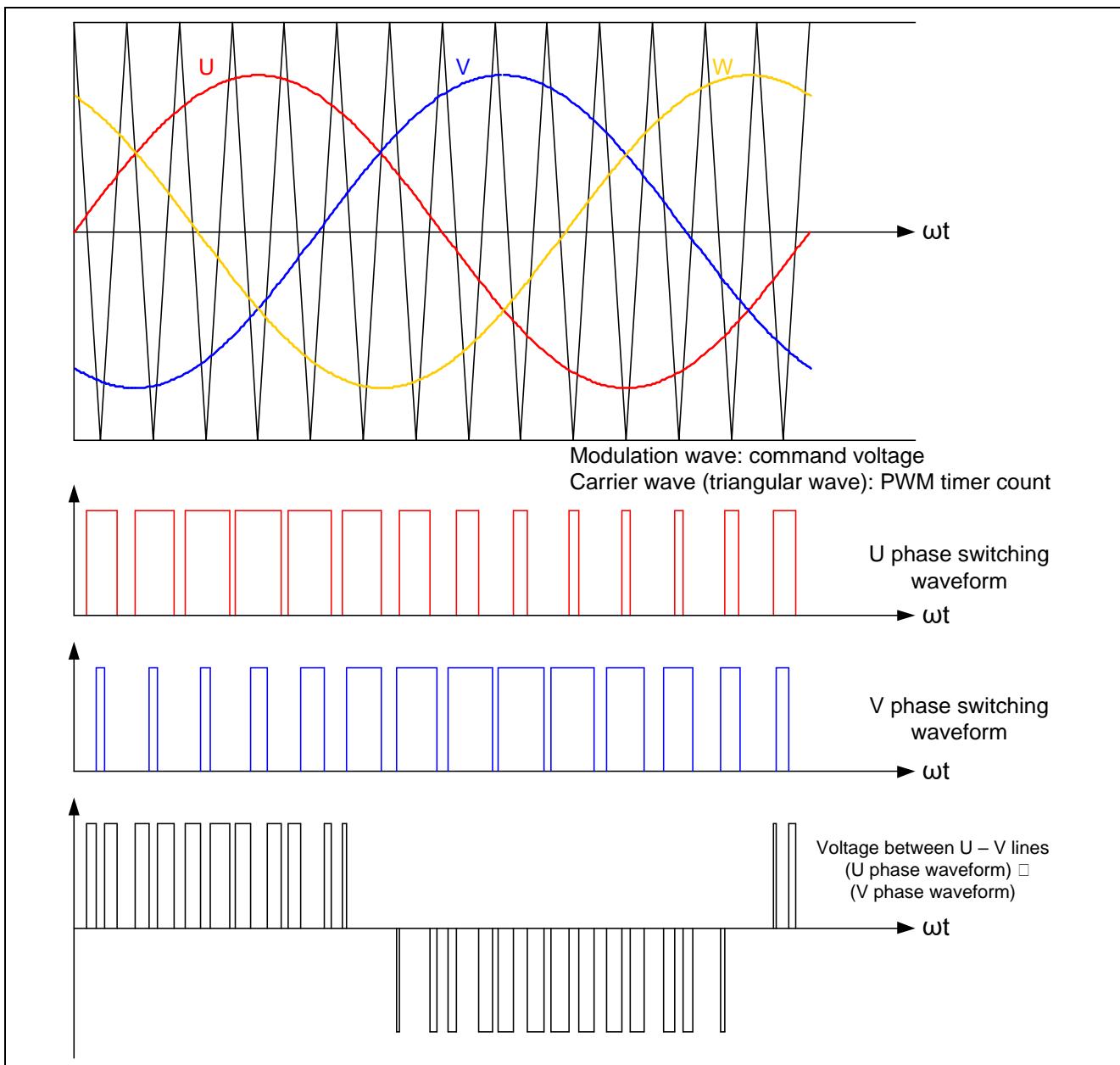


Figure 3-1 Conceptual Diagram of the Triangular Wave Comparison Method

As shown in the Figure 3-2, ratio of the output voltage pulse to the carrier wave is called duty.

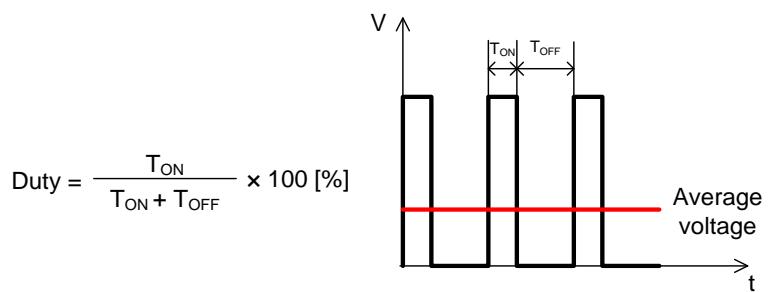


Figure 3-2 Definition of Duty

Modulation factor "m" is defined as follows.

$$m = \frac{V}{E}$$

m: Modulation factor V: Command value voltage E: Inverter bus voltage

A requested control can be performed by setting this modulation factor to the register which determines PWM duty.

3.1.4 State transition

Figure 3-3 is a state transition diagram of the vector control with encoder software. In the target software of this application note, the software state is managed by “SYSTEM MODE”.

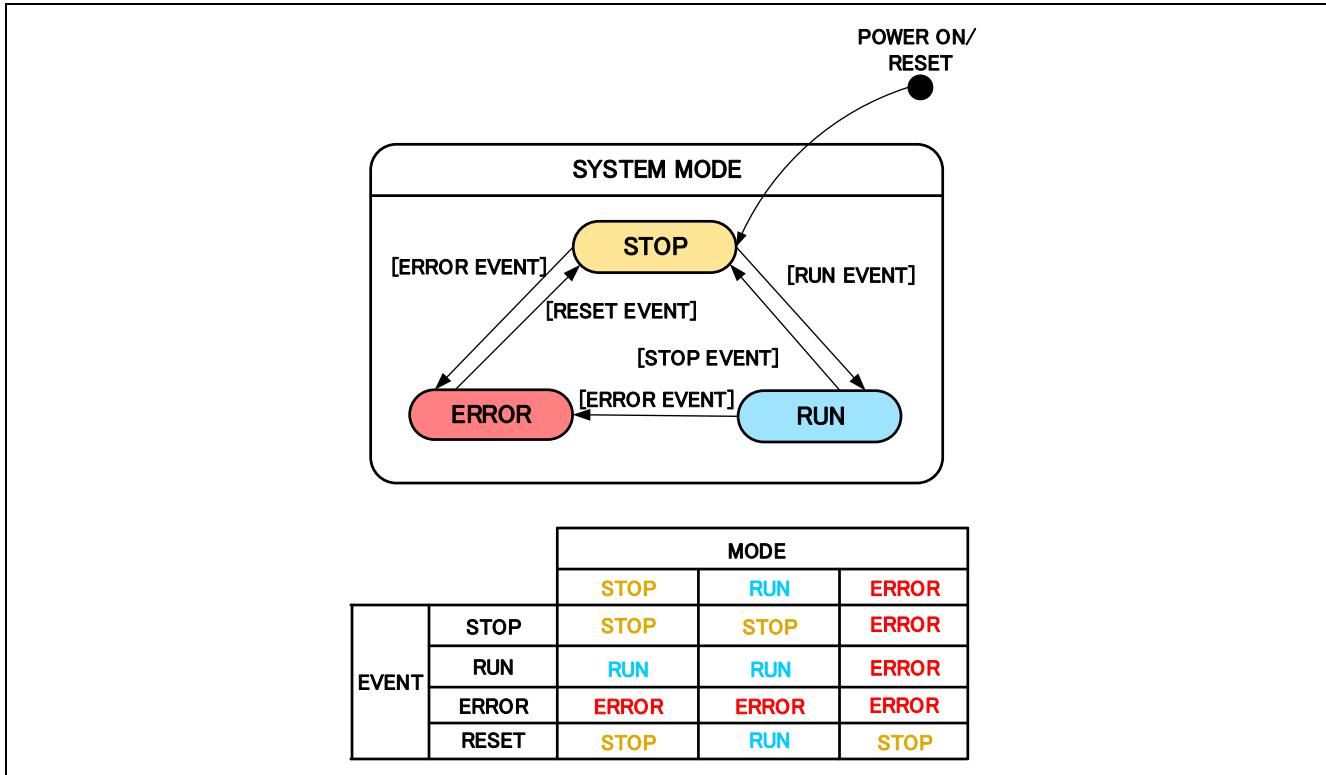


Figure 3-3 State Transition Diagram of Vector Control with encoder Software

(1). SYSTEM MODE

“SYSTEM MODE” indicates the operating states of the system. The state transits on occurrence of each event (EVENT). “SYSTEM MODE” has 3 states that are motor drive stop (INACTIVE), motor drive (ACTIVE), and abnormal condition (ERROR).

(2). EVENT

When “EVENT” occurs in each “SYSTEM MODE”, “SYSTEM MODE” changes as shown the table in Figure 3-3, according to that “EVENT”. The occurrence factors of each event are shown below.

Table 3-4 List of EVENT

| EVENT name | occurrence factor |
|------------|----------------------------------|
| STOP | by user operation |
| RUN | by user operation |
| ERROR | when the system detects an error |
| RESET | by user operation |

3.1.5 Start-up method

Figure 3-4 and Figure 3-5 show the software implementation of d-axis and encoder alignment method. The d-axis alignment method used as startup control of position control method, in initialization mode (MTR_MODE_INIT) and Boot mode (MTR_MODE_BOOT). In drive mode (MTR_MODE_DRIVE) vector control is implemented for PMSM with encoder. Each reference value setting of d-axis current, q-axis current and speed is managed by respective status.

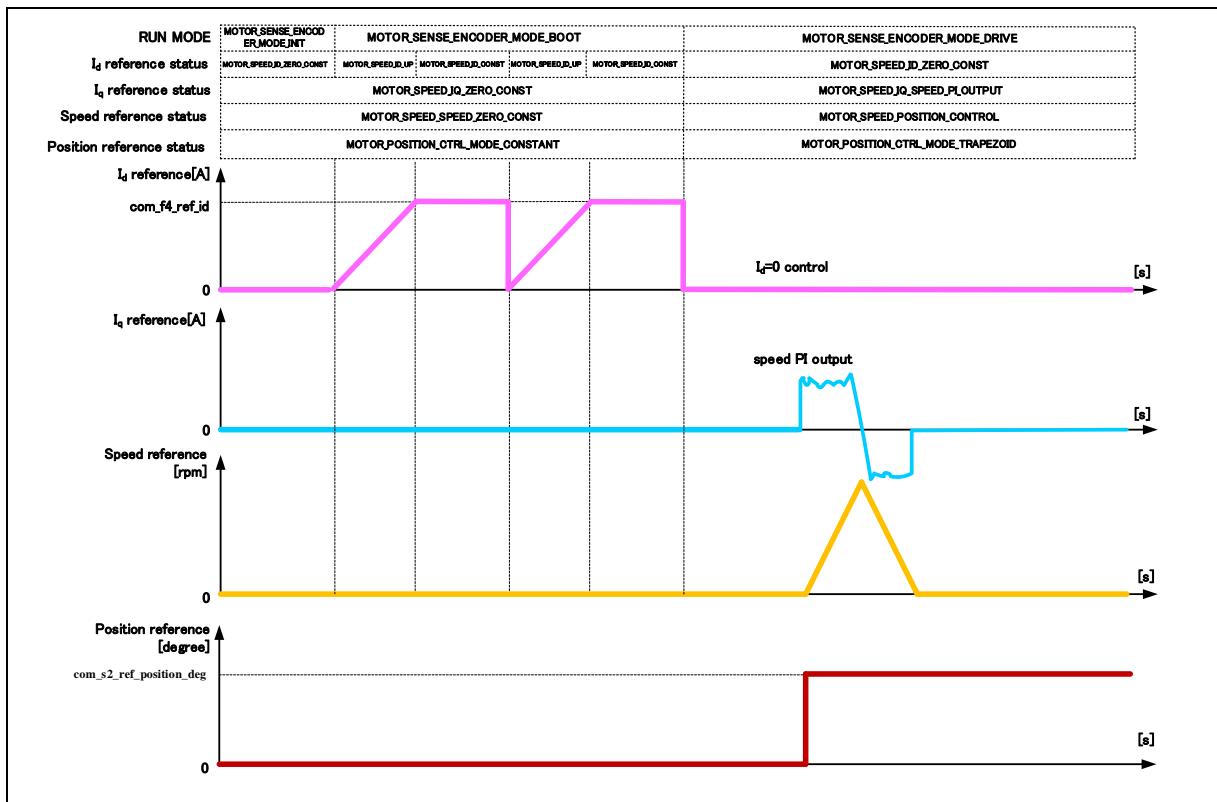


Figure 3-4 Startup Control of Vector Control with encoder Software (at position control)

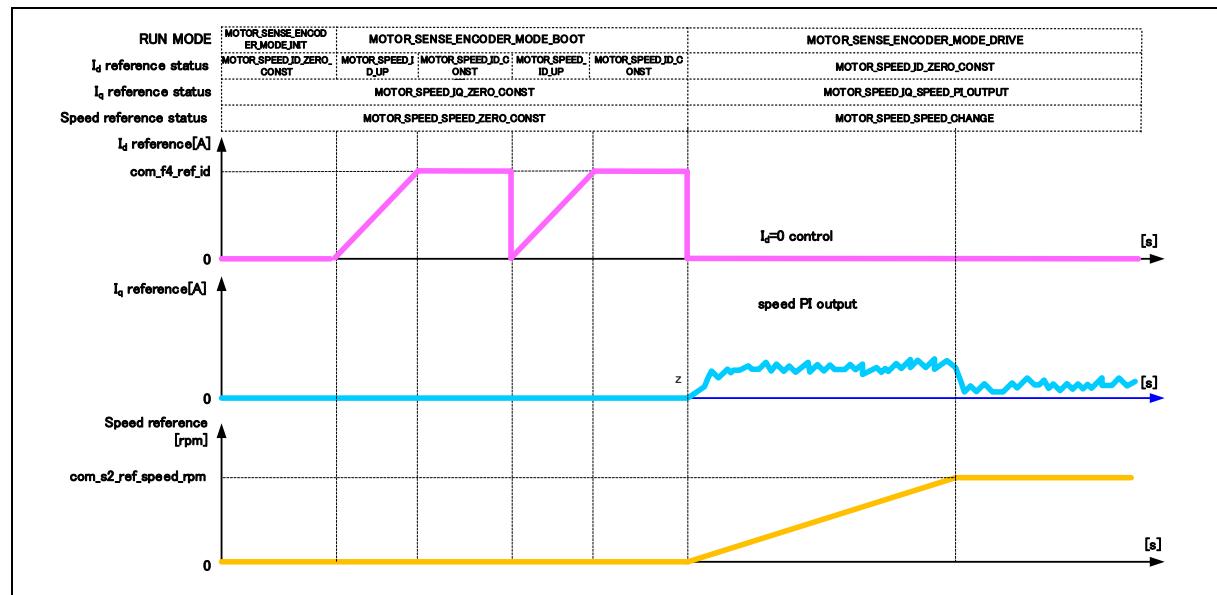


Figure 3-5 Startup Control of Vector Control with encoder Software (at speed control)

3.1.6 Position Profile Generation

(Position Profile of Trapezoidal Curve for Speed Command Value)

In vector control software for PMSM with encoder, the position profile generation is used to create command value (input position value). The implementation of command value is each control cycle is used as method of managing acceleration and the maximum speed value with respect to target position value.

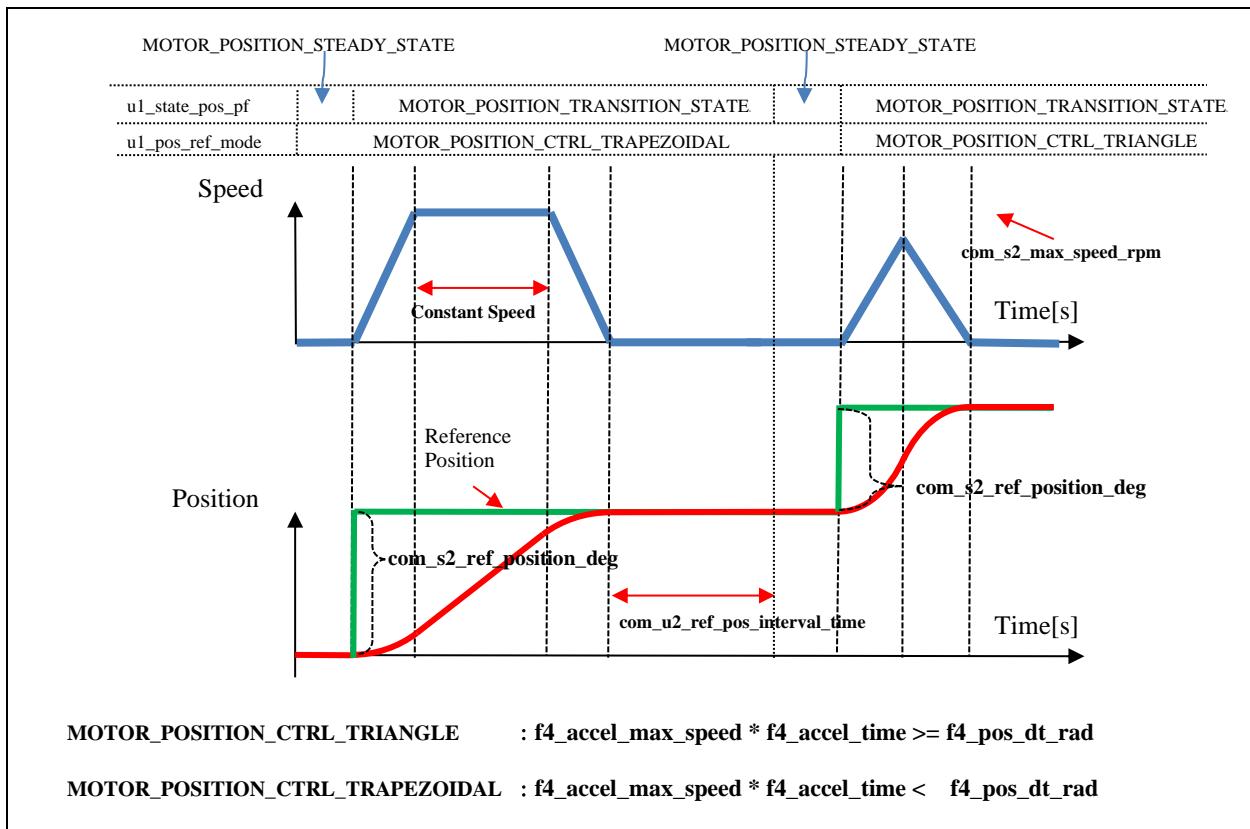


Figure 3-6 Position Profile Generation

following variables are required to create a command value

- Acceleration time (`com_f4_accel_time`)
- Maximum speed command value (`com_f4_max_speed_rpm`)
- Position stabilization wait time (`com_u2_ref_pos_interval_time`)

3.1.7 Speed Measurement

3.1.7.1 Speed calculation using encoder at low speed

The sample software calculates the speed from the encoder count (A, B phase signal edge) intervals for higher real-time and slow speed resolution. The speed is calculated from the count between the rising and falling edges of the A and B phases as shown in the figure.

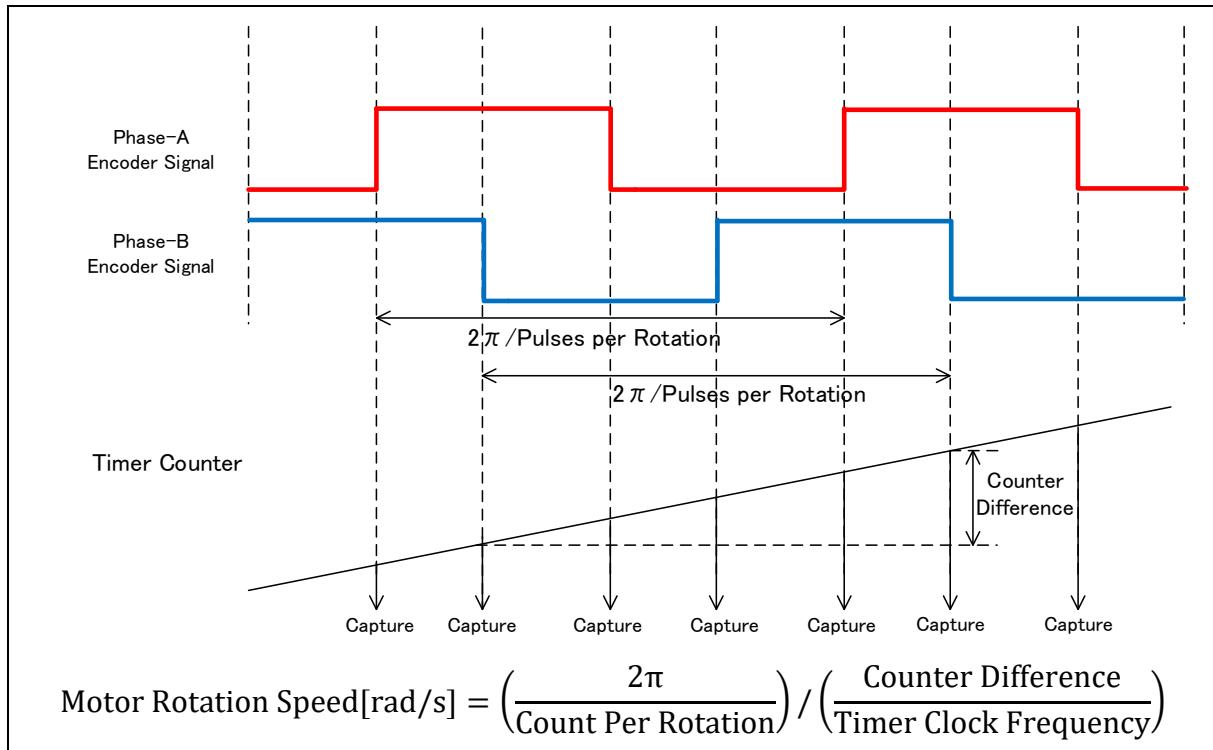


Figure 3-7 Speed calculation using encoder at low speed

3.1.7.2 Speed calculation using encoder at high speed

When using the encoder during high-speed rotation, the speed is calculated from the number of input pulses in the control cycle.

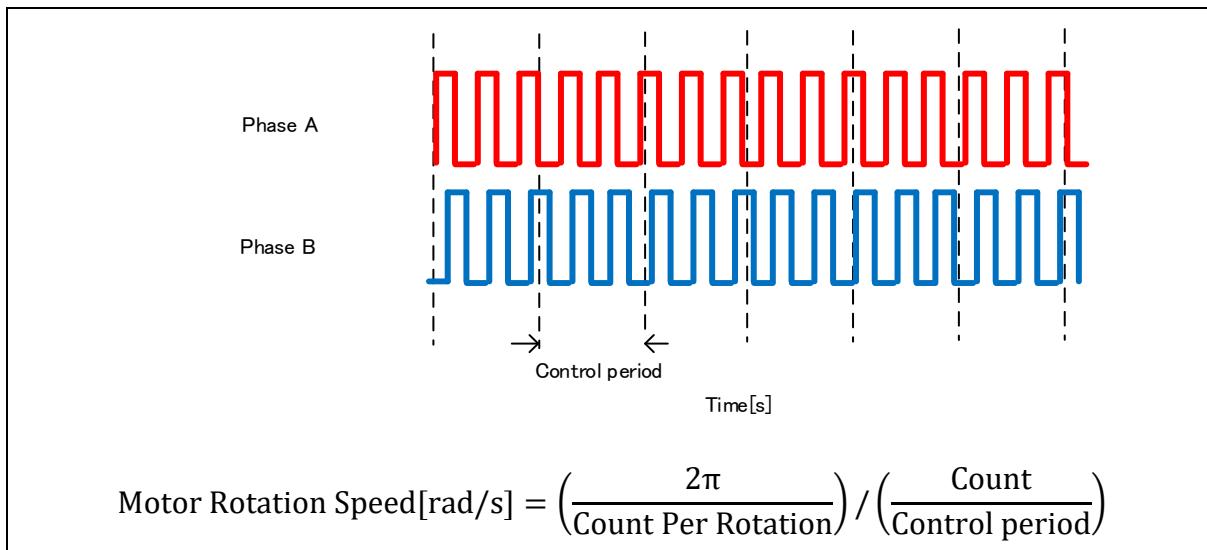


Figure 3-8 Speed calculation using encoder at high speed

3.1.8 System protection function

This control software has the following error status and executes emergency stop functions in case of occurrence of respective errors. Table 3-5 shows each software threshold for the system protection function.

- Over current error

There are two kind of overcurrent protection.

Hardware OCP: When emergency stop signal from the hardware is detected, PWM output ports are automatically set to high impedance output (without software intervention).

Software OCP: U, V, and W phase currents are monitored in over current monitoring cycle. When an over current is detected, the CPU executes emergency stop.

- Over voltage error

The inverter bus voltage is monitored in over voltage monitoring cycle. When an over voltage is detected (when the voltage exceeds the over voltage limit), the CPU performs emergency stop. Here, the over voltage limit is set in consideration of the error of resistance value of the detect circuit. When this error occurs, the CPU performs emergency stop in the side of the motor in which the error occurred.

- Low voltage error

The inverter bus voltage is monitored in low-voltage monitoring cycle. The CPU performs emergency stop when low voltage (when voltage falls below the limit) is detected. Here, the low voltage limit is set in consideration of the error of resistance value of the detect circuit. When this error occurs, the CPU performs emergency stop in the side of the motor in which the error occurred.

- Over speed error

The rotation speed is monitored in rotation speed monitoring cycle. The CPU performs emergency stop when the speed is over the limit. When this error occurs, the CPU performs emergency stop in the side of the motor in which the error occurred.

Table 3-5 Setting Values of the System Protection Function

| Error name | Threshold | |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|------|
| Over current error | Over current limit [A] | 3.82 |
| | Monitoring cycle [μ s] | 50 |
| Over voltage error | Over voltage limit [V] | 28 |
| | Monitoring cycle [μ s] | 50 |
| Low voltage error | Low voltage limit [V] | 14 |
| | Monitoring cycle [μ s] | 50 |
| Over speed error | Speed limit [rpm] | 4500 |
| | Monitoring cycle [μ s] | 50 |

3.1.9 AD triggers

Shows the timing of AD triggers and scan groups.

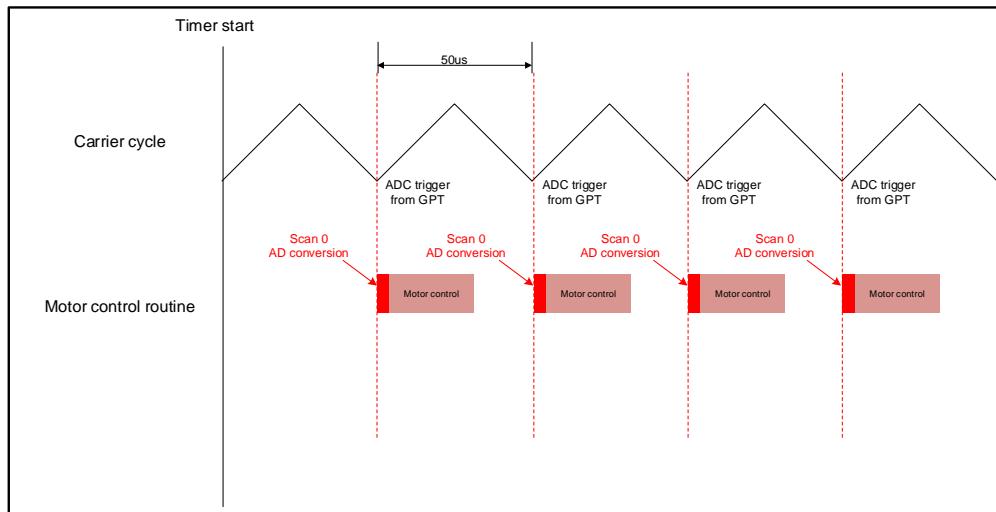


Figure 3-9 AD trigger timing

3.2 Function specifications of vector control with encoder software

The control process of the target software of this application note is mainly consisted of 50[μ s] period interrupt (carrier interrupt) and 500[μ s] period interrupt. As following Figure 3-10, the control process in the red broken line part is executed every 50[μ s] cycle, and the control process in the blue broken line part is executed every 500[μ s] cycle.

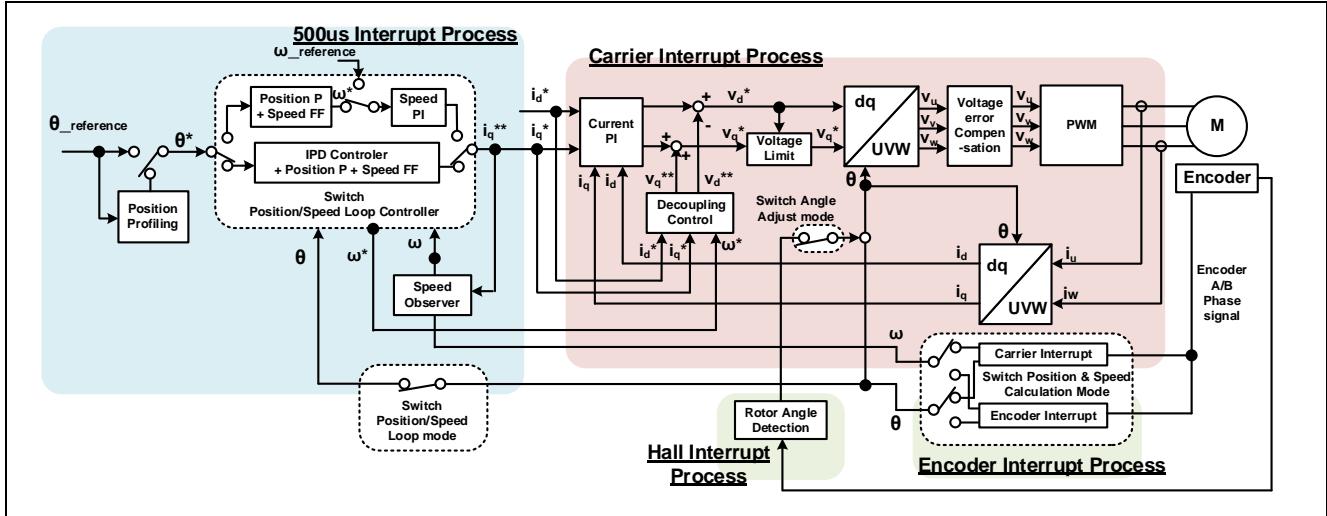


Figure 3-10 Block Diagram of Vector Control with encoder

This chapter shows the specification of 2 interrupt functions and functions executed in each interrupt cycle. In following tables, only primary functions of the vector control with encoder are listed. Regarding the specification of functions not listed in following tables, please refer to source codes.

Table 3-6 List of Functions Executed in 50[μs] Period Interrupt (1/4)

| File name | Function name | Process overview |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| mtr_main.c | mtr_callback_event0 Input : (motor_encoder_callback_args_t *) p_args / Callback argument Output : None | Encoder control callback function |
| rm_motor_encoder.c | rm_motor_encoder_current_callback Input : (motor_current_callback_args_t *) p_args / Callback argument Output :None | Set the speed control output to the current control input |
| | RM_MOTOR_ENCODER_ErrorCheck Input : (motor_ctrl_t * const) p_ctrl / Pointer to control structure. (uint16_t * const) p_error / Pointer to get occurred error Output : fsp_err_t / Execution result | Check the occurrence of Error. |
| | rm_motor_encoder_copy_speed_current Input : (motor_speed_output_t *) st_output / Pointer to the structure of Speed Control output (motor_current_input_t *) st_input / Pointer to the structure of Current Control input Output :None | Copy speed output data to current input data |
| rm_motor_driver.c | rm_motor_driver_cyclic Input : (adc_callback_args_t *) p_args / Callback argument Output :None | Motor driver callback function |
| | rm_motor_driver_current_get Input : (motor_driver_instance_ctrl_t *) p_ctrl / The pointer to the motor driver module instance Output :None | Get A/D converted data (Phase Current & Main Line Voltage) |
| | RM_MOTOR_DRIVER_FlagCurrentOffsetGet Input : (motor_driver_ctrl_t * const) p_ctrl / Pointer to control structure (uint8_t * const) p_flag_offset / Flag of finish current offset detection Output : fsp_err_t / Execution result | Measure current offset values |
| | RM_MOTOR_DRIVER_PhaseVoltageSet Input : (motor_driver_ctrl_t * const) p_ctrl / Pointer to control structure (float const) u_voltage / U phase voltage (float const) v_voltage / V phase voltage (float const) w_voltage / W phase voltage Output : fsp_err_t / Execution result | Set Phase Voltage Data to calculate PWM duty. |
| | rm_motor_driver_modulation Input : (motor_driver_instance_ctrl_t *) p_ctrl / The pointer to the motor driver module instance Output :None | Perform PWM modulation |

Table 3-7 List of Functions Executed in 50[μ s] Period Interrupt (2/4)

| File name | Function name | Process overview |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| rm_motor_driver.c | rm_motor_driver_mod_run Input : (motor_driver_modulation_t *) p_mod / Pointer to the modulation data structure (const float *) p_f4_v_in / Pointer to the 3-phase input voltage (float *) p_f4_duty_out / Where to store the 3-phase output duty cycle Output :None | Calculates duty cycle from input 3-phase voltage (bipolar) |
| | rm_motor_driver_set_uvw_duty Input : (motor_driver_instance_ctrl_t *) p_ctrl / Pointer to Motor Driver instance (float) f_duty_u / The duty cycle of Phase-U (float) f_duty_v / The duty cycle of Phase-V (float) f_duty_w / The duty cycle of Phase-W Output : fsp_err_t / Execution result | PWM duty setting |
| | RM_MOTOR_DRIVER_CurrentGet Input : (motor_driver_ctrl_t * const) p_ctrl / Pointer to control structure (motor_driver_current_get_t * const) p_current_get / Pointer to get data structure Output : fsp_err_t / Execution result | Get calculated phase Current, Vdc & Va_max data |
| rm_motor_current.c | rm_motor_current_cyclic Input : (motor_driver_callback_args_t *) p_args / Callback argument Output :None | Current control cycle operation |
| | RM_MOTOR_CURRENT_ParameterSet Input : (motor_current_ctrl_t * const) p_ctrl / Pointer to control structure (motor_current_input_current_t const * const) p_st_input / Pointer to input data structure Output : fsp_err_t / Execution result | Set (Input) Parameter Data. |
| | RM_MOTOR_CURRENT_CurrentSet Input : (motor_current_ctrl_t * const) p_ctrl / Pointer to control structure (motor_current_input_current_t const * const) p_st_current / Pointer to input current structure (motor_current_input_voltage_t const * const) p_st_voltage / Pointer to input voltage structure Output : fsp_err_t / Execution result | Set d/q-axis Current & Voltage Data. |
| | RM_MOTOR_CURRENT_CurrentGet Input : (motor_current_ctrl_t * const) p_ctrl / Pointer to control structure (float * const) p_id / Pointer to get d-axis current (float * const) p_iq / Pointer to get q-axis current Output : fsp_err_t / Execution result | Get d/q-axis Current. |
| | motor_current_transform_uvw_dq_abs Input : (const float) f_angle / rotor angle (const float *) f_uvw / the pointer to the UVW-phase array in [U,V,W] format (float *) f_dq / where to store the [d,q] formated array on dq coordinates Output :None | Coordinate transform UVW to dq (absolute transform) |

Table 3-8 List of Functions Executed in 50[μ s] Period Interrupt (3/4)

| File name | Function name | Process overview |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| rm_motor_current.c | motor_current_angle_cyclic Input : (motor_current_instance_ctrl_t *) p_instance / The pointer to current control module control instance Output :None | Angle/Speed Process in Cyclic Process of Current Control |
| | RM_MOTOR_CURRENT_SpeedPhaseSet Input : (motor_current_ctrl_t * const) p_ctrl / Pointer to control structure (float const) speed_rad / Rotational speed (float const) phase_rad / Rotor phase Output : fsp_err_t / Execution result | Set Current Speed & rotor phase Data. |
| | RM_MOTOR_CURRENT_CurrentReferenceSet Input : (motor_current_ctrl_t * const) p_ctrl / Pointer to control structure (float const) speed_rad / D-axis current Reference (float const) phase_rad / Q-axis current Reference Output : fsp_err_t / Execution result | Set Current Reference Data |
| | RM_MOTOR_CURRENT_PhaseVoltageGet Input : (motor_current_ctrl_t * const) p_ctrl / Pointer to control structure (motor_current_get_voltage_t * const) p_voltage / Pointer to get Voltages Output : fsp_err_t / Execution result | Gets the set phase voltage. |
| | motor_current_pi_calculation Input : (motor_current_instance_ctrl_t *) p_instance / The pointer to the FOC current control structure Output :None | Calculates the output voltage vector from current vector command and actual current vector |
| | motor_current_pi_control Input : (motor_current_pi_params_t *) pi_ctrl / The pointer to the PI control structure Output : float / PI control output value | PI control |
| | motor_current_limit_abs Input : (float) f4_value / Target value (float) f4_limit_value / Limit Output : float / Limited value | Limit with absolute value |
| | motor_current_decoupling Input : (motor_current_instance_ctrl_t *) p_ctrl / The pointer to the FOC current control instance (float) f_speed_rad / The electrical speed (const motor_current_motor_parameter_t *) p_mtr / The pointer to the motor parameter data structure Output :None | Decoupling control |
| | motor_current_voltage_limit Input : (motor_current_instance_ctrl_t *) p_ctrl / The pointer to the FOC current control structure Output :None | Limit voltage vector |

Table 3-9 List of Functions Executed in 50[μ s] Period Interrupt (4/4)

| File name | Function name | Process overview |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| rm_motor_current.c | motor_current_transform_dq_uvw_abs Input : (const float) f_angle / Rotor angle (const float *) f_dq / The pointer to the dq-axis value array in [D,Q] format (float *) f_uvw / Where to store the [U,V,W] formated 3-phase quantities array Output :None | Coordinate transform dq to UVW 3-phase (absolute transform) |
| librm_motor_current.a | rm_motor_voltage_error_compensation_main Input : (motor_currnt_voltage_compensation_t *) st_volt_comp / Voltage error compensation data (float *) p_f4_v_array / Reference voltage (float *) p_f4_i_array / Reference current (float) f4_vdc / Bus voltage Output :None | Voltage error compensation |
| rm_motor_sense_encoder.c | RM_MOTOR_SENSE_ENCODER_InternalCalculate Input : (motor_angle_ctrl_t * const) p_ctrl / Pointer to control structure Output : fsp_err_t / Execution result | Calculation of angle and speed according to measured encoder signal. |
| | RM_MOTOR_SENSE_ENCODER_AngleSpeedGet Input : (motor_angle_ctrl_t * const) p_ctrl / Pointer to control structure (float * const) p_angle / Pointer to get angle data (float * const) p_speed / Pointer to get speed data (float * const) p_phase_err / Pointer to get phase error data Output : fsp_err_t / Execution result | Get angle, speed and phase error data about the roter. |
| r_gpt_three_phase.c | R_GPT_THREE_PHASE_DutyCycleSet Input : (three_phase_ctrl_t * const) p_ctrl / Control block set in @ref three_phase_api_t::open call for this timer (three_phase_duty_cycle_t * const) p_duty_cycle / Duty cycle values for all three timer channels Output : fsp_err_t / Execution result | Sets duty cycle for all three timers. |

Table 3-10 List of Functions Executed in 500[μs] Interrupt (1/2)

| File name | Function name | Process overview |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| mtr_main.c | mtr_callback_encoder Input : (motor_encoder_callback_args_t *) p_args / Callback argument Output :None | Encoder control callback function |
| | get_vr1 Input :None Output : uint16_t / conversion value | Get VR1 A/D conversion value |
| rm_motor_current.c | RM_MOTOR_CURRENT_ParameterGet Input : (motor_current_ctrl_t * const) p_ctrl / Pointer to control structure (motor_current_input_current_t const * const) p_st_input / Pointer to output data structure Output : fsp_err_t / Execution result | Get speed control input data from current control |
| rm_motor_encoder.c | rm_motor_encoder_speed_callback Input : (motor_speed_callback_args_t *) p_args / Callback argument Output :None | Speed control callback function |
| | rm_motor_encoder_copy_current_speed Input : (motor_current_output_t *) st_output / Pointer to the structure of Current Control output (motor_speed_input_t *) st_input / Pointer to the structure of Speed Control input Output :None | Copy current output data to speed input data |
| rm_motor_speed.c | rm_motor_speed_cyclic Input : (timer_callback_args_t *) p_args/ Callback argument Output :None | Cyclic process of Speed Control (Call at timer interrupt) |
| | RM_MOTOR_SPEED_ParameterSet Input : (motor_speed_ctrl_t * const) p_ctrl / Pointer to control structure (motor_speed_input_t const * const) p_st_input / Pointer to structure to input parameters Output : fsp_err_t / Execution result | Set speed Input parameters |
| | RM_MOTOR_SPEED_SpeedControl Input : (motor_speed_ctrl_t * const) p_ctrl / Pointer to control structure Output : fsp_err_t / Execution result | Calculates the d/q-axis current reference.(Main process of Speed Control) |
| | rm_motor_speed_set_speed_ref Input : (motor_speed_instance_ctrl_t *) p_ctrl / The pointer to the FOC data instance Output : float / Speed reference | Updates the speed reference |
| | rm_motor_speed_set_iq_ref Input : (motor_speed_instance_ctrl_t *) p_ctrl / The pointer to the ctrl instance Output : float / Iq reference | Updates the q-axis current reference |
| | rm_motor_speed_set_id_ref Input : (motor_speed_instance_ctrl_t *) p_ctrl / The pointer to the ctrl instance Output : float / Id reference | Updates the d-axis current reference |
| | RM_MOTOR_SPEED_ParameterGet Input : (motor_speed_ctrl_t * const) p_ctrl / The pointer to the ctrl instance (motor_speed_output_t * const) p_st_output / Pointer to get speed control parameters Output : fsp_err_t / Execution result | Get speed control output parameters |

Table 3-11 List of Functions Executed in 500[μs] Interrupt (2/2)

| File name | Function name | Process overview |
|---------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| librm_motor_speed.a | rm_motor_speed_first_order_lpf Input : (motor_speed_lpf_t *) p_lpf / First order LPF structure (float) f4_omega / Natural frequency (float) f4_ctrl_period / Control period Output : None | First Order LPF |
| | rm_motor_speed_fluxwkn_set_vamax Input : (motor_speed_flux_weakening_t *) p_fluxwkn / The pointer to flux weakening structure (float) f4_va_max / maximum magnitude of voltage vector Output :None | Sets the maximum magnitude of voltage vector |
| | rm_motor_speed_fluxwkn_run Input : (motor_speed_flux_weakening_t *) p_fluxwkn / The pointer to flux weakening structure (float) f4_speed_rad / The electrical speed of motor (const float *) p_f4_idq / The pointer to the measured current vector in format d/q (float *) p_f4_idq_ref / The pointer to the reference current vector in format d/q Output :None | Executes the flux-weakening module |

3.3 Contents of control

3.3.1 Configuration Options

The configuration options of the vector control with encoder module for motor can be configured using the RA Configurator. The changed options are automatically reflected to the hal_data.c when generating code. The option names and setting values are listed in the Table 3-12 shown as follows.

Table 3-12 Configuration Options for encoder module

| Configuration Options (rm_motor_encoder.h) | |
|---------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Options | Description |
| Limit of over current (A) Initial: 1.8F | When a phase current exceeds this value, PWM output ports are set to off. |
| Limit of over voltage (V) Initial: 28.0F | When an inverter voltage exceeds this value, PWM output ports are set to off. |
| Limit of over speed (rpm) Initial: 4500.0F | When a rotation speed exceeds this value, PWM output ports are set to off. |
| Limit of low voltage (V) Initial: 14.0F | When an inverter voltage becomes below this value, PWM output ports are set to off. |

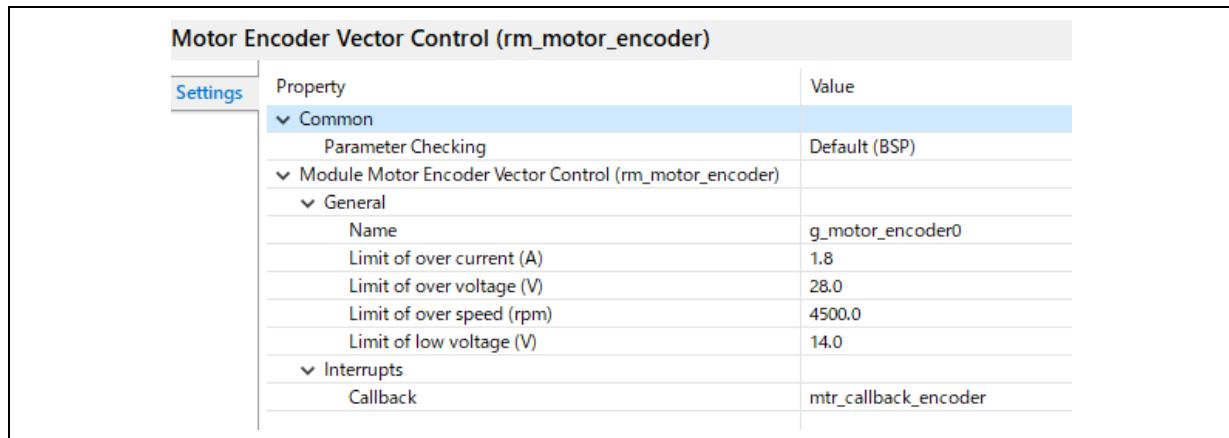


Figure 3-11 FSP Configuration of Motor vector control with encoder (FSP 3.5.0)

3.3.2 Configuration Options for included modules

The vector control with encoder module for motor includes below modules.

- Current Module
- Speed Module
- Position Module
- Angle Module
- Driver Module

And also these included modules have each configuration parameters as same as the vector control with encoder module. The option names and setting values are listed in the tables shown as follows.

Table 3-13 Configuration Options for Current Control

| Configuration Options (rm_motor_current.h) | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Options | Description |
| Shunt type Initial: 2shunt | Selects how many shunt resistances to use current detection. Please set to "1shunt". |
| Input voltage (V) Initial: 24.0F | Input voltage [V] |
| Voltage error compensation Initial: Enable | Selects whether to "enable" or "disable" voltage error compensation. |
| Design Parameter Current PI loop omega Initial: 300.0F | Current PI control omega parameter [Hz]. |
| Design Parameter Current PI loop zeta Initial: 1.0F | Current PI control zeta parameter. |
| Motor Parameter Pole pairs Initial: 4 | Pole pairs of target motor. |
| Motor Parameter Resistance (ohm) Initial: 0.84 | Resistance of motor [ohm]. |
| Motor Parameter Inductance of d-axis (H) Initial: 0.0011 | D-axis inductance [H]. |
| Motor Parameter Inductance of q-axis (H) Initial: 0.0011 | Q-axis inductance [H]. |
| Motor Parameter Permanent magnetic flux (Wb) Initial: 0.00623 | Magnetic flux [Wb]. |
| Motor Parameter Rotor inertia (kgm^2) Initial: 0.0000041 | Rotor inertia [kgm^2]. |

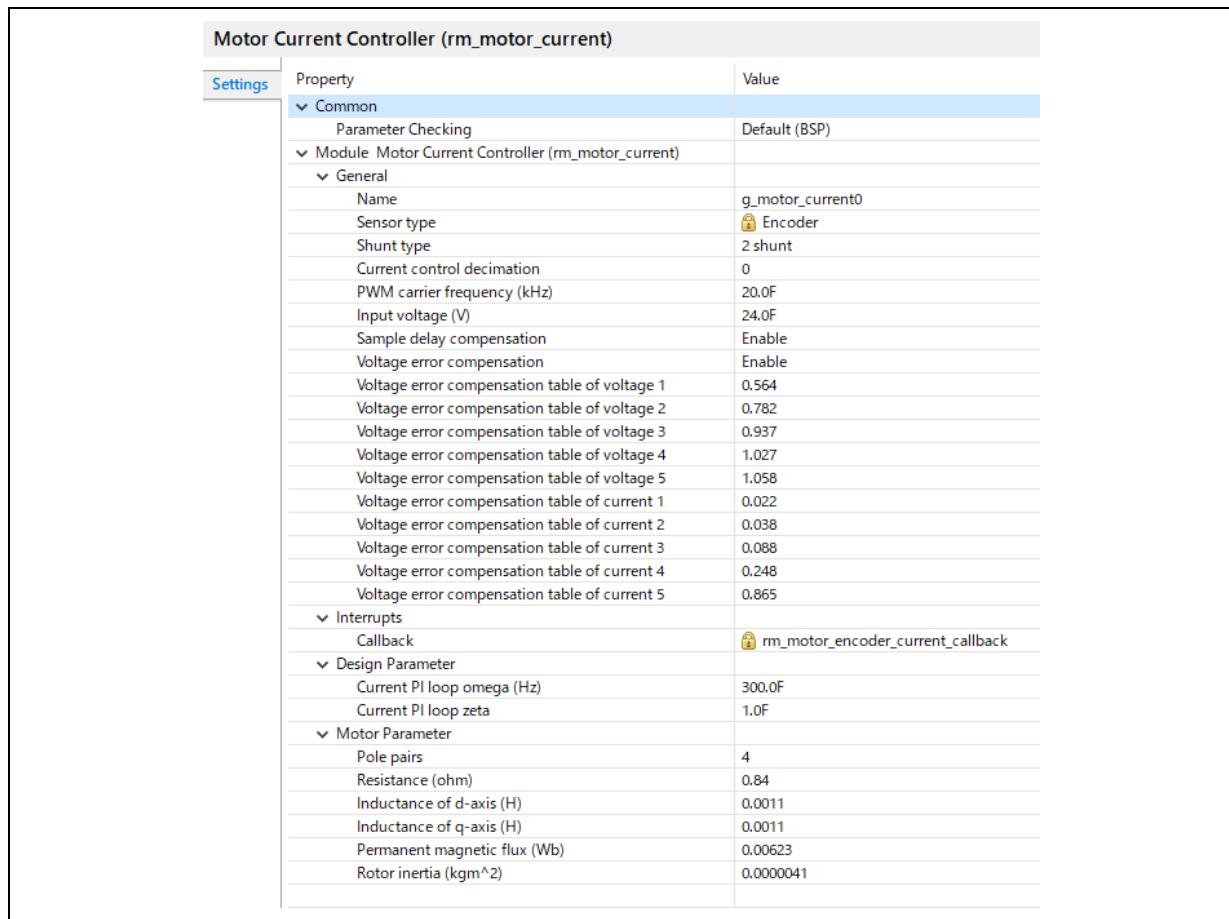
**Figure 3-12 FSP Configuration of Motor Current Controller (FSP 3.5.0)**

Table 3-14 Configuration Options for Speed Control [1/2]

| Configuration Options (rm_motor_speed.h) | |
|-------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Options | Description |
| Speed control period (sec) Initial: 0.0005F | The period of speed control process [sec]. |
| Step of speed climbing (rpm) Initial: 0.5F | The step of speed fluctuation [rpm]. Program controls speed by this step at acceleration and deceleration. |
| Maximum rotational speed (rpm) Initial: 4000 | Maximum rotational speed [rpm] |
| Speed LPF omega Initial: 10.0F | Speed LPF parameter omega [Hz]. |
| Speed at Id climbing (rpm) Initial: 500 | The threshold speed to control d-axis current increase [rad/s]. Program increases d-axis current at start up the motor rotation until the speed reaches this value. |
| Limit of q-axis current (A) Initial: 1.8F | Limit of q-axis current [A]. |
| Flux weakening Initial: Disable | Select enable/disable of flux weakening control at high speed. |

Table 3-15 Configuration Options for Speed Control [2/2]

| Configuration Options (rm_motor_speed.h) | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| Options | Description |
| Design parameter Speed PI loop omega Initial: 15.0F | Speed PI Control parameter omega. |
| Design parameter Speed PI loop zeta Initial: 1.0F | Speed PI Control parameter zeta. |
| Design parameter Cutoff frequency of phase error LPF Initial: 10.0F | The cut-off frequency [Hz] of phase error LPF gain design. |
| Design parameter Speed observer omega Initial: 200.0F | Speed observer omega. |
| Design parameter Speed observer zeta Initial: 1.0F | Speed observer zeta. |
| Motor Parameter Pole pairs Initial: 4 | Pole pairs of target motor. |
| Motor Parameter Resistance (ohm) Initial: 0.84F | Resistance of motor [ohm]. |
| Motor Parameter Inductance of d-axis (H) Initial: 0.0011F | D-axis inductance [H]. |
| Motor Parameter Inductance of q-axis (H) Initial: 0.0011F | Q-axis inductance [H]. |
| Motor Parameter Permanent magnetic flux (Wb) Initial: 0.00623F | Magnetic flux [Wb]. |
| Motor Parameter Rotor inertia (kgm^2) Initial: 0.0000041F | Rotor inertia [kgm^2]. |

| Motor Speed Controller (rm_motor_speed) | | |
|------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| Settings | Property | Value |
| Common | Parameter Checking | Default (BSP) |
| | Position Support | Enabled |
| Module Motor Speed Controller (rm_motor_speed) | | |
| General | Name | g_motor_speed0 |
| | Speed control period (sec) | 0.0005F |
| | Step of speed climbing (rpm) | 0.5F |
| | Maximum rotational speed (rpm) | 4000 |
| | Speed LPF omega | 10.0F |
| | Speed at Id climbing (rpm) | 500 |
| | Limit of q-axis current (A) | 1.8F |
| | Step of speed feedback at open-loop | 0.20F |
| | Open-loop damping | Enable |
| | Flux weakening | Disable |
| | Torque compensation for sensorless transition | Disable |
| | Speed observer | Enable |
| | Control method | PID |
| | Control type | Encoder |
| Open-Loop | Step of d-axis current climbing | 1.0F |
| | Step of d-axis current descending | 0.3F |
| | Step of q-axis current descending ratio | 1.0F |
| | Reference of d-axis current | 1.0F |
| | Threshold of speed control descending | 600 |
| | Threshold of speed control climbing | 500 |
| | Period between open-loop to BEMF (sec) | 0.025F |
| | Phase error(degree) to decide sensor-less switch timing | 10 |
| Design parameter | Speed PI loop omega | 15.0F |
| | Speed PI loop zeta | 1.0F |
| | Estimated d-axis HPF omega | 2.5F |
| | Open-loop damping zeta | 1.0F |
| | Cutoff frequency of phase error LPF | 10.0F |
| | Speed observer omega | 200.0F |
| | Speed observer zeta | 1.0F |
| Motor Parameter | Pole pairs | 4 |
| | Resistance (ohm) | 0.84F |
| | Inductance of d-axis (H) | 0.0011F |
| | Inductance of q-axis (H) | 0.0011F |
| | Permanent magnetic flux (Wb) | 0.00623F |
| | Rotor inertia (kgm^2) | 0.0000041F |
| Interrupts | Callback | rm_motor_encoder_speed_callback |
| | Input data | (g_motor_encoder0_ctrl.st_speed_input) |
| | Output data | (g_motor_encoder0_ctrl.st_speed_output) |

Figure 3-13 FSP Configuration of Motor Speed Controller (FSP 3.5.0)

Table 3-16 Configuration Options for Position control module [1/2]

| Configuration Options (rm_motor_position.h) | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|
| Options | Description |
| Position dead band Initial: 1U | Position dead band |
| Position band limit Initial: 3U | Zero position error range |
| Speed feedforward ratio Initial: 0.8F | Speed feedforward ratio |
| Encoder counts per one rotation Initial: 4000.0F | Encoder count per revolution |
| Position omega Initial: 10.0F | Position control omega parameter [Hz]. |
| Period of speed control (sec) Initial: 0.0005F | Speed control execution cycle |
| Position Profiling Interval time Initial: 400U | Position response steady-state waiting time |
| Position Profiling Accel time Initial: 0.3F | Acceleration time |
| Position Profiling Maximum accel time Initial: 11077.904F | Maximum acceleration time calculation parameter |
| Position Profiling Acceleration maximum speed Initial: 4000.0F | Position profile maximum rotation speed |
| Position Profiling Update step of timer Initial: 0.0005F | Position profile update cycle |
| Motor Parameter Pole pairs Initial: 4 | Pole pairs of target motor. |
| Motor Parameter Resistance (ohm) Initial: 0.84F | Resistance of motor [ohm]. |
| Motor Parameter Inductance of d-axis (H) Initial: 0.0011F | D-axis inductance [H]. |
| Motor Parameter Inductance of q-axis (H) Initial: 0.0011F | Q-axis inductance [H]. |
| Motor Parameter Permanent magnetic flux (Wb) Initial: 0.00623F | Magnetic flux [Wb]. |
| Motor Parameter Rotor inertia (kgm^2) Initial: 0.0000041F | Rotor inertia [kgm^2]. |

| Motor Position Controller (rm_motor_position) | | |
|-----------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Settings | Property | Value |
| | Common | |
| | Parameter Checking | Default (BSP) |
| | Module Motor Position Controller (rm_motor_position) | |
| | General | |
| | Name | g_motor_position0 |
| | Position Dead Band | 1U |
| | Position Band Limit | 3U |
| | Speed Feedforward Ratio | 0.8F |
| | Encoder Counts per one rotation | 4000.0F |
| | Position Omega | 10.0F |
| | Period of Speed Control[sec] | 0.0005F |
| | IPD | |
| | Position Profiling | |
| | Interval Time | 400U |
| | Accel Time | 0.3F |
| | Maximum Accel Time | 11077.904F |
| | Acceleration Maximum Speed | 4000.0F |
| | Update Step of Timer | 0.0005F |
| | Motor Parameter | |
| | Pole Pair | 4 |
| | Resistance[ohm] | 0.84F |
| | Inductance of d-axis[H] | 0.0011F |
| | Inductance of q-axis[H] | 0.0011F |
| | Inertia[kgm^2] | 0.00623F |
| | Motor Inertia[kgm^2] | 0.0000041F |

Figure 3-14 FSP Configuration of Position control module (FSP3.5.0)

Table 3-17 Configuration Options for Encoder sensing module

| Configuration Options (rm_motor_sense_encoder.h) | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| Options | Description |
| Motor Parameter Pole pairs Initial: 4 | Pole pairs of target motor. |
| Motor Parameter Resistance (ohm) Initial: 0.84 | Resistance of motor [ohm]. |
| Motor Parameter Inductance of d-axis (H) Initial: 0.0011 | D-axis inductance [H]. |
| Motor Parameter Inductance of q-axis (H) Initial: 0.0011 | Q-axis inductance [H]. |
| Motor Parameter Permanent magnetic flux (Wb) Initial: 0.00623 | Magnetic flux [Wb]. |
| Motor Parameter Rotor inertia (kgm^2) Initial: 0.0000041 | Rotor inertia [kgm^2]. |
| Control type Initial: Speed | Selection of speed or position control |
| Period of current control (kHz) Initial: 20.0F | Period of current control [kHz] |
| Period of speed control (sec) Initial: 0.0005F | Period of speed control [sec] |
| PWM carrier frequency (kHz) Initial: 20.0F | PWM carrier frequency [kHz] |
| Decimation of interrupt Initial: 0U | Decimation counts of interrupt |
| Counts per rotation Initial: 4000 | Encoder counts per one rotation |
| Counts for angle adjust Initial: 512U | Counts for adjustment of angle initialization |
| Zero speed counts Initial: 20000000U | Encoder counts to judge zero speed |
| Occupancy time Initial: 0.4F | Current control occupancy time |
| Carrier time Initial: 0.00002F | Current control time |
| Process time Initial: 0.000002F | Encoder count capture processing time |
| High speed change margin (rpm) Initial: 150U | Margin rotational speed to change high speed mode [rpm] |
| LPF parameter for high speed filter Initial: 0.1F | LPF parameter for high speed filter |
| Counts to change speed Initial: 8U | Speed calculation mode change count |

| g_motor_sense_encoder0 Motor Angle (rm_motor_sense_encoder) | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|
| Settings | Property | Value |
| Common | Parameter Checking | Default (BSP) |
| Module g_motor_sense_encoder0 Motor Angle (rm_motor_ser) | | |
| General | Name | g_motor_sense_encoder0 |
| Motor Parameter | Pole pairs | 4 |
| | Resistance (ohm) | 0.84 |
| | Inductance of d-axis (H) | 0.0011 |
| | Inductance of q-axis (H) | 0.0011 |
| | Permanent magnetic flux (Wb) | 0.00623 |
| | Rotor inertia (kgm^2) | 0.0000041 |
| Control Type | Speed | |
| Period of Current control (kHz) | 20.0F | |
| Period of Speed control (sec) | 0.0005F | |
| PWM Carrier Frequency (kHz) | 20.0F | |
| Decimation of Interrupt | 0U | |
| Counts per Rotation | 4000 | |
| Counts for Angle Adjust | 512U | |
| Zero speed counts | 20000000U | |
| Occupancy Time | 0.4 | |
| Carrier Time | 0.00002 | |
| Process Time | 0.000002 | |
| Highspeed Change Margin (rpm) | 150U | |
| LPF parameter for Highspeed Filter | 0.1F | |
| Counts to change speed | 8U | |

Figure 3-15 FSP Configuration of Encoder sensing module (FSP3.5.0)

Table 3-18 Configuration Options for Driver Access

| Configuration Options (rm_motor_driver.h) | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Options | Description |
| Shunt type Initial: 2shunt | Selects how many shunt resistances to use current detection. |
| PWM timer frequency (MHz) Initial: 120 | PWM Timer Clock Frequency [MHz] |
| PWM carrier period (micro seconds) Initial: 50 | PWM Carrier Period [micro seconds] |
| Dead time (raw counts) Initial: 240 | PWM Dead time [raw counts] |
| Current range (A) Initial: 27.5F | Measurement Range of Electric current [A] |
| Voltage range (V) Initial: 111.0F | Measurement Range of Inverter Voltage [V] |
| Counts for current offset measurement Initial: 500 | Counts of measurement the offset of A/D Conversion at electric current input. |
| A/D conversion channel for U phase current Initial: 0 | A/D channel for U-phase current |
| A/D conversion channel for W phase current Initial: 2 | A/D channel for W-phase current |
| A/D conversion channel for main line voltage Initial: 5 | A/D channel for main line voltage |
| A/D conversion channel for V phase current Initial: 1 | A/D channel for V-phase current It is invalid at 2shunt detection. |
| Input voltage Initial: 24.0F | Range of input for main line voltage |
| Resolution of A/D conversion Initial: 0xFFFF | Resolution of A/D conversion Please set same value with ADC module setting. |
| Offset of A/D conversion for current Initial: 0x745 | Offset level of A/D conversion input for current Please set according to the circuit. |
| Conversion level of A/D conversion for voltage Initial: 0.66F | Conversion level of A/D conversion for voltage Please set when the CPU main voltage is different. |
| GTIOCA stop level Initial: Pin level High | Output level of upper arm at stop status |
| GTIOCB stop level Initial: Pin level High | Output level of lower arm at stop status |
| Maximum duty Initial: 0.9375F | Maximum duty of PWM Maximum duty except dead time. |

| ADC and PWM Modulation (rm_motor_driver) | | |
|-------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Settings | Property | Value |
| Common | Parameter Checking | Default (BSP) |
| | ADC_B Support | Disabled |
| Module ADC and PWM Modulation (rm_motor_driver) | | |
| General | Name | g_motor_driver0 |
| | Shunt type | 2 shunt |
| | Modulation method | SVPWM |
| | PWM Timer Frequency (MHz) | 120 |
| | PWM Carrier Period (Microseconds) | 50 |
| | Dead Time (Raw Counts) | 240 |
| | Current Range (A) | 27.5F |
| | Voltage Range (V) | 111.0F |
| | Counts for current offset measurement | 500 |
| | A/D conversion channel for U Phase current | 0 |
| | A/D conversion channel for W Phase current | 2 |
| | A/D conversion channel for Main Line Voltage | 5 |
| | A/D conversion channel for V Phase current | 1 |
| | Adjustment value to current A/D | 20.0 |
| | Minimum difference of PWM duty | 300 |
| | Adjustment delay of A/D conversion | 240 |
| | Input Voltage (V) | 24.0F |
| | Resolution of A/D conversion | 0xFFFF |
| | Offset of A/D conversion for current | 0x745 |
| | Conversion level of A/D conversion for voltage | 0.66F |
| | GTIOCA Stop Level | Pin Level High |
| | GTIOCB Stop Level | Pin Level High |
| Modulation | Maximum Duty | 0.9375F |
| Interrupts | Callback | rm_motor_current_cyclic |

Figure 3-16 FSP Configuration of ADC and PWM Modulation Driver (FSP 3.5.0)

3.4 Control flowcharts

3.4.1 Main process

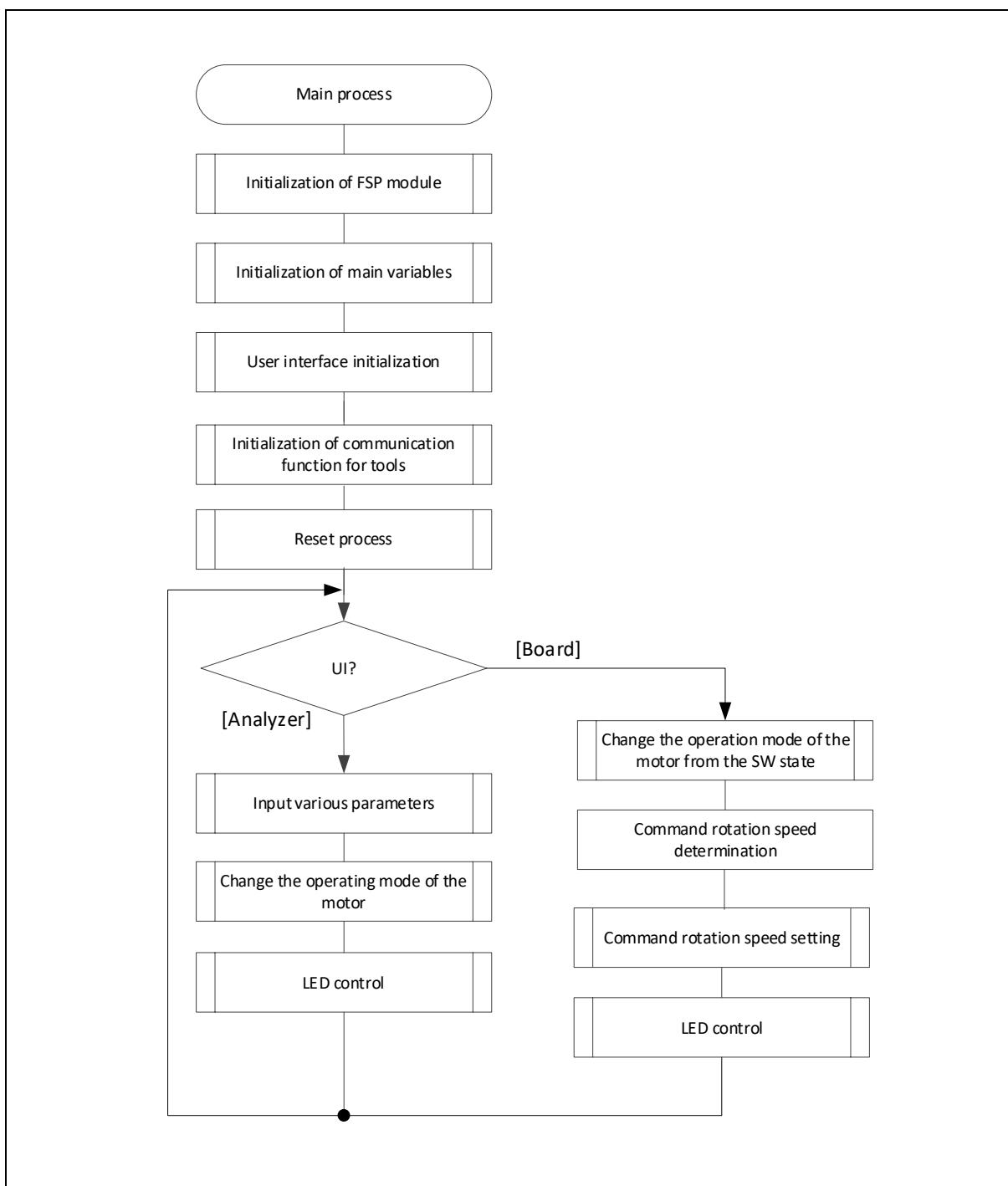


Figure 3-17 Main Process Flowchart

3.4.2 50[μ s] Period Interrupt (Carrier synchronized Interrupt) Process

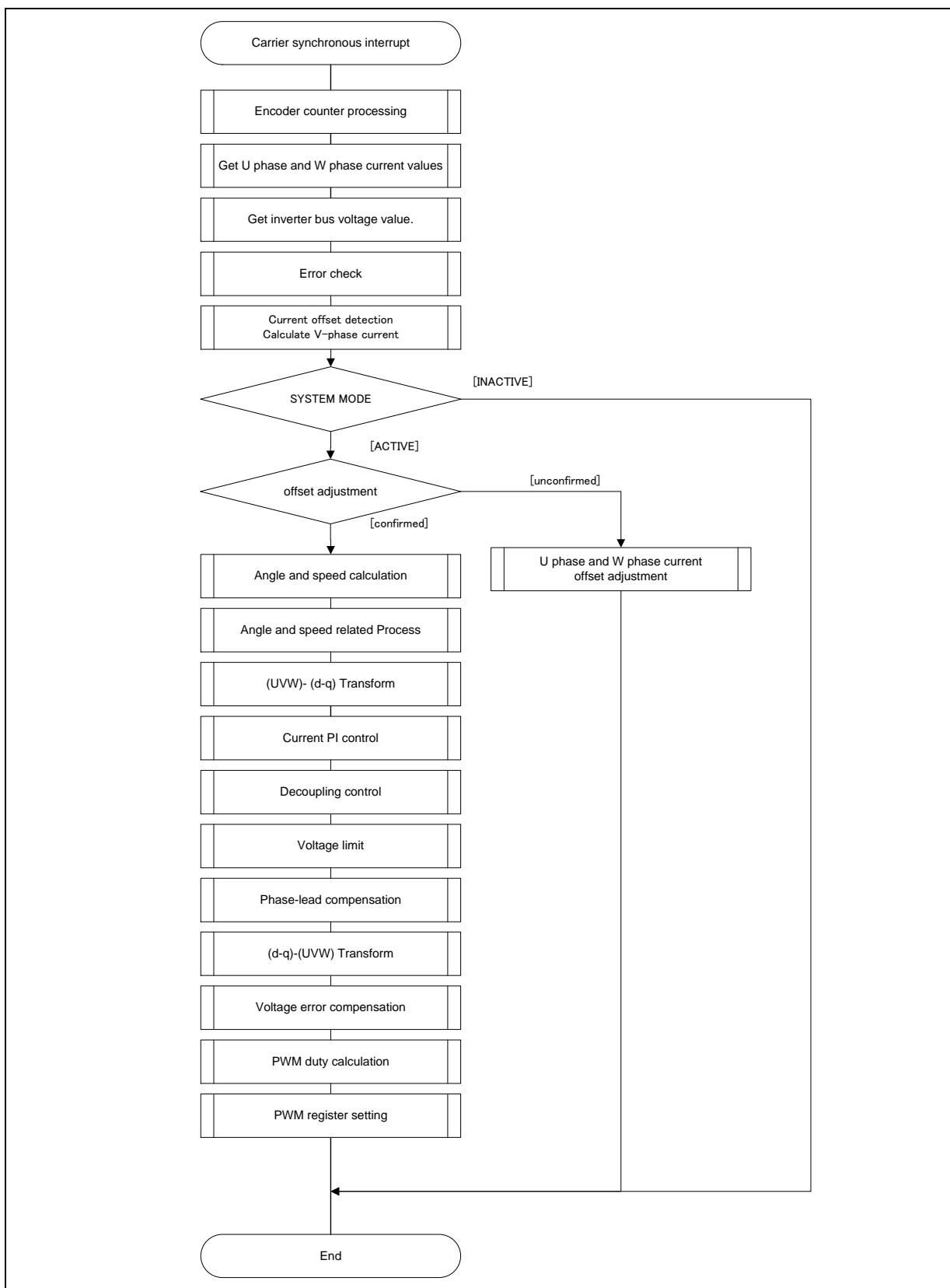


Figure 3-18 50[μ s] Period Interrupt (Carrier Interrupt) Process Flowchart

3.4.3 500 [μs] Period Interrupt Process

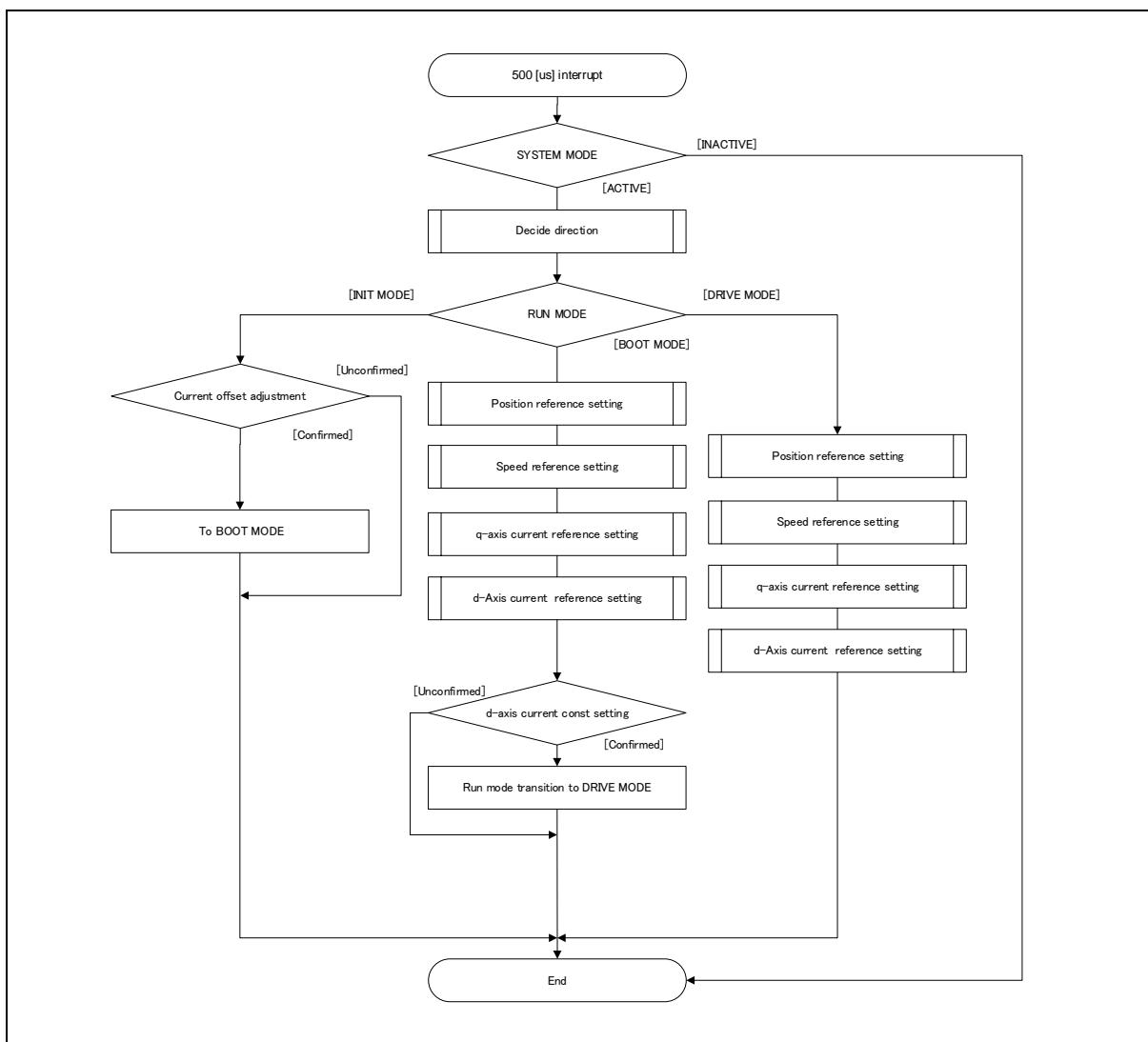


Figure 3-19 500[μs] Period Interrupt Process Flowchart

Flux weakening control can be activated by FSP setting.

3.4.4 Over Current Detection Interrupt Process

The overcurrent detection interrupt is an interrupt that occurs when either an external overcurrent detection signal is input at POEG pin, or an output short circuit is detected by the GTETRGC output level comparison operation. In both cases, the PWM output terminal are put in the high impedance state. Therefore, at the start of execution of this interrupt processing, the PWM output terminal is already in the high impedance state and the output to the motor had been stopped.

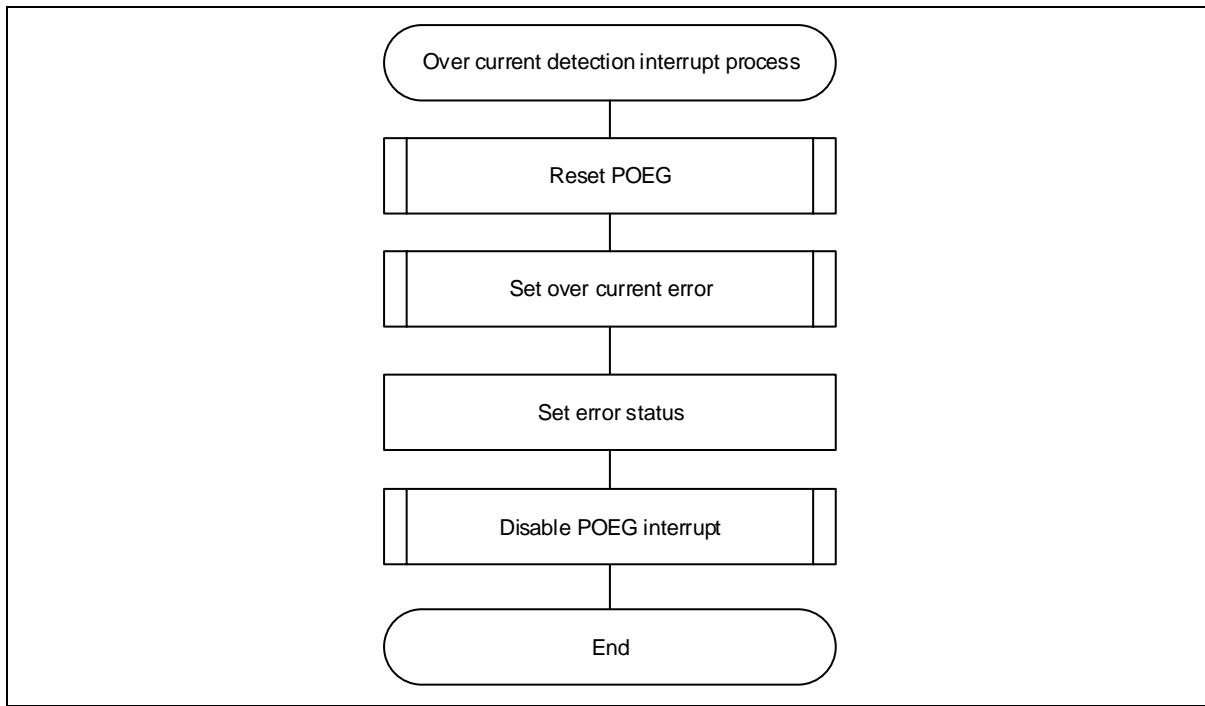


Figure 3-20 Over Current Detection Interrupt Process Flowchart

3.4.5 Encoder signal interrupt processing

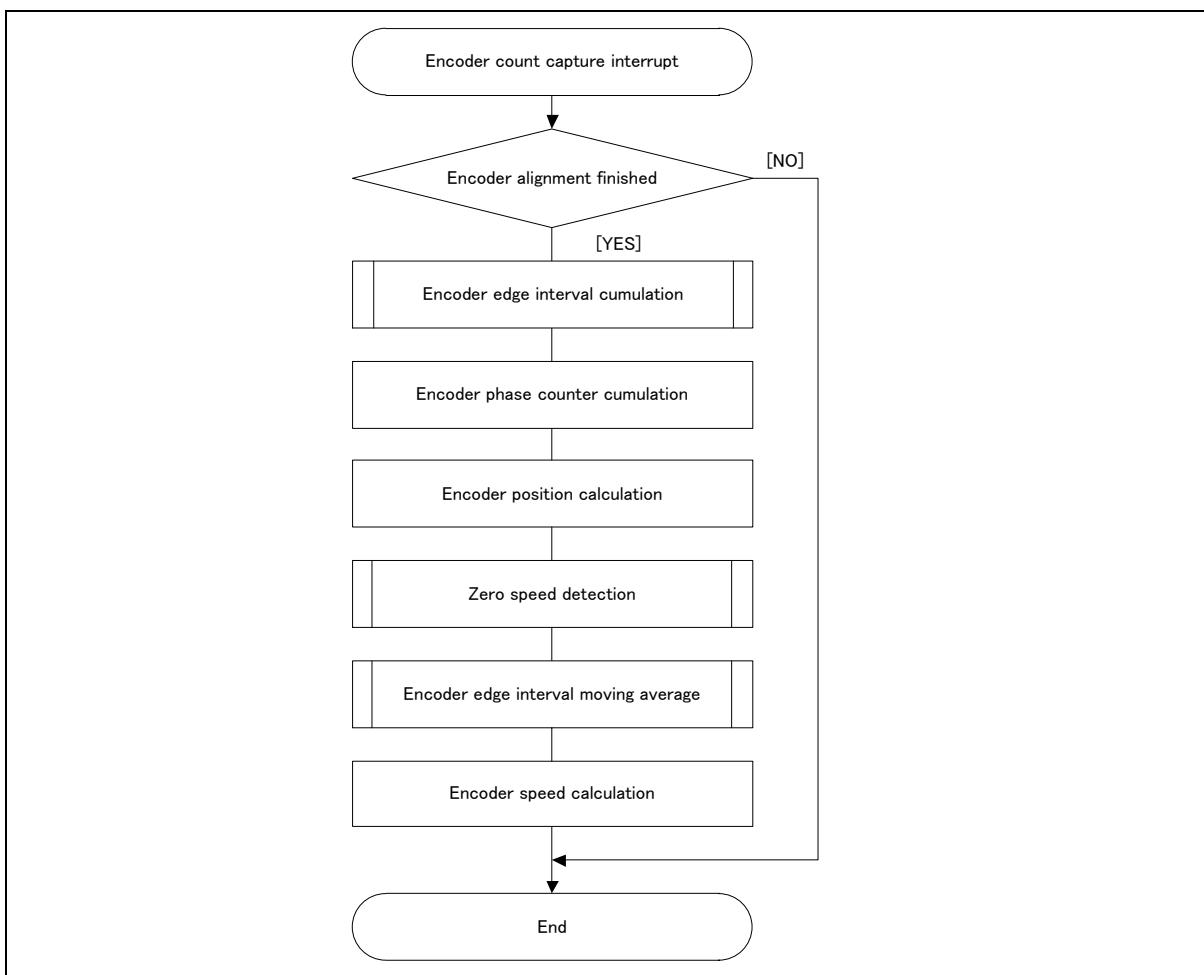


Figure 3-21 Encoder signal interrupt process Flowchart

4. Evaluation environment explanation

4.1 Operating Environment

Table 4-1 shows the hardware requirements for building and debugging Motor control software.

Table 4-1 Hardware Requirements

| Hardware | Description |
|----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Inverter Board | RA6T1-RSSK [RTK0EM0000B10020BJ] |
| CPU Card | RA6T1 CPU Card [RTK0EMA170C00000BJ] |
| Motor | Brushless DC Motor (BLY171D-24V-4000) |
| On-chip debugging Emulator | The RA6T1 CPU Card has an on-board debugger (J-Link OB), so there is no need to prepare an emulator. |

Table 4-2 shows the software requirements for build and debug Motor control software.

Table 4-2 Software Requirements

| Software | Version | Description |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| GCC environment | e ² studio | 2021-10 Integrated development environment (IDE) for Renesas devices. |
| | GCC ARM Embedded | V10.3.1.20210824 C/C++ Compiler. (Download from e2studio installer) |
| | Renesas Flexible Software Package (FSP) | V3.5.0 (or later) Software package for writing applications for the RA microcontroller series. |

4.2 Importing the Demo Project

The sample application provided with this document may be imported into e²studio using the steps in this section.

1. Select File → Import.

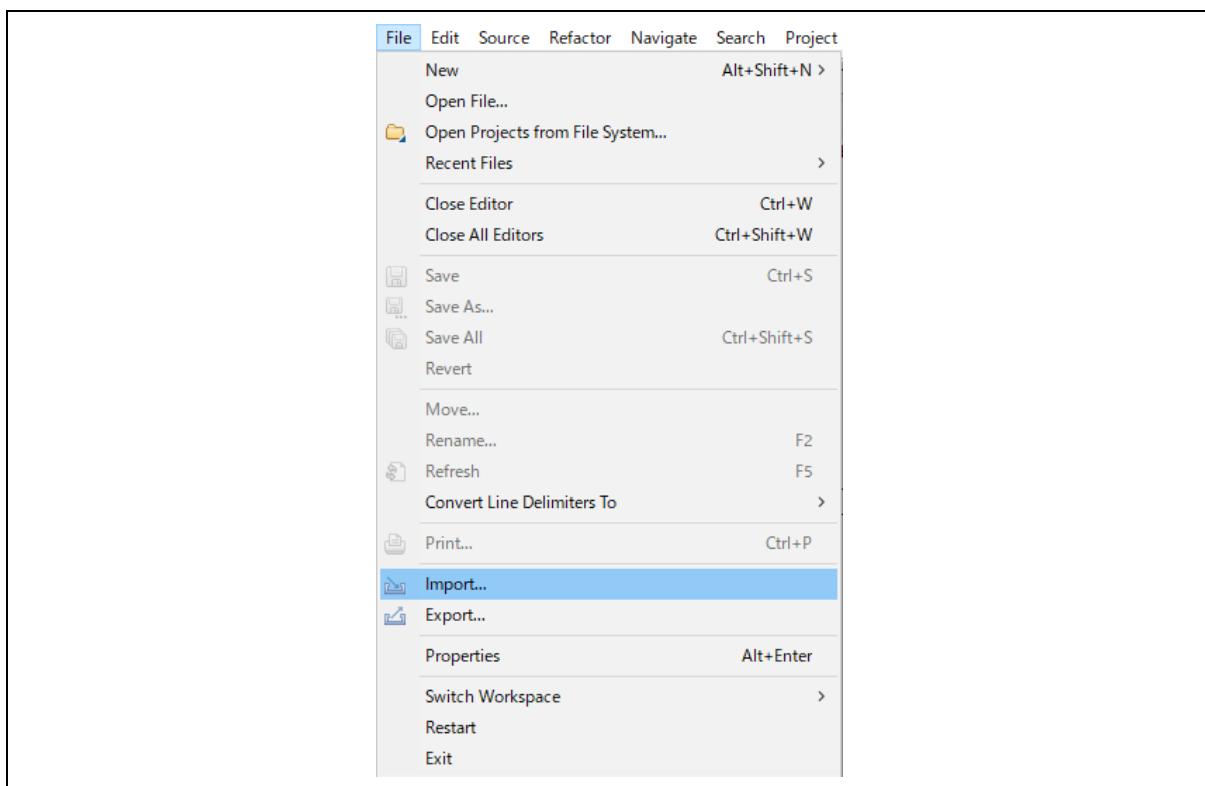


Figure 4-1 File Menu

2. Select “Existing Projects into Workspace”.

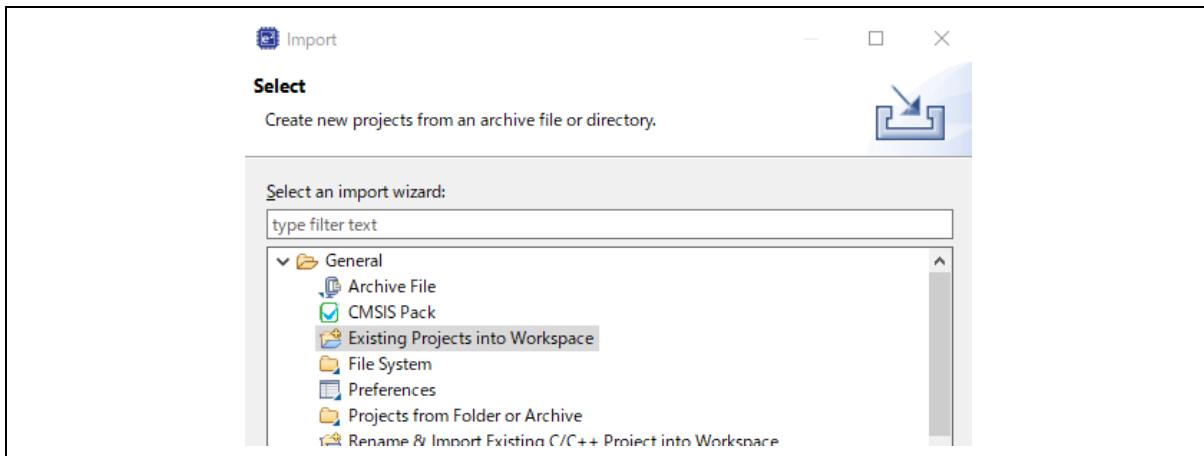


Figure 4-2 Import Wizard Selection

3. Click “Browse...” button and select the demo project. Click Finish button and the demo project is imported.

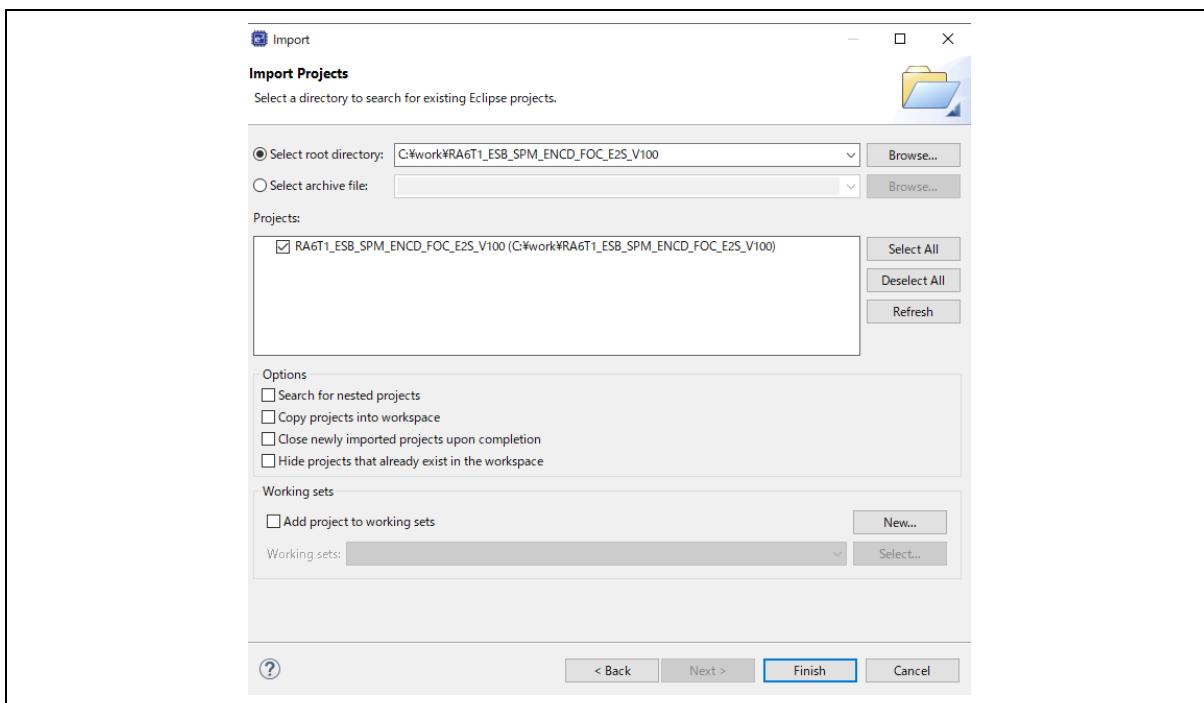


Figure 4-3 Import Projects

4.3 Building and Debugging

Refer to the "e²studio Getting Started Guide (R20UT4204)".

4.4 Motor Demonstration Project Overview

4.4.1 Quick Start

When executing the sample code only in the evaluation environment without using Renesas motor workbench, the Quick Start Sample Project can be executed with the following procedure.

- (1) After turning on stabilized power supply or executing reset, LED1, and LED2 on the inverter board are both off and the motor stops.
- (2) IF the toggle switch (SW1) on the inverter board is turned on, the motor starts to rotate. Every time the toggle switch (SW1) is changed, motor rotation starts/stops alternately. If the motor rotates normally, LED1 is on. However, if LED2 on the inverter board is also on, error is occurring.
- (3) In order to change the direction of the motor rotation, adjust it with the variable resistor (VR) on the inverter board.
 - Turn the variable resistor (VR) right: Motor rotates clockwise
 - Turn the variable resistor (VR) left: Motor rotates counterclockwise
- (4) If error occurs, LED2 on the inverter board lightens, and the motor rotation stops. To restore, the toggle switch (SW1) on the inverter board needs to be turned off, then the switch (SW2) to be pushed and released.
- (5) In order to stop the operation check, turn off the output of the stabilized power supply after making sure that the motor rotation has already stopped

4.5 Motor Control Development Support Tool ‘Renesas Motor Workbench’

4.5.1 Overview

In the target software of this application note, the motor control development support tool “Renesas Motor Workbench” is used as a user interface (rotating/stop motor, set rotation speed reference, etc). Please refer to ‘Renesas Motor Workbench User’s Manual’ for usage and more details.

You can find ‘Renesas Motor Workbench’ on Renesas Electronics Corporation website.



Figure 4-4 Renesas Motor Workbench – Appearance

Set up for “Renesas Motor Workbench”



- (1) Start ‘Renesas Motor Workbench’ by clicking this icon.
- (2) Drop down menu [File] → [Open RMT File(O)].
And select RMT file in ‘[Project Folder]/src/application/user_interface/ics/’.
- (3) Use the ‘Connection’ [COM] select menu to choose the COM port.
- (4) Click the Analyzer button of Select Tool to activate Analyzer function.
- (5) Please refer to ‘4.5.2 Easy function operation example’ or ‘4.5.4 Operation Example for Analyzer’ for motor driving operation.

4.5.2 Easy function operation example

The following is an example of operating the motor using the Easy function.

4.5.2.1 Position control

- Set the control mode to Position

- (1) Select the Position tab.
- (2) Turn on "Position".

If it has already been turned on, turn it off and then turn it on again.

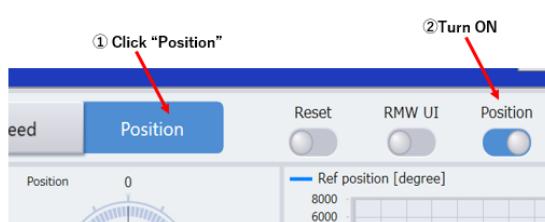


Figure 4-5 Procedure for setting the control mode to Position

- Change the user interface to use Renesas Motor Workbench

- (1) Turn on "RMW UI".

If it has already been turned on, turn it off and then turn it on again.

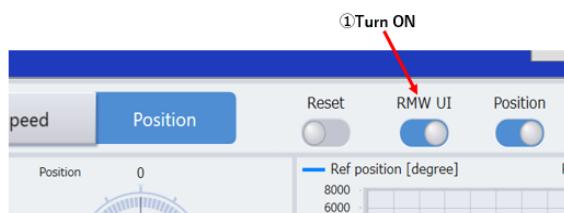


Figure 4-6 Procedure for changing to use Renesas Motor Workbench

- Run the motor

- (1) Press the "Run" button
- (2) Enter the command position with the "Ref position" slider.

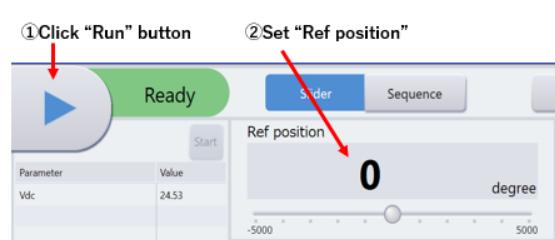


Figure 4-7 Motor rotation procedure

- Stop the motor
 - (1) Press the "Stop" button



Figure 4-8 Motor stop procedure

- Processing when it stops (error)
 - (1) Turn on "Reset" button.
 - (2) Turn off "Reset" button

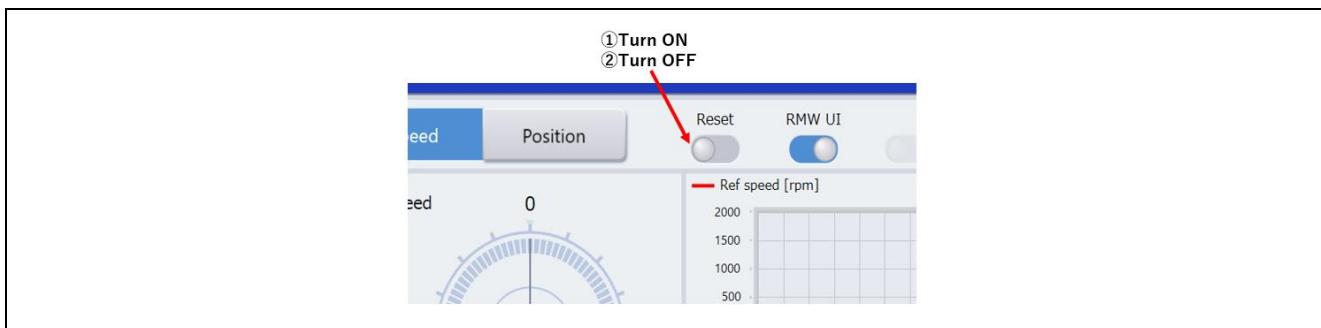


Figure 4-9 Error clearing procedure

4.5.2.2 Speed control

- Set the control mode to Speed

(3) Select the Speed tab.

(4) Turn on "Speed".

If it has already been turned on, turn it off and then turn it on again.

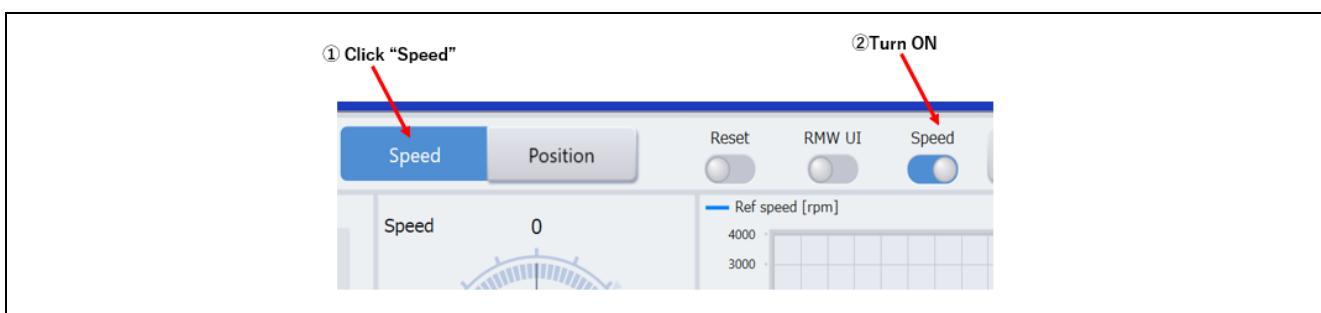


Figure 4-10 Procedure for setting the control mode to Speed

- Change the user interface to use Renesas Motor Workbench

(2) Turn on "RMW UI".

If it has already been turned on, turn it off and then turn it on again.

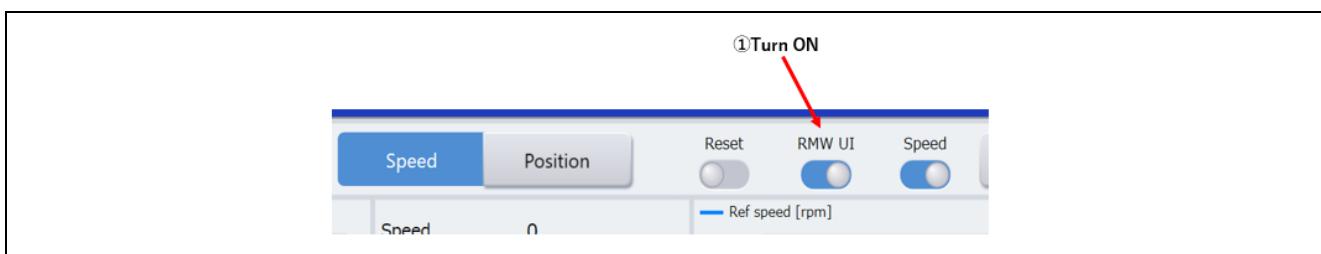


Figure 4-11 Procedure for changing to use Renesas Motor Workbench

- Run the motor

(3) Press the "Run" button

(4) Enter the command speed with the "Ref speed" slider.

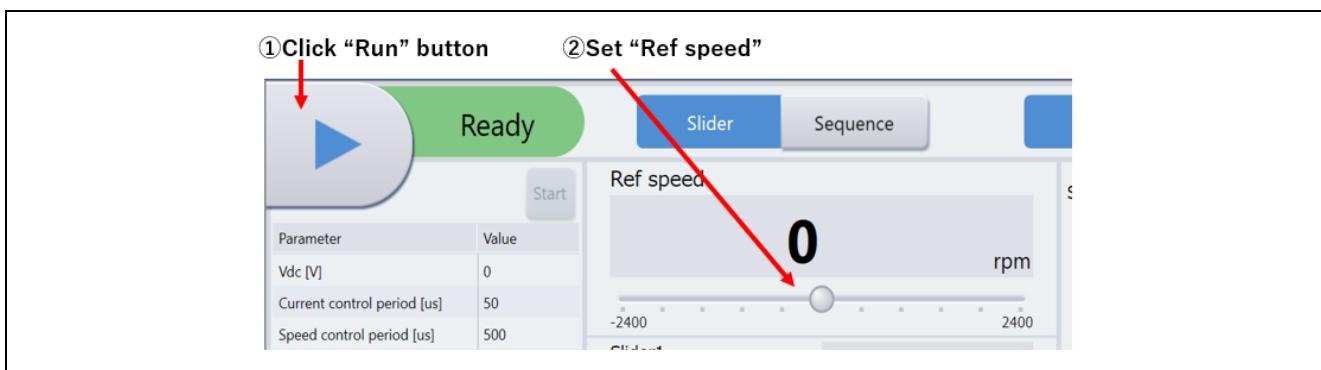


Figure 4-12 Motor rotation procedure

- Stop the motor
 - (1) Press the "Stop" button



Figure 4-13 Motor stop procedure

- Processing when it stops (error)
 - (1) Turn on "Reset" button.
 - (2) Turn off "Reset" button

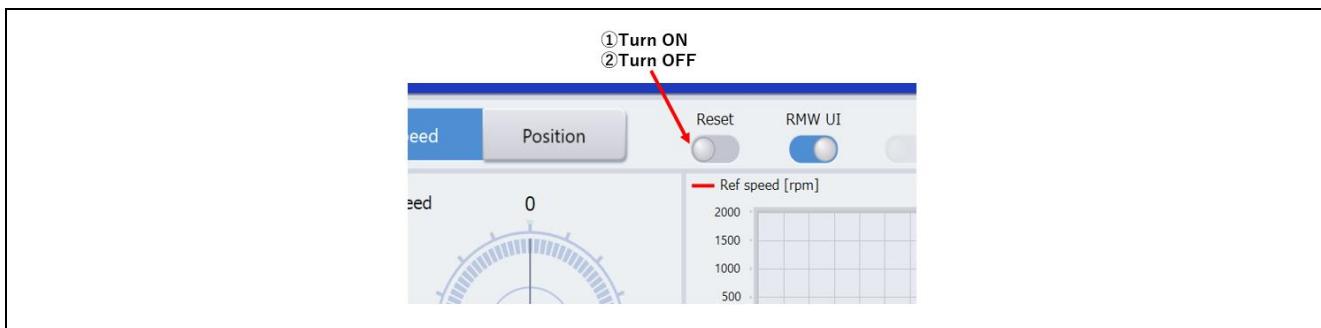


Figure 4-14 Error clearing procedure

4.5.3 List of variables for Analyzer function

Table 4-3 is a list of variables for Analyzer. These variables are reflected to the corresponding variables when the same values as g_u1_enable_write are written to com_u1_enable_write. However, note that variables with (*) do not depend on com_u1_enable_write.

Table 4-3 List of Variables for Analyzer

| Variable name | Type | Content |
|--------------------------|----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| com_u1_sw_userif (*) | uint8_t | User interface switch 0: GUI use 1: Board user interface use (default) |
| com_u1_mode_system (*) | uint8_t | State management 0: Stop mode 1: Run mode 3: Reset |
| com_u1_ctrl_loop_mode | uint8_t | Control loop mode switch 0: Speed control 1: Position control (default) |
| com_f4_ref_speed_rpm | float | Speed reference (Mechanical) [rpm] |
| com_s2_ref_position_deg | int16_t | Position command value [degree] |
| com_u2_mtr_pp | uint16_t | Number of pole pairs |
| com_f4_mtr_r | float | Resistance [Ω] |
| com_f4_mtr_Id | float | d-axis Inductance [H] |
| com_f4_mtr_Iq | float | q-axis Inductance [H] |
| com_f4_mtr_m | float | Flux [Wb] |
| com_f4_mtr_j | float | Inertia [kgm^2] |
| com_f4_pos_omega | float | Natural frequency of current control system [Hz] |
| com_f4_sob_omega | float | Damping ratio of current control system |
| com_f4_sob_zeta | float | Natural frequency of speed control system [Hz] |
| com_f4_speed_omega | float | Damping ratio of speed control system |
| com_f4_speed_zeta | float | Natural frequency of the position loop[Hz] |
| com_f4_current_omega | float | Natural frequency of the speed observer [Hz] |
| com_f4_current_zeta | float | Damping ratio of the speed observer |
| com_f4.ol.ref_id | float | d-axis current reference in open loop mode [A] |
| com_f4.id.up_time | float | d-axis current command value addition time [ms] |
| com_f4.max_speed_rpm | float | Maximum speed |
| com_f4.speed_limit_rpm | float | Over speed limit |
| com_u2.pos.dead_band | uint16_t | Dead band of position |
| com_u2.pos.band_limit | uint16_t | Positioning complete range |
| com_u2.encl.cpr | uint16_t | Encoder pulse count (4 for multiplying) |
| com_u2.interval_time | uint16_t | Time interval of the position command changes |
| com_f4.accel_time | float | Acceleration time [s] (for position control) |
| com_f4.speed_rate_limit | float | Acceleration limit [s] (for speed control) |
| com_f4.overcurrent_limit | float | Over current limit |
| com_f4.iq_limit | float | q-axis current limit |
| com_u1.enable.write | uint8_t | Enable to rewriting variables |

4.5.4 Operation Example for Analyzer

Following example shows motor driving operation using Analyzer. Operation is using "Control Window" as shown in Figure 4-4. Regarding specification of "Control Window", refer to 'Renesas Motor Workbench User's Manual'.

- Change the user interface to Analyzer

- (1) Confirm the check-boxes of column [W?] for 'com_u1_sw_userif' marks.
- (2) Input '0' in the [Write] box of 'com_u1_sw_userif'.
- (3) Click the 'Write' button.

- Driving the motor

- (1) The [W?] check boxes contain checkmarks for "com_u1_mode_system1", "com_s2_ref_position_deg", "com_u1_enable_write".
- (2) Type a reference position value in the [Write] box of "com_s2_ref_position_deg".
- (3) Click the "Write" button.
- (4) Click the "Read" button. Confirm the [Read] box of "com_s2_ref_position_deg", "g_u1_enable_write".
- (5) Enter the same value of "g_u1_enable_write" in the [Write] box of "com_u1_enable_write".
- (6) Enter "1" in the [Write] box of "com_u1_mode_system".
- (7) Click the "Write" button.

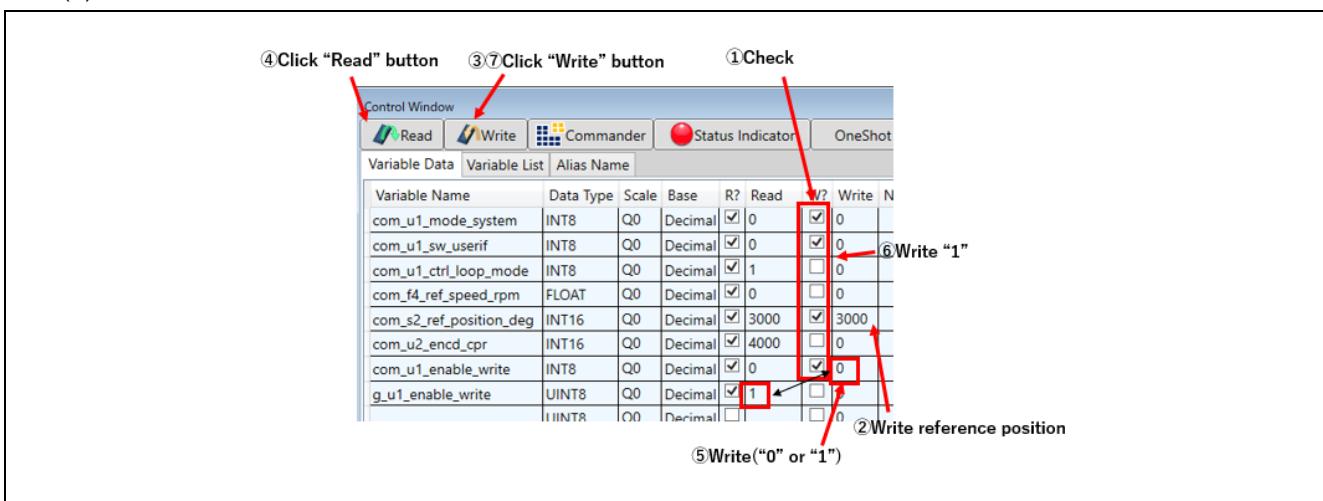


Figure 4-15 Procedure - Driving the motor

- Stop the motor

- (1) Enter "0" in the [Write] box of "com_u1_mode_system".
- (2) Click the "Write" button.

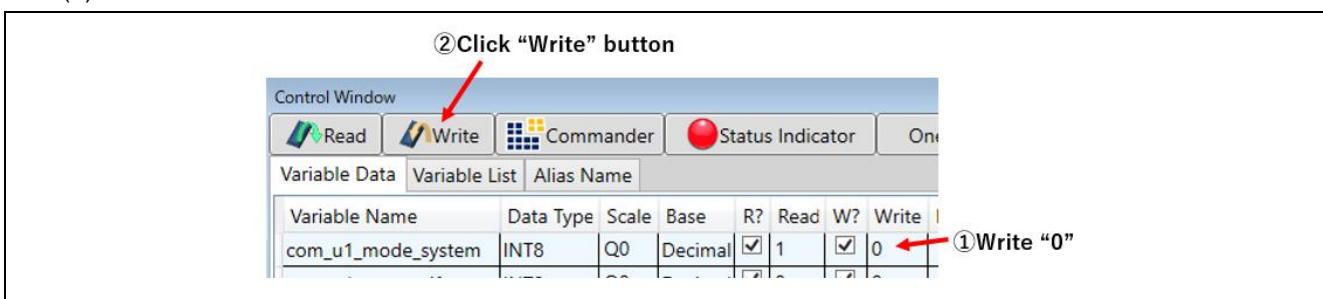


Figure 4-16 Procedure - Stop the motor

- Error cancel operation

- (1) Enter “3” in the [Write] box of “com_u1_mode_system”.
- (2) Click the “Write” button.

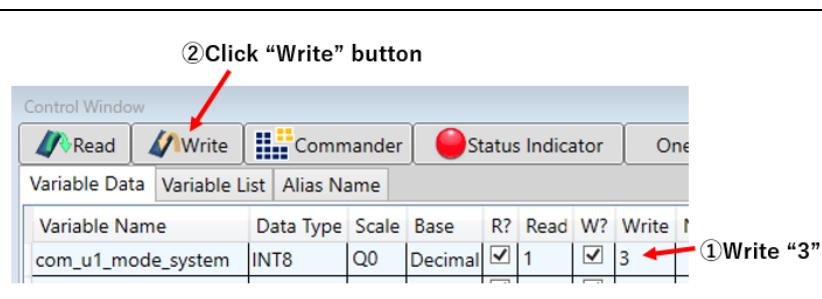


Figure 4-17 Procedure - Error cancel operation

4.5.5 Tuner function

To use the Tuner function, use the executable file provided by Renesas Motor Workbench.

For details on how to use the Tuner function, refer to the Tuner function manual (R20AN0528) included in the Renesas Motor Workbench download file.

5. Reference Documents

RA6T1 Group User's Manual: Hardware (R01UH0897)

RA Flexible Software Package Documentation

Application note: Vector control with encoder for permanent magnet synchronous motor (Algorithm)^{*}
(R01AN3789)

Renesas Motor Workbench User's Manual (R21UZ0004)

Evaluation System for BLDC Motor User's Manual (R12UZ0062)

Motor Control Evaluation System for RA Family (R12UZ0078)

RA6T1 CPU CARD User's Manual (R12UZ0077)

Revision History

| Rev. | Date | Description | |
|------|--------------|-------------|--------------------------|
| | | Page | Summary |
| 1.00 | Jun 29, 2021 | - | First release document |
| 1.01 | Sep 24, 2021 | 23 | Addition of 3.5 chapters |
| 1.10 | Dec.17, 2021 | - | For FSP V3.5.0 |
| 1.11 | Oct.18, 2022 | - | For FSP V4.1.0 |

General Precautions in the Handling of Microprocessing Unit and Microcontroller Unit Products

The following usage notes are applicable to all Microprocessing unit and Microcontroller unit products from Renesas. For detailed usage notes on the products covered by this document, refer to the relevant sections of the document as well as any technical updates that have been issued for the products.

1. Precaution against Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)

A strong electrical field, when exposed to a CMOS device, can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the device operation. Steps must be taken to stop the generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it when it occurs. Environmental control must be adequate. When it is dry, a humidifier should be used. This is recommended to avoid using insulators that can easily build up static electricity. Semiconductor devices must be stored and transported in an anti-static container, static shielding bag or conductive material. All test and measurement tools including work benches and floors must be grounded. The operator must also be grounded using a wrist strap. Semiconductor devices must not be touched with bare hands. Similar precautions must be taken for printed circuit boards with mounted semiconductor devices.

2. Processing at power-on

The state of the product is undefined at the time when power is supplied. The states of internal circuits in the LSI are indeterminate and the states of register settings and pins are undefined at the time when power is supplied. In a finished product where the reset signal is applied to the external reset pin, the states of pins are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the reset process is completed. In a similar way, the states of pins in a product that is reset by an on-chip power-on reset function are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the power reaches the level at which resetting is specified.

3. Input of signal during power-off state

Do not input signals or an I/O pull-up power supply while the device is powered off. The current injection that results from input of such a signal or I/O pull-up power supply may cause malfunction and the abnormal current that passes in the device at this time may cause degradation of internal elements. Follow the guideline for input signal during power-off state as described in your product documentation.

4. Handling of unused pins

Handle unused pins in accordance with the directions given under handling of unused pins in the manual. The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the high-impedance state. In operation with an unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of the LSI, an associated shoot-through current flows internally, and malfunctions occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal become possible.

5. Clock signals

After applying a reset, only release the reset line after the operating clock signal becomes stable. When switching the clock signal during program execution, wait until the target clock signal is stabilized. When the clock signal is generated with an external resonator or from an external oscillator during a reset, ensure that the reset line is only released after full stabilization of the clock signal. Additionally, when switching to a clock signal produced with an external resonator or by an external oscillator while program execution is in progress, wait until the target clock signal is stable.

6. Voltage application waveform at input pin

Waveform distortion due to input noise or a reflected wave may cause malfunction. If the input of the CMOS device stays in the area between V_{IL} (Max.) and V_{IH} (Min.) due to noise, for example, the device may malfunction. Take care to prevent chattering noise from entering the device when the input level is fixed, and also in the transition period when the input level passes through the area between V_{IL} (Max.) and V_{IH} (Min.).

7. Prohibition of access to reserved addresses

Access to reserved addresses is prohibited. The reserved addresses are provided for possible future expansion of functions. Do not access these addresses as the correct operation of the LSI is not guaranteed.

8. Differences between products

Before changing from one product to another, for example to a product with a different part number, confirm that the change will not lead to problems. The characteristics of a microprocessing unit or microcontroller unit products in the same group but having a different part number might differ in terms of internal memory capacity, layout pattern, and other factors, which can affect the ranges of electrical characteristics, such as characteristic values, operating margins, immunity to noise, and amount of radiated noise. When changing to a product with a different part number, implement a system-evaluation test for the given product.

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(Rev.4.0-1 November 2017)

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