

RL78 Family

Using the Standalone Version of QE to Develop Touch Applications for a Fast Prototyping Board

Introduction

This application note describes the steps for creating an example of a capacitive touch sensing application on the RL78/G22 fast prototyping board (FPB), which incorporates touch electrodes.

This application note is a guide to the development of capacitive touch applications by using a combination of CS+, the standalone version of the Smart Configurator, and the standalone version of QE for Capacitive Touch. The standalone version of QE for Capacitive Touch^{Note} enables development independently of the device or integrated development environment (IDE) by using serial communications between the PC and board.

Note: QE for Capacitive Touch is a development tool for supporting initial settings and sensitivity adjustment of touch interfaces that are required in the development of embedded systems that use capacitive touch sensors.

Target Devices

RL78/G22

Other products of the RL78 family that incorporate the capacitive sensing unit (CTSU)

Contents

1. Overview.....	4
2. Operating Environment.....	4
2.1 Functions of QE for Capacitive Touch	5
3. Configuring the Development Environment.....	6
3.1 Installing Development Tools	6
3.1.1 Procedure for Installing the CS+ Integrated Development Environment	6
3.1.2 Procedure for Installing the Standalone Version of the Smart Configurator	6
3.1.3 Procedure for Installing the Standalone Version of QE for Capacitive Touch	6
3.2 Hardware Settings	7
4. Procedure of Application Development	8
5. Sample Application	10
5.1 Overview of the Sample Application.....	10
5.2 List of Pins Used	11
6. Creating a New Project.....	12
7. Settings of the Smart Configurator	13
7.1 Starting the Smart Configurator.....	13
7.2 Setting the Clock and System	14
7.3 Downloading Software Integration System (SIS) Modules	15
7.4 Adding Components.....	17
7.5 Modifying the Component Settings in the Smart Configurator.....	19
7.5.1 Setting the CTSU Component.....	19
7.5.2 Setting the Touch Component.....	21
7.5.3 Setting the UART Communications Component.....	22
7.5.4 Setting the LVD Component.....	24
7.5.5 Setting the PORT Component.....	25
7.5.6 Board Support Package	26
7.6 Setting Unused Pins.....	27
7.7 Generating Code	28
8. Settings of QE for Capacitive Touch	29
8.1 Starting QE for Capacitive Touch.....	29
8.2 Preparing a Project.....	30
8.3 Configuring the Touch Interface.....	32
8.4 Tuning.....	42

RL78 Family

Using the Standalone Version of QE to Develop Touch Applications for a Fast Prototyping Board

8.5	Coding and Monitoring	48
8.5.1	Monitoring.....	48
8.6	Flowchart (Software Timer).....	57
9.	Another Implementation of the Sample Application.....	58
9.1	Touch Measurement with the Use of a Hardware Timer	58
9.1.1	Using the Smart Configurator to Make Settings (Hardware Timer)	58
9.1.2	Flowchart (Hardware Timer).....	61
9.1.3	Sample Code (Hardware Timer)	62
10.	Documents for Reference.....	64
	Revision History	65

1. Overview

This application note describes the following procedures for using a device of the RL78 family to embed a capacitive touch function in a system.

- Creating a project for using the RL78/G22 FPB by using the standalone version of Smart Configurator
- Creating, tuning, and monitoring touch interfaces by using the standalone version of QE for Capacitive Touch

The application note describes the procedures for using the RL78/G22 FPB, but the procedures can also be applied to other devices of the RL78 family that incorporate the capacitive touch IP.

2. Operating Environment

Table 2-1 and Table 2-2 list the elements of the environment used in development for this application note.

The sample code attached to this application note was developed with the versions of tools listed in Table 2-1. This application note also supports development with the versions in parentheses () in the table.

The program generated by the standalone version of QE is written to the RL78/G22 through CS+ and then executed on the RL78/G22.

Table 2-1 Development Environment (Software)

Item	Description	Version
Integrated development environment (IDE)	CS+ for CC	V8.13.00 (V8.09.00 or later)
Compiler	CC-RL	V1.15.00 (V1.12.00 or later)
Development assistance tool for capacitive touch sensors	Standalone version of QE for Capacitive Touch	V4.1.0
Smart Configurator	RL78 Smart Configurator	V1.12.00 (V1.5.00 or later)
Software integration system (SIS) modules	• Capacitive sensing unit driver (r_ctsu) • Touch middleware (rm_touch)	V2.10 (V2.10 or later)

Caution: When the free evaluation edition of CC-RL V1.12.00 or a later version is to be used for compilation during the tuning of touch sensors, set the optimization level of the compiler for building to "Debug precedence (-onothing)".

Table 2-2 Development Environment (Hardware)

Item	Description
Target MCU	RL78/G22 (R7F102GGE2DFB)
Target board	RL78/G22 fast prototyping board (RTK7RLG220C00000BJ)

Operation of the sample code attached to this application note was verified under the following conditions.

Table 2-3 Conditions for Verifying Operation

Item	Description
Operating voltage	5.0 V Level of voltage detection by LVD0 in reset mode For rising: 2.67 V typ. (2.59 V to 2.75 V) For falling: 2.62 V typ. (2.54 V to 2.70 V)
Operating frequency	High-speed on-chip oscillator clock (f _{IH}): 32 MHz

2.1 Functions of QE for Capacitive Touch

QE for Capacitive Touch is a development tool for supporting initial settings and sensitivity adjustment of touch interfaces that are required in the development of embedded systems that use capacitive touch sensors.

The following shows the main functions of QE for Capacitive Touch.

- **Creating touch interface configurations**
This allows the visual placement of touch-interface elements such as buttons and assignment of touch sensors (electrodes) to the elements.
- **Tuning**
This allows automatic offset and sensitivity tuning of the touch interface.
- **Monitoring operation and adjusting parameters**
This allows monitoring of the operation of the touch interface and the fine adjustment of parameters.

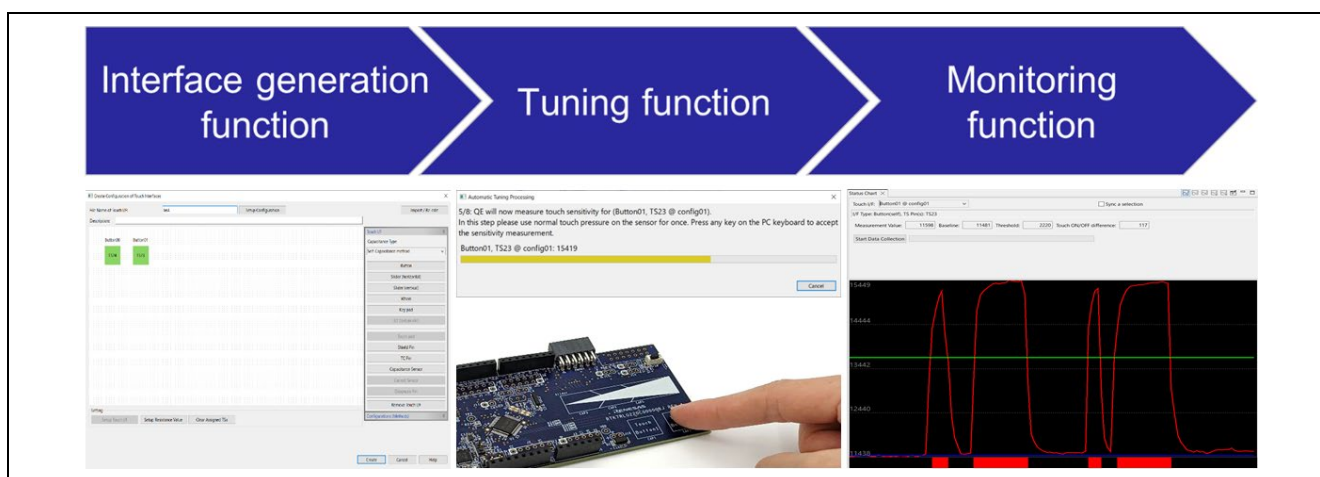


Figure 2-1 Main Functions of QE for Capacitive Touch

3. Configuring the Development Environment

This chapter describes the procedures for installing the development environment and setting up the hardware.

3.1 Installing Development Tools

The following tools are used with this sample application.

- CS+
- Standalone version of Smart Configurator
- Standalone version of QE for Capacitive Touch

If these tools have already been installed, skip the procedures in the rest of section 0.

3.1.1 Procedure for Installing the CS+ Integrated Development Environment

1. Download the installer for the latest version of the CS+ for CC integrated development environment from the following link.
[CS+ IDE and Coding Tool | Renesas](#)
2. Decompress the downloaded zip file and execute the installer file.
3. Click on "Begin CS+ Setup".
4. Check that "Tools for RL78 family" is selected.
5. After installation has been completed, click on the [Finish] button.

3.1.2 Procedure for Installing the Standalone Version of the Smart Configurator

1. Download the installer for the latest version of the RL78 Smart Configurator from the following link.
[RL78 Smart Configurator | Renesas](#)
2. Execute the downloaded EXE file to start the installer.
3. After the installer has started, follow the instructions for installation as they appear on the screen.

3.1.3 Procedure for Installing the Standalone Version of QE for Capacitive Touch

1. Download the installer for the latest version of QE for Capacitive Touch, a development assistance tool for capacitive touch sensors, from the following link.
[QE for Capacitive Touch: Development Assistance Tool for Capacitive Touch Sensors | Renesas](#)
2. The downloaded zip file contains both the plug-in and standalone versions of QE. Extract the contents of the zip file and install the standalone version.

Caution: Extract the contents in a location as close as possible to the root of a drive so that the pathname does not exceed the limit on the number of characters (260) in a pathname for Windows.

Example of a suitable location: Under the "C:\Renesas" folder

Do not specify the Windows folder, the Program Files folder, or a folder that has a name which includes white space.

3.2 Hardware Settings

This section describes the hardware settings and connection of the target board. Table 3-1 shows the jumper settings on the target board for this sample application. Power is supplied to the target board via the USB. Connect the target board to the PC through a USB cable as shown in Figure 3-1.

The changes required in circuit connection settings differ with the target board. For details, refer to the notes on usage of QE for Capacitive Touch in the user's manual of the FPB you are using.

Table 3-1 Jumper Settings on the Board

Jumper	Circuit Group	Setting	Description
J16 ^{Note}	QE serial connection switching jumper	Open	The serial connection function of the QE tool is used.
		Closed	The COM port debugging circuit is enabled.
J17	Power supply selection header connector	Pins 1-2 closed	5-V power is selected.

Note: In this development procedure, the J16 setting needs to be switched for tuning and monitoring. For details, see steps 3 to 5 in section 8.4, Tuning.

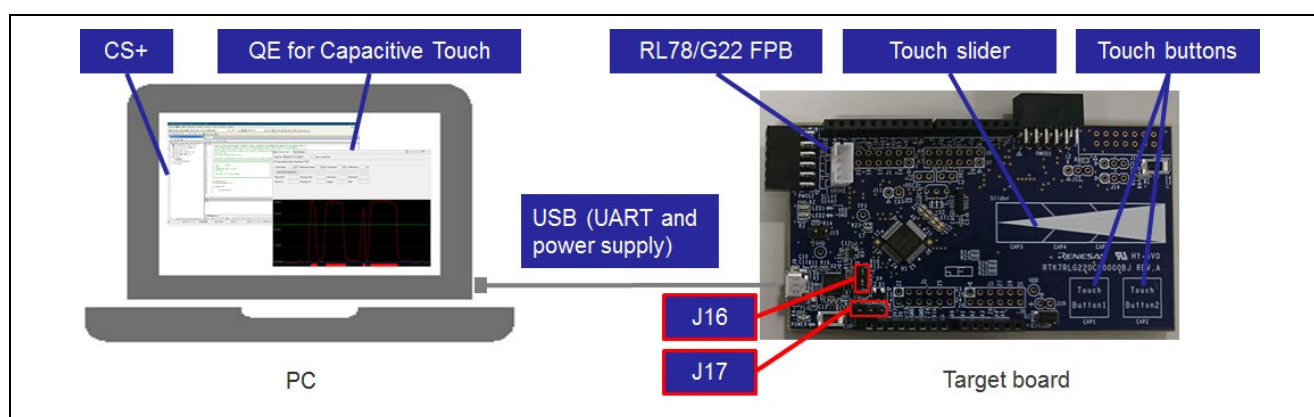


Figure 3-1 Connecting the PC to the Target Board

4. Procedure of Application Development

This chapter describes how to develop an application.
Follow the steps in the workflow of QE for Capacitive Touch.

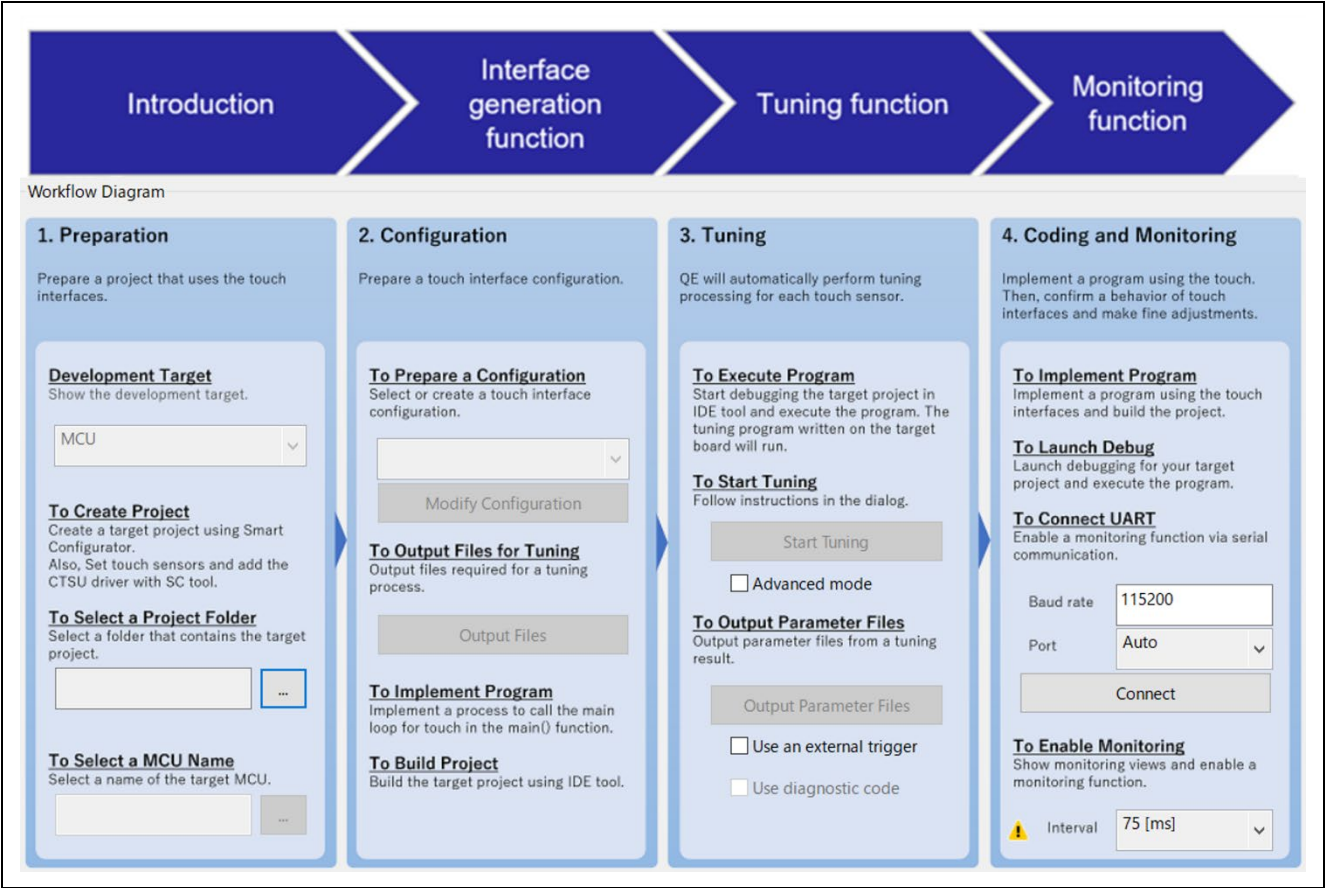


Figure 4-1 Procedure of Application Development

Table 4-1 lists the steps in the workflow. The section numbers in the table are linked to the corresponding sections in this document. Click on each section number in the table to see how to use the corresponding function. The IDE and Smart Configurator are used in creating a project, coding a program, building a project, and starting debugging.

Table 4-1 Workflow of Development Using QE for Capacitive Touch

Item			Section Number
Preparation	To Create Project	Creation of a project by using the IDE	6
		Settings made by the Smart Configurator	7
		Clock and system	7.2
		CTSU driver	7.5.1
		Touch middleware	7.5.2
		Serial interface (UART)	7.5.3
		Voltage detector (LVD)	7.5.4
		Port functions (PORT)	7.5.5
		Board support package	7.5.6
		Unused pins	7.6
	To Select a Project Folder		8.2
	To Select an MCU Name		
Configuration	To Prepare a Configuration		8.3
	To Output Files for Tuning		
	To Implement Program		
	To Build Project		
Tuning	To Execute Program		8.4
	To Start Tuning		
	To Output Parameter Files		
Coding and Monitoring	To Implement Program		8.5
	To Launch Debug		
	To Connect UART		
	To Enable Monitoring		

5. Sample Application

5.1 Overview of the Sample Application

This application note describes an example of an application that uses two buttons and one slider. This example also involves tuning and monitoring the touch performance through serial communications.

The method of creating an application that uses two buttons and a slider and monitoring whether a button or a slider is being touched are described in chapter 6 and subsequent sections.

Remark: Communications for checking the touch performance of a touch application can also be handled by an on-chip debugging (OCD) emulator. For devices of the RL78 family, however, note that the on-chip debugging functionality of the device limits performance in monitoring. Using serial communications enables smooth monitoring of the touch performance. Serial communications can also be used in tuning for the touch sensors.

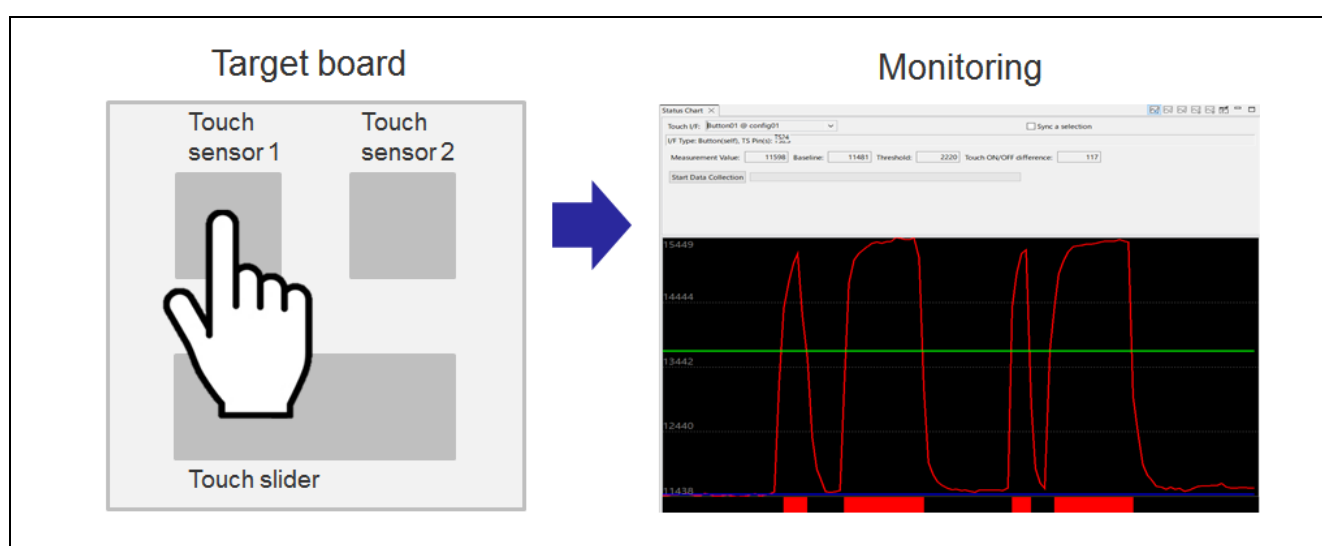


Figure 5-1 Sample Application

This application note is provided with the two sets of sample code listed in Table 5-1. Both have the same procedure for development but differ in terms of some settings by the Smart Configurator and the code to be added to the `qe_touch_sample.c` file. Chapters 6 to 8 describe the procedure for development by taking the touch application implemented with the use of a software timer as an example. For implementation of the application with the use of a hardware timer and the control of LEDs to indicate sensor operation, see chapter 9, Another Implementation of the Sample Application.

Table 5-1 Overview of the Attached Sample Code

File Name	Timer for Generating Cycles of Touch Measurement	LED Control
Capacitive_Touch_Project_Example	Software timer	None
Capacitive_Touch_Project_HardwareTimer_Example	Hardware timer	Included

5.2 List of Pins Used

Table 5-2 lists the pins used in this sample application.

UART communications and touch sensors should be set up according to the specifications of the target board in use.

Table 5-2 List of Pins Used in the Sample Application

Item	Pin	Description
UART communications	RxD0/P11	For tuning and monitoring
	TxD0/P12	
Touch sensor 1	TS24/P26	For detecting touching of the TS_B1 button
Touch sensor 2	TS23/P25	For detecting touching of the TS_B2 button
Touch slider	TS20/P22	For detecting the position of a finger moving left or right on the TS_S slider
	TS21/P23	
	TS22/P24	

Figure 5-2 shows the locations of the touch sensors used in this sample application.

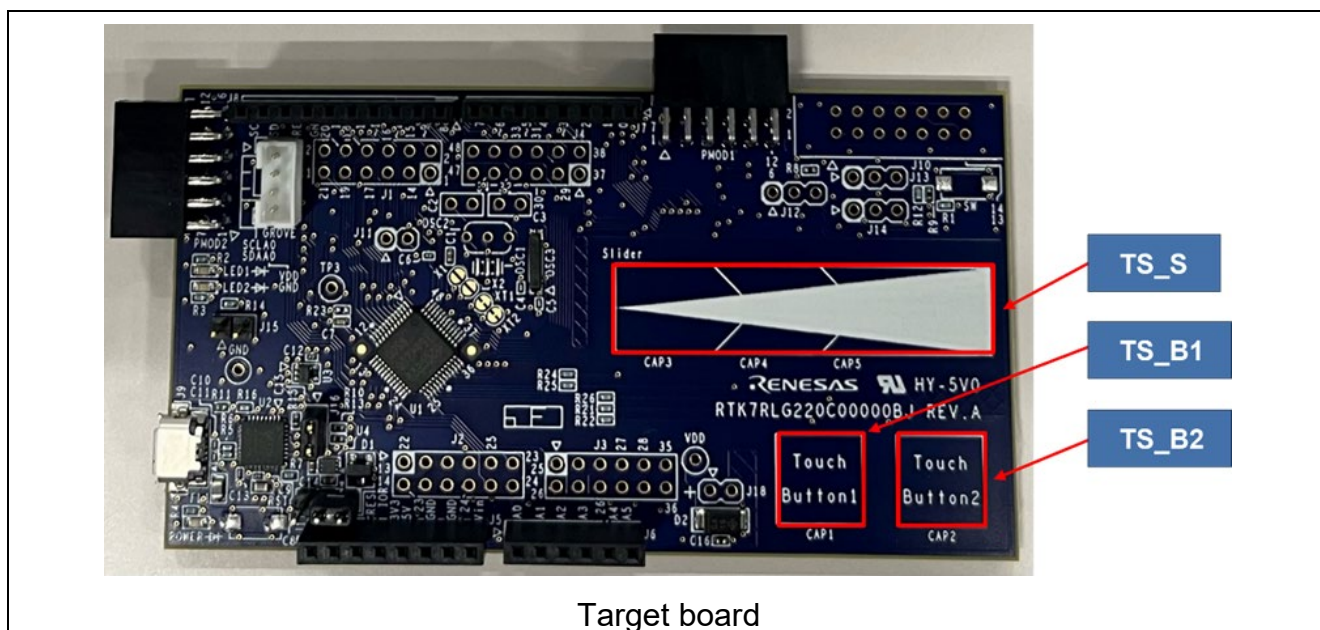


Figure 5-2 Locations of the Touch Sensors

6. Creating a New Project

Start CS+ and create a new project.

For this sample application, make the following selections in the [Create Project] dialog box.

- Microcontroller : RL78
- Using microcontroller : R7F102GGEExFB (48 pins)
- Kind of project : Application (CC-RL)
- Project name : (Desired project name)
- Place : (Desired place)

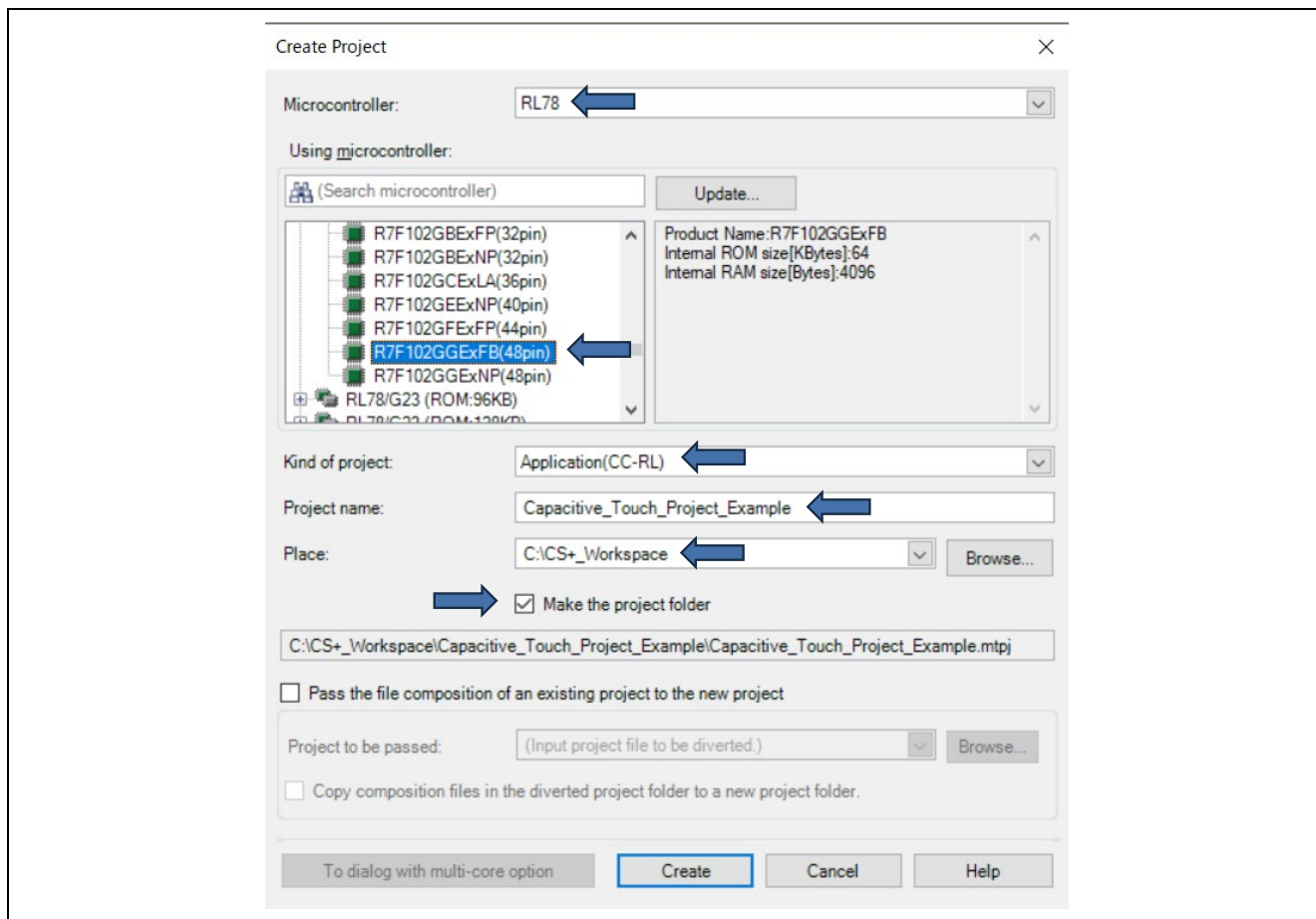


Figure 6-1 Creating a New Project

7. Settings of the Smart Configurator

This chapter describes the procedures for using the Smart Configurator to make settings. The settings required for this sample application are listed below.

- Clock and system
- CTSU driver
- Touch middleware
- Serial interface (UART communications)
- Voltage detector (LVD)
- Port functions (PORT)

7.1 Starting the Smart Configurator

Double-click on "Smart Configurator" in [Project Tree] of CS+ to start the Smart Configurator.

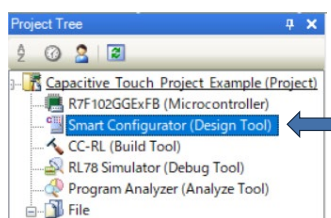


Figure 7-1 Starting the Smart Configurator

If the Smart Configurator does not start, check that the following two items are correctly specified.

- A correct file path is specified in [Property] of the Smart Configurator.
- "Smart Configurator for RL78 Communication Plug-in" is selected in the [Plug-in Manager] dialog box that can be opened from the [Tool] menu.

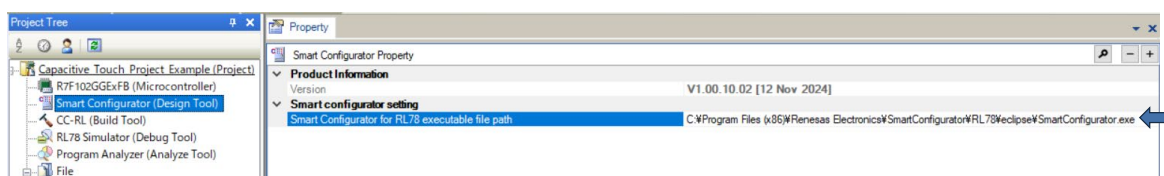


Figure 7-2 Path to the Smart Configurator File

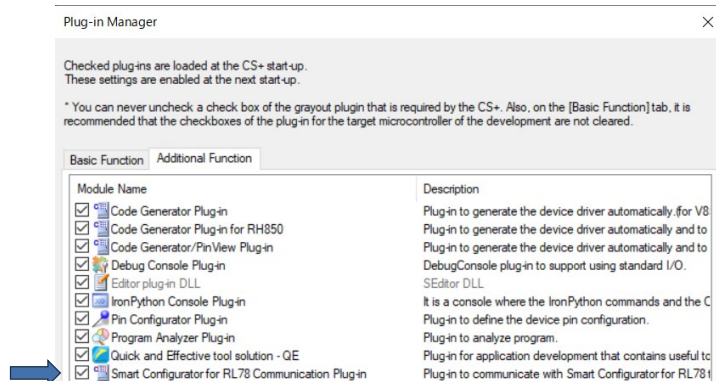


Figure 7-3 Plug-in Manager

7.2 Setting the Clock and System

This section describes the procedure for setting up the clock and system.

1. After starting the Smart Configurator, select the [Clocks] tab at the bottom of the Smart Configurator view and set up the clock. If the target MCU requires the use of EVDD, select an appropriate value for "EVDD setting" according to the operating mode.

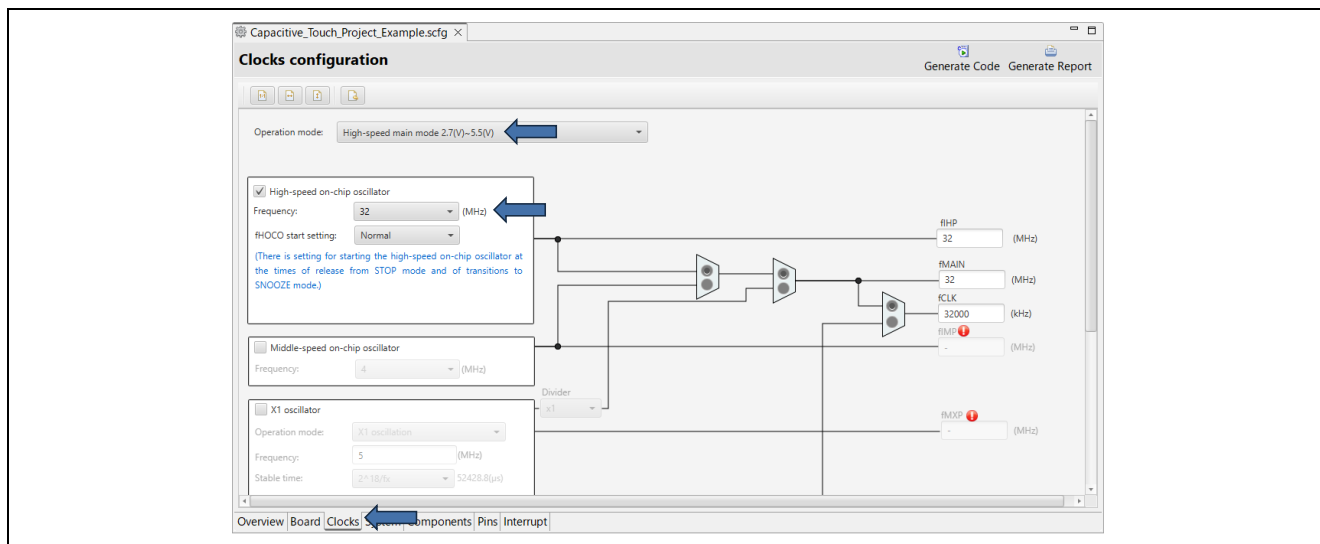


Figure 7-4 Setting the Clocks

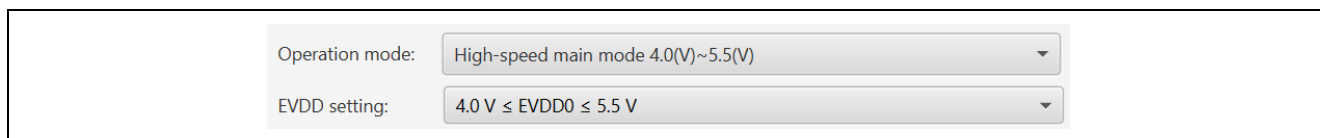


Figure 7-5 Setting EVDD

2. Select the [System] tab and set up the debugging environment.

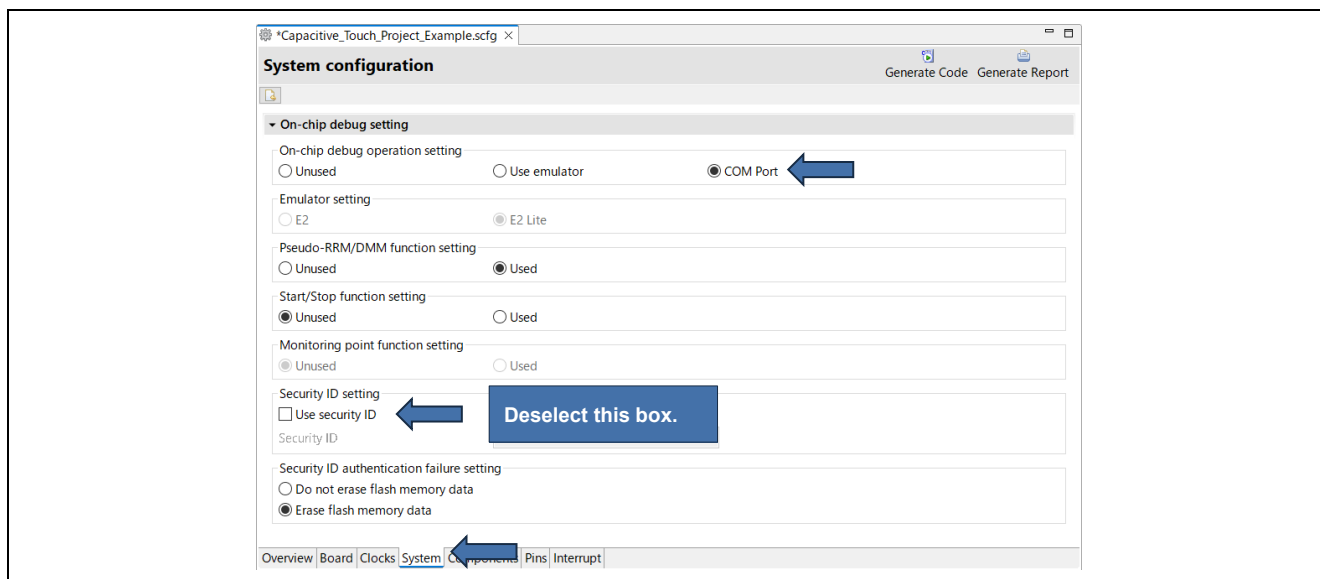


Figure 7-6 Settings for Debugging

7.3 Downloading Software Integration System (SIS) Modules

This section describes how to download two SIS modules, the CTSU driver and touch middleware, which are necessary to implement a touch application. If they have already been installed, skip the steps in the rest of this section.

1. Select the [Components] tab and click on the  icon.

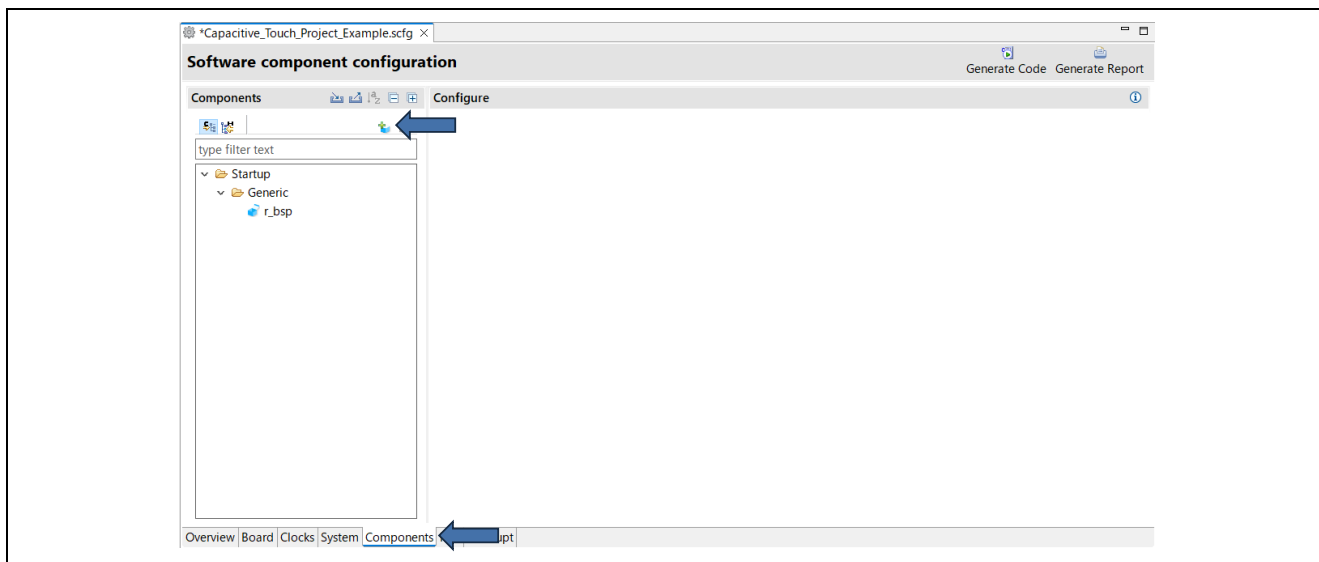


Figure 7-7 [Software component configuration] View

2. Click on “Download RL78 Software Integration System modules” at the bottom of the [New Component] dialog box.

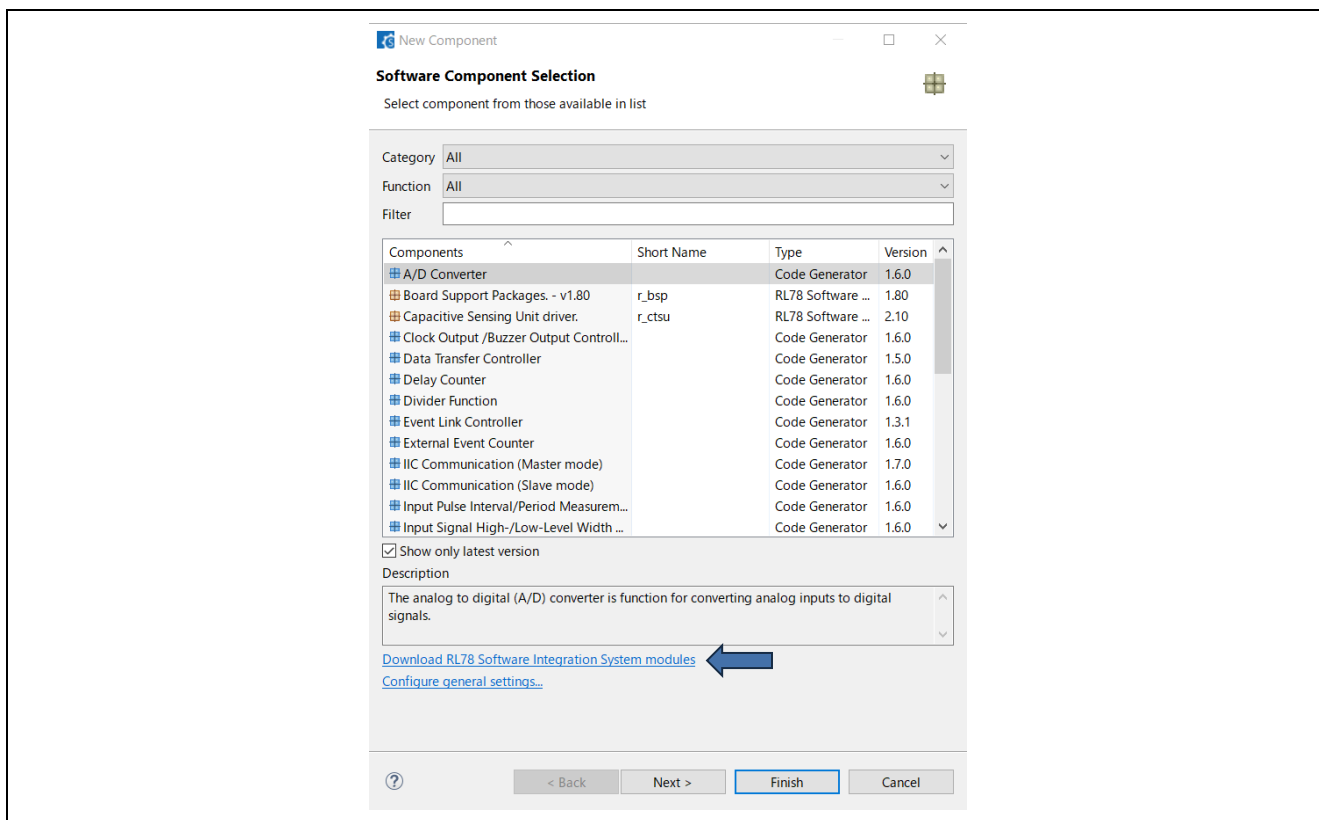


Figure 7-8 [New Component] Dialog Box

RL78 Family

Using the Standalone Version of QE to Develop Touch Applications for a Fast Prototyping Board

3. A dialog box will open. Select the following items and click on the [Download] button.
 - RL78 Family CTSU Module Software Integration System
 - RL78 Family TOUCH Module Software Integration System

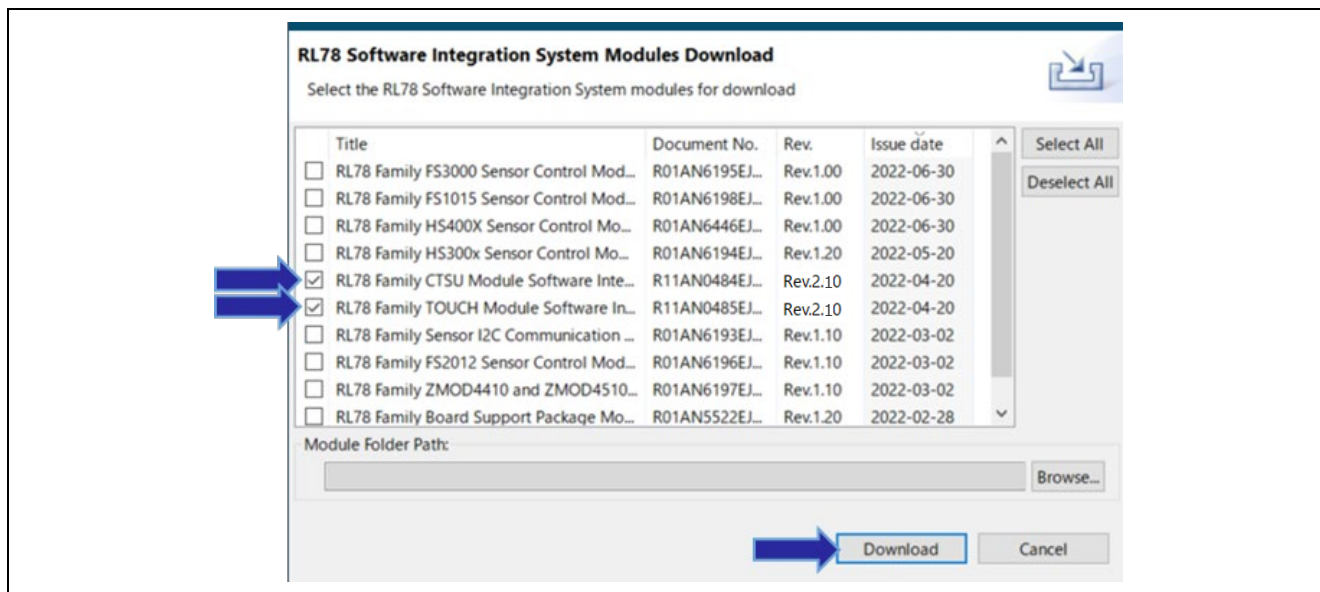


Figure 7-9 Downloading SIS Modules

Caution: If the TOUCH module or CTSU module does not appear in the above dialog box for downloading, download them by using the procedure below.
Download the modules from the Renesas Web site and use the procedures described on the site to add the files to the folder for storing the downloaded SIS modules.

For the web pages of the individual modules and how to download and display the modules in the dialog box, refer to the following.

- Web pages for downloading the CTSU module and TOUCH module
 - RL78 Family CTSU Module Software Integration System
 - [RL78 Family CTSU Module Software Integration System Rev.2.10 - Sample Code | Renesas](#)
 - RL78 Family TOUCH Module Software Integration System
 - [RL78 Family TOUCH Module Software Integration System Rev.2.10 - Sample Code | Renesas](#)
- How to download and use the modules
 - [How to Download and Use a SIS Module](#)

7.4 Adding Components

1. Select the components shown below in the Smart Configurator.

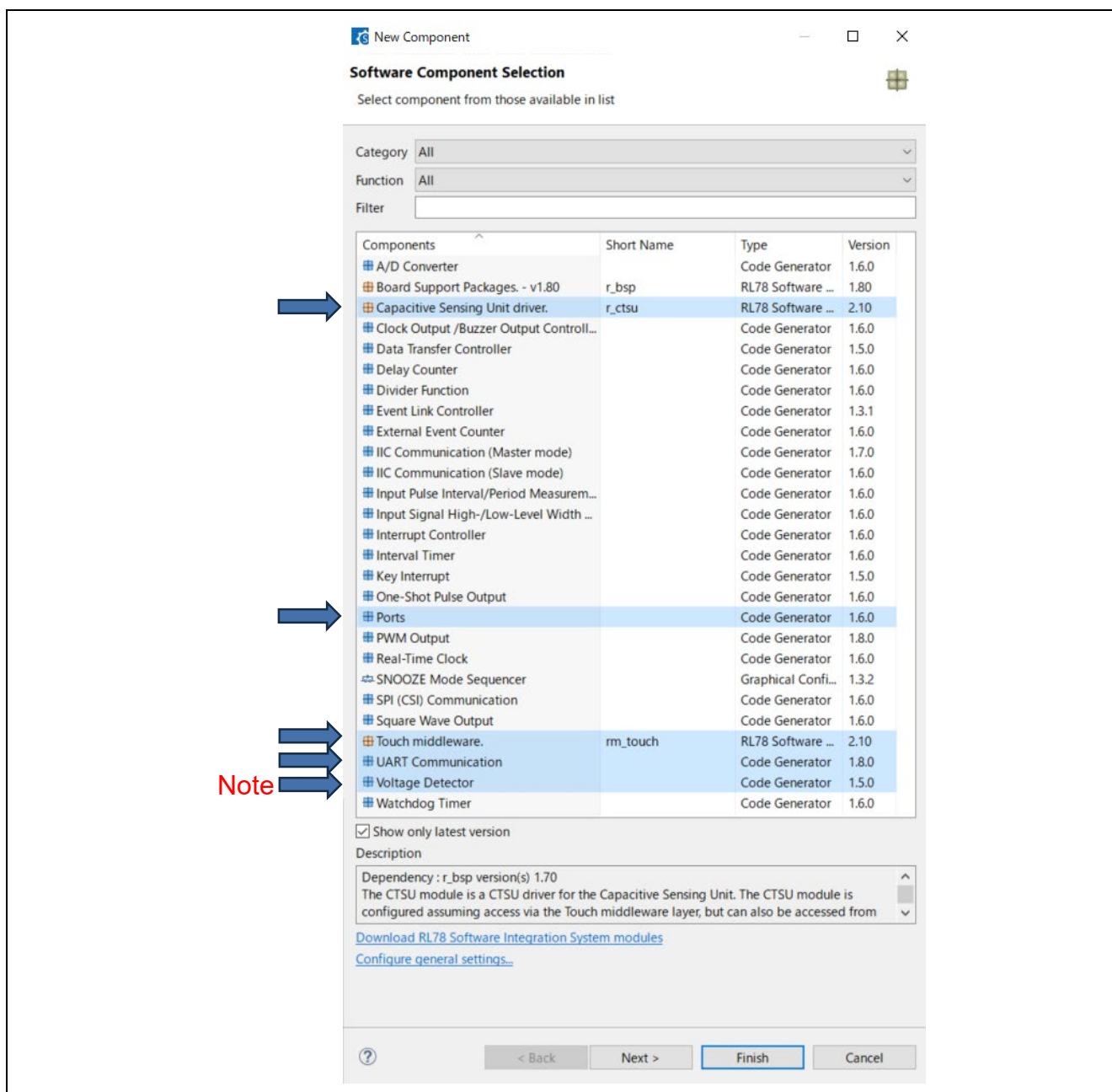


Figure 7-10 Software Component Selection

Note: For the RL78/G16, this component does not require addition in this way because the method of setting the voltage detector function differs from that for the other devices.
For the method of voltage detector setting for the RL78/G16, see section 7.5.4.

- Assign resources to the selected components. Use the following settings for this sample application.

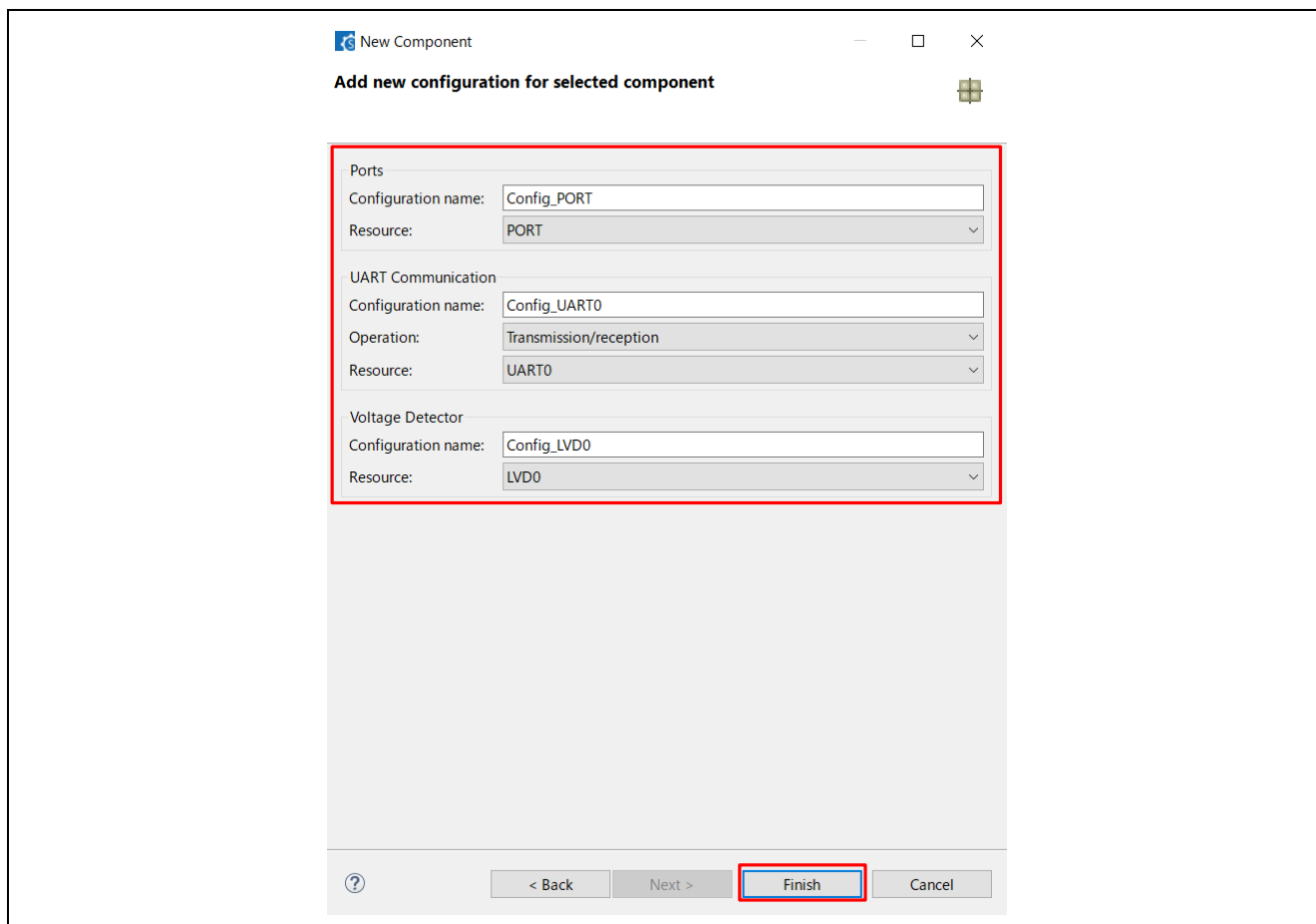


Figure 7-11 Assigning Resources to Components

The components are added as shown below.

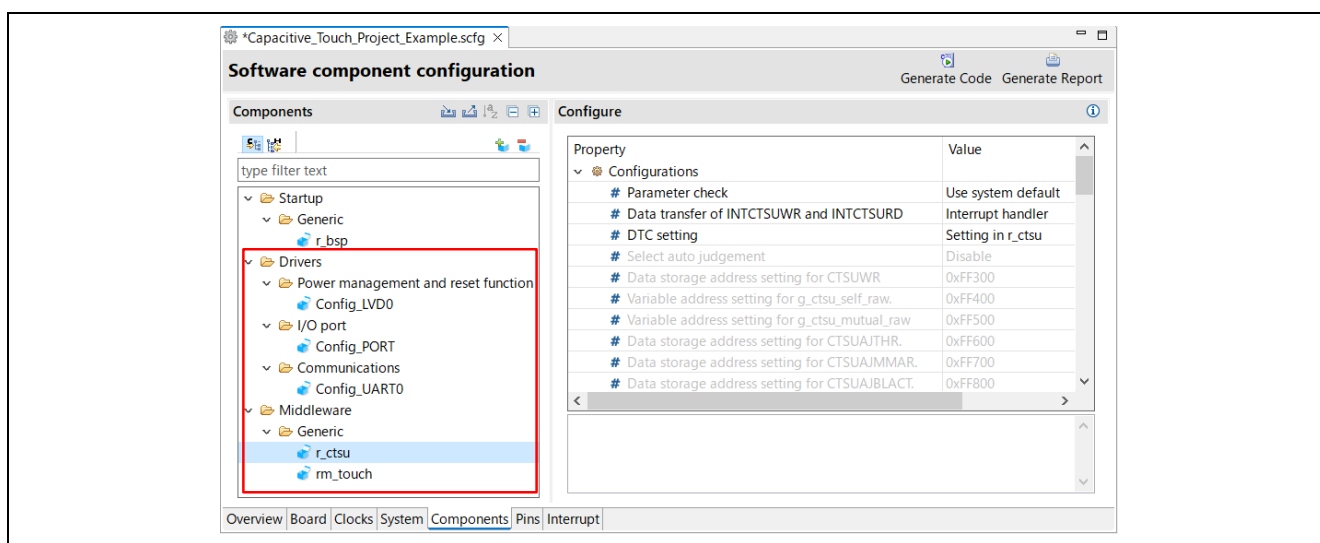


Figure 7-12 Software Component Configuration (after the Components are Added)

7.5 Modifying the Component Settings in the Smart Configurator

Set up the components added in the previous steps.

7.5.1 Setting the CTSU Component

Click on the "r_ctsu" module and enable the TSCAP pin and five TS pins to be used by this sample application. For the correspondence between the TS pins and touch sensors, refer to the user's manual of the target board you are using.

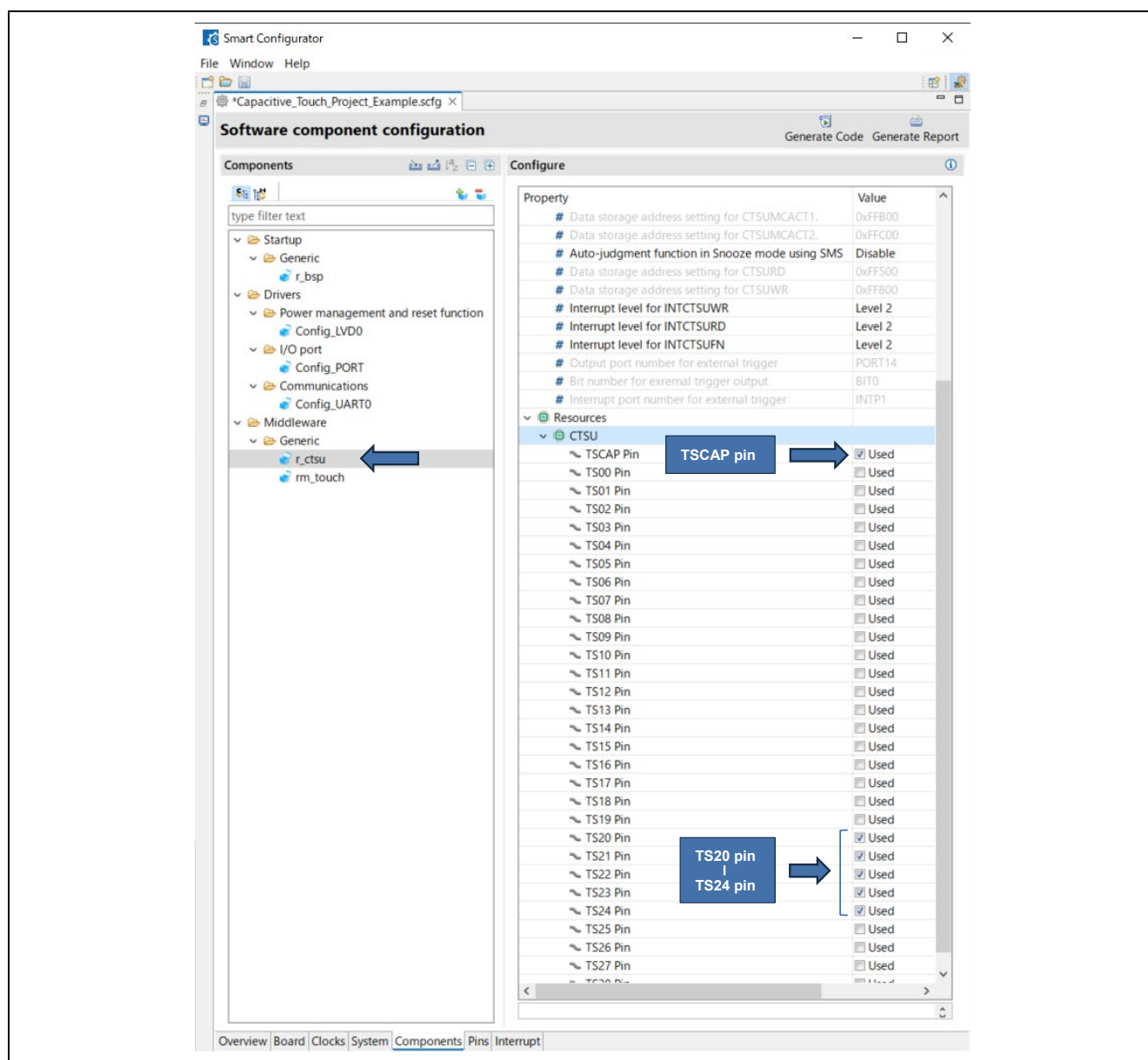


Figure 7-13 Enabling the TSCAP Pin and TS Pins to be Used by the Application

RL78 Family

Using the Standalone Version of QE to Develop Touch Applications for a Fast Prototyping Board

For the TS pins that are not to be used by the application, setting them as outputs of the low level is recommended. For the CTSU2 module, if the TS pins not to be used by the application are enabled, the Smart Configurator automatically handles them as non-measurement pins and sets them as outputs of the low level.

Therefore, in the attached two sets of sample code, all TS pins except the TS12 and TS13 pins, which are for assignment to a different multiplexed function (UART0), are enabled even if they are not to be used by the application.

Caution: In designing circuits for a user board, appropriately handle the pins such that the electrical characteristics are satisfied.

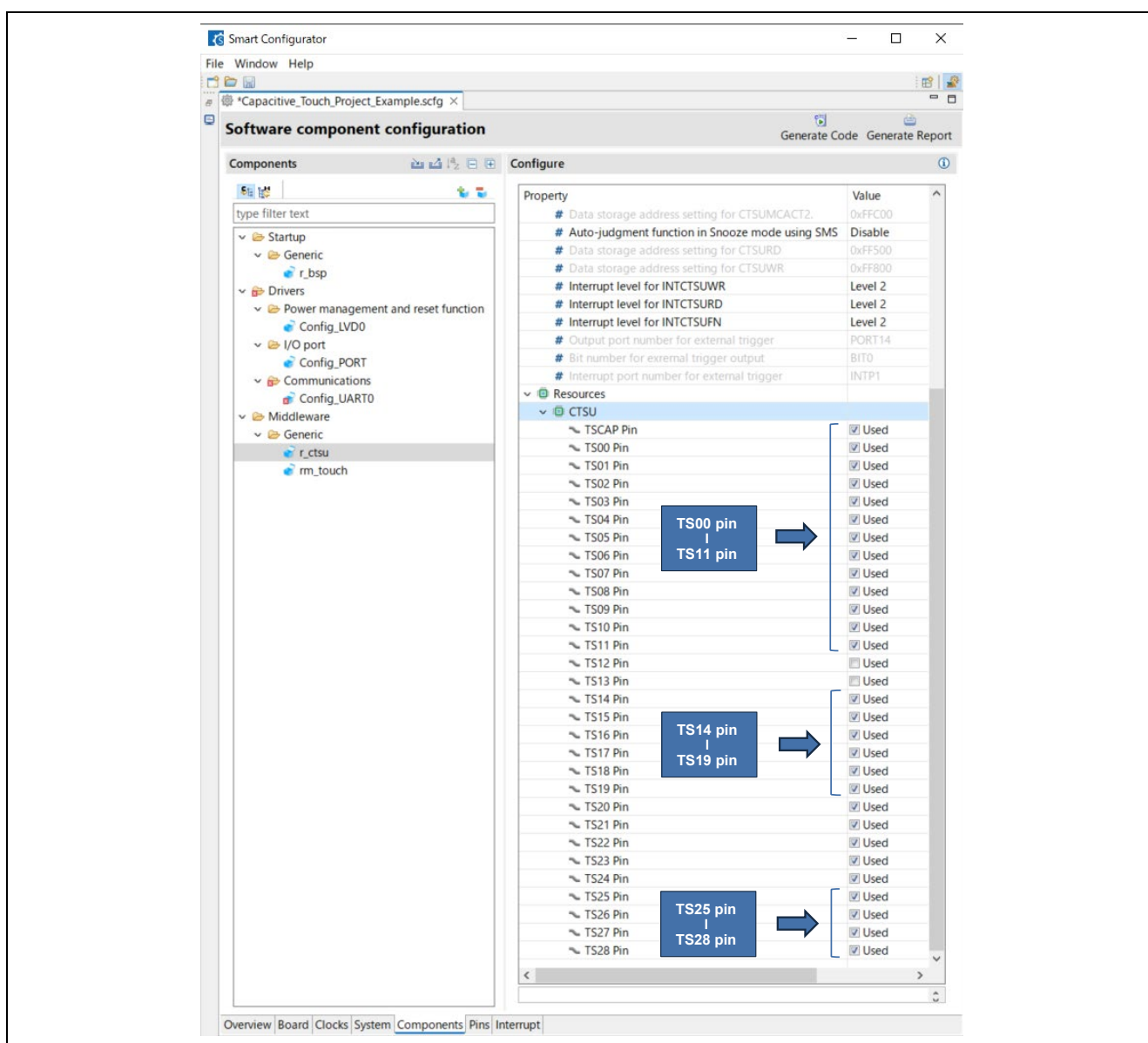


Figure 7-14 Enabling the TS Pins Not to be Used by the Application

7.5.2 Setting the Touch Component

Click on the "rm_touch" module and make the following settings.

- Support QE monitor using UART: Enable
- Support QE tuning using UART: Enable
- UART channel: UART0

The UART channel to be used differs with the target board. For details, refer to the circuit diagram of the FPB you are using.

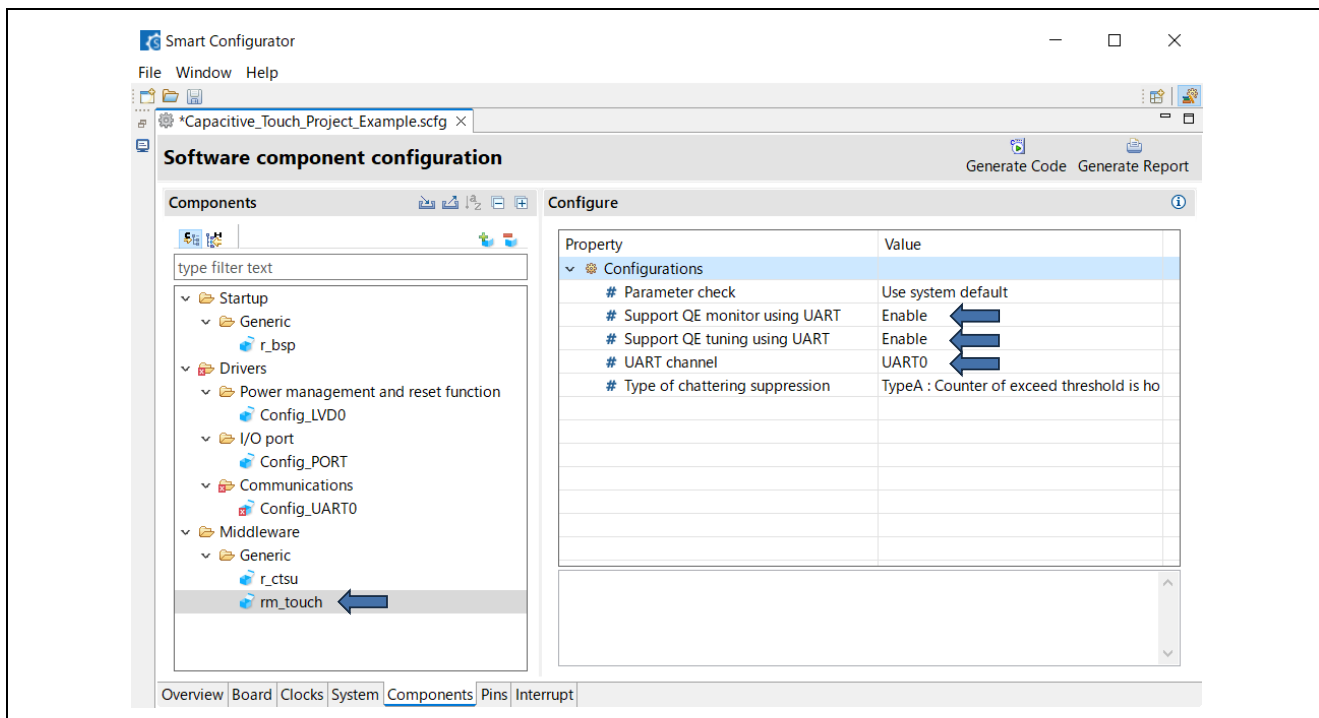


Figure 7-15 Setting rm_touch

7.5.3 Setting the UART Communications Component

This section describes the procedures for setting up the UART to be used for tuning and monitoring the touch sensors.

The UART channel and port to be used differ with the target board. Click on the added UART communications module and select the operating clock and transfer rate on the [Transmission] and [Reception] tabbed pages according to the target transfer rate.

Make the specifications shown in the figure below for this sample application.

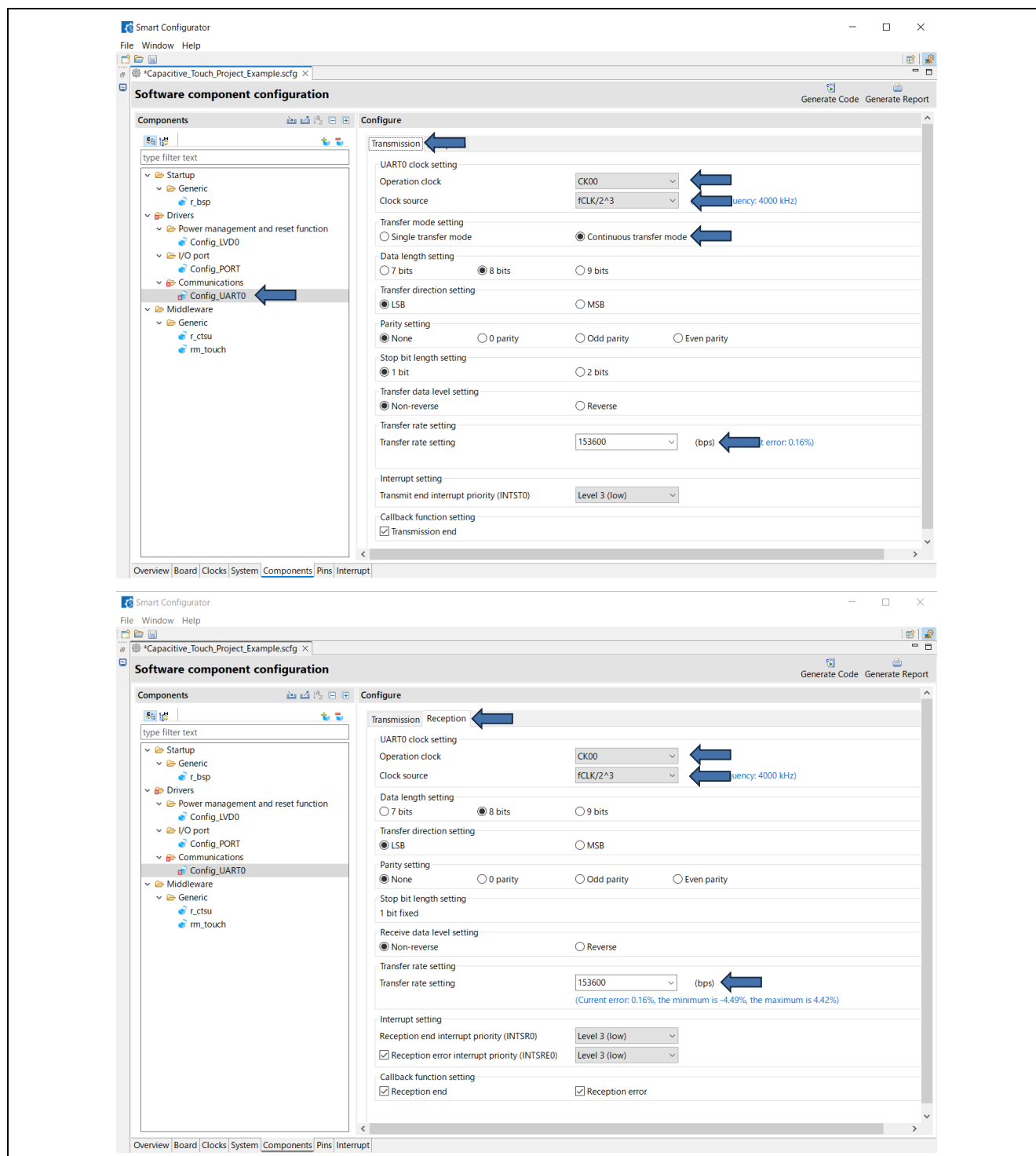


Figure 7-16 Setting the UART Communications Component (UART0)

RL78 Family

Using the Standalone Version of QE to Develop Touch Applications for a Fast Prototyping Board

After that, select the [Pins] tab and set up the pins to be used for UART communications.

Assign the pins multiplexed with the TOOLTxD or TOOLRxD pin as the UART0 (SAU00) pins for this sample application. For the RL78/G22, specify the following pin numbers.

- Rx/D0: 21
- Tx/D0: 20

Caution: These settings differ with the target device. For the pins that can be used for UART communications, refer to the circuit diagram of the FPB you are using. For the pin numbers to be specified, refer to section 1.3, Pin Configuration, in the User's Manual — Hardware for the target RL78 device.

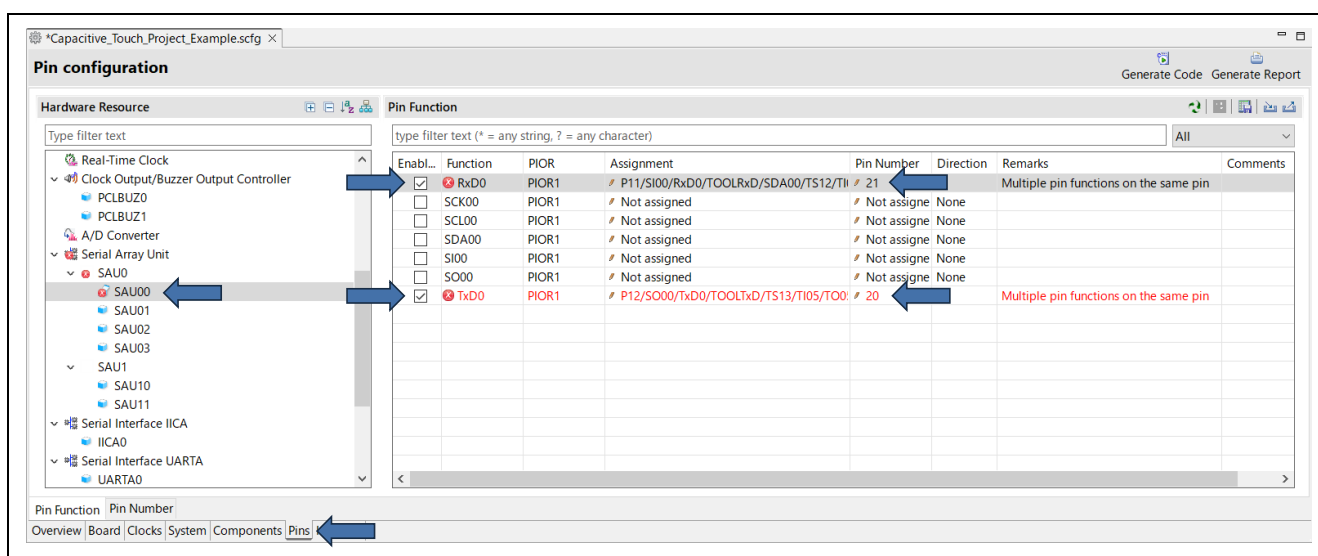


Figure 7-17 Assigning Pins to the UART Channel (UART0)

UART0 pin assignment errors may occur with certain versions of the tool but the errors can be ignored for the following reason.

The following pins are used for different purposes in this sample application.

- (1) TOOLRxD and TOOLTxD pins: For using the COM port to write a program created in CS+
- (2) Rx/D0 and Tx/D0 pins: For serial communications by using the standalone version of QE

Functions (1) and (2) are multiplexed and assigned to the same pins, so the Smart Configurator generates pin assignment conflict error messages. However, functions (1) and (2) are not used at the same time, so no conflict arises in actual use by the sample application. Therefore, the above assignments can be used without problems.

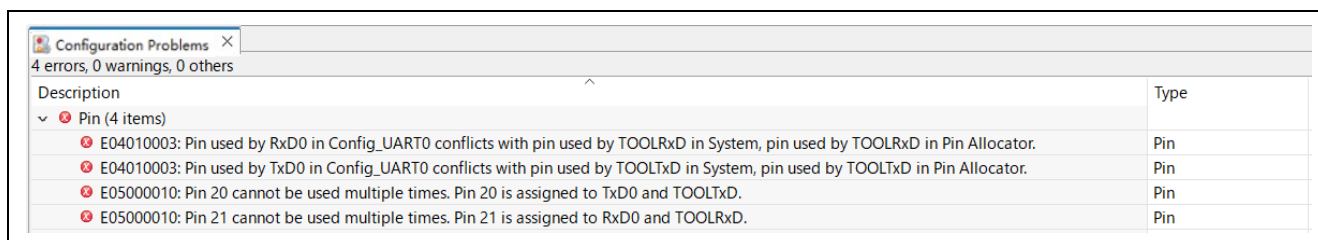


Figure 7-18 UART0 Pin Assignment Error Messages

7.5.4 Setting the LVD Component

Set up the user option byte for voltage detector 0 (LVD0).

Click on the "LVD0" module and specify the operating mode and voltage to be detected.

Set the reset generation level (VLVD0) to 2.62 V.

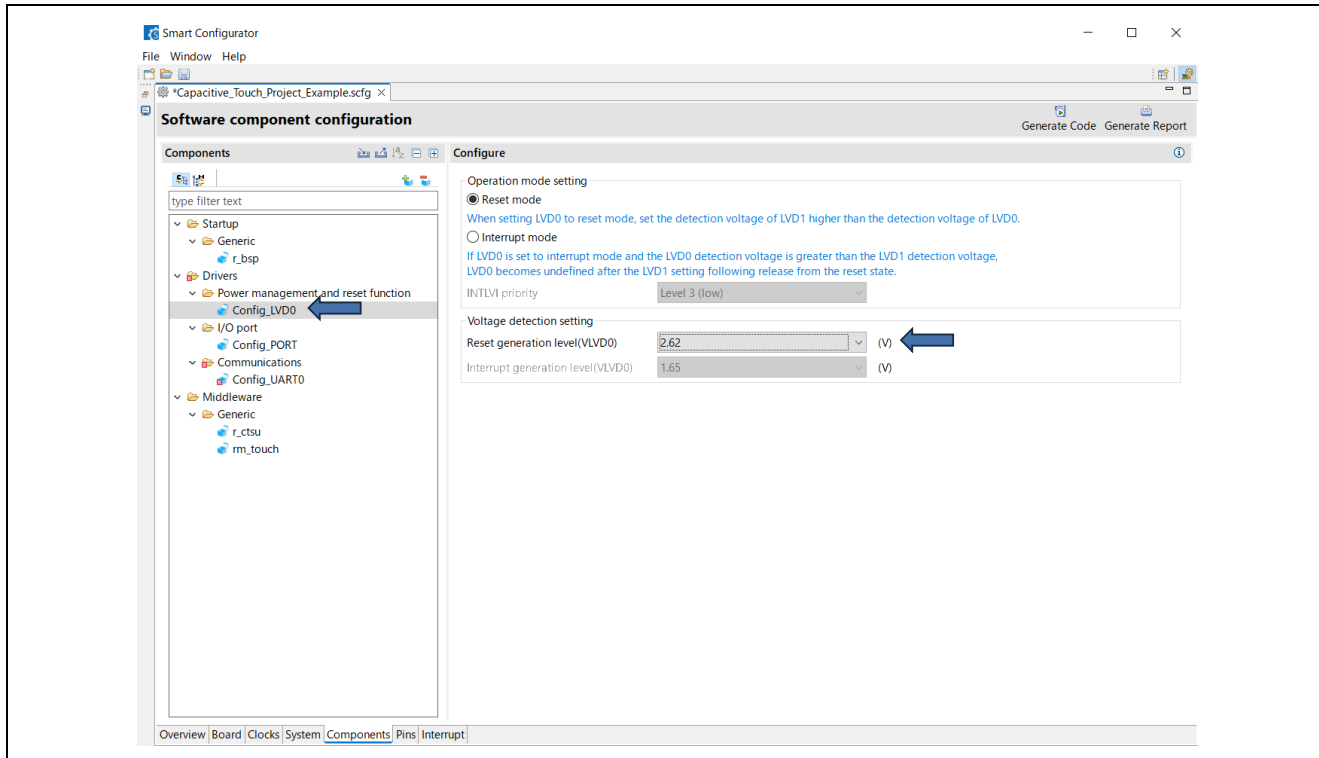


Figure 7-19 Setting the LVD Component (LVD0)

Caution: In the RL78/G16, the selectable power-on-reset circuit is used for the voltage detection function. For this function, specify the voltage for generating a reset on the [System] tabbed page as shown in Figure 7-20.

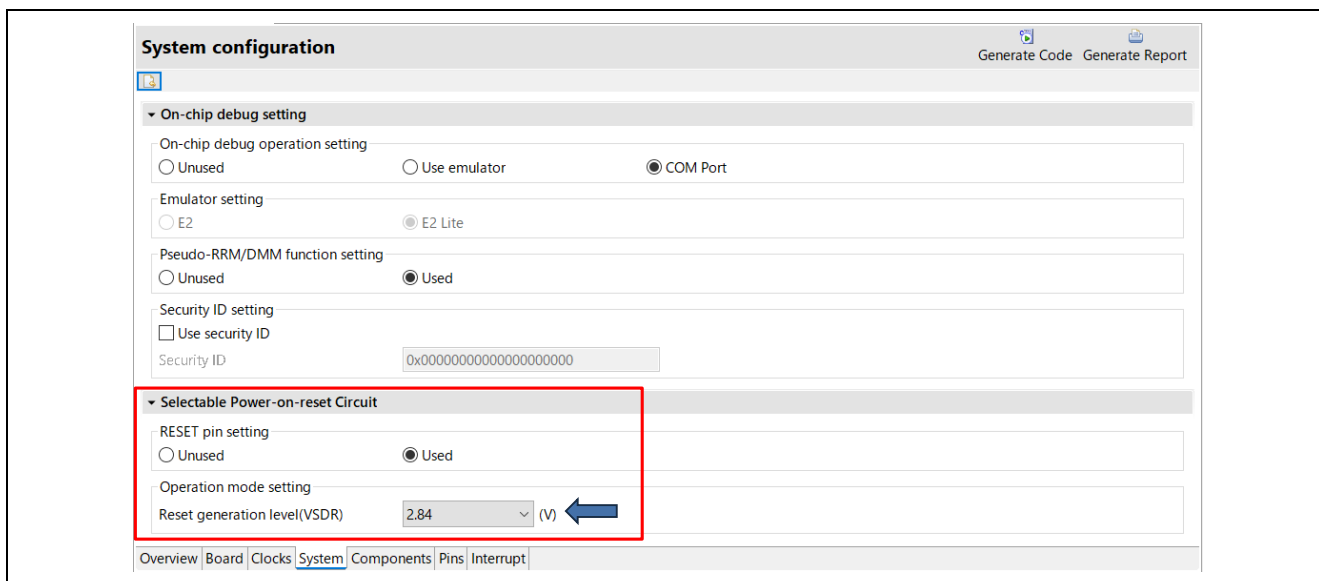


Figure 7-20 Setting the Voltage for Generating a Reset (RL78/G16)

7.5.5 Setting the PORT Component

Specify the port pins that are connected to the LEDs.

Set P62 and P63 as outputs initially at the high level in this sample application.

For details of the port pins used to control the individual LEDs, refer to the circuit diagram of the target board you are using.

1. Click on the "PORT" module and select "PORT6".

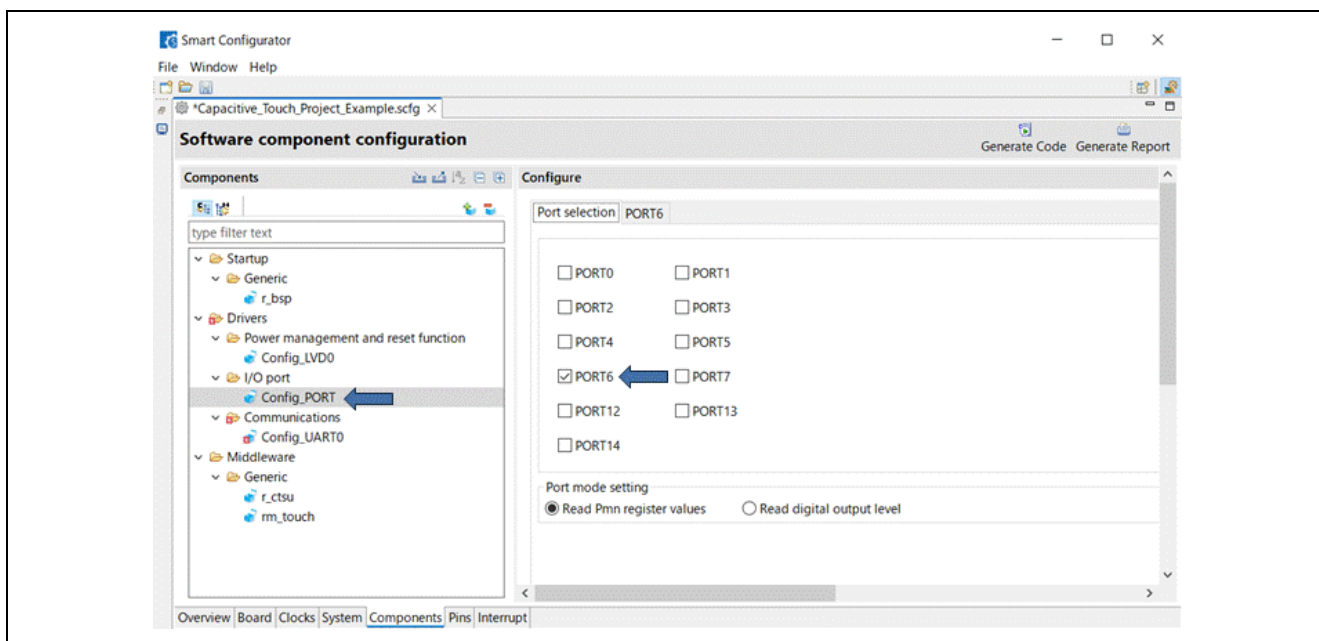


Figure 7-21 Setting the PORT Component

2. Set up the port pins so that LED1 and LED2 are not turned on at startup.
Specifically, click on the [PORT6] tab and set "P62" and "P63" as outputs initially at the high level.

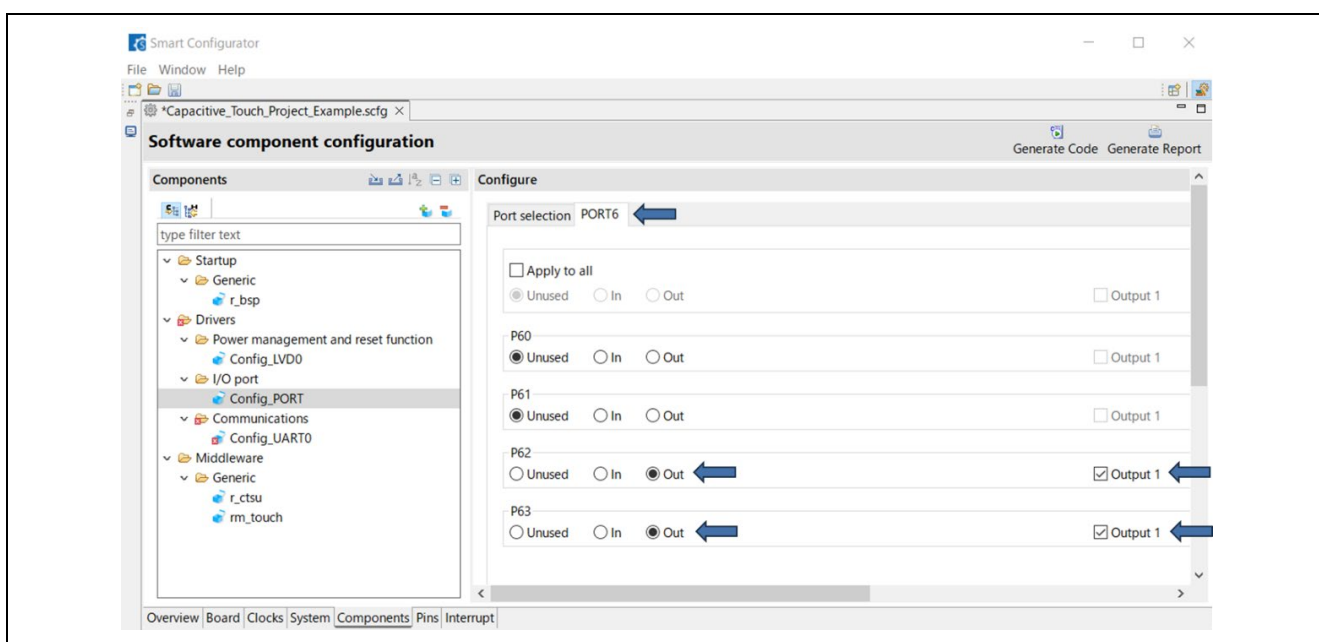


Figure 7-22 Setting P62 and P63 as Outputs at the High Level

7.5.6 Board Support Package

Select the "r_bsp" module and check that "Initialization of peripheral functions by Code Generator/Smart Configurator" is set to "Enable".

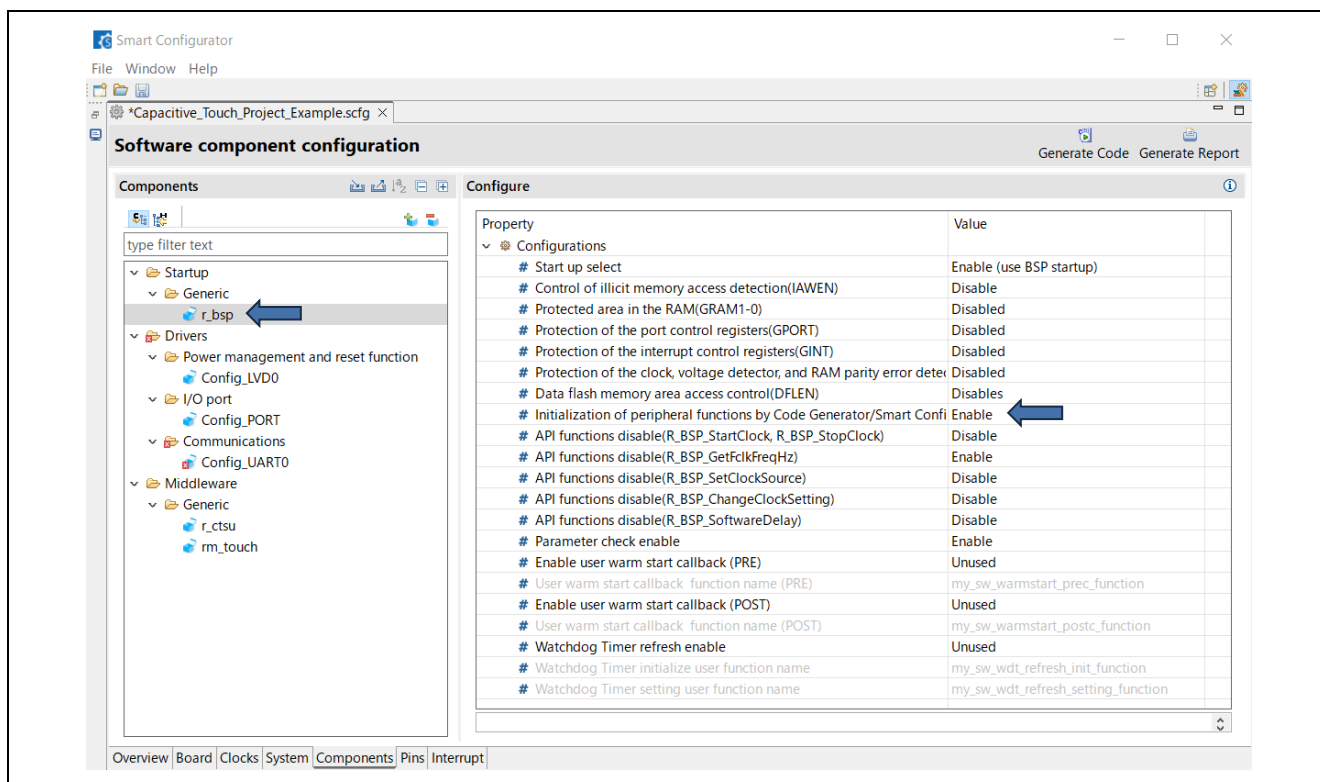


Figure 7-23 Setting r_bsp

7.6 Setting Unused Pins

Setting the unused pins as outputs at the low level is recommended.

As an example, this section describes the procedure for setting PORT41 as an output at the low level.

Caution: In designing circuits for a user board, appropriately handle the pins so that the electrical characteristics are satisfied.

1. Click on the "PORT" module and select "PORT4".

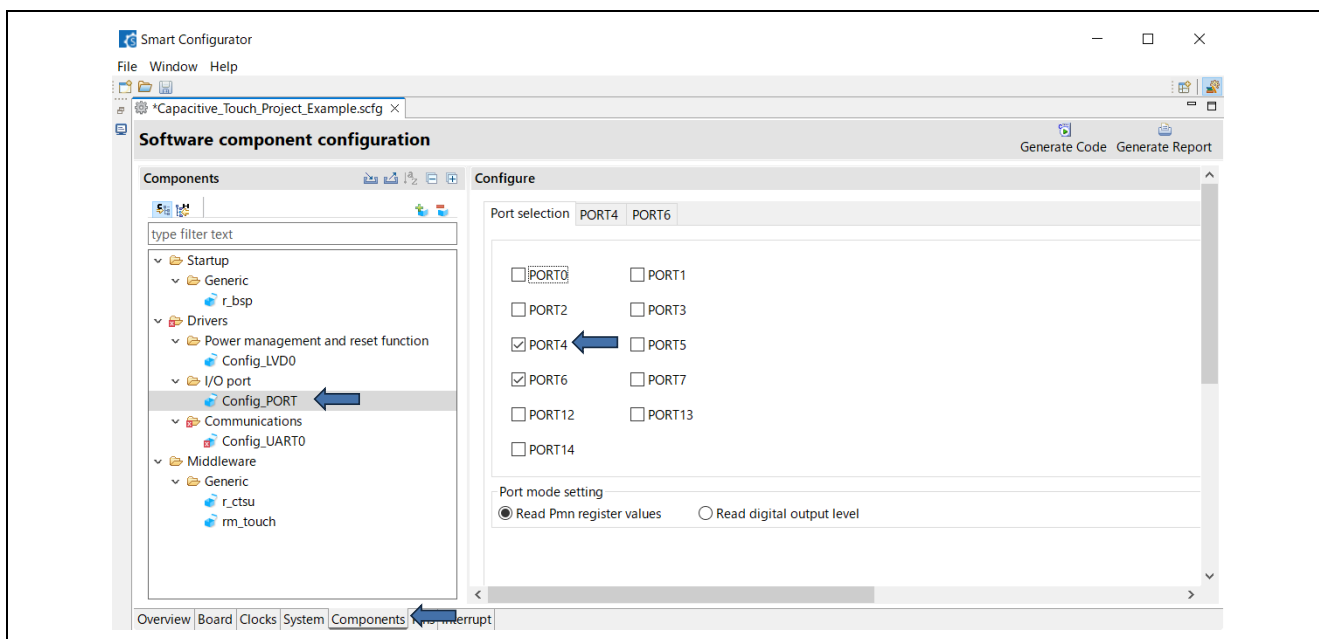


Figure 7-24 Setting the Port Module

2. Click on the [PORT4] tab and set "P41" as an output at the low level.

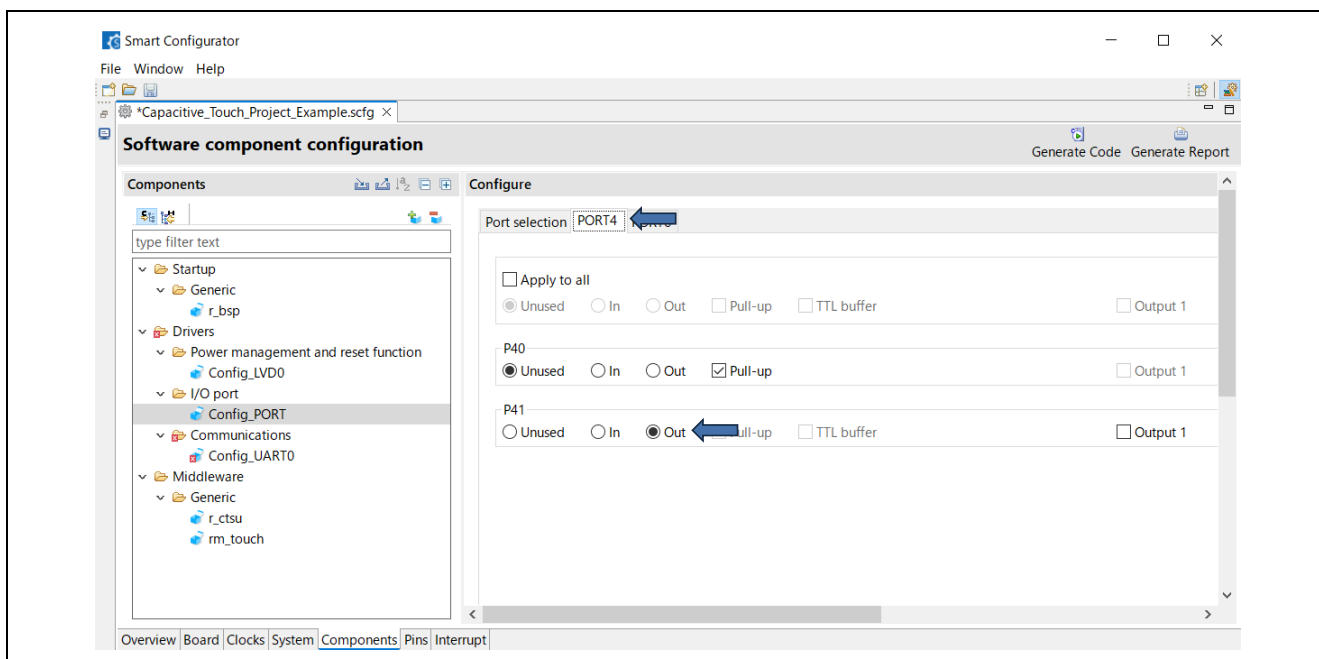


Figure 7-25 Setting P41 as an Output at the Low Level

7.7 Generating Code

Click on the  icon of the Smart Configurator to generate code.

A cautionary message will appear before code generation. Ignore the message and proceed with generation.

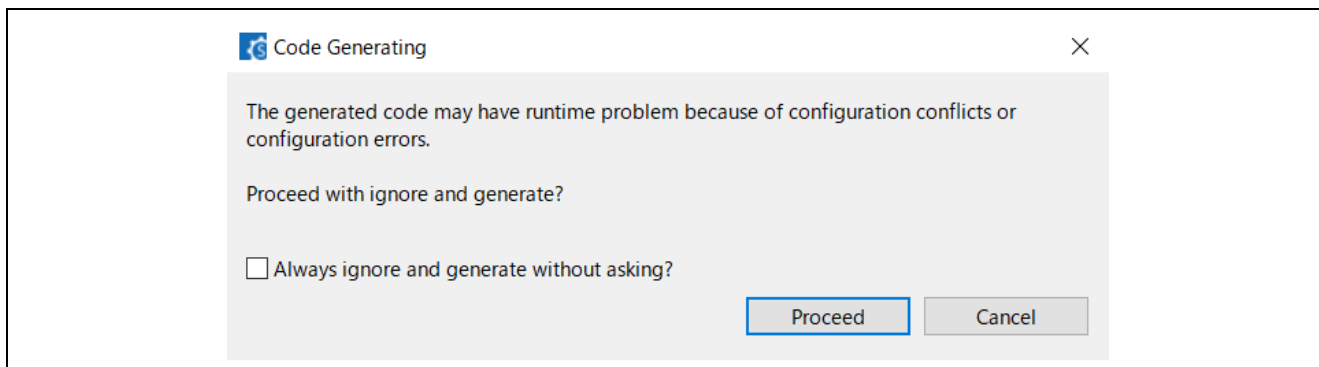


Figure 7-26 Cautionary Message before Code Generation

Also, if the settings for on-chip debugging or option bytes have been changed, the following message may appear. Confirm the changes and click on the [OK] button.

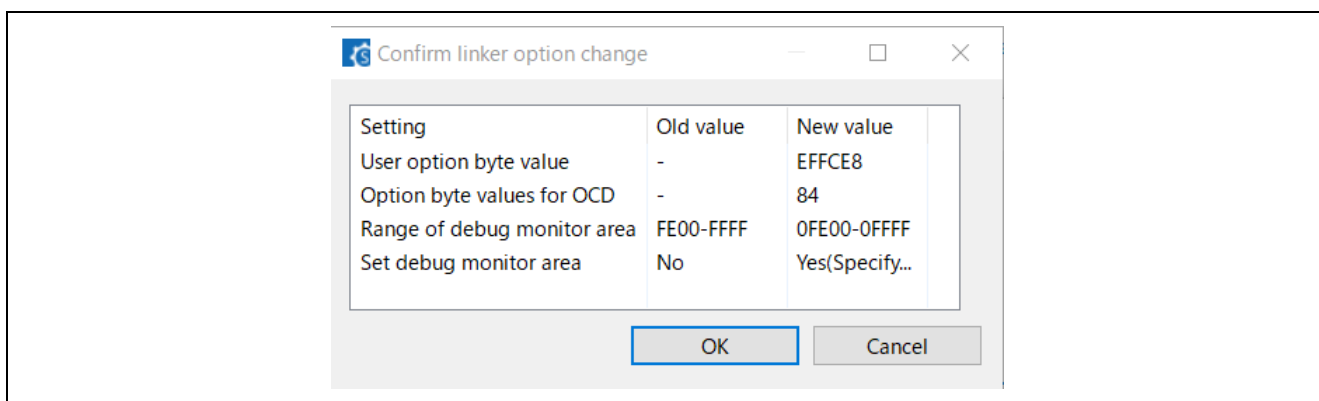


Figure 7-27 Message for Confirming Changes in Linker Options

8. Settings of QE for Capacitive Touch

8.1 Starting QE for Capacitive Touch

Start the standalone version of QE (hereafter referred to as "the QE").

1. Start the QE from "QE-CapTouch (QE installation folder)/eclipse/qe-captouch.exe".
2. Figure 8-1 shows the window after the QE has started.

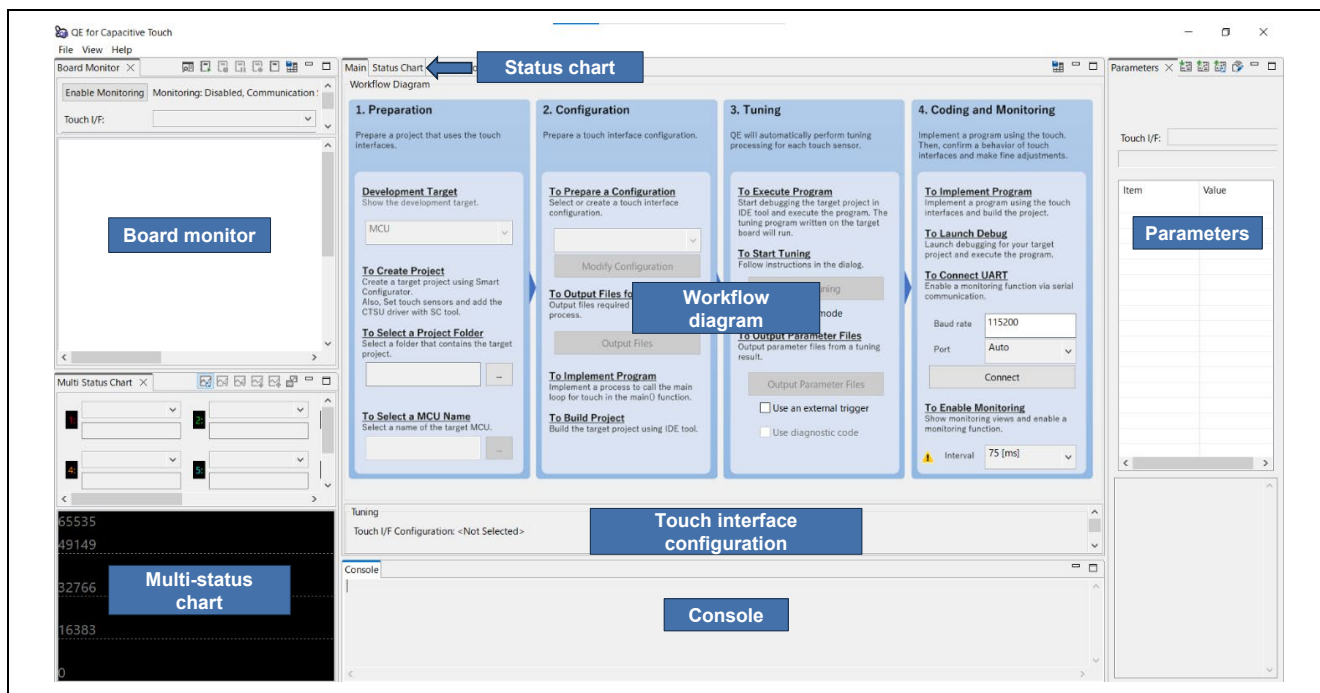


Figure 8-1 QE Window after Startup

If the layout is distorted in a full-screen display, change the "Scale and layout" for "Display" in the Windows settings to "100%".

8.2 Preparing a Project

Prepare a project that will use touch interfaces.

Set up the items under "Preparation" in the workflow diagram displayed across the middle of the QE window after startup.

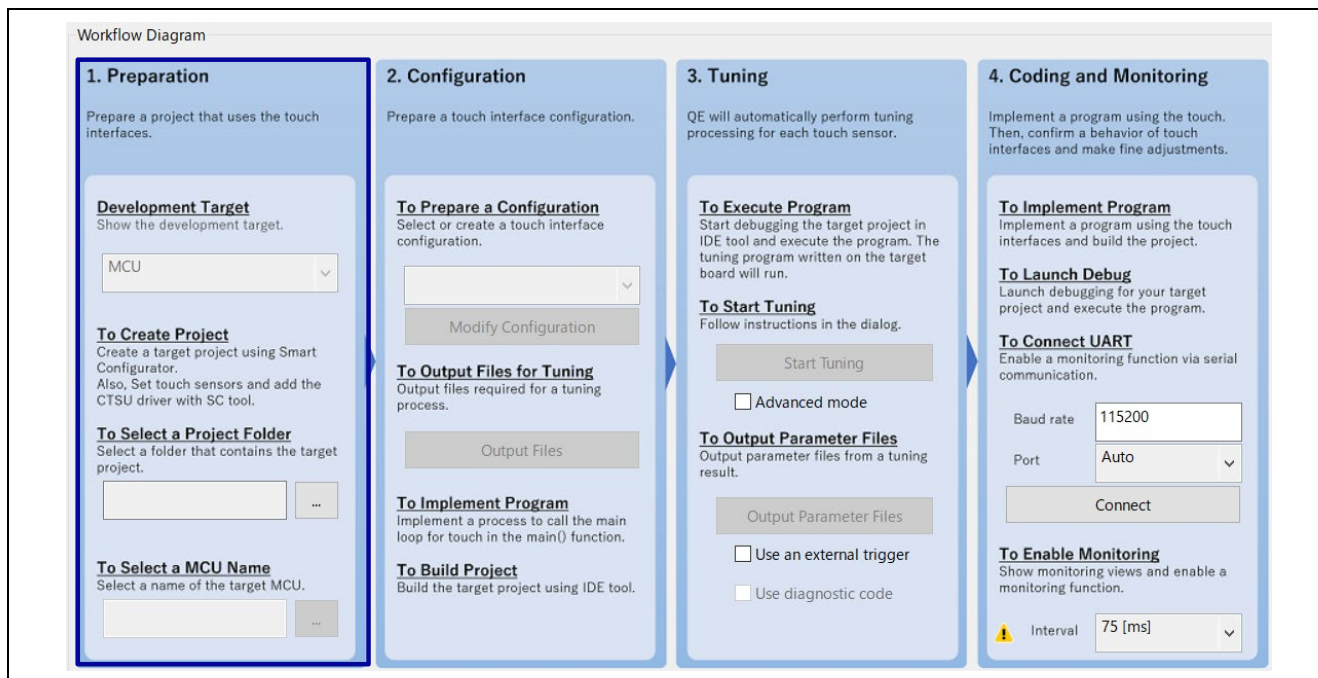


Figure 8-2 Workflow Diagram (Preparation)

1. Click on [...] under "To Select a Project Folder" and select the project folder that was created by CS+.
2. Click on [...] under "To Select an MCU Name" and select the target MCU to be used.

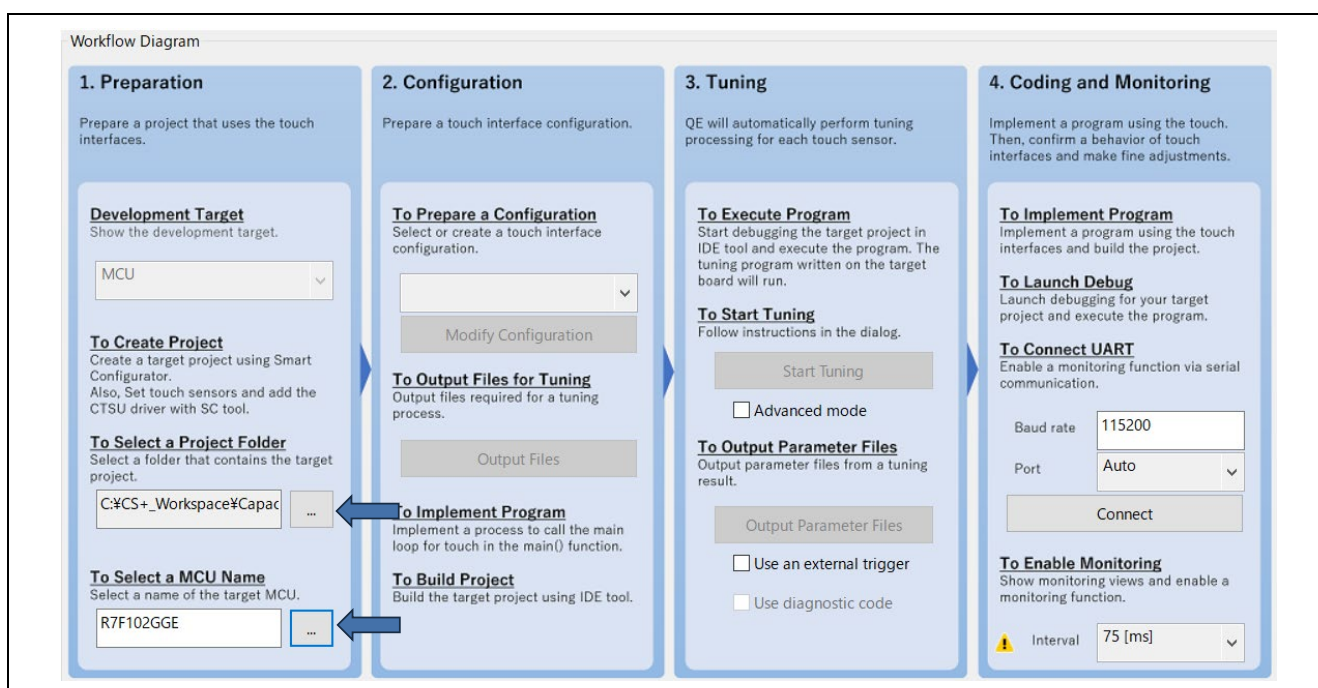


Figure 8-3 Preparing a Project

RL78 Family

Using the Standalone Version of QE to Develop Touch Applications for a Fast Prototyping Board

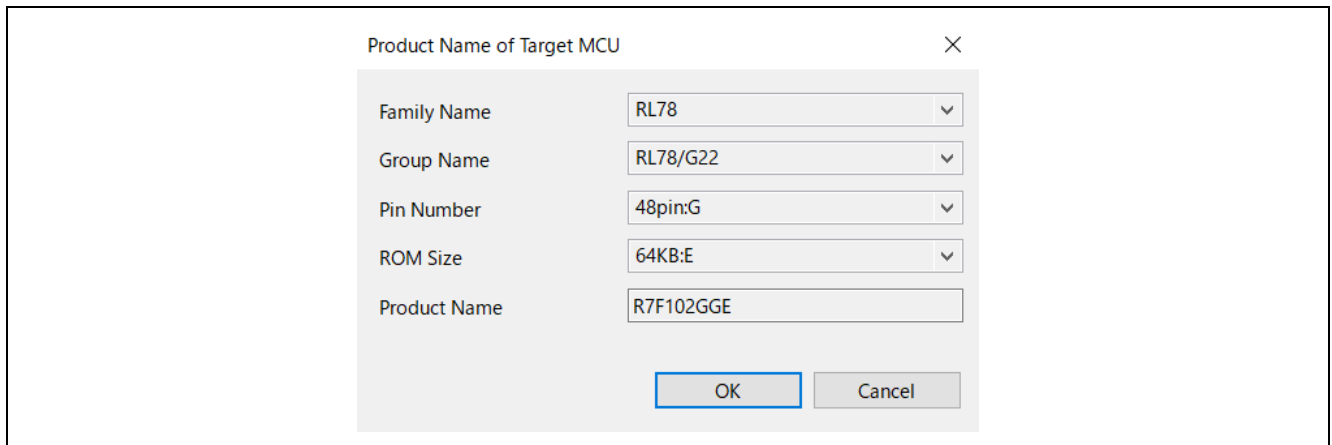


Figure 8-4 Selecting the Target MCU

If attempting to select an MCU causes the following error, it may indicate a problem with the location or pathname of the folder where the QE has been installed. Terminate the QE, move the installation folder to another location such as under "C:\Renesas", and then restart the QE.

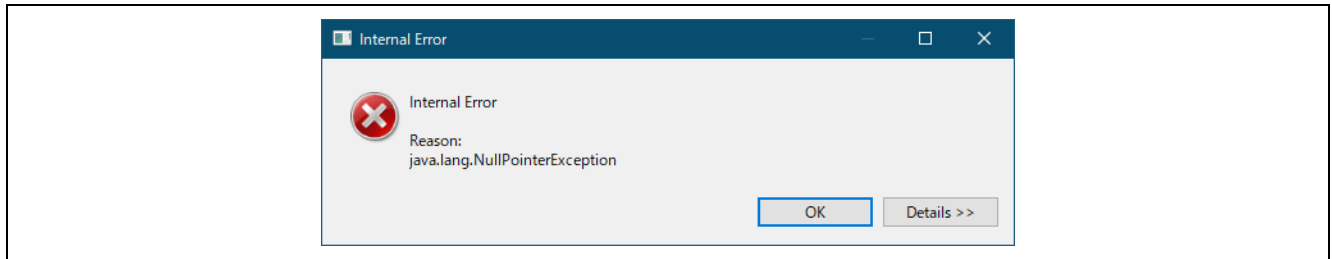


Figure 8-5 Error on Attempting to Select an MCU

8.3 Configuring the Touch Interface

Set up the items under "Configuration" in the workflow diagram.

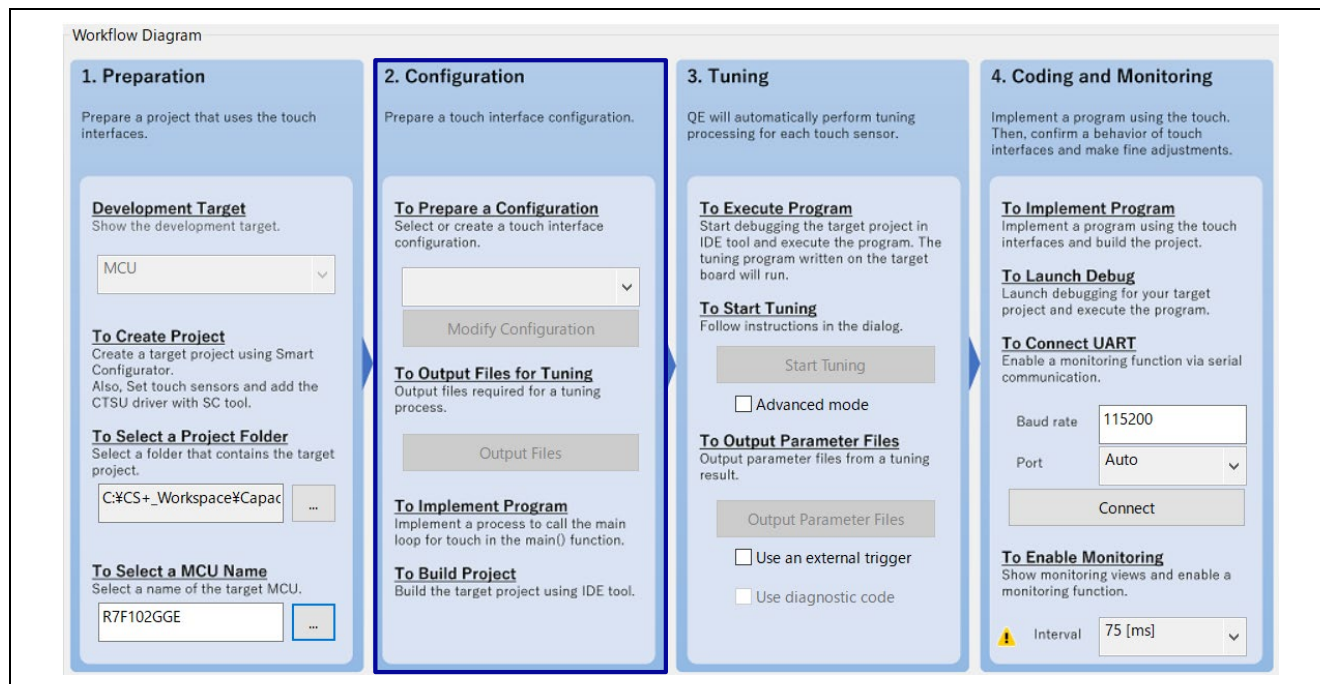


Figure 8-6 Workflow Diagram (Configuration)

1. Click on  under "To Prepare a Configuration" and select "Create a new configuration".

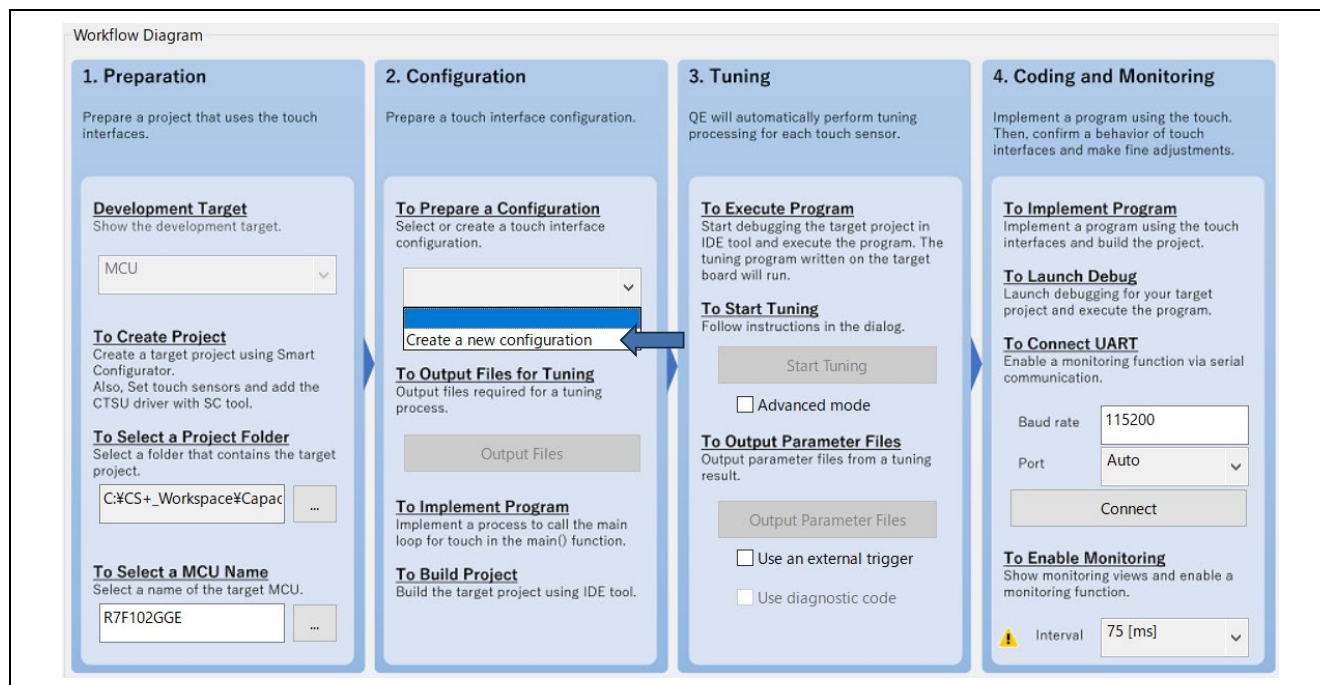


Figure 8-7 Creating a New Touch Interface Configuration

- The [Create Configuration of Touch Interfaces] window will open and display the area for placing the elements of the touch interface.

Click on [Button] in the [Touch I/F] panel on the right to change the cursor to the one for use in button placement. A button can then be placed by clicking on the area where it is to be placed.

Place two buttons (Button00 and Button01) as shown below and press the [Esc] key to finish the button placement.

In the same way, click on [Slider (horizontal)] in the [Touch I/F] panel and place a slider (Slider00).

Figure 8-8 shows the window after placement of the elements of the touch interface.

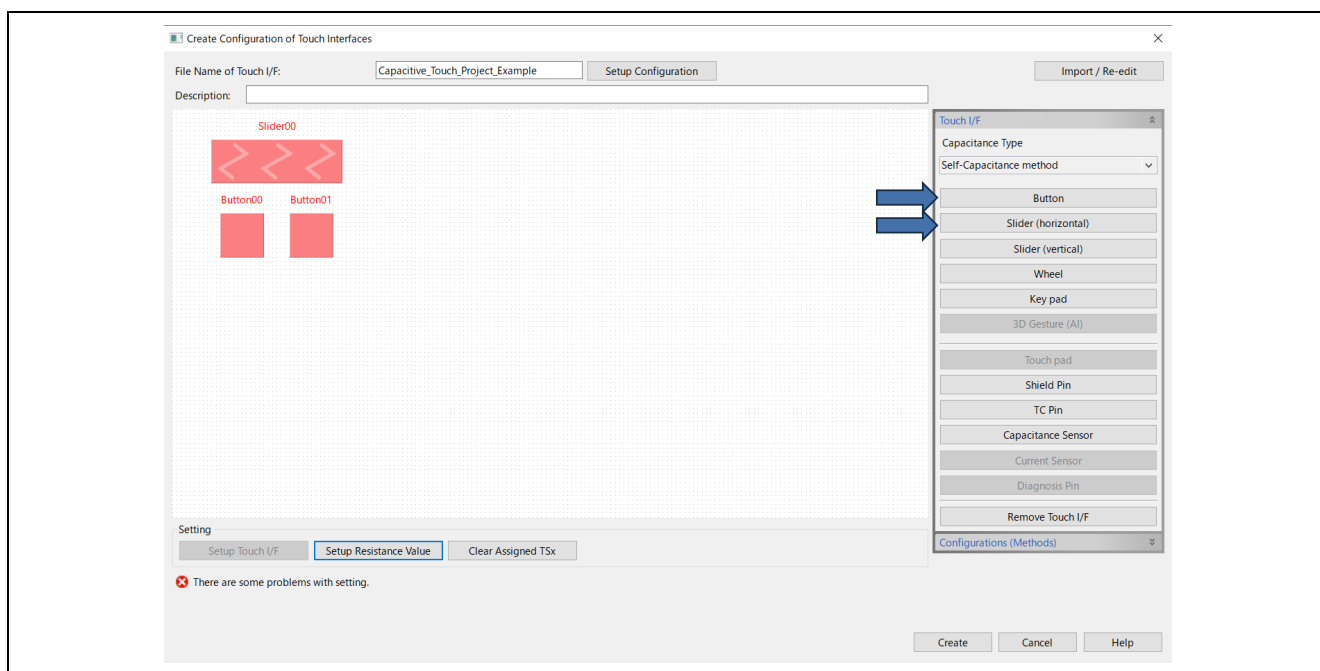


Figure 8-8 Placing Buttons and a Slider

- Assign names and touch sensors to the buttons.

Double-click on [Button00] placed in the previous step and the [Setup Touch Interface] dialog box will open. Make the following settings in the dialog box.

— Touch Sensor: TS24

— Resistance [ohm]: 560

For the resistance, refer to the user's manual or circuit diagram of the target board.

Caution: If TS pin numbers do not appear correctly in the dialog box for assigning a touch sensor to a button, the Windows settings require changing. Set the "Scale and layout" for "Display" to "100%" in the Windows system settings and then restart the QE for Capacitive Touch.

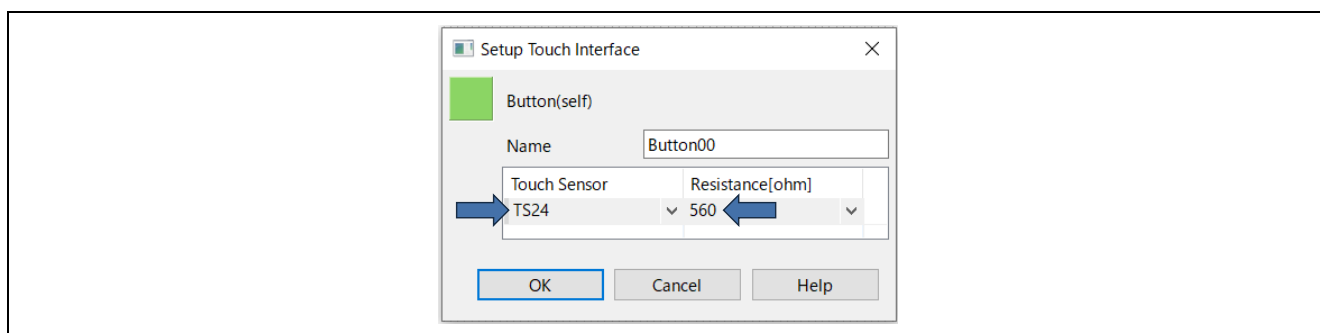


Figure 8-9 Setting a Touch-Interface Element (Button)

RL78 Family

Using the Standalone Version of QE to Develop Touch Applications for a Fast Prototyping Board

4. In the same way, make the following settings for [Button01].

- Touch Sensor: TS23
- Resistance [ohm]: 560

5. Make the following settings for [Slider00].

- Touch Sensor: TS20
TS21
TS22
- Resistance [ohm]: 560

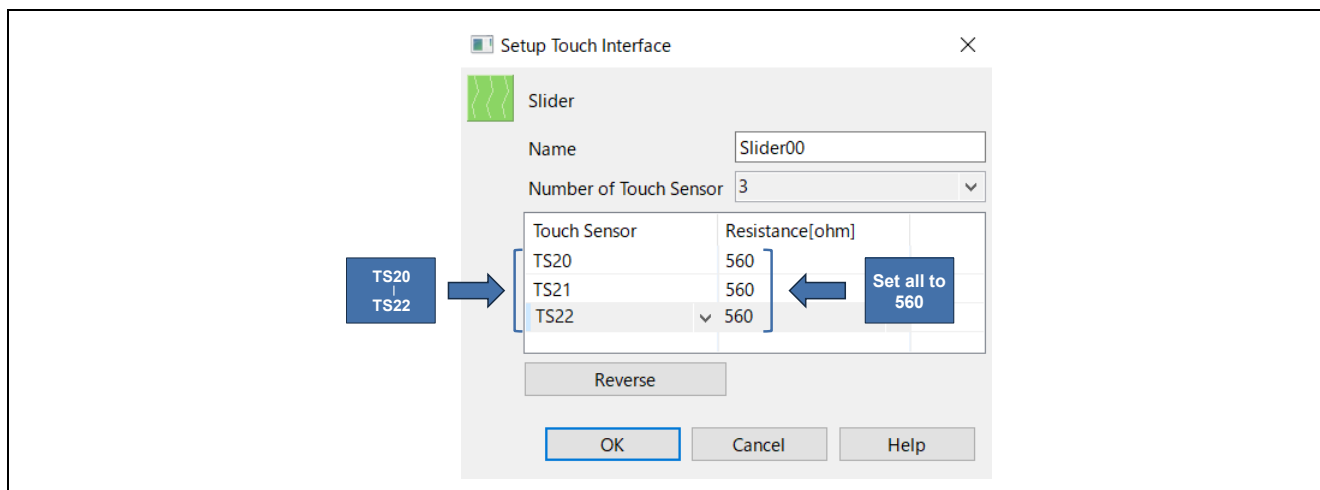


Figure 8-10 Setting a Touch-Interface Element (Slider)

6. After the settings for the elements of the touch interface are complete, the color of the electrodes changes to green as shown in Figure 8-11. Click on [Create] at this point.

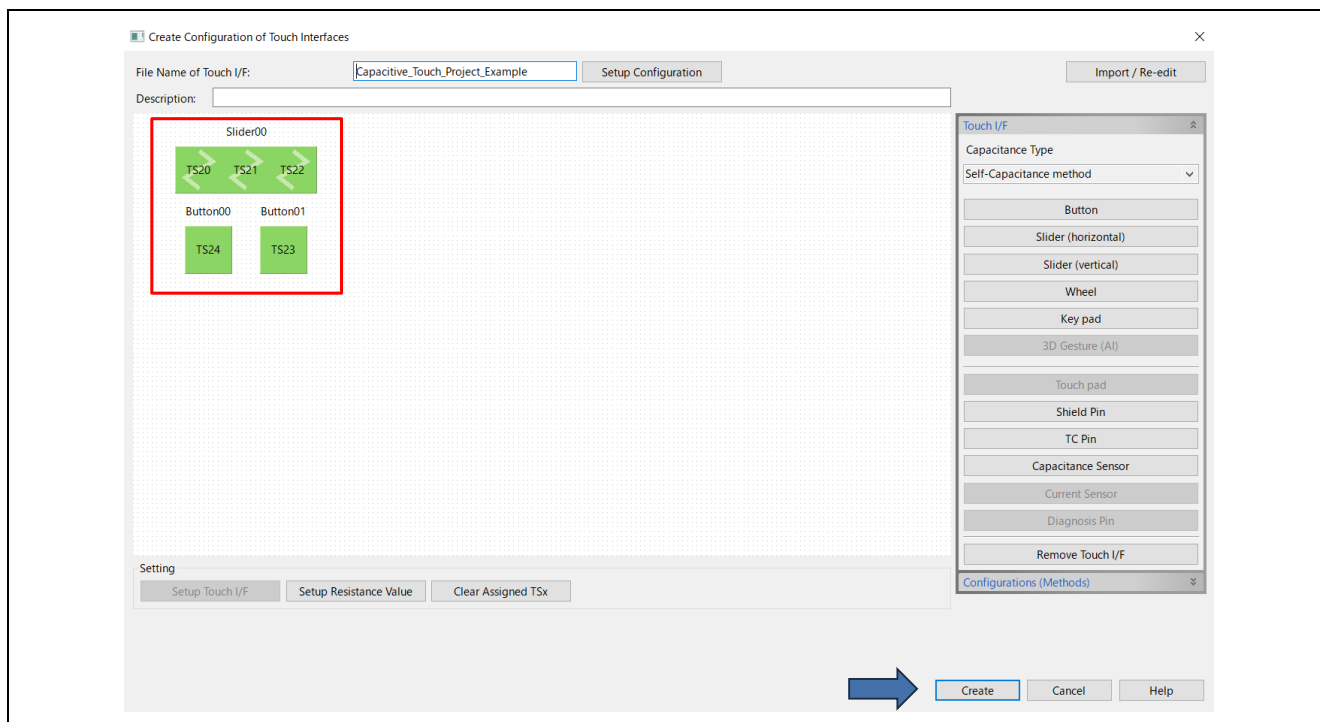
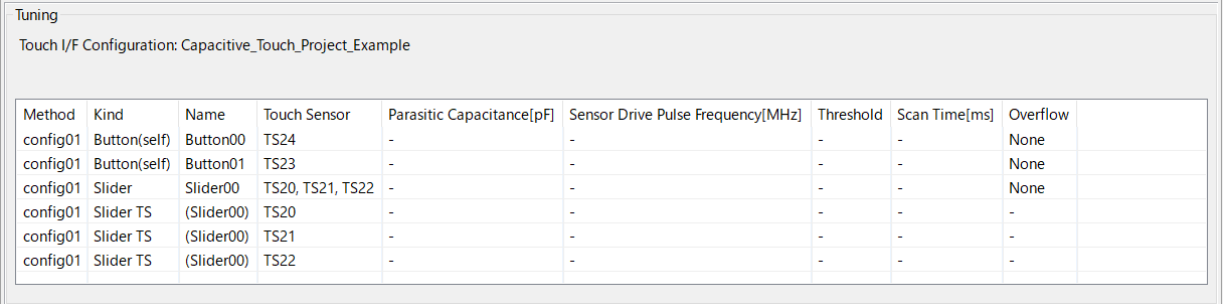


Figure 8-11 Touch Interface Configuration after the Settings are Complete

7. The touch interface configuration will be displayed in the [Tuning] panel.



Method	Kind	Name	Touch Sensor	Parasitic Capacitance[pF]	Sensor Drive Pulse Frequency[MHz]	Threshold	Scan Time[ms]	Overflow
config01	Button(self)	Button00	TS24	-	-	-	-	None
config01	Button(self)	Button01	TS23	-	-	-	-	None
config01	Slider	Slider00	TS20, TS21, TS22	-	-	-	-	None
config01	Slider TS	(Slider00)	TS20	-	-	-	-	-
config01	Slider TS	(Slider00)	TS21	-	-	-	-	-
config01	Slider TS	(Slider00)	TS22	-	-	-	-	-

Figure 8-12 Touch Interface Configuration Displayed in the [Tuning] Panel

8. Create a folder for storing the output files required for tuning. For this sample application, create a new folder "qe_gen" under "Capacitive_Touch_Project_Example/src". Click on [Output Files] in the QE workflow diagram and select the folder for storing the output files.

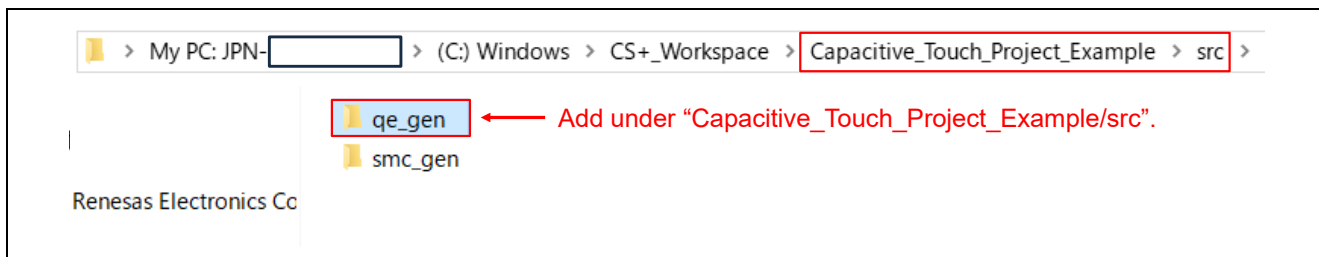


Figure 8-13 Creating a New Folder "qe_gen"

The following shows the place of the created folder in the directory structure and the files to be output.

Capacitive_Touch_Project_Example	← CS+ project folder (Project name specified in chapter 6, Creating a New Project)
- src	
- smc_gen	
- qe_gen	← New folder created
- qe_touch_config.c	← Output file
- qe_touch_config.h	← Output file
- qe_touch_define.h	← Output file
- qe_touch_sample.c	← Output file

9. Specify the frequency of the clock to be supplied to the CPU and peripheral hardware. After the folder for storing the output files has been selected, the following dialog box will open. Set the frequency (fCLK) of the clock for the CPU and peripheral hardware and click on [OK].

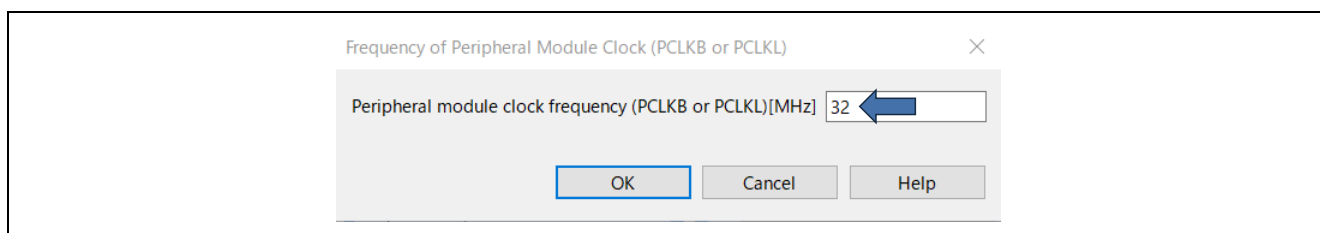


Figure 8-14 Setting the Frequency of the Peripheral Module Clock

10. Specify the voltage of the power supply for the MCU. After the [Power Supply Voltage of MCU] dialog box appears, specify the voltage and click on [OK].
For the voltage to be specified, refer to the electrical characteristics of the target MCU.
If the MCU uses EVDD, enter the EVDD value in the VDD field.

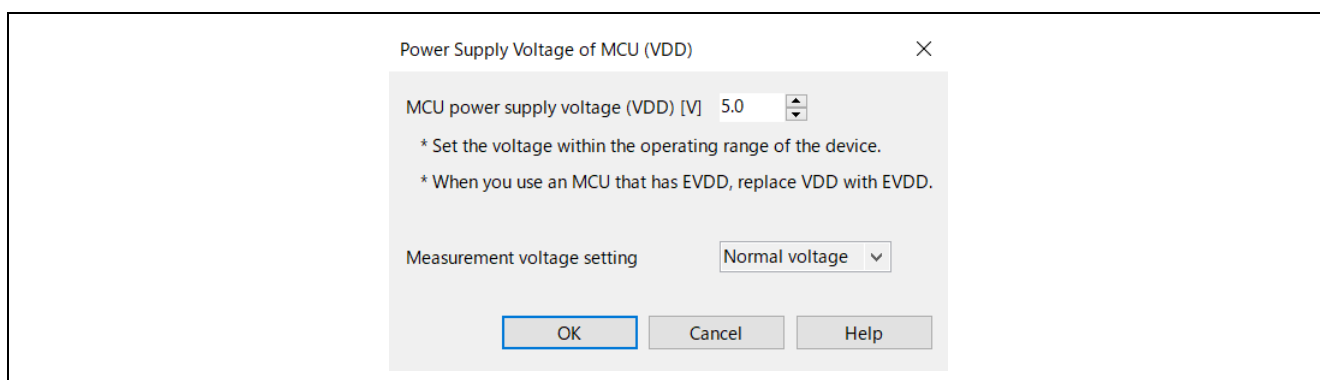


Figure 8-15 Setting the Power-Supply Voltage for the MCU

11. The [QE for Capacitive Touch] dialog box will open.
The contents of this box are also displayed in the [Console] panel at the bottom of the QE window.

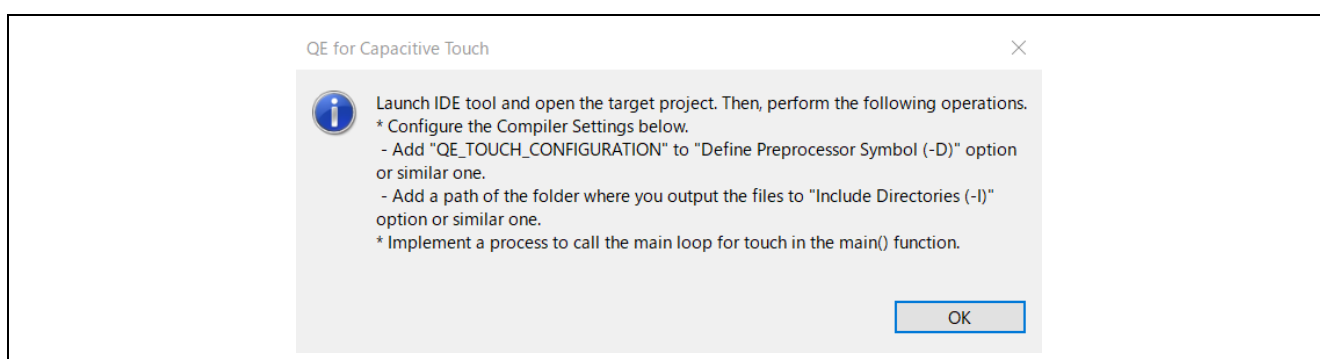


Figure 8-16 [QE for Capacitive Touch] Dialog Box

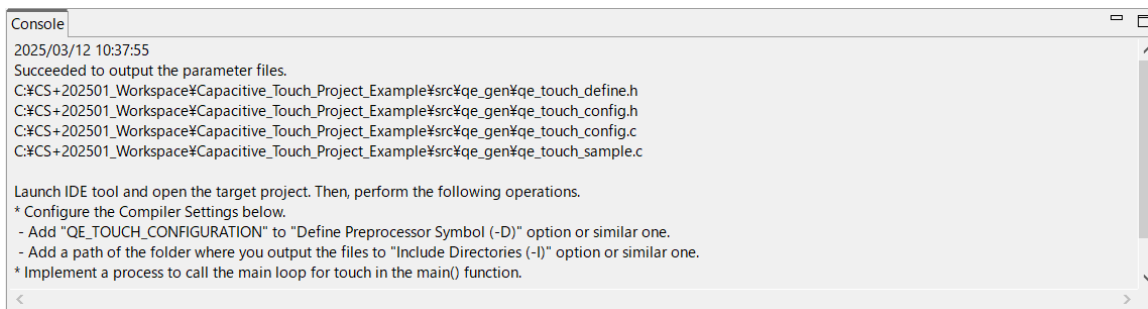


Figure 8-17 [Console] Panel

- Set the compiler options. Open the CS+ window and select "CC-RL (Build Tool)" in [Project Tree]. In the [Common Options] tabbed page of [Property], select "Macro definition" under "Frequently Used Options (for Compile)" and click on [...] on the right side of the page.

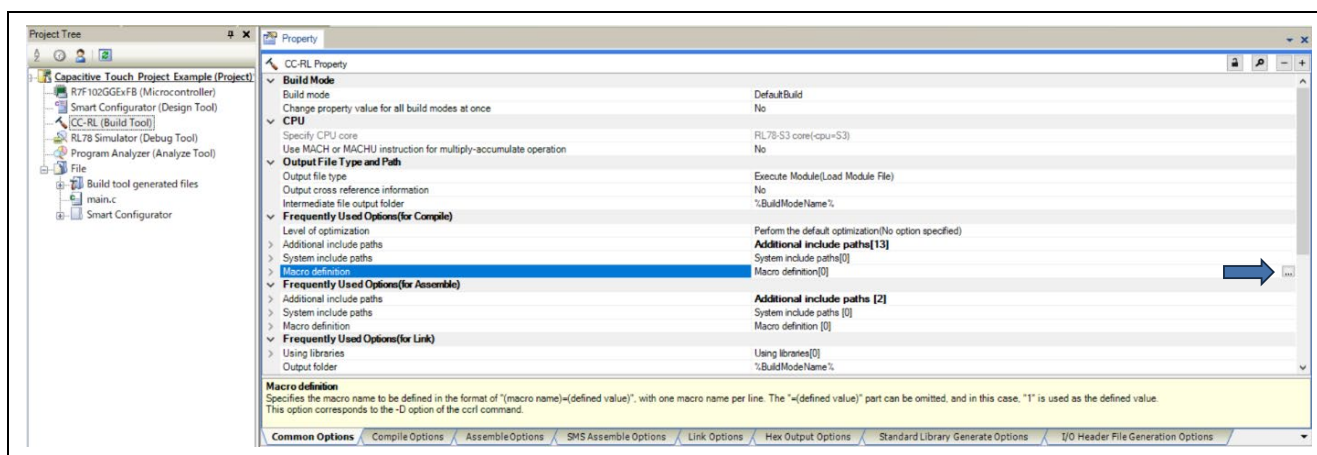


Figure 8-18 Selecting Macro Definition

- The [Text Edit] dialog box will open. Enter "QE_TOUCH_CONFIGURATION" in the [Text] field in the dialog box and click on [OK].

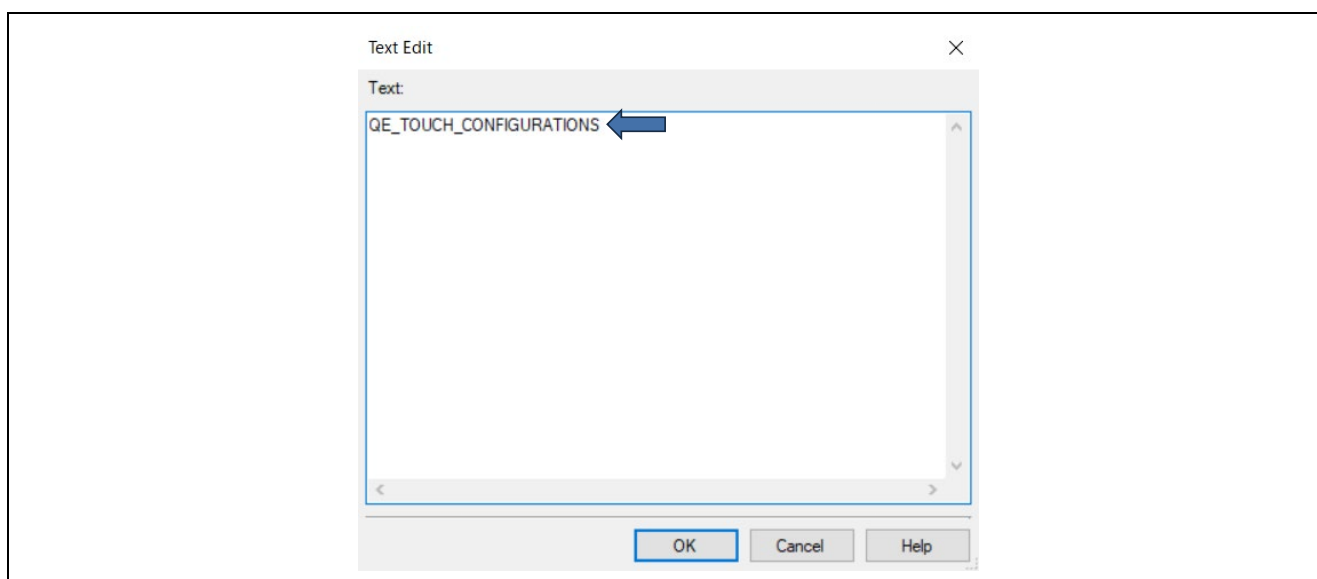


Figure 8-19 Editing a Macro Definition

RL78 Family

Using the Standalone Version of QE to Develop Touch Applications for a Fast Prototyping Board

14. Add the "qe_gen" folder to the sample project. Drag and drop the "qe_gen" folder from Explorer to the [Project Tree] of CS+.

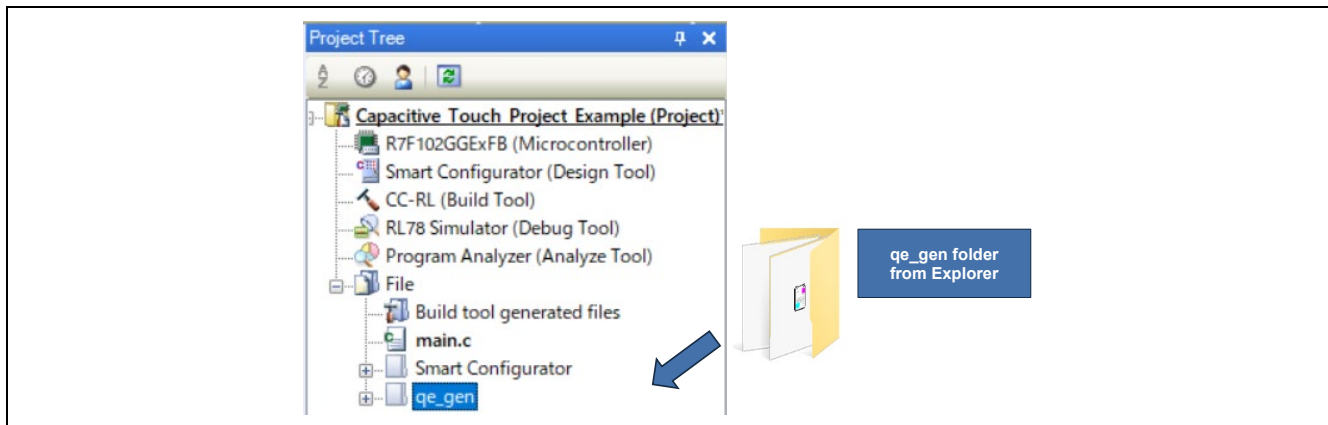


Figure 8-20 Adding the qe_gen Folder

15. Add the path to the "qe_gen" folder as an include path. On the [Common Options] tabbed page of [Property], select "Additional include paths" under "Frequently Used Options (for Compile)" and click on [...] on the right side of the page.
The [Path Edit] dialog box will open. Check that "src\qe_gen" has been added to the [Path] field in the dialog box and click on [OK].

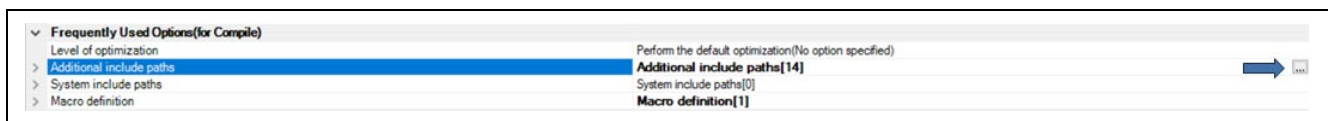


Figure 8-21 Adding an Include Path for the Compiler

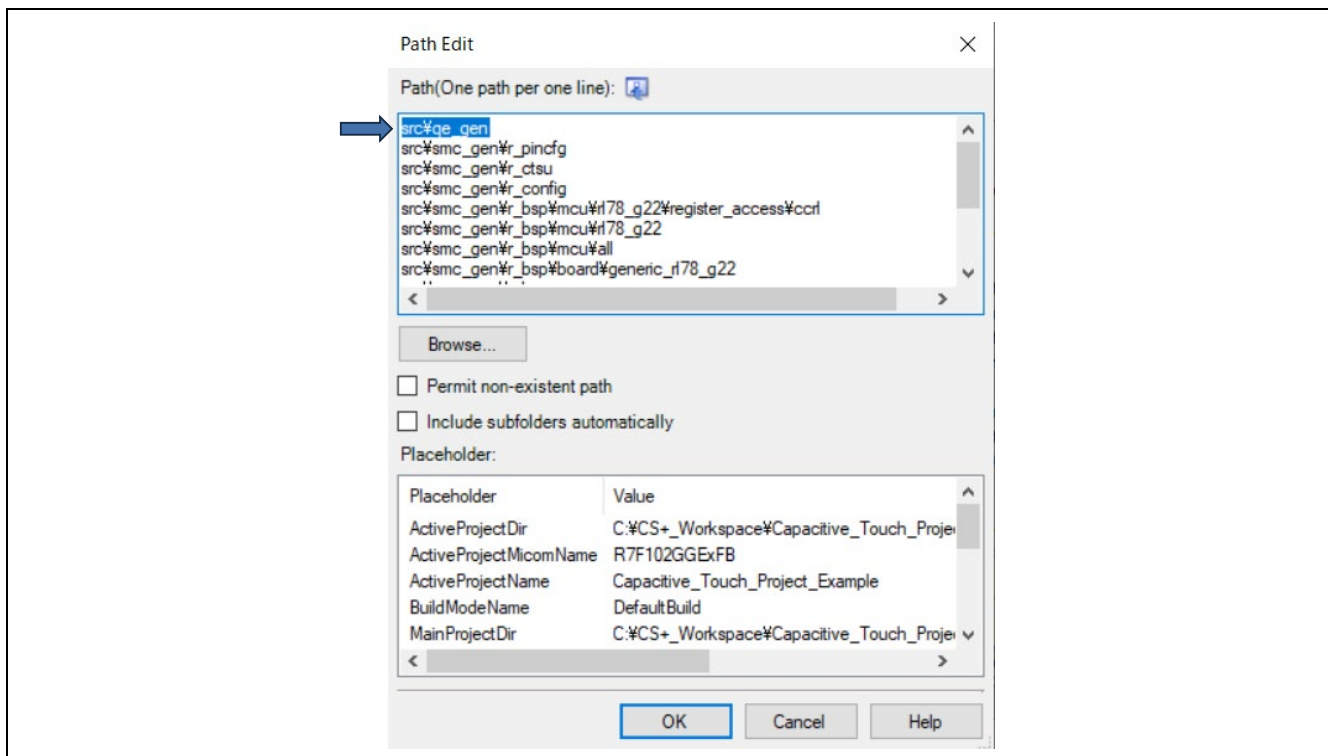


Figure 8-22 Checking Addition of the Include Path

16. Specify the language variant of the C source files.
Click on "Source" on the [Compile Options] tabbed page and click on "Language of the C source file".
Click on  on the right side of the page and select "C99 (-lang=c99)".

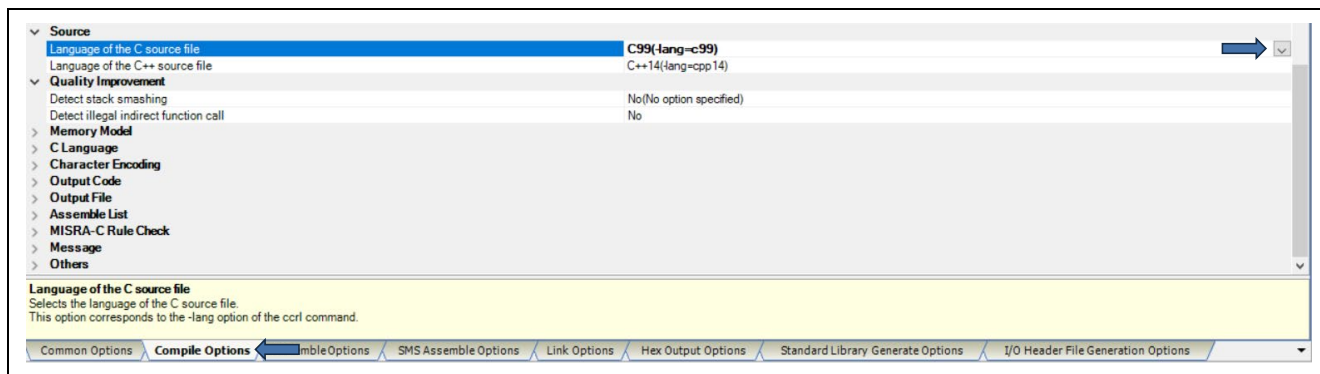


Figure 8-23 Selecting the C-Language Standard

17. Set the on-chip debugging (OCD) option byte and user option bytes.
Click on "Device" on the [Link Options] tabbed page and make the following specifications. For meanings of the values of the option bytes, refer to the user's manual of the target MCU.

- Option byte value for OCD: 84
- Set debug monitor area: Yes (Specify address range) (-DEBUG_MONITOR=<Address range>)
- User option byte value: EFFCE8

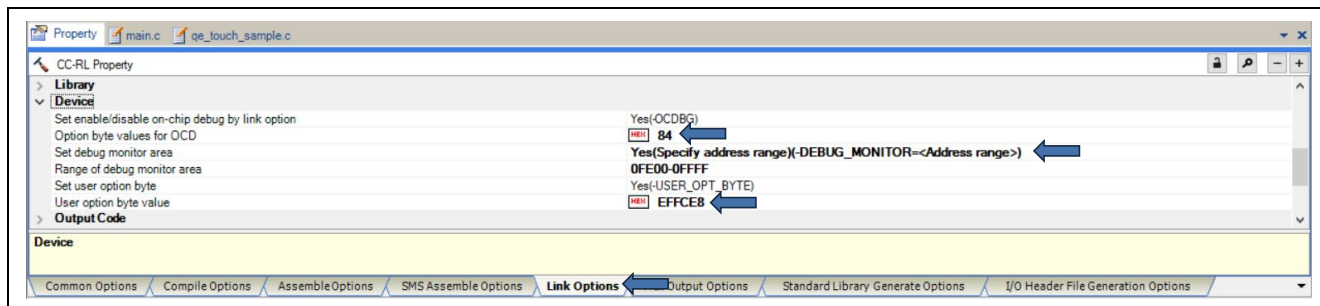


Figure 8-24 Setting the Option Bytes

18. If the free evaluation edition of CC-RL V1.12.00 or a later version is to be used for compilation, "Debug precedence (-Onothing)" should be selected as the level of optimization by the compiler before building. Double-click on "Optimization" on the [Compile Options] tabbed page and select "Debug precedence (-Onothing)" for "Level of optimization".

Remark: This setting is only necessary for tuning. After tuning is complete, any optimization level can be specified.

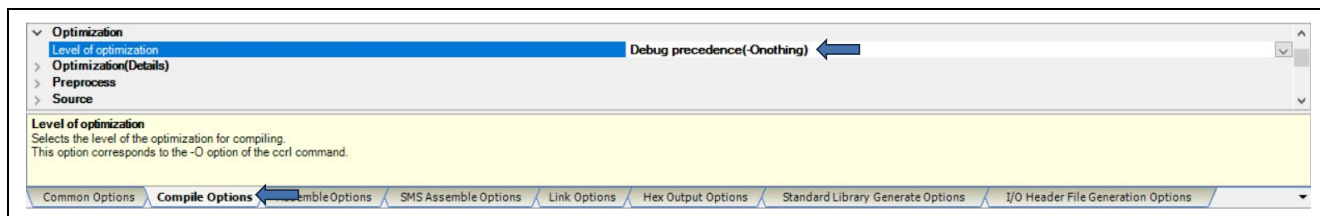


Figure 8-25 Setting the Level of Optimization by the Compiler

19. Implement the processing for calling the main function of the touch measurement processing in the main() function.

This requires a call of the `qe_touch_main()` function from the `main()` function.

Add the following statements to the "main.c" file at the points indicated in the listing below.

- `extern void qe_touch_main(void);`
- `qe_touch_main();`

```

30 |
31 | void main(void);
32 | extern void qe_touch_main(void); ←
33 |
34 | void main(void)
35 | {
36 |     qe_touch_main(); ←
    | }
```

Figure 8-26 main.c

20. Add the function for serial communications to the "Config_UART0_user.c" file.

Add the following statements to the "main.c" file at the points indicated in the listing below.

- extern void touch_uart_callback(uint16_t event);
- touch_uart_callback(0);
- touch_uart_callback(1);

```

52  /* Start user code for global. Do not edit comment generated here */
53  extern void touch_uart_callback(uint16_t event); ←
54  /* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */

74  static void r_Config_UART0_callback_sendend(void)
75  {
76      /* Start user code for r_Config_UART0_callback_sendend. Do not edit comment generated here */
77      touch_uart_callback(0); ←
78      /* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
79  }

87  static void r_Config_UART0_callback_receiveend(void)
88  {
89      /* Start user code for r_Config_UART0_callback_receiveend. Do not edit comment generated here */
90      touch_uart_callback(1); ←
91      /* End user code. Do not edit comment generated here */
92  }

```

Figure 8-27 Config_UART0_user.c

21. Build the project in CS+. Click on the  icon under the menu bar of CS+ to start the process of building. Check that the build process has been completed without any errors or warnings.

If the following warning (W0511187) is generated during building, change the level of optimization by the compiler to "Debug precedence (-Onothing)" as shown in Figure 8-25 and rebuild the project.

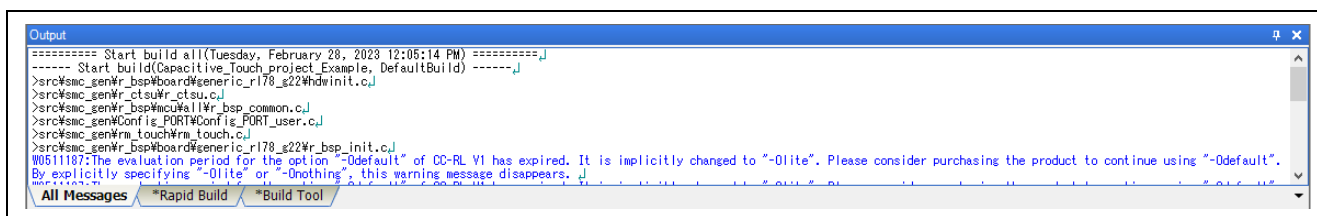


Figure 8-28 Warning during Building (W0511187)

8.4 Tuning

Set up the items under "Tuning" in the workflow diagram.

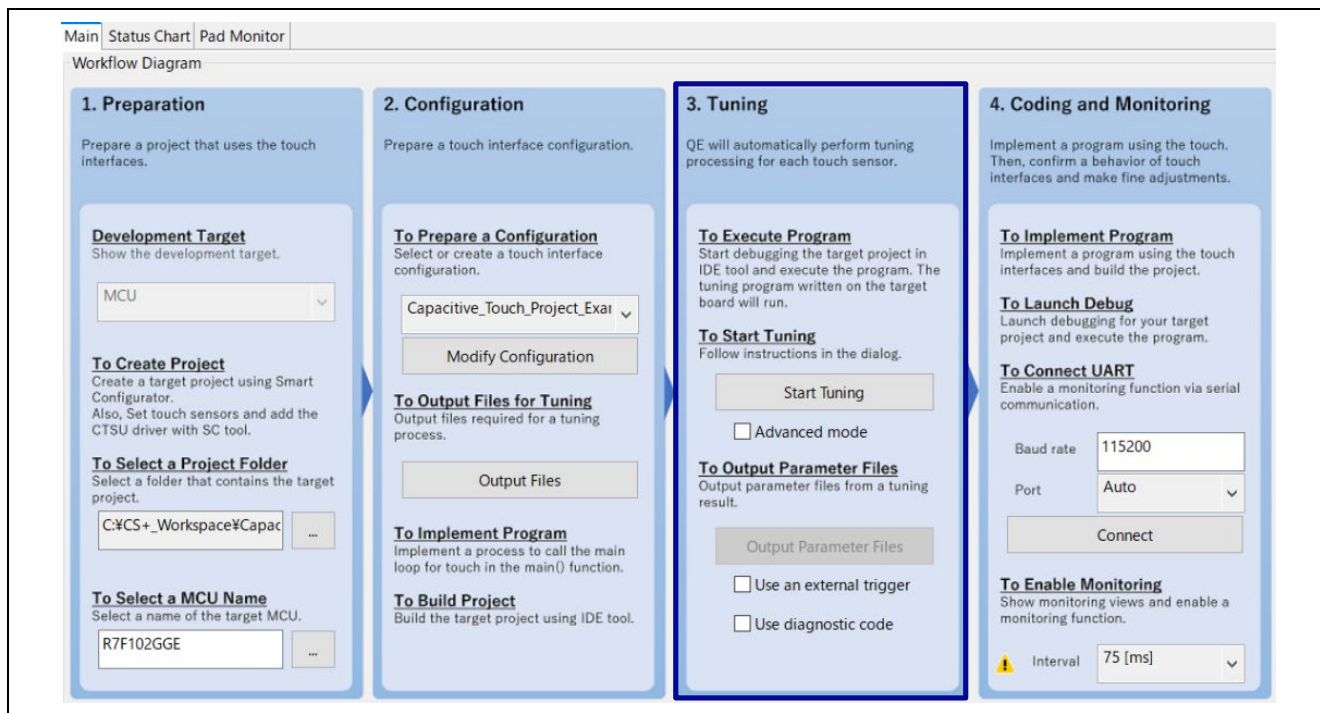


Figure 8-29 Workflow Diagram (Tuning)

1. Select the debugging tool to be used. Right-click on "Debug Tool" in [Project Tree] of CS+ and select "RL78 COM Port" from [Using Debug Tool].

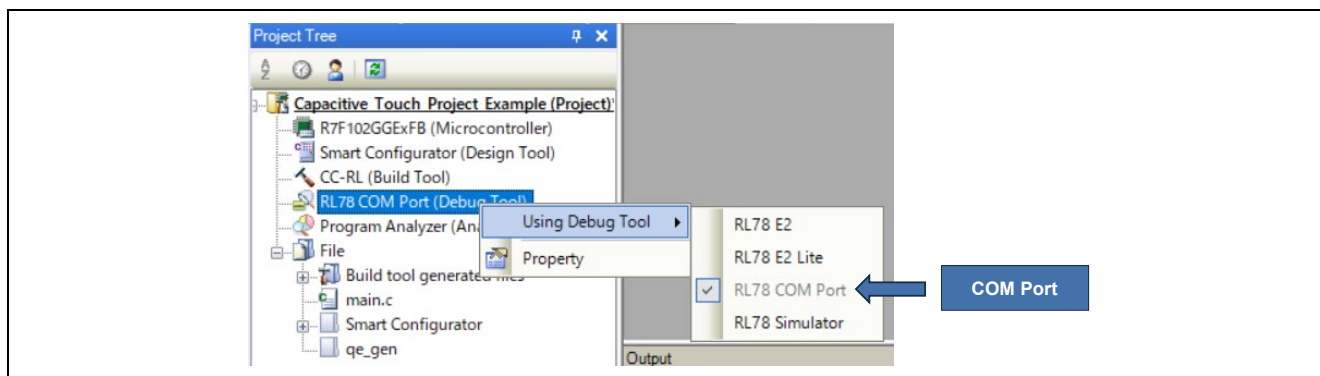


Figure 8-30 Selecting the Debugging Tool

RL78 Family

Using the Standalone Version of QE to Develop Touch Applications for a Fast Prototyping Board

- Set the "Communication port" in the [Property] of the debugging tool.
This sample application uses COM24.

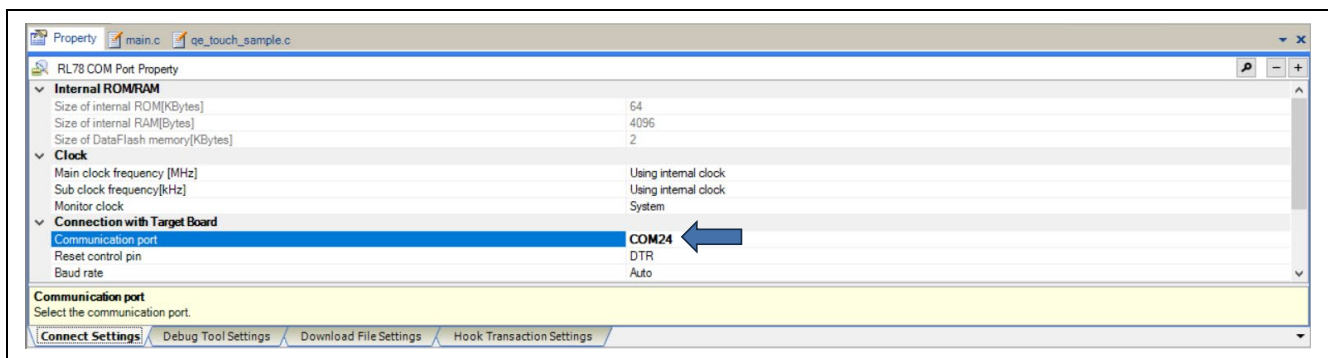


Figure 8-31 Property of the Debugging Tool

The COM number of the port used for communications can be confirmed in the [Device Manager] window.

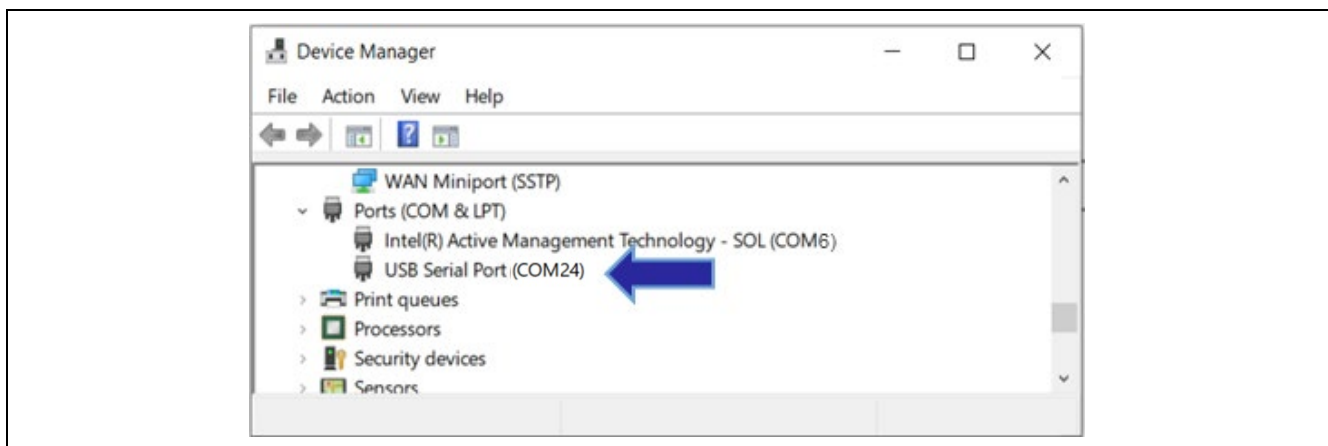


Figure 8-32 Device Manager

- Enable the COM Port debugging circuit. Check that the J16 jumper for switching the QE serial connection on the target board is closed.
- Build the project and write the program. Check that the target board is connected to the PC with a USB cable and click on the  CS+ icon. After downloading for writing the program is complete, click on the  icon to stop the program and then click on the  icon for disconnection from the debugging tool.
- Execute the serial connection function of the QE. After disconnection from the debugging tool, remove the USB cable connecting the PC and target board and open the J16 jumper for switching the QE serial connection.
After that, reconnect the target board to the PC with the USB cable for later connection with the QE. At this time, the written program will run on the target board which is in the state of standing by for connection with the QE.

For the J16 jumper for switching the QE serial connection, refer to the user's manual of the target board. Be sure to use a USB cable that supports data transfer.

6. Set "Baud rate" under "To connect UART" on the QE to the value specified in section 7.5.3.

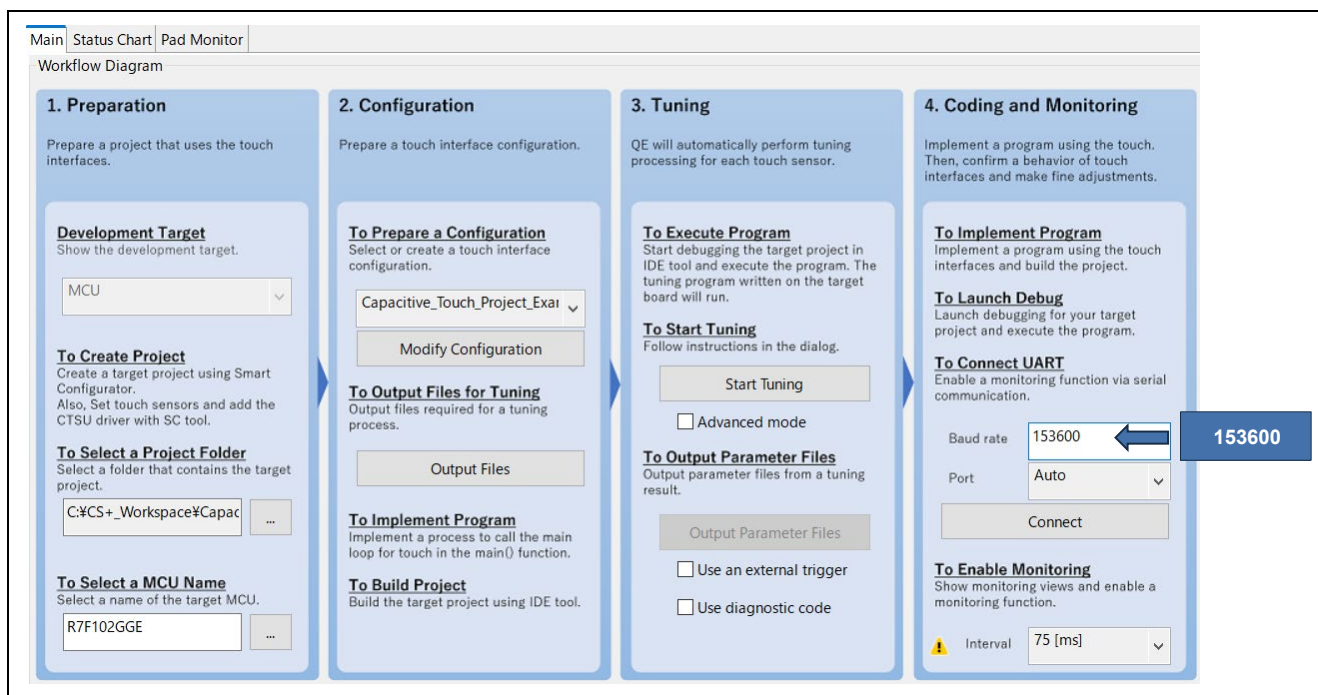


Figure 8-33 Setting "Baud rate"

7. Click on [Start Tuning] to start automatic tuning.

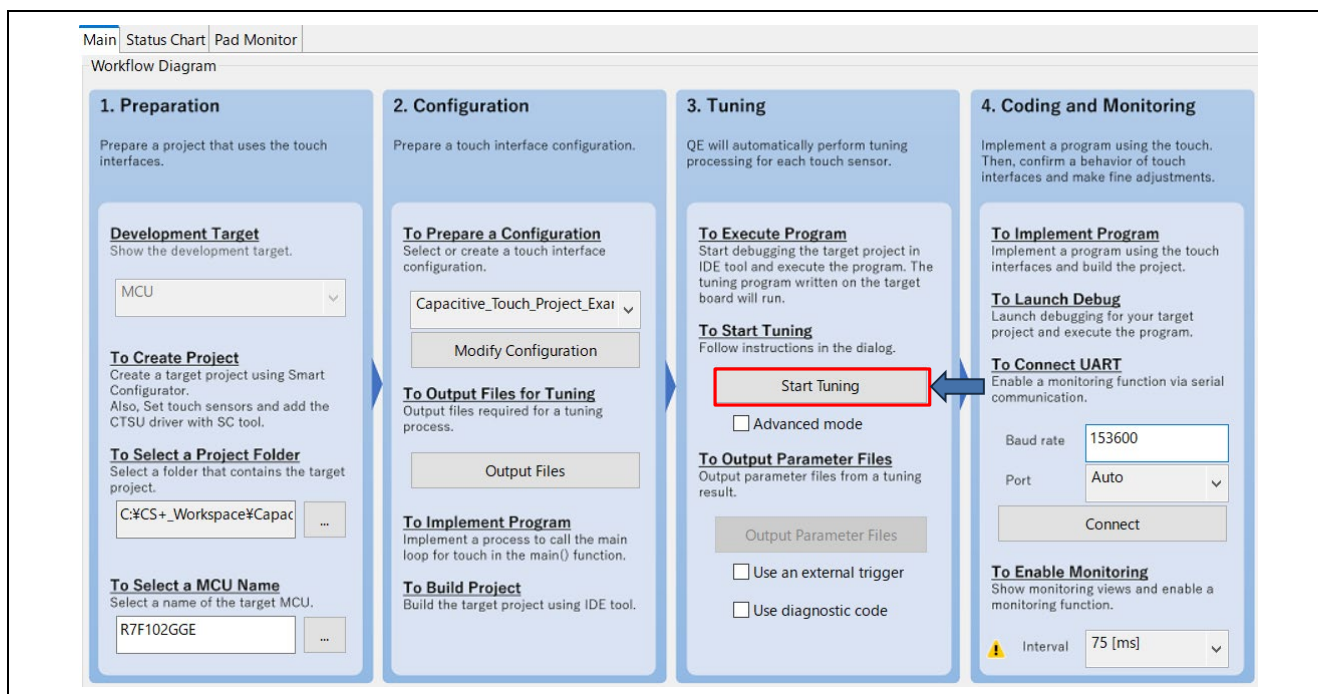


Figure 8-34 Automatic Tuning

RL78 Family

Using the Standalone Version of QE to Develop Touch Applications for a Fast Prototyping Board

8. A dialog box will open. Specify "Baud rate" in the dialog box and click on [Connect].

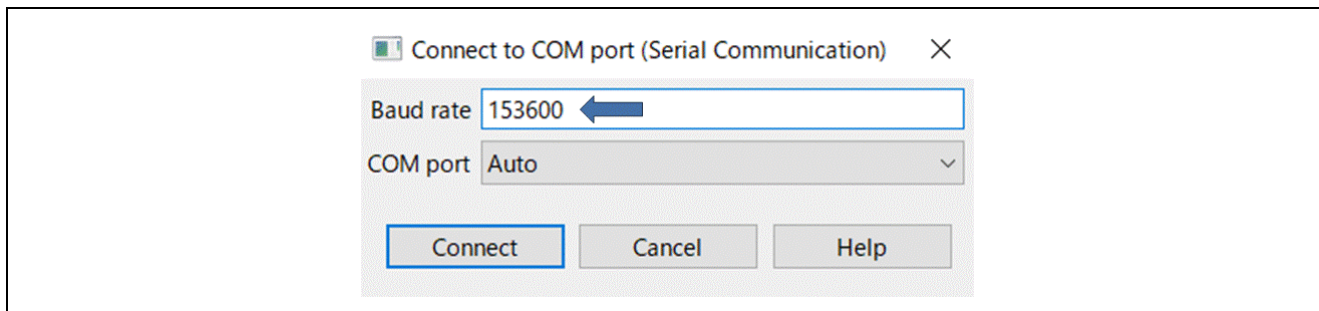


Figure 8-35 Setting "Baud rate"

9. In the dialog box opened in response to the previous step, specify the frequency of the clock for the CPU and peripheral hardware and click on [OK].

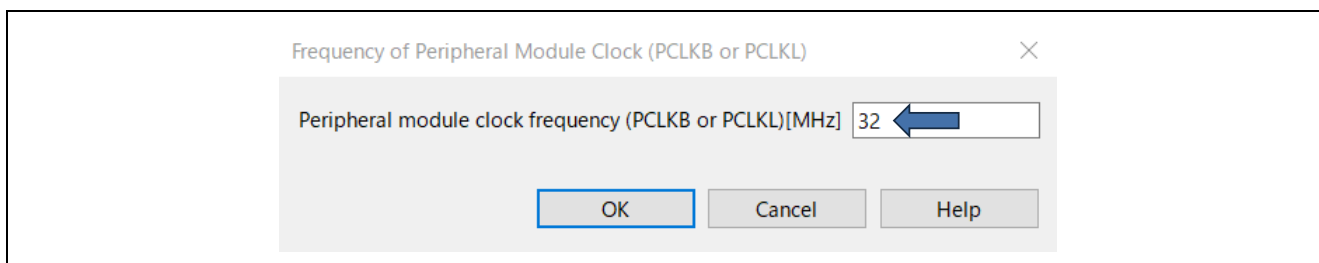


Figure 8-36 Setting the Frequency of the Peripheral Module Clock

10. Automatic tuning will begin. Check the messages in the [Automatic Tuning Processing] dialog box, which guides the user through the steps of tuning, and follow the instructions for proceeding through the steps.

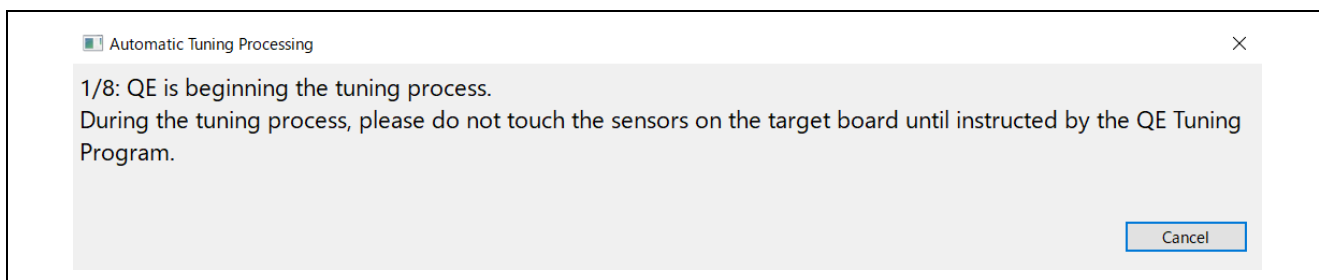


Figure 8-37 [Automatic Tuning Processing] Dialog Box

After several steps of the tuning process are complete, the dialog box shown in the figure below will open. Measure the touch sensitivity at this point. Use normal pressure in touching the Button01 touch sensor as instructed by the dialog box. While the touch sensor is being touched, the bar in the dialog box will be extended to the right and the numerical value of touch counting will increase. While continuing to touch the sensor with your finger, press any key on the keyboard of the PC to confirm the measured value.

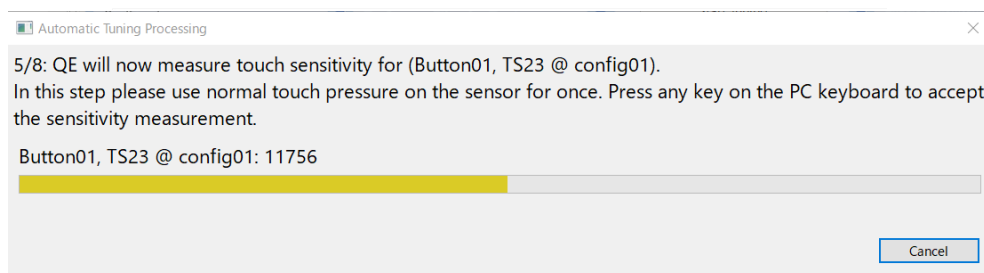
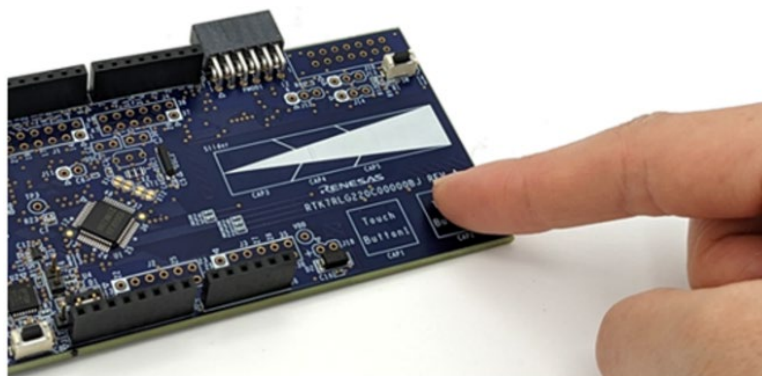


Figure 8-38 Measuring the Touch Sensitivity (Button)

11. Proceed with measurement for the other button touch sensor in the same way.
12. Measure the touch sensitivity of the slider touch sensor. Use normal pressure in moving a finger up and down or left and right across the slider on the target board three or four times and then press any key on the keyboard of the PC to confirm the measured value.

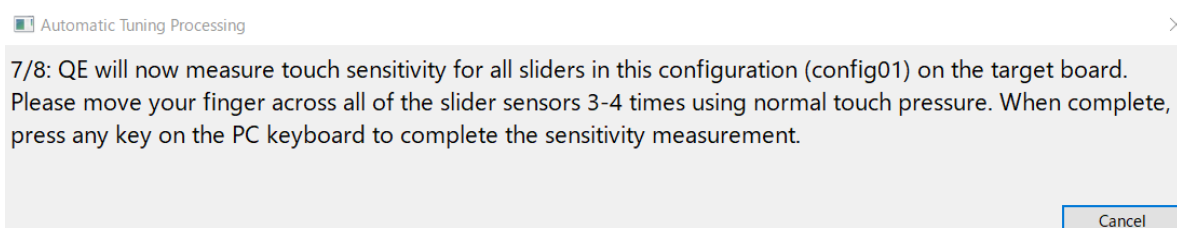


Figure 8-39 Measuring the Touch Sensitivity (Slider)

13. The following dialog box will open after tuning is complete and you can check the threshold values. These threshold values are used by the middleware to determine whether touch events have occurred. Click on [Continue the Tuning Process]. This is the end of the steps for automatic tuning.

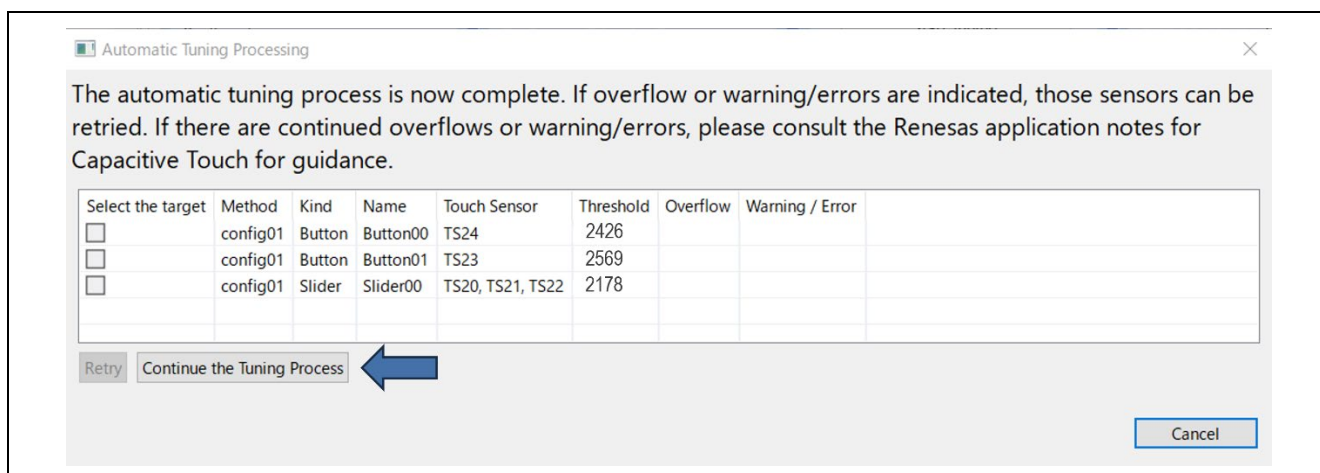


Figure 8-40 Threshold Values for the Touch Sensors

14. Click on [Output Parameter Files] to output parameter files containing the results of tuning. Select the "qe_gen" folder that was newly created in section 8.3 as the folder for the output of files and the files in the folder will be overwritten. The names of the output files are the same as those listed below that were output by [Output files] in section 8.3.

- qe_touch_config.c	← Output file
- qe_touch_config.h	← Output file
- qe_touch_define.h	← Output file
- qe_touch_sample.c	← Output file

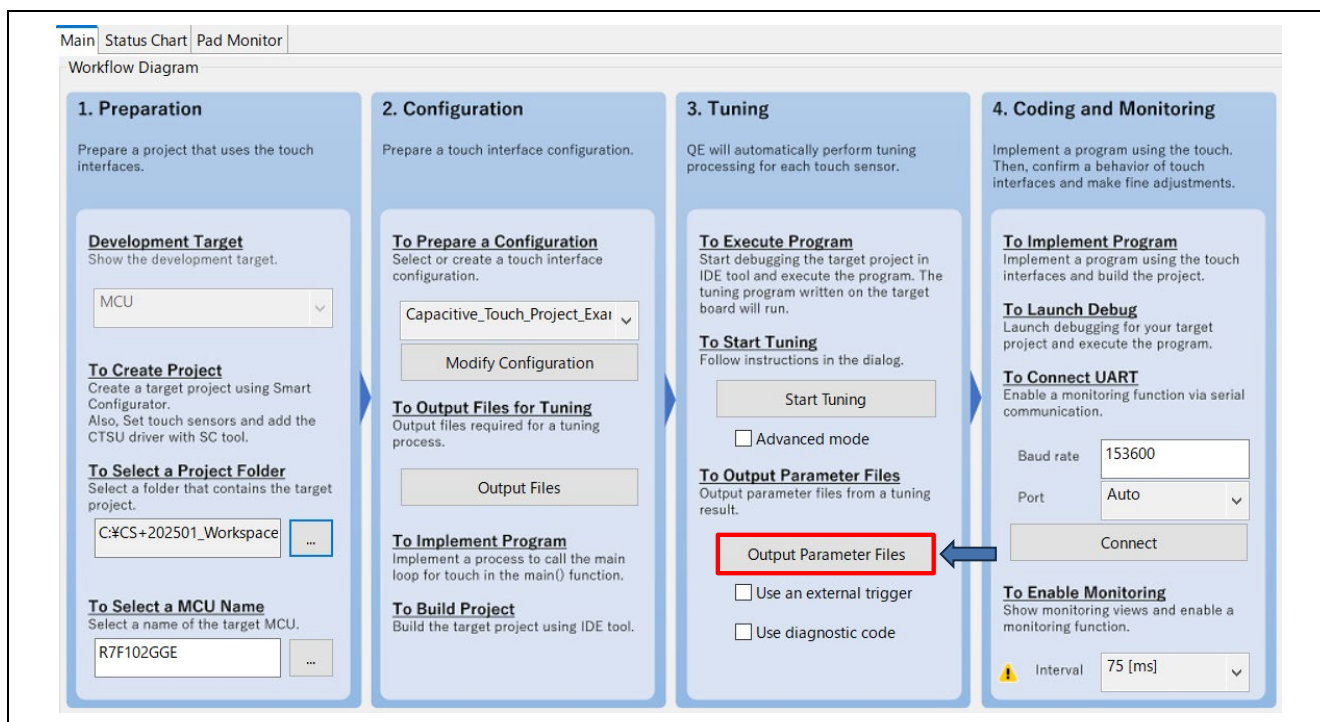


Figure 8-41 Output of the Parameter Files

8.5 Coding and Monitoring

8.5.1 Monitoring

Monitor the touch interface operation by proceeding through the steps under "Coding and Monitoring" in the workflow diagram.

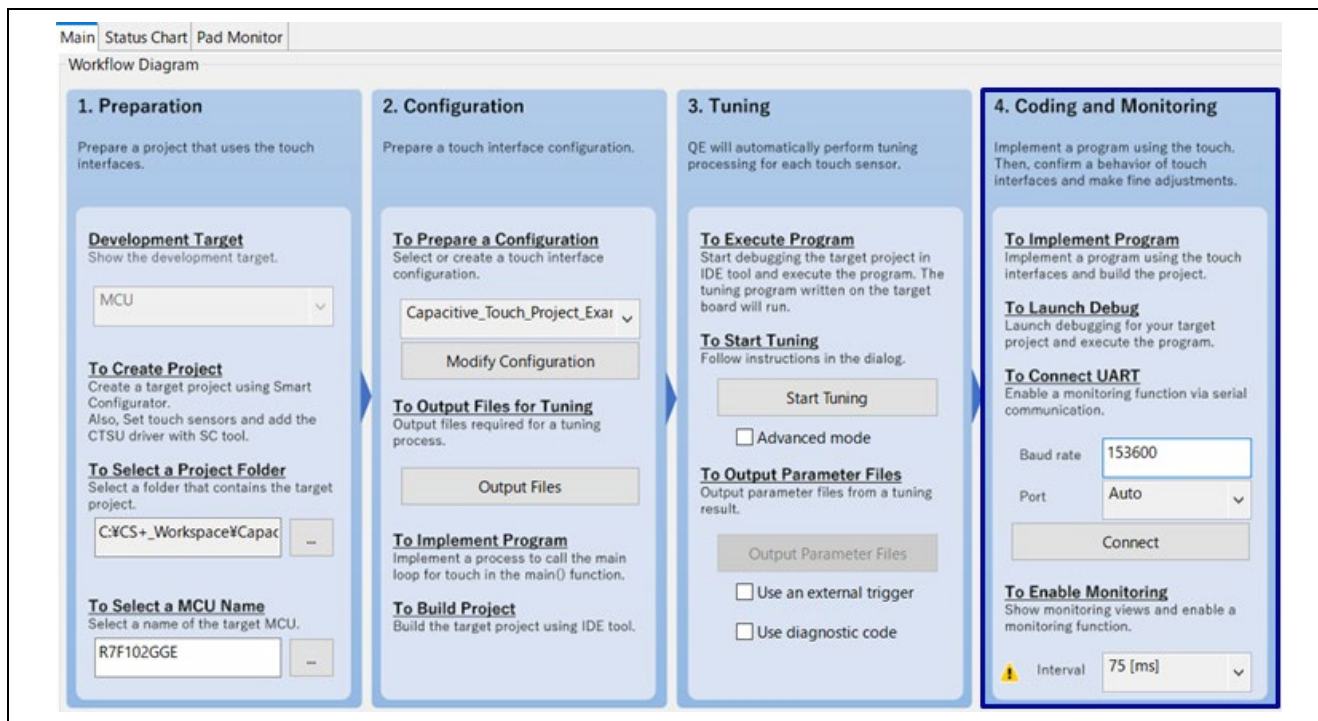


Figure 8-42 Workflow Diagram (Coding and Monitoring)

1. Enable the COM Port debugging circuit. Remove the USB cable connecting the PC and target board and close the J16 jumper for switching the QE serial connection. After that, reconnect the target board to the PC with the USB cable for connection with CS+.
2. Build the project and write the program by clicking on the  CS+ icon. After downloading for writing the program is complete, click on the  icon to stop the program and then click on the  icon for disconnection from the debugging tool.
3. Execute the serial connection function of the QE. After disconnection from the debugging tool, remove the USB cable connecting the PC and target board and open the J16 jumper for switching the QE serial connection. After that, reconnect the target board to the PC with the USB cable for later connection with the QE. At this time, the written program will run on the target board which is in the state of standing by for connection with the QE.

- Click on [Connect] for serial connection with the target board. [Connect] shown in the red frame in Figure 8-43 will change to [Disconnect].

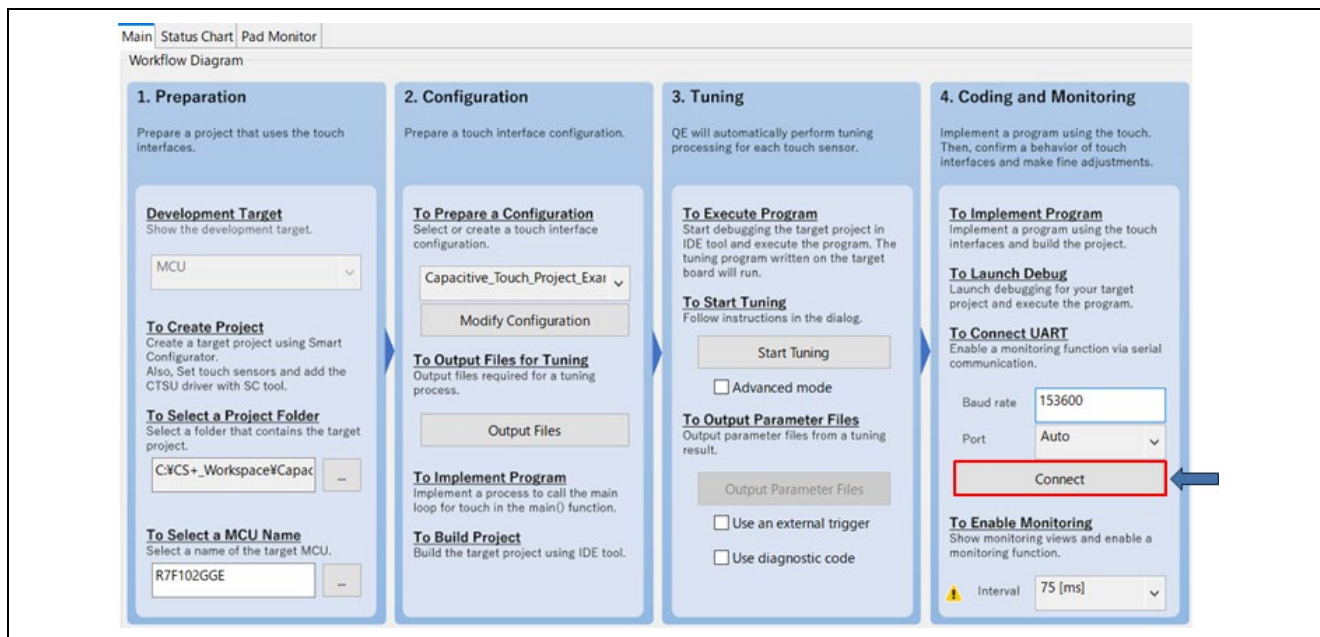


Figure 8-43 Serial Connection

RL78 Family

Using the Standalone Version of QE to Develop Touch Applications for a Fast Prototyping Board

- Click on [Enable Monitoring] in the [Board Monitor] panel in the top left part of the QE window. The indication "Monitoring: Disabled" will change to "Monitoring: Enabled".

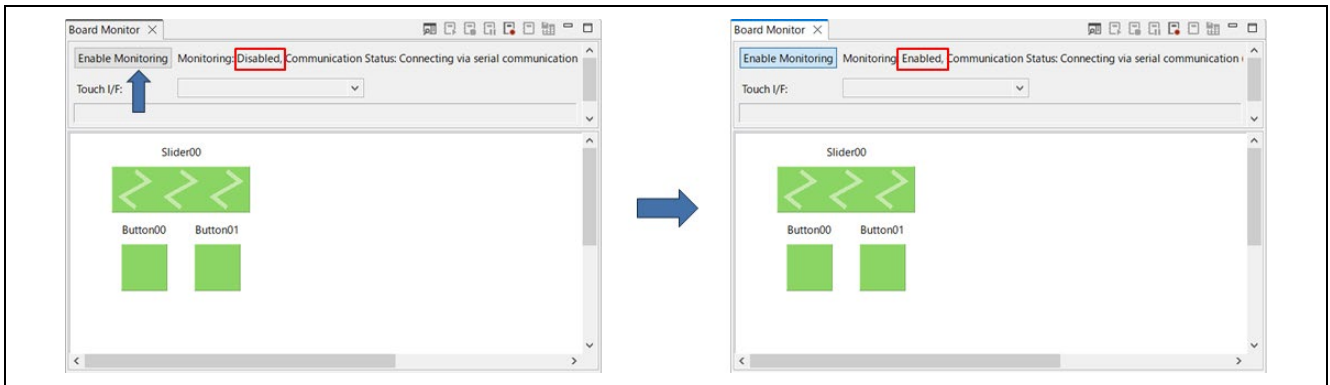


Figure 8-44 Enabling Monitoring

When touching of a touch sensor is detected, the state of touching is indicated by a finger icon.

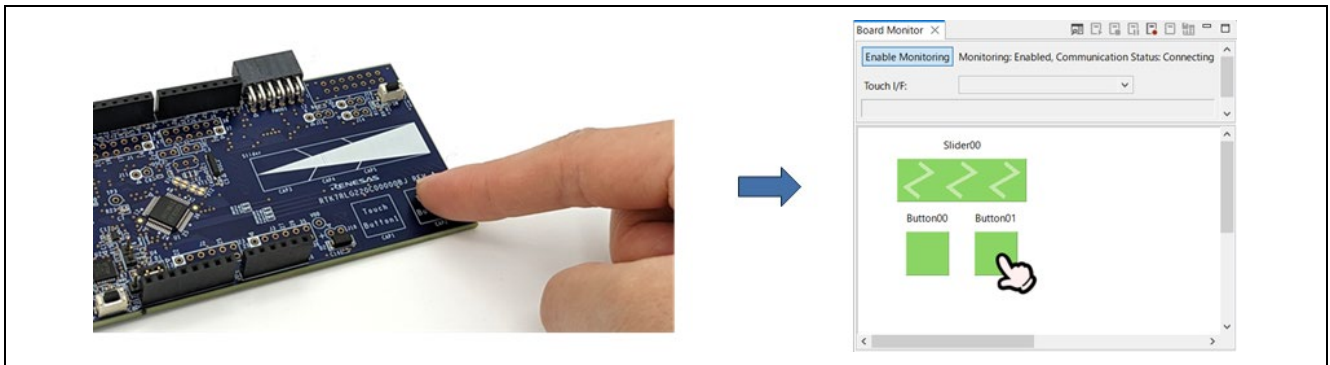


Figure 8-45 Display of the State of a Touch Sensor being Touched

6. Display a graph of the touch counting value in the status chart.

A. Click on the [Status Chart] tab.

B. Click on  for "Touch I/F" on the opened [Status Chart] page and select a touch sensor of the touch interface configuration.

The chart shows the real-time value of touch counting as it is being measured. The change in the touch counting value while the touch sensor is being touched can be confirmed on the chart.

The green line shows the threshold value, which is used by the "rm_touch" middleware to judge whether operation of the touch sensor is in progress; that is, it is being touched.

The red strip at the bottom of the chart shows the duration over which the touch counting value exceeds the threshold value; that is, touching is being detected.

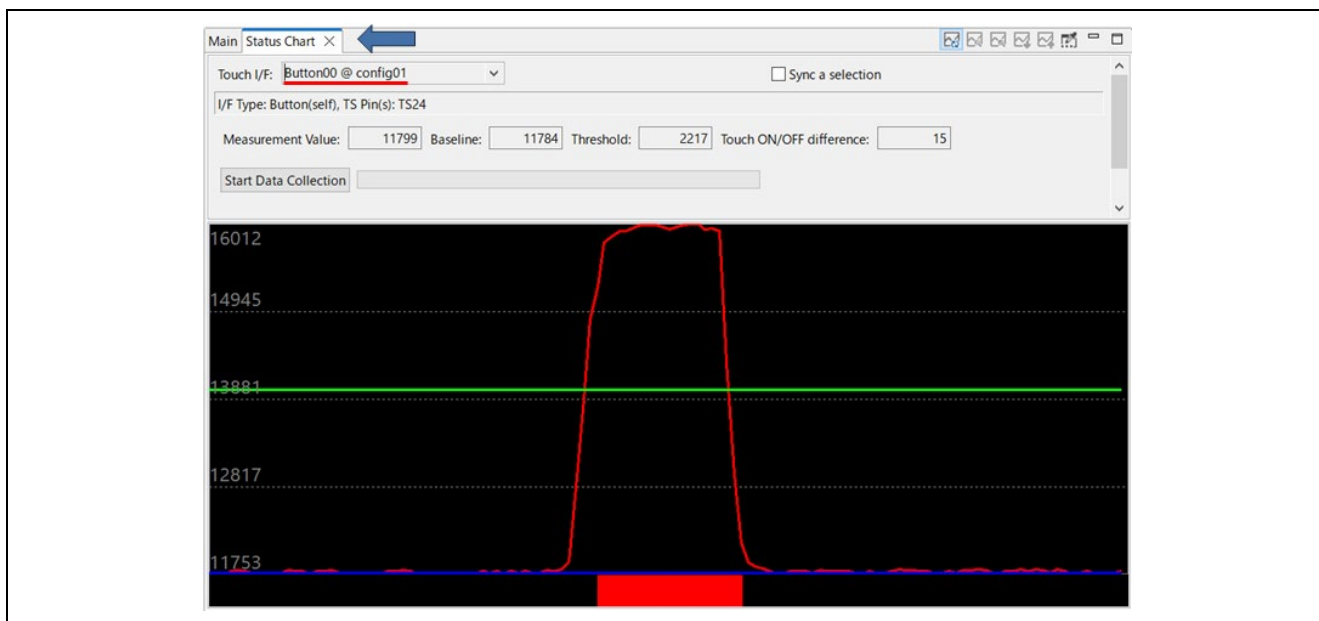


Figure 8-46 Graph of the Touch Counting Value (Button)

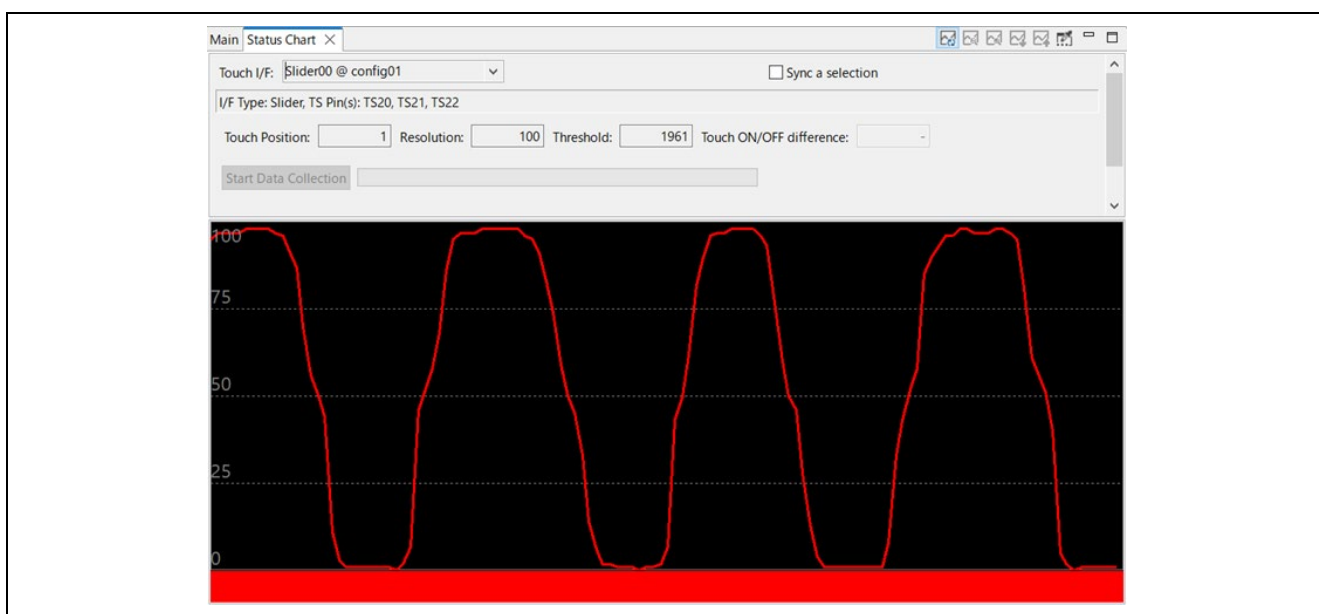


Figure 8-47 Graph of the Touch Counting Value (Slider)

7. Measure the signal-to-noise ratio (SNR) values as required.

A. Click on [Start Data Collection] on the [Status Chart] tabbed page.

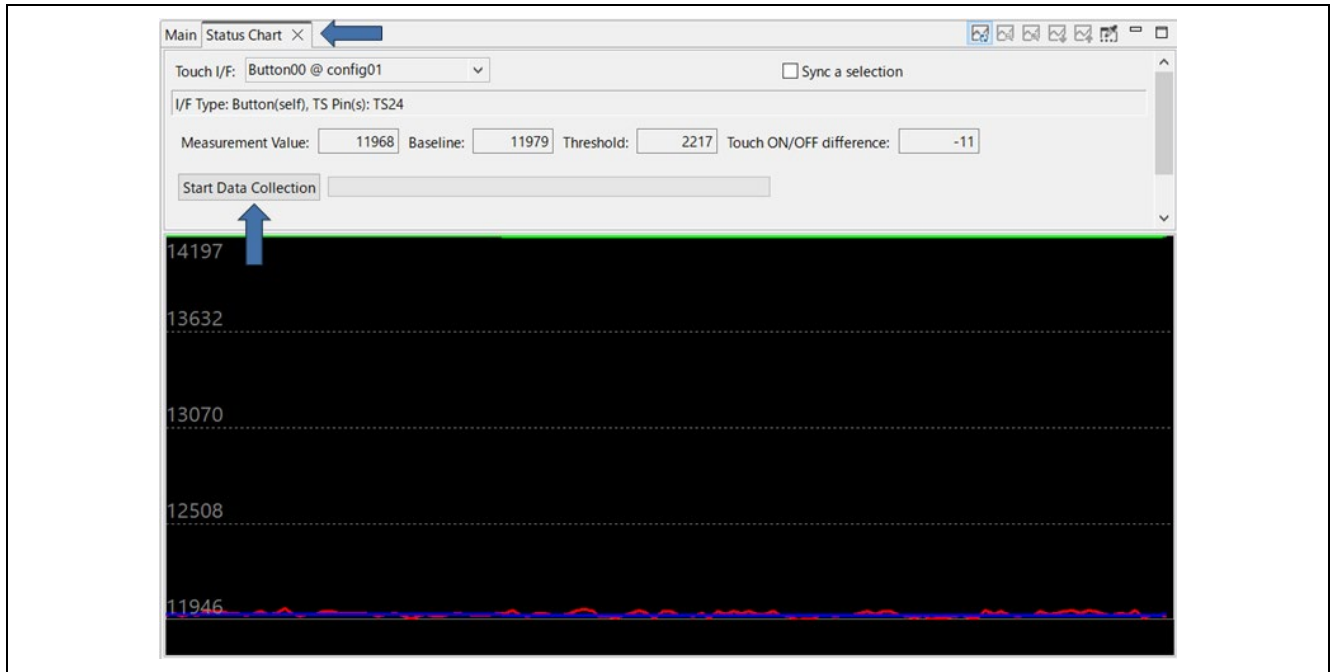


Figure 8-48 Collecting Data in the Touch-off State

- B. Make settings for data collection as shown in the figure and click on [Start Data Collection]. Do not touch the sensor while collection of data in the touch-off state is in progress. The green bar indicates progress in data collection. When the green bar reaches the right end, the ratio of data collection is 100% so data collection in the touch-off state is completed.

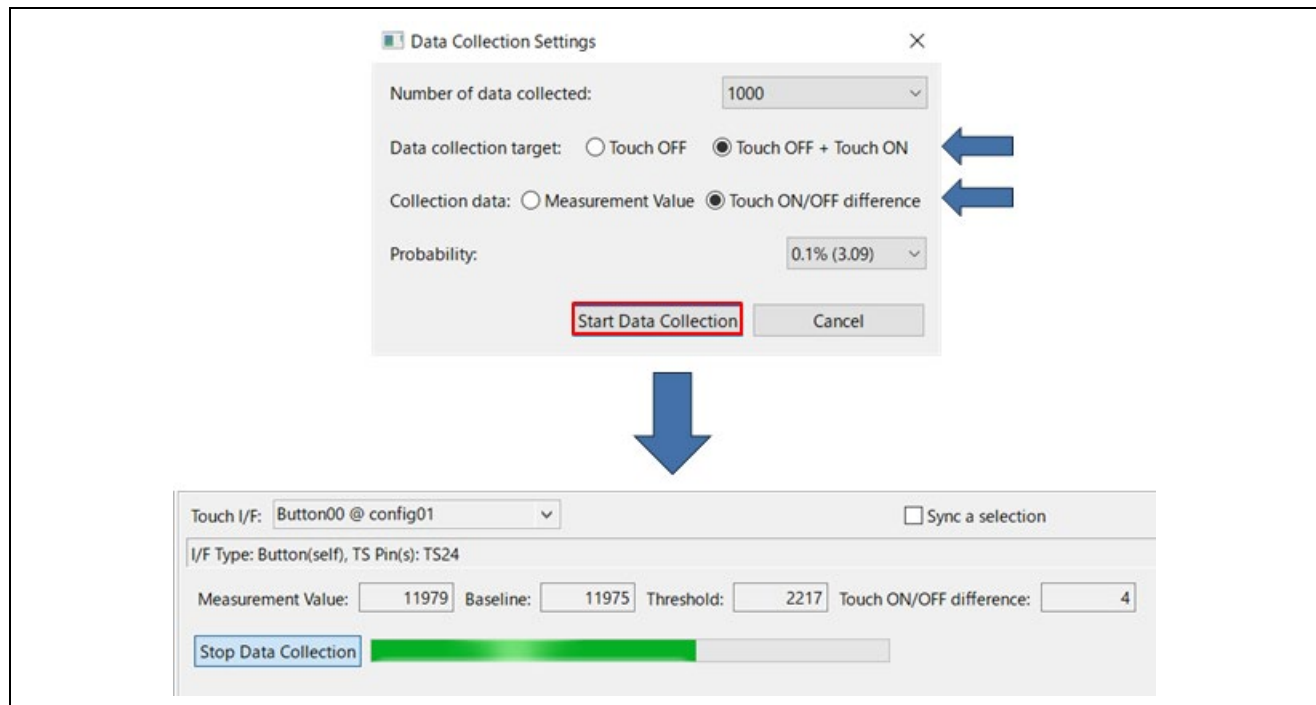


Figure 8-49 Starting Data Collection

- C. Collect data in the touch-on state in the same way. Make sure that one of your fingers is touching the sensor then click on [Start Data Collection]. When the green bar reaches the right end, data collection in the touch-on state is completed.

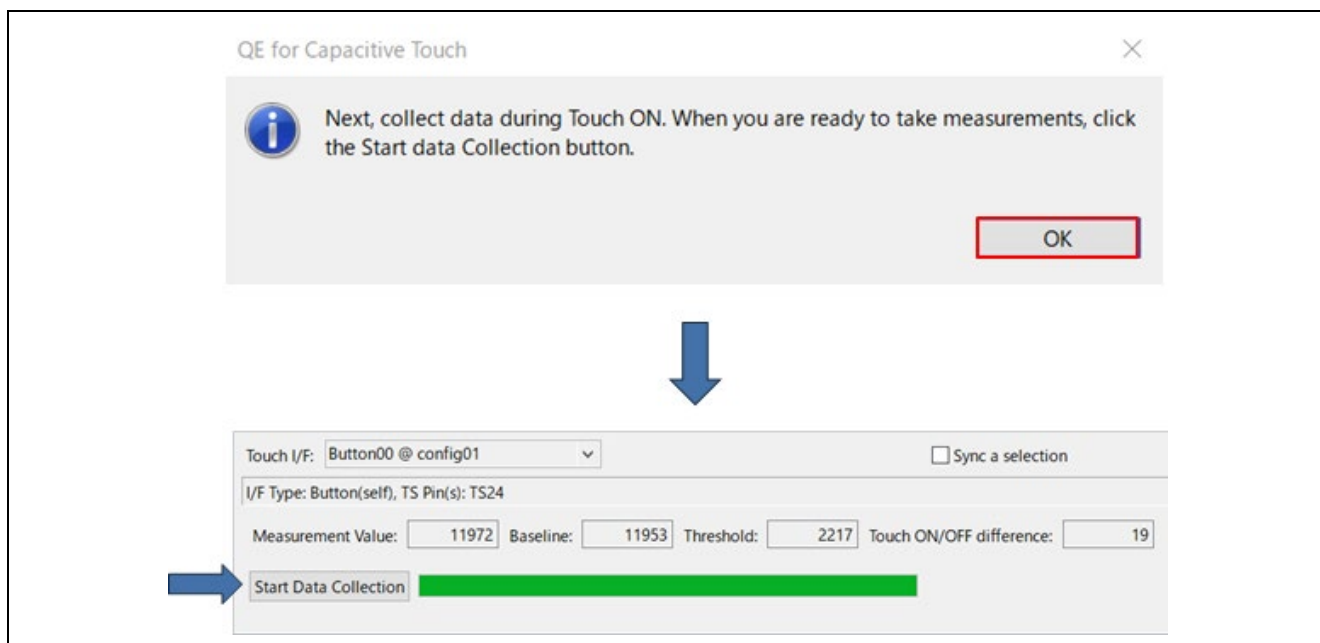


Figure 8-50 Starting Data Collection in the Touch-on State

D. After data collection is completed, the SNR value will be displayed.

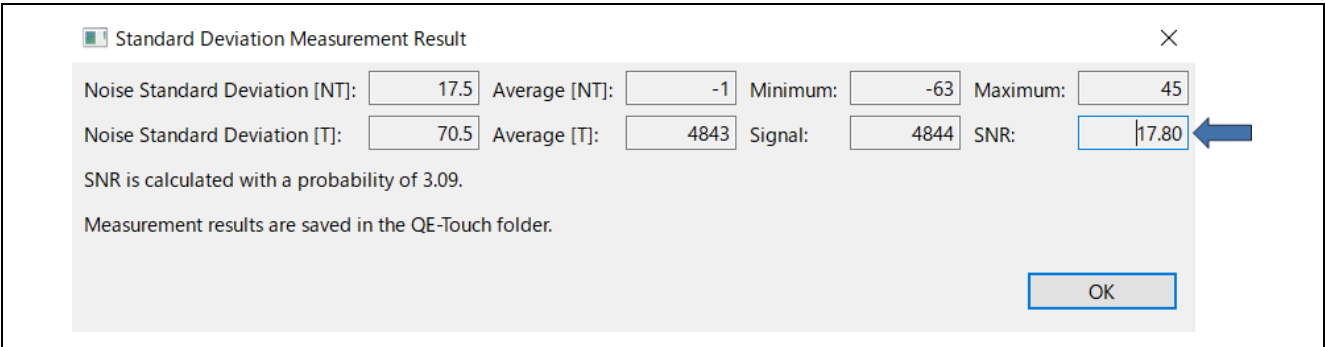


Figure 8-51 SNR Value

8. Display graphs of touch counting values for multiple touch sensors in the multi-status chart. Select the touch sensors for which values are to be displayed on the [Multi Status Chart] tabbed page in the lower left part of the QE window.

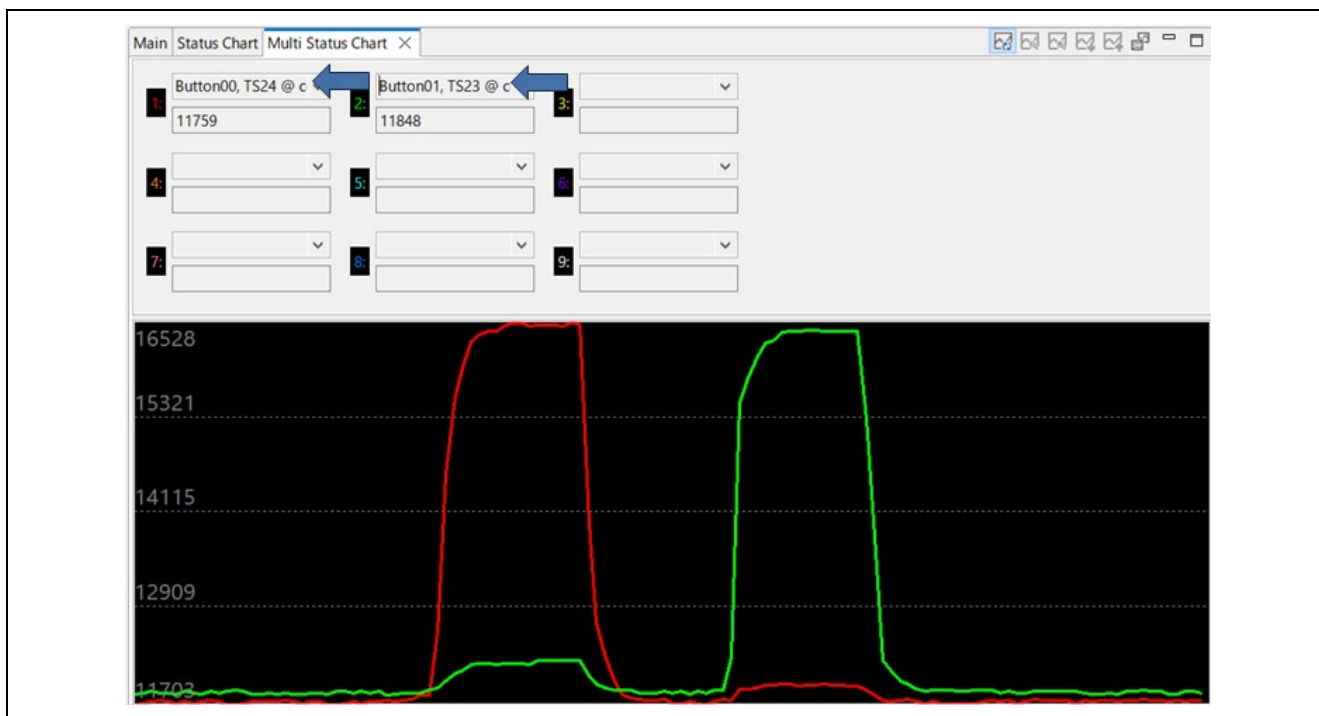


Figure 8-52 Multi-Status Chart

9. Manually adjust parameters as required. Use the [Parameters] panel in the right part of the QE window.

Item	Value
Sample count for drift correction (number of sample)	255
Continuous Touch Cancel Count (Count)	0
Debouncing count of touch-on filter (Count)	3
Debouncing count of touch-off filter (Count)	3
Average sample count for moving average filter (number of sample)	4
Touch Threshold	2217
Hysteresis	110

Set a sample count for drift correction.
Drift correction operation is a function to make the baseline follow the surrounding environment.
Input a value between 0 and 65535.

- The value is 1 or more: The baseline will be corrected every sample count specified in the [Sample count for drift correction (number of sample)] item.
- The value is 0: No correction.

This setting item will be applied for each method.

From left to right

- Read values from the target board.
- Write values to the target board.
- Write values to the target board in real time.
- Generate parameter files.

Touch parameters

Description of the selected touch parameter

Figure 8-53 Adjusting Parameters

10. While "Monitoring: Enabled" is being displayed, click on [Enable Monitoring] to stop monitoring.

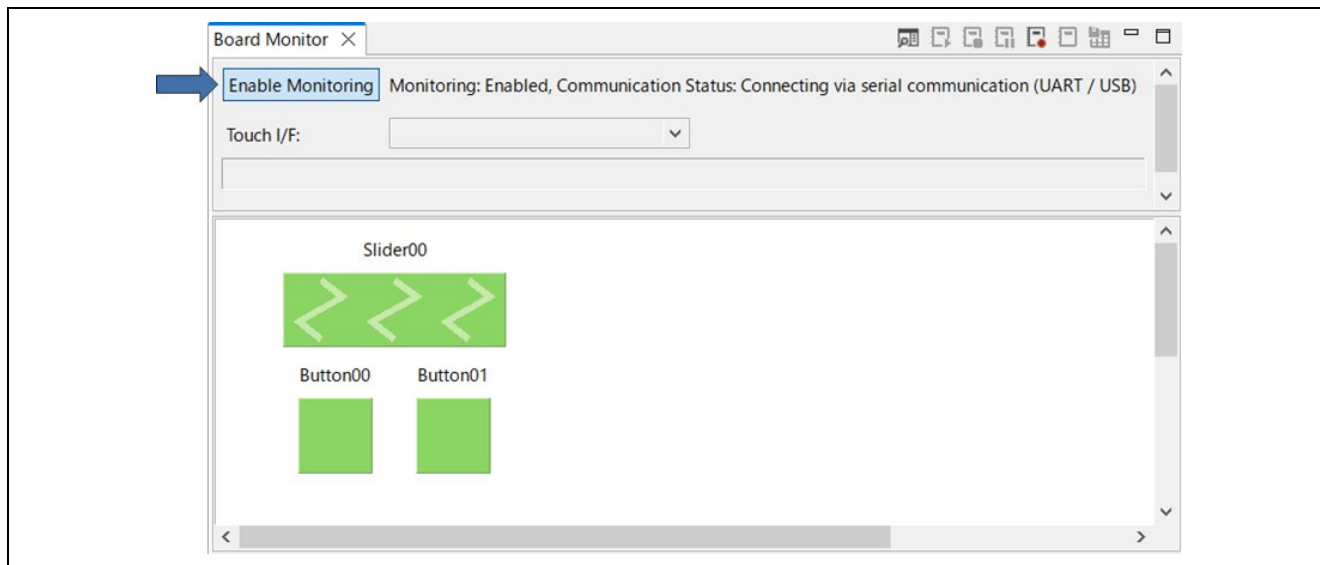


Figure 8-54 Termination of Monitoring

11. Click on [Disconnect] to disconnect the serial connection.

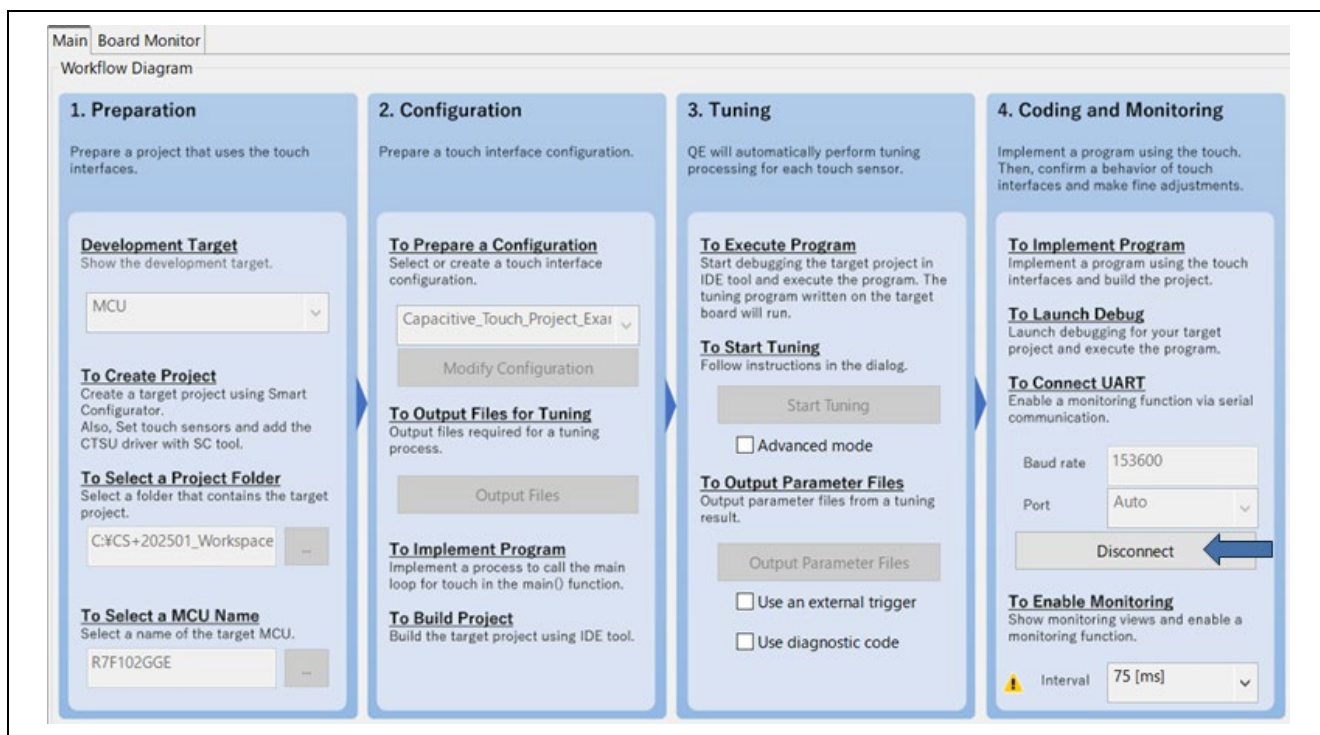


Figure 8-55 Disconnecting the Serial Connection

8.6 Flowchart (Software Timer)

Figure 8-56 is a flowchart of the touch measurement control processing with the use of a software timer.

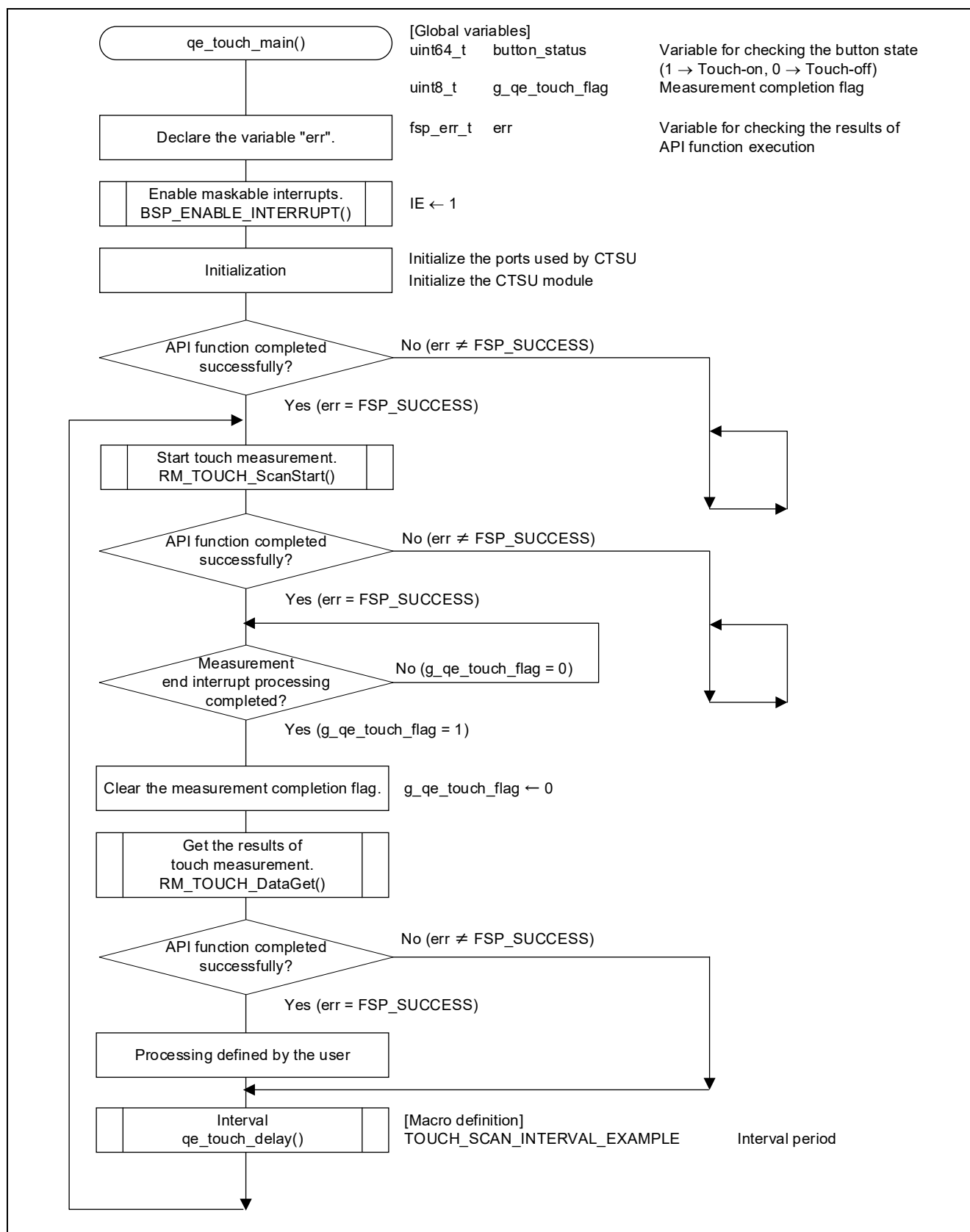


Figure 8-56 Touch Measurement Control Processing with the Use of a Software Timer

9. Another Implementation of the Sample Application

9.1 Touch Measurement with the Use of a Hardware Timer

This section describes an example of an implementation with the use of a hardware timer to generate the cycles of touch measurement. This example uses the interval timer function of the 32-bit interval timer in 8-bit counter mode. This example also provides a function for checking the touch sensor operation by turning an LED on the target board on or off according to the results of judging the state of touching of a sensor (a button). Specifically, LED1 is turned on when a finger touches touch sensor 1 (TS_B1) and the result of judgment becomes detection of the touch-on state.

Make the settings described in the following section in addition to the settings described in chapter 7, Settings of the Smart Configurator.

Remark: The timer array unit or 12-bit interval timer can also be used instead of the 32-bit interval timer.

9.1.1 Using the Smart Configurator to Make Settings (Hardware Timer)

1. Select the [Clocks] tab in the Smart Configurator view and set up the clock to be used for the interval timer. The low-speed peripheral clock (fSXP) is used in this example. In addition, deselect the XT1 oscillator.

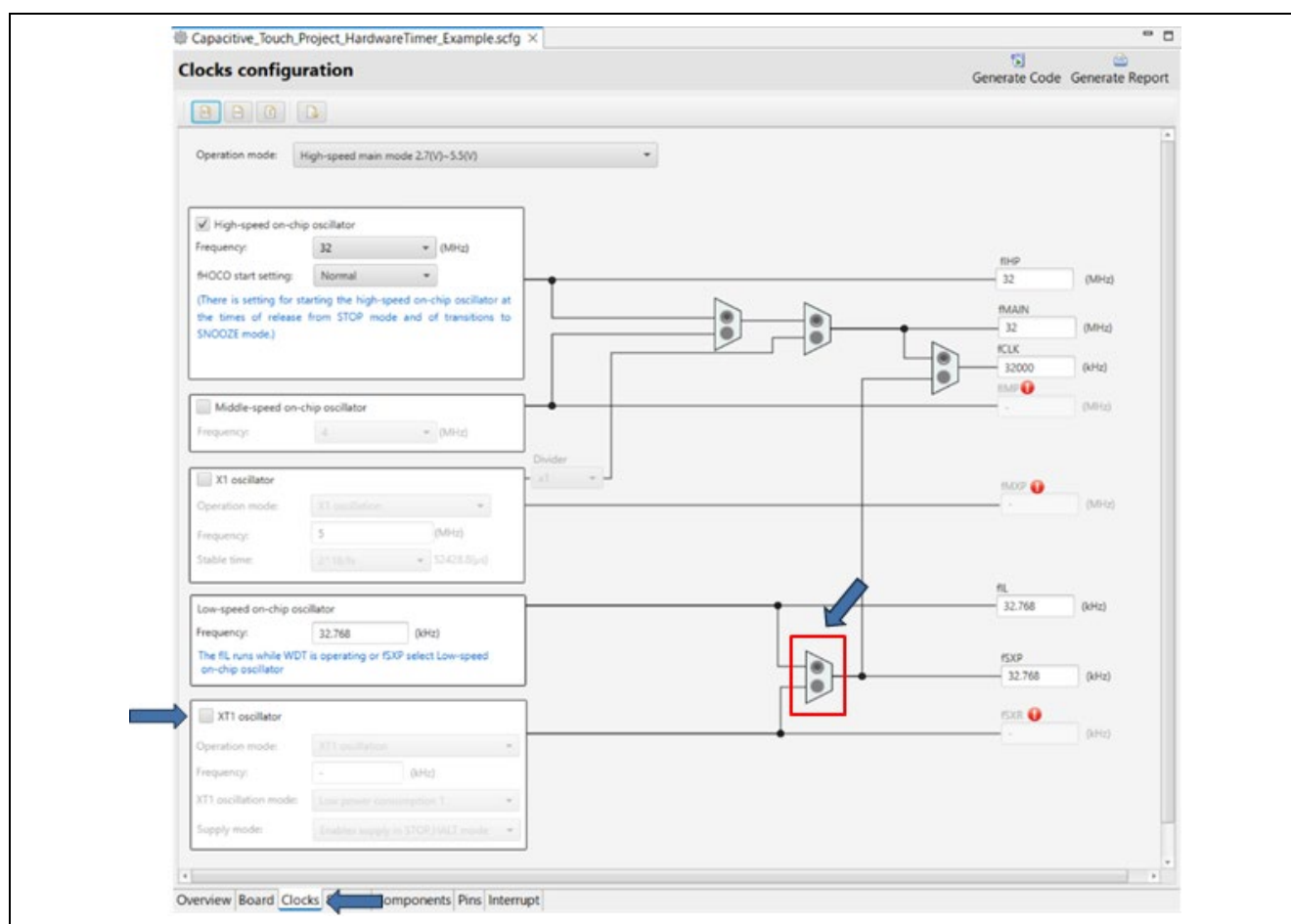


Figure 9-1 Setting the Clock

2. Add the peripheral functions that are required for touch measurement and LED control with the use of a hardware timer.

Select the [Components] tab and click on  to open the [New Component] dialog box. Select the "Interval Timer" and "Ports" modules and click on [Next].

After that, assign resources for the selected components. The following settings are used in this example.

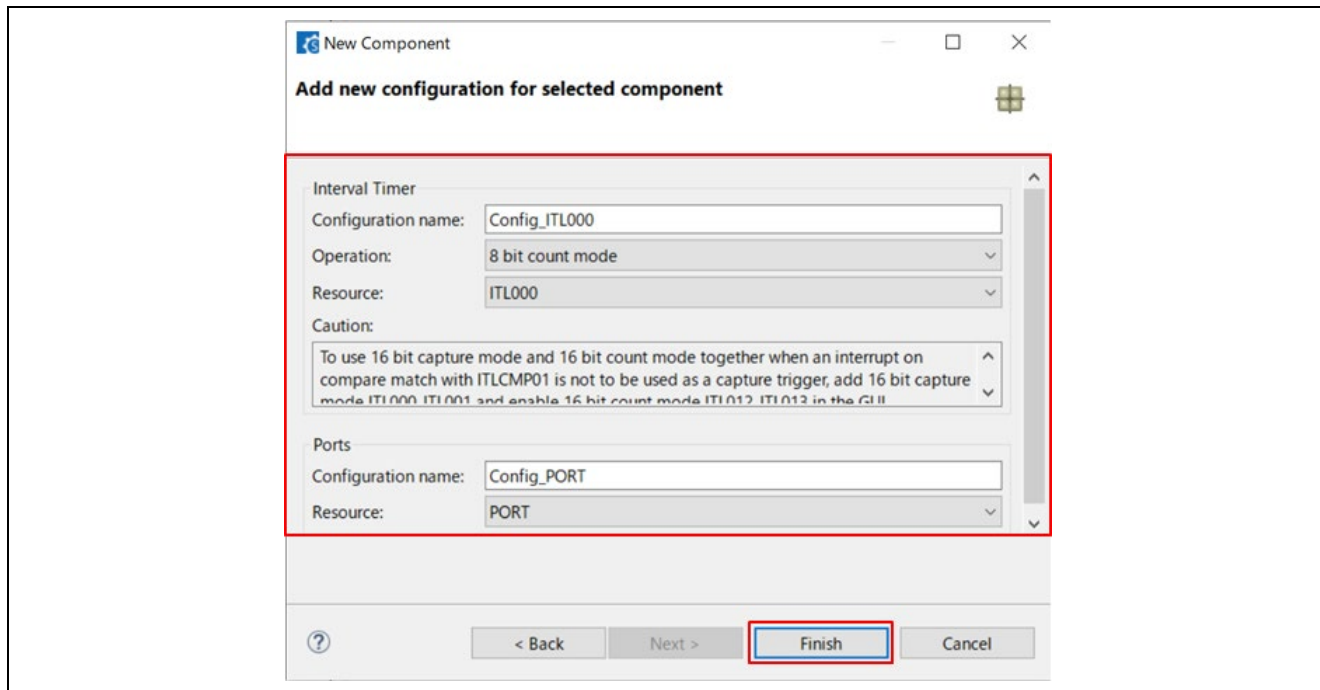


Figure 9-2 Assigning Resources for the Interval Timer and Ports

3. Set up the interval timer. Select the "Config_ITL000" component and make the following specifications.

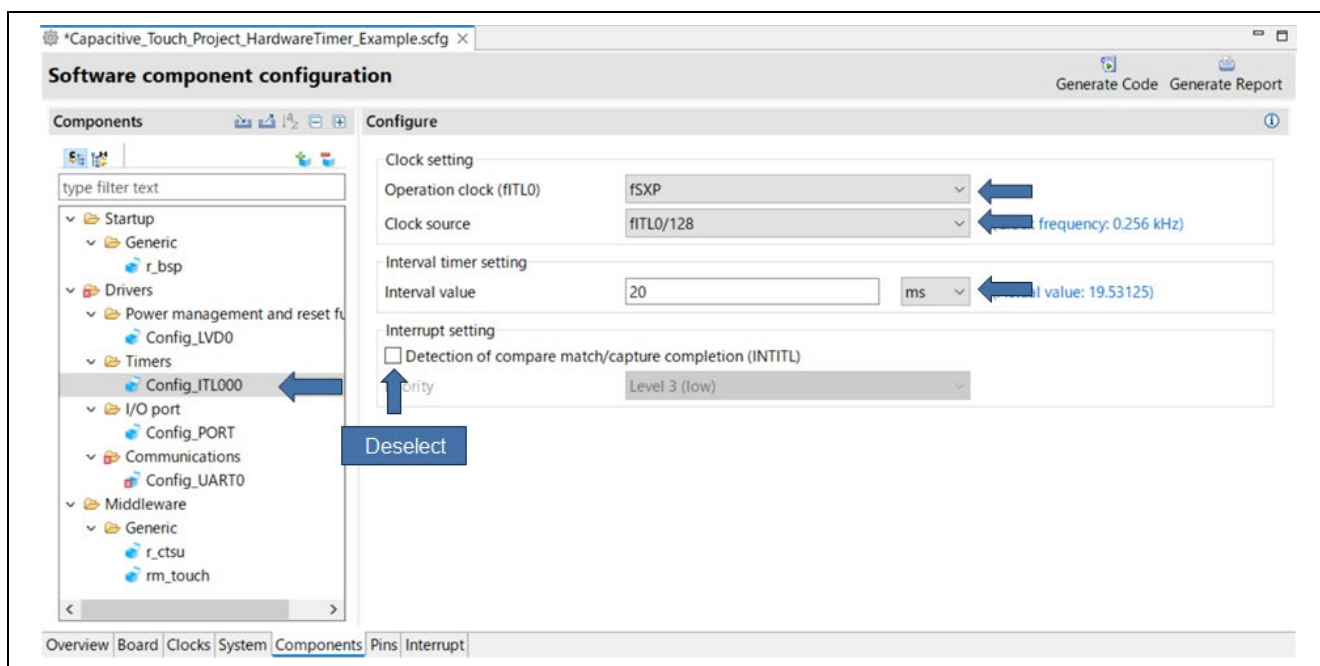


Figure 9-3 Setting the Config_ITL000 Component

RL78 Family

Using the Standalone Version of QE to Develop Touch Applications for a Fast Prototyping Board

- Set up the pin to be used for LED control. Select the "PORT" module and set the P62 pin as an output initially at the high level.

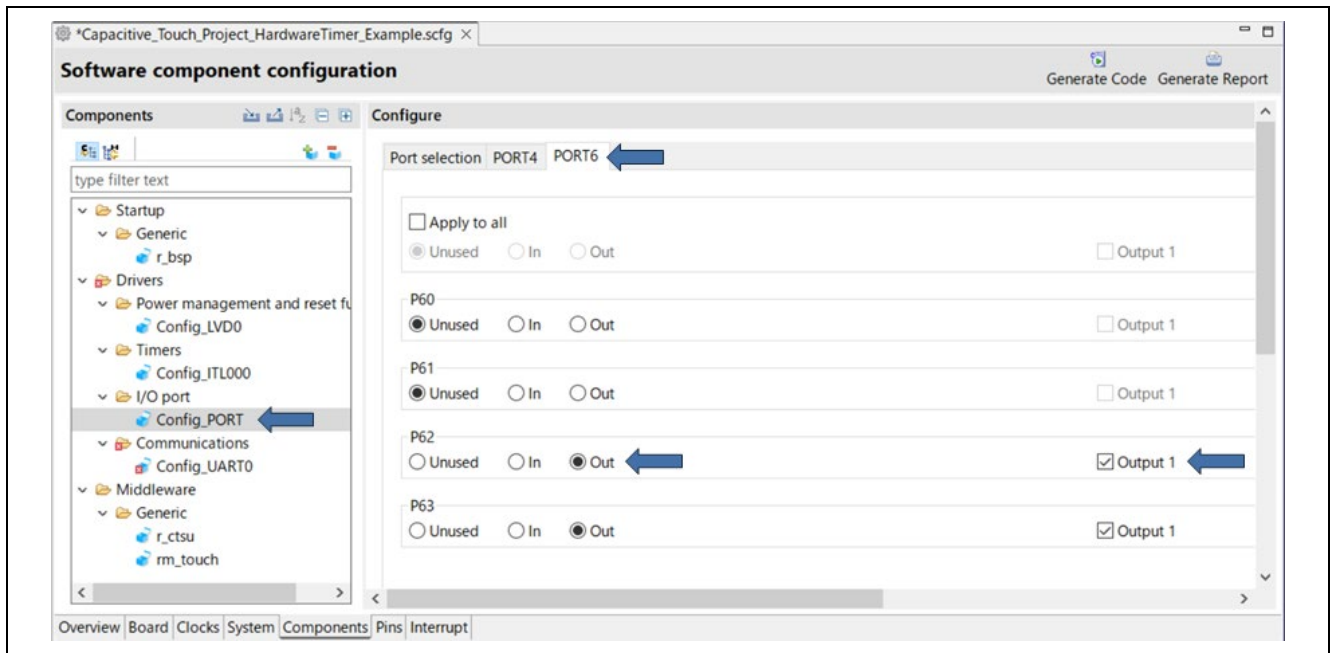


Figure 9-4 Setting the P62 Pin

- Click on the  icon in the top right part of the Smart Configurator view to generate code.

After this, follow the steps described in chapter 8, Settings of QE for Capacitive Touch, to complete the settings.

9.1.2 Flowchart (Hardware Timer)

Figure 9-5 is a flowchart of the touch measurement control processing with the use of a hardware timer.

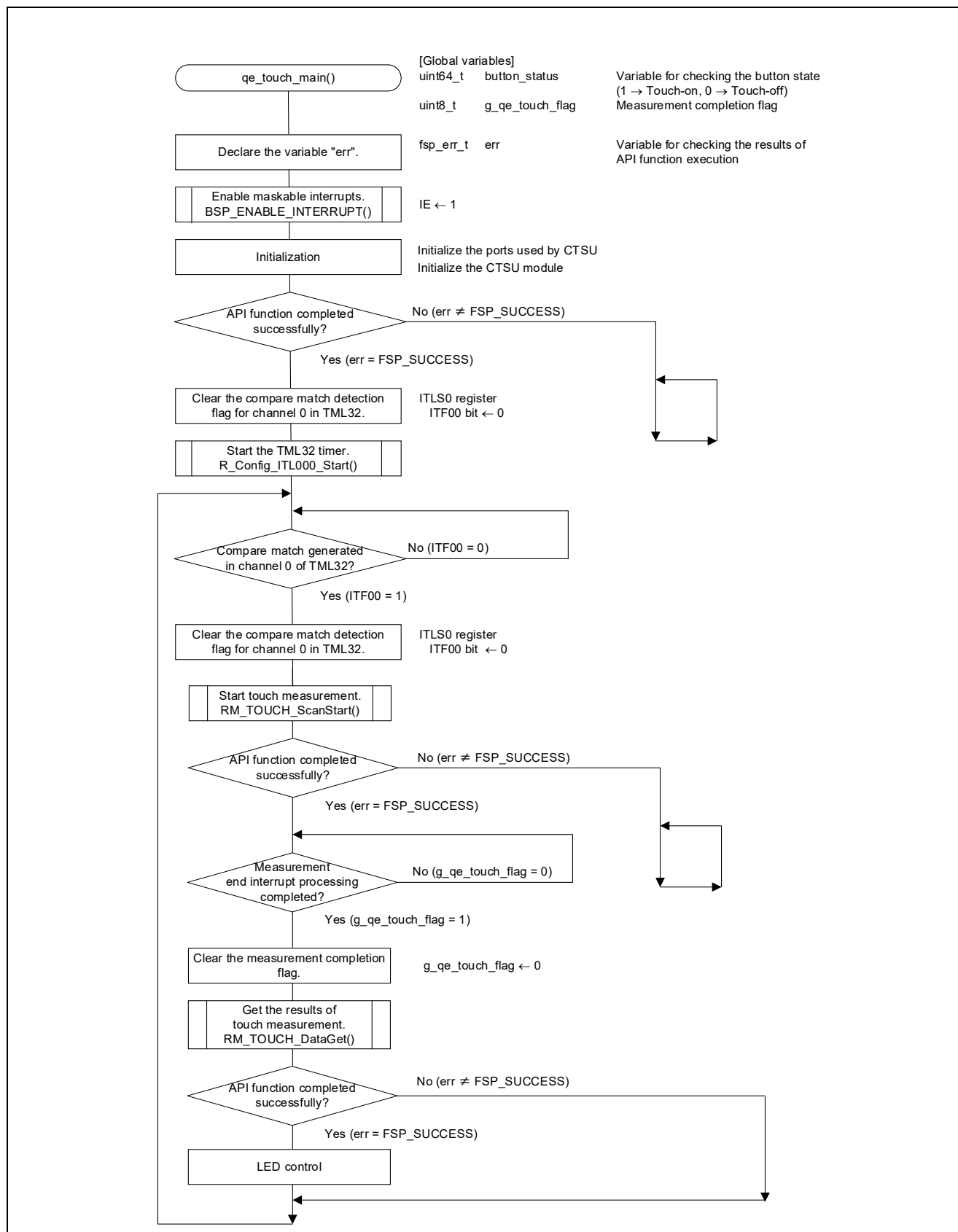


Figure 9-5 Touch Measurement Control Processing with the Use of a Hardware Timer

9.1.3 Sample Code (Hardware Timer)

The following is a listing of the sample code (qe_touch_sample.c) with the use of a hardware timer in implementing touch measurement.

```

/*****
*
* FILE : qe_sample_sample.c
* DATE : 2025-02-25
* DESCRIPTION : CTSU2L Program for RL78
*
* NOTE:THIS IS A TYPICAL EXAMPLE.
*
*****/
#include "qe_touch_config.h"
#include "Config_ITL000.h"

void R_CTSU_PinSetInit(void);
void qe_touch_main(void);

uint64_t button_status;
#if (TOUCH_CFG_NUM_SLIDERS != 0)
uint16_t slider_position[TOUCH_CFG_NUM_SLIDERS];
#endif
#if (TOUCH_CFG_NUM_WHEELS != 0)
uint16_t wheel_position[TOUCH_CFG_NUM_WHEELS];
#endif

void qe_touch_main(void)
{
    fsp_err_t err;
    BSP_ENABLE_INTERRUPT();
    /* Initialize pins (function created by Smart Configurator) */
    R_CTSU_PinSetInit();
    /* Open Touch middleware */
    err = RM_TOUCH_Open(g_qe_touch_instance_config01.p_ctrl,
g_qe_touch_instance_config01.p_cfg);
    if (FSP_SUCCESS != err)
    {
        while (true) {}
    }
    ITLS0 &= ~_01_ITL_CHANNEL0_COUNT_MATCH_DETECTE;

    R_Config_ITL000_Start();

    /* Main loop */
    while (true)
    {
        while (_00_ITL_CHANNEL0_COUNT_MATCH_NOT_DETECTE == (ITLS0 &
_01_ITL_CHANNEL0_COUNT_MATCH_DETECTE)) {}
        ITLS0 &= ~_01_ITL_CHANNEL0_COUNT_MATCH_DETECTE;
    }
}

```

```
/* for [CONFIG01] configuration */
err = RM_TOUCH_ScanStart(g_qe_touch_instance_config01.p_ctrl);
if (FSP_SUCCESS != err)
{
    while (true) {}
}

while (0 == g_qe_touch_flag) {}

g_qe_touch_flag = 0;

err = RM_TOUCH_DataGet(g_qe_touch_instance_config01.p_ctrl,
&button_status, slider_position, NULL);

if (FSP_SUCCESS == err)
{
    /* TODO: Add your own code here. */
    if (0 != button_status)
    {
        P6_bit.no2 = 0;
    }
    else
    {
        P6_bit.no2 = 1;
    }
}
}
```

10. Documents for Reference

- User's Manual
 - RL78/G22 User's Manual: Hardware (R01UH0978)
 - RL78 Family User's Manual: Software (R01US0015)

The latest versions are available on the Renesas Electronics Web site.
- Technical Update and Technical News

The latest information is available on the Renesas Electronics Web site.
- User's Manual: Development Environment
 - RL78/G22 Fast Prototyping Board User's Manual (R20UT5121)

The latest version is available on the Renesas Electronics Web site.
- Application Note
 - Capacitive Sensor Microcontrollers CTSU Capacitive Touch Introduction Guide (R30AN0424)
 - RL78 Family Using the Standalone Version of QE to Develop Capacitive Touch Applications (R01AN6574)
 - RL78 Debugging Functions Using the Serial Port (R20AN0632)
 - RL78 Family CTSU Module Software Integration System (R11AN0484)
 - RL78 Family TOUCH Module Software Integration System (R11AN0485)
 - Capacitive Sensor Microcontrollers CTSU Capacitive Touch Electrode Design Guide (R30AN0389)
 -
 - RL78 Family Using QE and SIS to Develop Capacitive Touch Applications (R01AN5512)

The latest versions are available on the Renesas Electronics Web site.

Web pages

- Renesas Electronics Web site
<https://www.renesas.com/>
- Fast Prototyping Board page
<https://www.renesas.com/fast-prototyping-board>
- QE for Capacitive Touch page
<https://www.renesas.com/qe-capacitive-touch>
- Capacitive Sensor Unit page
<https://www.renesas.com/solutions/touch-key>

Revision History

Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
1.00	Mar.20.23	-	First edition
2.00	Mar.28.25	1	"Introduction" was modified.
		1	A description of QE for Capacitive Touch was added as Note.
		4	Chapter 1, Overview, was added.
		4	The target devices of this document were corrected.
		4	Table 2-1 was updated.
		4	SIS modules were added to Table 2-1.
		4	Table 2-3, Conditions for Verifying Operation, was added.
		5	Section 2.1, Functions of QE for Capacitive Touch, was added. The contents are equivalent to those of chapter 1, System Overview, in Rev. 1.00.
		5	Figure 2-1 was updated.
		6	The procedures for installing CS+ and the Smart Configurator were added to section 3.1. The title of section 3.1 was changed to "Installing Development Tools".
		6	Cautionary notes on the folder for installing the standalone version of QE for Capacitive Touch was added.
		7	Descriptions and a note were added to section 3.2.
		7	Table 3-1, Jumper Settings on the Board, was added.
		9	Table 4-1 was updated.
		10	A statement on the method of communications for tuning and monitoring in this application note was added.
		10	The restrictions on monitoring described in section 7.3.3 in Rev. 1.00 were moved to section 5.1 as a remark.
		10	Figure 5-1 was updated.
		10	An overview of the attached sample code was added to section 5.1.
		10	Table 5-1, Overview of the Attached Sample Code, was added.
		11	Table 5-2 was updated.
		13	"Voltage detector (LVD)" and "Port functions (PORT)" were added as required settings to chapter 7.
		14	Figure 7-5 and a statement of the setting of EVDD were added to section 7.2.
		15	The descriptions in section 7.3 were updated.
		16	A cautionary note on the procedure for downloading of SIS modules was added.
		17	A note on the method of setting the voltage detection function of the RL78/G16 was added.
		17-18	Section 7.4, Adding Components, was added to describe the procedures for adding the components to be used and assigning resources to them.
		17-18	Figure 7-10 to Figure 7-12 were added.
		19-26	Section 7.5, Modifying the Component Settings in the Smart Configurator, was added as an overview of the settings of the components.

		20	The settings of the CTSU component in the attached sample code were updated.
		20	A cautionary note on the design of user circuits was added.
		20	Figure 7-14 was updated.
		21	The indications of the items to be set for the Touch component were modified to match the actual labels displayed in the window shown in Figure 7-15.
		22	The descriptions in section 7.5.3 were updated.
		23	A cautionary note on the settings of the pins for UART communications was added.
		24	Section 7.5.4, Setting the LVD Component, was added.
		24	Figure 7-19, Setting the LVD Component, was added.
		25	Section 7.5.5, Setting the PORT Component, was added.
		25	Figure 7-21, Setting the PORT Component, was added.
		25	Figure 7-22, Setting P62 and P63 as Outputs at the High Level, was added.
		26	Section 7.5.6, Board Support Package, was added. The contents are equivalent to those of step 1 in section 7.6, Generating Code, in Rev. 1.00.
		27	Figure 7-24 and Figure 7-25 were updated.
		28	Figure 7-26, Cautionary Message before Code Generation, was added.
		28	The value of the user option byte was modified in Figure 7-27.
		33	The description of step 2 in section 8.3 was updated.
		33	A description and a cautionary note were added to step 3 in section 8.3.
		33	Figure 8-8 was updated.
		34	A description was added to step 6 in section 8.3.
		34	Figure 8-11 was updated.
		35	The description of step 8 in section 8.3 was updated.
		35	Figure 8-13, Creating a New Folder "qe_gen", was added.
		35	The name of a folder was corrected.
		36	A description was added to step 9 in section 8.3.
		36	A point to note on the setting of the power-supply voltage was added to step 10 in section 8.3.
		36	Figure 8-15 was updated.
		38-40	Steps 14 to 18 of the development procedure were modified. • The statement on the addition of the qe_gen folder was moved to step 14. • The statement on the setting of the standard and mathematical libraries and Figure 8-21 (p. 36 in Rev. 1.00) were deleted.
		38,39	The descriptions of steps 14, 15, and 17 in section 8.3 were updated.
		39	The value of the user option byte was modified.
		39	The value of the user option byte in Figure 8-24 was modified.
		43	Figure 8-31 and Figure 8-32 were updated.
		43	The descriptions of steps 3 to 5 in section 8.4 were updated.
		45	The description of step 9 in section 8.4 was updated.
		47	Figure 8-40 was updated.
		48	The descriptions of steps 1 to 3 in section 8.5.1 were updated.
		49	A description was added to step 4 in section 8.5.1.

	50	Figure 8-44 and Figure 8-45 were updated.
	51	The procedure for setting the touch interface element to be displayed on the status chart was modified in step 6 of section 8.5.1.
	51	Figure 8-46 and Figure 8-47 were updated.
	52	The description of step A was updated in step 7 of section 8.5.1.
	52	Figure 8-48 was updated.
	53	A point to note on data collection was added to step B in step 7 of section 8.5.1.
	53	Figure 8-49, Starting Data Collection, was added.
	53	The description of step C was updated in step 7 of section 8.5.1.
	53	Figure 8-50, Starting Data Collection in the Touch-on State, was added.
	54-56	Figure 8-51 to Figure 8-54 were updated.
	56	Software Timer Sample Code (described on p. 54 and p. 55 of Rev. 1.00) was deleted.
	57	CTSU port initialization and CTSU module initialization in Figure 8-56 changed to initialization process
	57	A title for Figure 8-56 was added.
	58	The descriptions in section 9.1 were updated.
	58	A point to note on the other implementation of the sample application was added to section 9.1.
	59	The description of step 2 in section 9.1.1 was updated.
	59	Figure 9-2 was updated.
	59	The description of step 3 in section 9.1.1 was updated.
	60	Supplementary information regarding the procedure for settings following step 5 in section 9.1.1 was added.
	61	Changed Figure 9-5. CTSU port initialization and CTSU module initialization were changed to initialization process. Changed LED lighting processing section to LED control
	61	A title for Figure 9-5 was added.
	62	A description was added to section 9.1.3.
	64	Added reference document (R01AN5512) to chapter 10 (moved from Rev. 1.00 abstract)
	64	The page for the Fast Prototyping Board was added to "Web pages" in chapter 10, Documents for Reference.

General Precautions in the Handling of Microprocessing Unit and Microcontroller Unit Products

The following usage notes are applicable to all Microprocessing unit and Microcontroller unit products from Renesas. For detailed usage notes on the products covered by this document, refer to the relevant sections of the document as well as any technical updates that have been issued for the products.

1. Precaution against Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)

A strong electrical field, when exposed to a CMOS device, can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the device operation. Steps must be taken to stop the generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it when it occurs. Environmental control must be adequate. When it is dry, a humidifier should be used. This is recommended to avoid using insulators that can easily build up static electricity. Semiconductor devices must be stored and transported in an anti-static container, static shielding bag or conductive material. All test and measurement tools including work benches and floors must be grounded. The operator must also be grounded using a wrist strap. Semiconductor devices must not be touched with bare hands. Similar precautions must be taken for printed circuit boards with mounted semiconductor devices.

2. Processing at power-on

The state of the product is undefined at the time when power is supplied. The states of internal circuits in the LSI are indeterminate and the states of register settings and pins are undefined at the time when power is supplied. In a finished product where the reset signal is applied to the external reset pin, the states of pins are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the reset process is completed. In a similar way, the states of pins in a product that is reset by an on-chip power-on reset function are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the power reaches the level at which resetting is specified.

3. Input of signal during power-off state

Do not input signals or an I/O pull-up power supply while the device is powered off. The current injection that results from input of such a signal or I/O pull-up power supply may cause malfunction and the abnormal current that passes in the device at this time may cause degradation of internal elements. Follow the guideline for input signal during power-off state as described in your product documentation.

4. Handling of unused pins

Handle unused pins in accordance with the directions given under handling of unused pins in the manual. The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the high-impedance state. In operation with an unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of the LSI, an associated shoot-through current flows internally, and malfunctions occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal become possible.

5. Clock signals

After applying a reset, only release the reset line after the operating clock signal becomes stable. When switching the clock signal during program execution, wait until the target clock signal is stabilized. When the clock signal is generated with an external resonator or from an external oscillator during a reset, ensure that the reset line is only released after full stabilization of the clock signal. Additionally, when switching to a clock signal produced with an external resonator or by an external oscillator while program execution is in progress, wait until the target clock signal is stable.

6. Voltage application waveform at input pin

Waveform distortion due to input noise or a reflected wave may cause malfunction. If the input of the CMOS device stays in the area between V_{IL} (Max.) and V_{IH} (Min.) due to noise, for example, the device may malfunction. Take care to prevent chattering noise from entering the device when the input level is fixed, and also in the transition period when the input level passes through the area between V_{IL} (Max.) and V_{IH} (Min.).

7. Prohibition of access to reserved addresses

Access to reserved addresses is prohibited. The reserved addresses are provided for possible future expansion of functions. Do not access these addresses as the correct operation of the LSI is not guaranteed.

8. Differences between products

Before changing from one product to another, for example to a product with a different part number, confirm that the change will not lead to problems. The characteristics of a microprocessing unit or microcontroller unit products in the same group but having a different part number might differ in terms of internal memory capacity, layout pattern, and other factors, which can affect the ranges of electrical characteristics, such as characteristic values, operating margins, immunity to noise, and amount of radiated noise. When changing to a product with a different part number, implement a system-evaluation test for the given product.

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