

APPLICATION NOTE

Renesas USB MCU

USB Peripheral Firmware Updater GNU/IAR Ver

R01AN2179EJ0110 Rev.1.10 Sep 30, 2016

Overview

This application note explains Flahs ROM rewrite program (hereinafter referred to as "Updater"), which uses USB peripheral controllers.

Target Devices

RL78/G1C, RL78/L1C

When implementing this application note in the user system, conduct an extensive evaluation to ensure compatibility.

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1. Document Outline

This application note explains the Updater used for USB peripheral controllers. Please use in combination with the documents listed in Section **1.2 Related Documents**.

1.1 **Functions**

This updater updates the user program using the Communication Device Class of the Universal Serial Bus Specification (referred to as USB herein).

1.2 Related Documents

- 1. Universal Serial Bus Revision 2.0 specification
- 2. RL78 Family Flash Self Programming Library Type01 application note
- 3. User's Hardware Manual corresponding to each MCU

The latest versions of all documents are available for download from the Renesas Electronics website.

Renesas Electronics website

http://www.renesas.com/

USB device page

http://www.renesas.com/prod/usb/

1.3 Cautions

- a. The operations described in this application note are not guaranteed. When using this application note for your system, conduct an extensive evaluation to ensure compatibility.
- b. When implementing this program into your system, please refer to the contents of section 6 USB Peripheral Firmware Updater and User Program Settings and 7.3 Cautions section.

1.4 **Note**

Please do the following works since the Flash Self Library (FSL) is not included in this project.

- 1. Get the Flash Self Library for RL78.
- 2. Copy the Flash Self Library in the "src¥FSL" folder.

src¥FSL¥lib¥fsl.a

 $src {\tt FSL} {\tt FSL} {\tt fsl.h}$

src¥FSL¥lib¥fsl_type.h

3. Set the include path and the library path for the Flash Self Library to the compiler and linker.

1.5 List of Abbreviations and Acronyms

The following lists terms and abbreviations used in this document.

API	:	Application Program Interface
BSP	:	Renesas Board support package module
CDC	:	Communication Device Class
e ² studio	:	Eclipse embedded studio
H/W	:	Renesas USB device
MCU	:	Micro control Unit



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P/E :	Program / Erase
RSK :	Renesas Starter Kit
USB :	Universal Serial Bus



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2. USB Peripheral Firmware Updater Overview

The program transfers a specified user program from the file transfer application on the host machine (referred to as "PC" herein) to the evaluation board via a USB connection. The transferred user program is written to an address in the ROM using the Flash self-programming library

The program is configured as follows:

(1). USB Peripheral Firmware Updater

This is the program to be implemented in the evaluation board; performs serial transmission via USB and self programming.

(2). File transfer application

The application runs on the host machine (PC) and transfers specified files to the evaluation board in USB transmissions.

(3). User program

This file is written by USB Peripheral Firmware Updater for the operation confirming.

Program 1: The string is displayed on RSK LCD.

Program 2: The string is displayed on RSK LCD.

The following shows the program's data flow.



Figure 2-1 USB F/W Update Data Flow

The USB Peripheral Firmware Updater works when the evaluation board is started up in specified conditions, otherwise the user program works.



2.1 Features

This program offers the following features.

- 1. The program performs full-speed data transfers between the USB host and the evaluation board using CDC.
- 2. The program occupies part of the internal flash memory (See Table 2-1). If your MCU supports user boot area, the Flash ROM rewite program can be assigned to the user boot area.
- 3. This program supports the Motorola S and Intel extended file formats as the user program format (.mot/.HEX files).
- 4. Programs can be written to any area by specifying an address on ROM.
- 5. The user program can use all interrupt functions.

2.2 ROM/RAM Size

ROM/RAM used by this program is listed in Table 2-1.

Table 2-1 Firmware Update Program ROM/RAM Size

Compiler	ROM/RAM Size (Bytes)		
	ROM	RAM	
IAR	5.8K	0.5K	
KPIT GNU	8.4K	0.5K	

*1 The default option is specified in the optimization option .



2.3 **Operation Confirmation Environment**

Operations for this program have been confirmed under the following environment:

1. Hardware environment

(1).	Evaluation board	Renesas Starter Kit
(2).	MCU	RL78/G1C, RL78/L1C
(3).	Emulator	E1
(4).	USB cable	USB communication between evaluation board and PC
(5).	PC	PC running on Windows [®] 7/ Window [®] 8.1/ Window [®] 10

2. Software environment

(1).	Compiler	KPIT GNURL78-ELF and IAR C/C++ Compiler for RL78

- (2). Flash programming tool Renesas Flash Programmer
- (3). USB F/W Update sample/program set

USB Peripheral Firmware Updater

File transfer application

Sample user program



2.4 **Folder Configuration**

The following is the folder configuration for this program.

(Top Directory)

+-reference

+cdc_inf
CDC driver sample inf file (CDC_Demo.inf)
+FirmupdaterGUI
File transfer application (UsbfUpdater.exe / UsbfUpdater.ini)
+source
File transfer application sources
+SampleProgram (Sample program for operation confirmation)
+ mot (Sample user program)
-workspace (USB Peripheral Firmware Updater Sample projects)
+ (<i>IAR</i>)
+ (<i>GCC</i>)

The following provides a description of each folder.

(1). reference¥cdc_inf

This folder stores the Windows [®] CDC driver.

CDC_Demo.inf: Windows ® CDC driver (Windows® 32bit/64bit)

(2). reference¥FirmupdaterGUI

This folder stores the file transfer application.

UsbfUpdater.exe: File transfer application execution file

UsbfUpdater.ini: File transfer application setting file

(3). reference¥FirmupdaterGUI¥source

This folder stores the file transfer application source program. For more details, refer to section 8 File Transfer

Application (USB Firmware Updater) Explanation.

(4). reference¥SampleProgram

This folder stores the sample user program. This sample program displays the string on RSK LCD.

(5). workspace

This file stores USB Peripheral Firmware Updater for each compiler. For more details, refer to section **7 USB Peripheral** Firmware Updater Explanation.



3. USB Peripheral Firmware Updater Setup

This section explains the setup sequence for this program.

3.1 **Project Setup (e² studio)**

Select the folder with the name of the MCU you are using from the Workspace folder tab. Set up the project according to the

following sequence. This sequence is for setting up with e^2 studio.

(1). Start up e^2 studio.

*If running e² studio for the first time, the Workspace Launcher dialog box will appear first. Specify the folder which will store the project.

(2). Select [File] \rightarrow [Import]; the import dialog box will appear.

(3). In the Import dialog box, select [Existing Projects into Workspace].

Select an import source: type filter text
 ▷ Code Generator ▷ Code Generator ▷ CVS ▷ Install ▷ Run/Debug

Figure 3-1 Select Import Source

(4). Press [Browse] for [Select root directory]. Select the folder in which [.cproject] (project file) is stored.



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² Import		
Import Projects Select a directory to se	arch for existing Eclipse projects.	
Select root directory Select archive file:	c [▼ Browse Browse
<u>P</u> rojects:		
Options		Select All Deselect All Refresh
Searc <u>h</u> for nested p	workspace	
	already exist in the workspace	
Hide projects that Working sets		
Hide projects that		▼ S <u>e</u> lect

Figure 3-2 Project Import Dialog Box

Organize 🔻 Share with 🔻	New	v folder		:	- 🔟 🤅
🔆 Favorites	•	Name	Date modified	Туре	Size
Nesktop		퉬 .settings	2016/03/09 11:58	File folder	
🐌 Downloads	E	📕 src	2016/03/09 11:58	File folder	
📃 Recent Places		.cproject	2016/02/24 17:24	CPROJECT File	44 KI
		.HardwareDebuglinker	2016/02/04 11:56	HARDWAREDEBU	2 K
🥽 Libraries		info .	2016/02/24 17:23	INFO File	1 Ki
Documents		.project	2016/01/29 15:55	PROJECT File	1 KI
👌 Music		FwUpdater.rcpc	2016/03/07 15:46	RCPC File	15 KI
Pictures					
😸 Videos					



(5). Click [Finish].

This completes the step for importing a project to the project workspace.



3.2 **Project Setup (IAR)**

Please double-click the *eww* file.



4. Execute USB Peripheral Firmware Updater

This section describes how to execute this program.

This process uses the RSK board to confirm operations of two different user programs.

4.1 File Transfer Application (USB Function Firmware Updater) Startup

The File Transfer Application which transmits the user program starts up when the UsbfUpdater.exe file in the FirmupdateGUI folder is executed.

Figure 4-1 shows how to set the following file transfer application.

Notes:

If the file transfer application does not start up, make sure the folder that contains the exe file also contains the UsbfUpdater.ini, and then retry the process.

	Size:	Jse P/E Access Enable
Device: Name:	Displays ROM size	When selected (checked), the address check during data programming will be performed within the P/E Access Enable Area.
Select the MCU to which data will be written.	JSB Function Firmware U	
	e <u>H</u> elp	
	Device: eries: RL78L1C	ROM Address Set:
Set the USB connection	lame: R5F110xE Size: 64Kbyte ROM Address: 0x00000000 - 0x0000FFFFh	e Sets the MCU ROOM address in the P/E Access Enable Area.
	Port: COM: COM2 VUse P/E Access Enable P/E Access Enable Area Address 00000000 - 0002FFFF File:	P/E Access Enable Area: Program/Erase area setting
	Path: Load	File *8-digit hexadecimal input
Set the user program file here. The application can transfer ".mot / .HEX" file types.	A 	Clear, Load File: Selects the file to be written.
Update: Starts the updater.	Lipdate Exit: Closes the application.	Clear: Clears the message.

Figure 4-1 USB Firmware Updater GUI Software



4.1.1 P/E Access Enable Area Address

Set the Program/Erase enable area so that the firmware updater program area will not be written over when the user program is written to the MCU. Please use the settings listed in Table 4-1 to set the range for P/E Access Enable Area Address.(Be sure to set "0x00000000" in the start address.)

MCU	P/E address Setting		
RL78/G1C	0x0000000	-	Any
RL78/L1C	0x0000000	-	Any

Table 4-1 P/E Access Enable Area Address Settings

Notes:

1. The block including the specified address will be erased during an erase operation. Be careful when setting the ROM block size. For more details on ROM block size, refer to the user's hardware manual corresponding to the target MCU.



4.2 Writing USB Peripheral Firmware Updater to Flash ROM write and execution

This section explains the sequence for writing and executing the Internal Flash ROM rewrite program.

4.2.1 Writing USB Peripheral Firmware Updater to ROM

(1) Hardware setup

The following figures show connection diagrams for writing USB Peripheral Firmware Updater to the MCU.

a. Using an E1/E20 emulator



Figure 4-2 Connection Diagram Using an Emulator

b. Not using an E1/E20 emulator



Figure 4-3 Connection Diagram with No Emulator

(2) Writing the USB Peripheral Firmware Updater

Run the Renesas Flash Programmer (RFP) and, using the [**Browse**] for [User/data area] button, select USB Peripheral Firmware Updater file to be written from the Workspace/(MCU *name*) folder. Press **Start** to download the program to the target board. The write operation is complete when **PASS** is displayed in the output panel and Download Complete appears in the green area at the top of the panel.



Microcontroller:	R5F10JGC	
User/Data area:	RL78G1C.hex	Browse
User Boot area:		Browse
Command:	Autoprocedure(E.P)	
50%	Start PASS	
60%		
60% 70% 80%		^
60% 70% 80% 100% PASS	PASS	
60% 70% 80% 100%	PASS	

Figure 4-4 File Specification

Notes:

a. Refer to the following URLs for more details on the Renesas Flash Programmer:

URL:

 $\underline{https://www.renesas.com/en-us/products/software-tools/tools/programmer/renesas-flash-programmer-programming-gui.html}$

b. Refer to section **4.2.2 USB Peripheral Firmware Updater address assignment** for more details concering positioning of USB Peripheral Firmware Updater.



4.2.2 USB Peripheral Firmware Updater address assignment

This section explains the assigned address of this program.

USB Peripheral Firmware Updater can be assigned to any area after the address 0x2000.

The following shows the memory map for RL78/G1C. For more details, refer to the user's hardware manual corresponding to the target MCU.



Figure 4-5 Memory Map

4.3 Execution of USB Peripheral Firmware Updater (user program write operation)

This section explains the sequence for USB Peripheral Firmware Updater execution and user program write operation.

(1). Hardware preparation

To execute the write operation, detach the emulator and connect the PC and evaluation board with the USB cable. **Figure 4-6** shows the connection diagram.



Figure 4-6 PC-Evaluation Board Connection Diagram

(2). USB Peripheral Firmware Updater startup

Press the RESET button while holding down switch SW3 on the evaluation board. After transitioning to program mode, the board will wait for transfer data from the PC.

Note:

The PC used to run the file transfer application must be installed with a CDC driver. For details, refer to section **4.5 CDC Driver Installation**.

(3). File transfer preparation

Run the file transfer application (USB Function Firmware Updater: PC-side software). Refer to Figure 4-8 for image.

Confirm the Windows device manager under "COM:" in the updater window, and then select the assigned COM number.

Note:

The COM number varies according to environment. Numbers 1 to 9 can be used the COM number.



🚔 Device Manager	
<u>File Action View H</u> elp	
▲ 🛃 PG22214	
🖕 🍃 Batteries	
⊳_nter Computer	
b 👝 Disk drives	
🖒 📲 Display adapters	
De TE ATA/ATAPI controllers	
Keyboards	
Mice and other pointing devices	
▶ - 🔚 Modems	
Monitors	
Network adapters	
PCMCIA adapters	
Ports (COM & IPT)	
CDC USB Demonstration (COM2)	
Intel(R) Active Management Technology - SOL (COM19)	
Processors	
> 💯 Security Devices	
Sound, video and game controllers	
>-/■ System devices	
⊳ - 🟺 Universal Serial Bus controllers	

Figure 4-7 Device Manager Port Confirmation

(4). Transfer file selection

Click the **Load File** button in the file transfer application (USB Function Firmware Updater: PC-side software) and select the file to be written to the ROM. Then select the target MCU under **Device:**.

(USB Function Firmware Updater
	<u>F</u> ile <u>H</u> elp
	Device: Series: RL78L1C Name: R5F110xE T Size: 64Kbyte ROM Address: 0x00000000 - 0x0000FFFFh
	Port: Image: CQM: Image: COM2 Image: COM2
	File: <u>Path:</u> <u>Load File</u>
	Clear.
	<u>U</u> pdate <u>Exit</u>





For details on how to use the file transfer application, refer to section 4.1 File Transfer Application (USB Function

Firmware Updater) Startup.

(5). P/E limited area setting (P/E Enable Address setting)

Next, set the Program/Erase Enable Area within the ROM. For details, refer to section **4.1.1 P/E Access Enable Area Address**. Sequence:

Check Use P/E Access Enable and specify the area.

USB Function Firmware Updater	×
Device: Series: RL78L10 Name: R5F110xE Size: 64Kbyte ROM Address: 0x00000000 - 0x0000FFFFh	
Port: Image: Comparison of the second se	Use P/E Access Enable:
File: Path: Load File	When selected, address check is performed within the specified area. Also, area specified here is erased.
← <u>Ch</u> Update E <u>x</u> it	ear.

Figure 4-9 P/E Limited Area Setting

(6). User program transfer execution

Click the **Update** button in the file transfer application GUI window. This will display the start message and start the file transfer or write operation processing.

Note:

If the user program write operation fails, the file transfer application interface will show a corresponding message. See section

8.4 Application Messages for detailed explanations.

(7). User program transfer complete



When the file transfer or write operation processing ends, the file transfer application interface will display "Success" to indicate the operation is complete. This ends the full write operation processing.

USB Function Firmware Updater	
<u>F</u> ile <u>H</u> elp	
Device: Series: RL78L1C Name: R5F110xJ ROM Address: 0x00000000 - 0x0007FFFFh	
Port: COM: COM2 V COM2 V C	
File: <u>Path:</u> 78_for_write¥data_mot¥RL78L1C_sample1.mot	
Start upload file. Success. 00:00:01	
- Clear.	
Update 100% Exit	

Figure 4-10 Write Processing Complete

(8). User program startup

When the rewrite operation is completed, a software reset is executed automatically and the written user program is started.

When sample program 1 (user program) has been written to the MCU, the LEDs on the RSK board light up in consecutive order.

(9). User program rewrite operation

This step rewrites the user program. Prepare sample program 2 (user program), restart **USB Peripheral Firmware Updater**, and repeat the sequence from step (4).

(10). **Rewrite complete**

When the rewrite operation is complete, the evaluation board is reset, and the new user program is started. The RSK board LEDs light up if sample program 2 (user program) is written.

4.4 **Cautions Regarding User Program Write Operation**

1. If you write the user program to the area which already contains **USB Peripheral Firmware Updater**, please start over by

re-writing USB Peripheral Firmware Updater.

*Note that the ROM erase block unit differs depending on the MCU.



2. Be careful not to erase any block that includes fixed vectors. **USB Peripheral Firmware Updater** will not run if the fixed vectors have been erased. For details concerning fixed vectors, refer to section **6.3 User Program Reset Vector**.



4.5 **CDC Driver Installation**

The PC used to run the file transfer application must be installed with a CDC driver. The wizard shown in Figure 4-11 will appear on your screen and prompt the CDC driver installation when you connect your PC to target board used to write **USB Peripheral Firmware Updater** to the MCU.

- (1). Select **Update Driver Software** from the device manager.
- (2). Select "Browse my computer for driver software".



Figure 4-11 New Hardware Search Wizard

(3). Select "Browse for driver software on your computer"

Click Browse, specify the folder in which the CDC_Demo.inf is stored, then click "Next"



💽 🗕 Update Driver Software - Unknown Device
Browse for driver software on your computer
Search for driver software in this location:
Let me pick from a list of device drivers on my computer This list will show installed driver software compatible with the device, and all driver software in the same category as the device.
Next Cancel

Figure 4-12 Select Driver Location

(4). If the following installation confirmation screen appears, click "Browse for driver software on your computer"



Figure 4-13 Installation Confirmation Screen

(5). When the following window appears, the CDC driver has been successfully installed. Click "Close."



Update Driver Software - Renesas USB CDC Flashloader (COM25)
Windows has successfully updated your driver software
Windows has finished installing the driver software for this device:
Renesas USB CDC Flashloader
Close

Figure 4-14 Installation Complete

* An error may occur when installing the driver in the Windows 8.1 environment. In this case the installation confirmation screen will not appear.



5. Cautions Regarding Creating the User Program

This sections explains cautions that apply when creating the user program

5.1 File Format

The program supports the following file formats.

- Motorola type S (32-bit)
- Motorola type S (standard)
- Intel extended file format

5.2 UserApp Header Area (user application header)

When using this program to write a user program, you must include a UserApp Header (user application header) area in the user program. The size of the UserApp Header area should be a total of 8 bytes: 4 bytes for the user program start address storage area and 4 bytes for the security code storage area (see Figure 5-1).

Refer to section 6.1 User Program Settings for details on how to create the UserApp Header area.

UserApp Header



Figure 5-1 UserApp Header Area

This header information is read when **USB Peripheral Firmware Updater** is started up and transitions to the UserApp startup sequence. For details, refer to section **7.2.1 Power On Operation Flow**.



6. USB Peripheral Firmware Updater and User Program Settings

This section provides the setting contents required for USB Peripheral Firmware Updater and the user program.

6.1 User Program Settings

1. Setting Content 1

Create the UserApp Header area in the user program according to the sample in Figure 6-1. For more details about the UserApp Header, see section **5.2** UserApp Header Area (user application header).

2. Setting Content 2

Set the section for the UserApp Header area created in step 1 above, and set an arbitrary address to the section. Make sure the location of the UserApp Header area does not overlap with **USB Peripheral Firmware Updater** area (including fixed vectors).

 The purpose of the header is for an external application t certain values from known addresses. Start address of UserApp. Security code must match what PCDC Flashloader expects. 	to be able to read
- Start address of UserApp.	
11	
- Security code must match what PCDC Flashloader expects.	
	Section specification
- For revision purposes of applications etc.	Section specification
- Do not change the order of these variables!	
***************************************	*****
#pragma section C UserApp Head Sect	
/* START ADDRESS of user application header data - Appheade	er address + 0x00. */
<pre>const uint32_t userapp_entry_addr = (uint32_t) userprog_st</pre>	tart;
/* - Appheade:	r address + 0x04. */
const uint32 t userapp sec code = (uint32 t) USERAPP SEC	CURITY CODE;
	Header
/* Total header area size 12 bytes */	Header

Figure 6-1 UserApp Header Code Example



Sequence:

First select [Properties] \rightarrow [C/C+ Build] \rightarrow [Settings]. Next, select the Tool setting tab, and select [Linker] \rightarrow [Section].

type filter text	Settings			← < <>	-
 Resource Builders 	Compiler Markage Source	Sections viewer:			_
▲ C/C++ Build Build Variables	2 Object	Address	Section Name		
Change Toolchain Vers	🖉 List	0x0000004	SU		
Dependency Scan	Doptimize	0x0000004	SI		
Device	Miscellaneous		B_1		
Environment	🖄 User		-		
Logging	D DPU		R_1 B 2		
Settings	🚵 PIC/PID		R_2		
Tool Chain Editor	⊿ 🛞 Assembler		R_2 B		
▲ C/C++ General	🖄 Source			Add Section	
Code Analysis	Dbject		R		
Documentation	🖉 List	0xFFFFE000	R_FLASH_CODE_RAM_R	Remove Section	
File Types	Miscellaneous	0xFFFFE000	C_1		
Formatter	🖉 User		C_2	Move Up	
Indexer	⊿ 🛞 Linker		-		
Language Mappings	Input		C\$*	Move Down	
Paths and Symbols	j List ≥ j Dptimize		D*		
Preprocessor Include Pa	Optimize		W*		
Project References	W User		L p*		
Run/Debug Settings	Subcommand file				
	> 🖉 Output		R_FLASH_CODE_RAM		
	Standard Library	0xFFFFF80	FIXEDVECT		
	Mode				
	Contents				
	🖉 Object	Override Linker Script:		Browse	
	> 🖄 Optimize			browse	
	🖄 Miscellaneous			Re-Apply	
	🖄 User		Import Export	ке-Арріу	
	▲ S Converter				
	🖄 Output				
	🖉 User				
۰ III ا	RTOS Configurator				
					-

Figure 6-2 Example of Section Settings for Sample Program



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6.2 USB Peripheral Firmware Updater Settings

1. Setting Content 1 (r_config¥r_usb_updater_config.h)

USB Peripheral Firmware Updater references the UserApp Header area in the user program. Therefore, if you change the assigned address of the UserApp Header area, make sure you also change this program to reference the revised UserApp Header area. In the same manner, if you change the security code value, make sure you make the corresponding changes in this program. Refer to section **5.2 UserApp Header Area (user application header)** about UserApp Header area.

(1). **USERAPP_HEADER_ADDR** definition setting

Set the assigned address of the UserApp Header area to the USERAPP_HEADER_ADDR definition in the main.c file. #define USB_CFG_USERAPP_HEADER_ADDR Assigned address of UserApp Header area

(2). USERAPP_SECURITY_CODE definition setting

Set the security code specified in the UserApp Header area to the USERAPP_SECURITY_CODE definition in the main.c file. #define USB_CFG_USERAPP_SECURITY_CODE Security code

(3). Firmware Updater program location address setting

Set the location address for Firmware Updater program to the following definitions

#define UPDATER_SECTION_START_ADDRESS Firmware Updater program start address

2. Setting Content 2

This program jumps to **USB Peripheral Firmware Updater** or the user program depending on the state of SW (Switch) on the evaluation board. The process for determining the state of SW depends on the board specifications. Please adjust the determination process to meet the target board specifications. This determination process is performed in the main function.

3. Setting Content 3

USB Peripheral Firmware Updater does not write the *option byte* area in the user program's option. Because the *option byte* area of this firmware updater is also used by the user program, set the *option byte* in accordance with this firmware updater program.

6.3 User Program Reset Vector

When **USB Peripheral Firmware Updater** is implemented to the user system, the reset vector of **USB Peripheral Firmware Updater** are used; and the reset vector of the user program is not written to the MCU.

6.4 User Program Position

Make sure you assign the user program(except the vector table area) to ROM area which does not overlap with the area written by **USB Peripheral Firmware Updater**. Assign the user program locations according to section settings.

Note:

1. Set all sections of the user program(except the vector table area) according to the ROM area assignments shown in the list below.

MCU	Assignable Areas for User Program		User Program
RL78/G1C	0x00002000	-	0x00007FFF



RL78/L1C 0x00002000 - 0x0003FFFF

- When writing the user program to the ROM, be careful not to write the program to the area containing USB Peripheral Firmware Updater as it is protected by P/E access limitations. For more details, refer to section 4.1.1 P/E Access Enable Area Address.
- 3. Although the Flash self-programming library occupies part of the RAM area, it is only used when executing USB Peripheral Firmware Updater and will not affect the user program operations.



7. USB Peripheral Firmware Updater Explanation

This section explains each file used by USB Peripheral Firmware Updater.

7.1 File/Folder Configuration

The following shows the source file/folder configuration of this program.

(Compiler name)	[Sample application]	
	• • • •	
+——config	[FWUpdater configuration file]	
+——FSL	[Flash Self Library]	
+——USB	[USB driver]	
+	—— inc	USB driver common header file
+	—— src	USB driver

Figure 7-1 USB Peripheral Firmware Updater Folder Configuration



7.1.1 config Folder

This folder stores all the setting files for the target MCU.

Table 7-1	API Header Files
-----------	-------------------------

File Name	Description	
r_usb_fwupdater_config.h	Flash ROM rewrite program setting file	

7.1.1 FSL Folder

Please store the flash self library and the include file.

7.1.2 **APL Folder**

This folder stores USB Peripheral Firmware Updater source files.

Table 7-2 USB Peripheral Firmware Updater Source Files

File Name	Description	
src¥main.c	C language main function description file	
src¥r_usb_main_flashapi.c	Flash ROM rewrite program processing file	
inc¥r_usb_main_flashapi.h	Flash ROM rewrite program header file	

7.1.3 USB Folder

This folder stores the CDC (USB) source files and header file.

File Name	Description	
inc¥r_usb_fwupdater_defreg.h	USB register initialization, setting definitions	
inc¥r_usb_fwupdater_defusr.h	USB register setting. To be set by the user.	
inc¥r_usb_fwupdater_extern.h	Function Extern	
inc¥r_usb_ctypedef.h	Type definition	
inc¥r_usb_defvalue.h	USB setting definition	
inc¥r_usb_usrconfig.h	USB user setting file	
inc¥r_usb_sysdef.h	USB system information	
src¥r_usb_fwupdater_api.c	USB transmit/receive, initialization processing file	
src¥r_usb_fwupdater_basic.c	USB main processing	
src¥r_usb_fwupdater_classcdc.c	USB CDC processing	
src¥rl78usbmcu.c	USB interrupt initialization, port setting file	
src¥r_usb_fwupdater_usbreg.c	USB register setting, etc.	

7.1.4 **HwResource Folder**

The driver for the peripheral which RSK supports is stored in this folder.

Table 7-4 RSK Periphral Driver Files



File Name	Description	
src¥keydriver.c	Driver file for RSK switch	
src¥lcddriver.c	Driver file for RSK LCD	
src¥rl78usbmcu.c	RL78 setting file	
src¥vector_table.c	Vector table definition file for GCC	
src¥reset_program.c	Start up file for GCC	

7.2 Boot Processing

Boot processing indicates the processing executed after the MCU is reset and before the main function (C language description: main()) is executed.

In MCUs, boot processing chiefly performs the following as initialization after reset:

- Allocate stack area and set stack pointer
- Allocate argument area for main function
- Initialize data area and stack area
- Branch to user program and initialize MCU peripheral devices in hdwinit function
- Branch to main function

After reset, processing jumps from **USB Peripheral Firmware Updater** to the user program. Therefore, make sure **USB Peripheral Firmware Updater** is complete and the above-described MCU initializations are executed.



7.2.1 Power On Operation Flow

This section explains the operation flow after power is turned on for USB Peripheral Firmware Updater.



Figure 7-2 Power On Operation Flow

For information regarding branch address to security code and user program, refer to section **5.2** UserApp Header Area (user application header)

Note that even if the security code in the UsrApp Header area is set correctly, if the start address of the user program is incorrect, the user program will not operate properly.



7.2.2 User program startup conditions

The user program set in the UsrApp Header area is started up when all of the following conditions are met:

- a. Correct security code is set
- b. Correct user program start address is set

If the security code does not match (is incorrect), only **USB Peripheral Firmware Updater** will start up; the user program will not run.

7.2.3 USB Peripheral Firmware Updater startup conditions

1. When user program has been written to ROM:

USB Peripheral Firmware Updater starts up when RESET is executed while SW3 on the evaluation board is pressed.

2. When user program has not been written to ROM:

USB Peripheral Firmware Updater starts up when power is turned on.

7.3 Cautions

USB Peripheral Firmware Updater determines whether to jump to the user program or continue on with the firmware update program by judging the state of SW on the evaluation board. This judgment process is dependent on the board's specifications. Please change the judgment process to meet the specifications of your evaluation board. The judgment processing is performed in the main function of **USB Peripheral Firmware Updater**.



7.4 Functions for USB Peripheral Firmware Updater

This section describes all functions used in the Updater other than simple Flash API-related functions.

7.4.1 Data Type

Data types applicable in USB Peripheral Firmware Updater are listed below.

Data Type	Type Specifier Valid Range	
int8_t	signed char	Signed 8-bit integer
int16_t	signed short	Signed 16-bit integer
int32_t	signed long	Signed 32-bit integer
uint8_t	unsigned char	Unsigned 8-bit integer
uint16_t	unsigned short	Unsigned 16-bit integer
uint32_t	unsigned long	Unsigned 32-bit integer

Table 7-5 Data Type	Table	7-5	Data	Type
---------------------	-------	-----	------	------

7.4.2 Structures

Table 7-6 Start Record Definitions

Data Type	Variable Name	Description
uint8_t	device_type	Device type (0x00 is fixed)
uint8_t	rsv1[1]	Reserved
uint8_t	rom_start_addr[4]	ROM erase start address
uint8_t	rom_end_addr[4]	ROM erase end address
uint8_t	rsv2[1]	Reserved
uint8_t	checksum	Check sum

Table 7-7 End Record Definitions

Data Type	Variable Name	Description
uint8_t	record_type	Record type
uint8_t	record_len	Record length
uint8_t	dev_type	Device type (0x00 is fixed)
uint8_t	checksum	Check sum

Data Type	Variable Name	Description
uint32_t	record_type	Record type
uint8_t	record_len	Record length
uint8_t	response_type	Response type ACK/NAK
uint8_t	err_field	Error code
uint8_t	checksum	Check sum



Data Type	Variable Name	Description
uint8_t	recv_data[ROM_WRITE_SIZE]	ROM write buffer
uint32_t	now_addr	Current write address
uint32_t	next_addr	Next write address
		Write base address
uint32_t	dest_addr	[dest_addr + wr_count * ROM_WRITE_SIZE] will become destination address
uint16_t	wr_count	Data count (number of writes) from base address
uint16 t	counter	Current number of data
		<0 to ROM_WRITE_SIZE-1>

Each data type has a fixed Flash write size (ROM_WRITE_SIZE). Data is copied from the receive data buffer to the ROM write buffer until the fixed number of write data is accumulated.

The write base address is maintained while the data write continues. When the write address surpasses the ROM_WRITE_SIZE from the previous address, the base address is re-established and the write data count is cleared.



7.4.3 Flash write main processing functions

File Name	Function Name	Processing Description
main.c	main	Initialization, judgment to jump to user program
main.c	cdc_read	CDC read detection
main.c	cdc_main	Receive data processing branch (erase/write/end judgment)
main.c	cf_code_copy	Copy code to RAM
main.c	send_response_record	Send response to application
main.c	sub_Byte2ddress	Convert4-byte address to address value in unsigned long
main.c	subproc_start_record	Initial process when start record (ROM erase, etc.) is received
main.c	sub_write_initial	Flash write variable initialization
main.c	sub_flashwrite_proc	Flash write judgment, write processing
main.c	jump_to_userapp	Jump code to user program
r_usb_main_flashapi.c	FSL_Func_Write	Call function for ROM write API. Processing branches according to type.
r_usb_main_flashapi.c	FSL_Func_Erase	Call function for ROM erase API. Processing branch according to type.
r_usb_main_flashapi.c	FSL_Func_SetAccessWindow	Call function for ROM access enable API. Type 1 only.

Table 7-10 Main Processing Functions

Table 7-11 main Function

Functio	on Name	main	
Descrip	Description void main (void)		
Format			
Functio	Function Entry function at start. Executes initialization processing and branching		
		USB Peripheral Firmware Updater or user program.	
I/O	Input	None	
	Output	None	
Remarks		For operation details, refer to section 7.4.5 Branch to firmware update	
		program.	


Table 7-12	cdc_read Function
------------	-------------------

Functio	on Name	cdc_read	
Descrip	otion	static uint16_t cdc_read(void)	
Format			
Functio	n	CDC read detection	
I/O	Input	None	
	Output	uint16_t: read results	
Remark	S	CDC_BLK_OUT_OK: read complete	
		CDC_NO_CONFIGUED: CDC not connected	
		CDC_DETCH: CDC connection error	
		CDC_BLK_OUT_ERR: read error	

Table 7-13	cdc_main Function
------------	-------------------

Functio	n Name	cdc_main	
Descrip	otion	void cdc_main (void)	
Format			
Functio	n	main processing for USB Peripheral Firmware Updater	
I/O	Input	None	
	Output	None	
Remark	S	For operation details, refer to section 7.4.7 Firmware update main	
		processing.	

Table 7-14	cf_code_copy Function
------------	-----------------------

Functio	n Name	cf_code_copy	
Descrip	otion	static void cf_code_copy (void)	
Format			
Functio	'n	Restore all information of specified Flash memory block to RAM area.	
I/O	Input	None	
	Output	None	
Remark	s	Access to ROM in Flash ROM write mode (ROM P/E mode) is restricted.	
Therefore, codes used for ROM write and ROM erase must be resto		Therefore, codes used for ROM write and ROM erase must be restored	
to RAM.		to RAM.	

Table 7-15	subproc_sta	rt_record Function
------------	-------------	--------------------

Functio	on Name	subproc_start_record	
Description static flash_err_t subproc_start_record(uint16_t flashseq_check		static flash_err_t subproc_start_record(uint16_t flashseq_check)	
Format	nat		
Functio	on	Erase specified ROM area when start record is received.	
I/O	Input	uint16_t flashseq_check: Flash write transition status.	
	Output	None	
Remark	Remarks None		

Functio	on Name	send_response_record	
Descrip	otion	static void send_response_record	
Format		(U8 response_type, U8 response_field)	
Functio	n	Transmit data to host side.	
I/O	Input	None	
	Output	None	
Remarks For details concerning communication protocol, refer to section 9 I		For details concerning communication protocol, refer to section 9 Data	
		Transmission Specification.	

Table 7-16 send_response_record Function

Table 7-17 sub_Byte2num Function

Functio	n Name	sub_Byte2num	
Descrip	otion	static uint32_t sub_Byte2num(U8 * dat, uint16_t size)	
Format			
Functio	n	Macro that returns the byte row as an integer in a size-specific	
		communication.	
I/O	Input	Dat: byte row	
		Size: size to be connected	
	Output	uint32_t: return calculated results	
Remark	S	None	

Table 7-18	sub_write_initial Fun	ction
------------	-----------------------	-------

Functio	on Name	sub_write_initial
Descrip	otion	static void sub_write_initial (void)
Format		
Functio	n	Flash write variable initialization
I/O	Input	None
	Output	None
Remark	S	None

Table 7-19	sub_flashwrite_proc Function
------------	------------------------------

Functio	Function Name sub_flashwrite_proc	
Description static flash_err_t sub_flashwrite_proc(void)		static flash_err_t sub_flashwrite_proc(void)
Format		
Function Flash write processing		Flash write processing
I/O	/O Input None	
Output flash_err_t: Write result judgment		flash_err_t: Write result judgment
Remarks None		None

Functio	Function Name jump_to_userapp	
Description static void jump_to_userapp (void)		static void jump_to_userapp (void)
Format		
Function Jump to user program		Jump to user program
I/O	I/O Input None	
	Output None	
Remarks		For more information concerning the jump destination address, refer to
		section 5.2 UserApp Header Area (user application header).

Table 7-20 jump_to_userapp Function

Table 7-21 FSL_Func_Write Function

Function Name FSL_Func_Write		FSL_Func_Write	
Description flash_err_t FSL_Func_Write (void)		flash_err_t FSL_Func_Write (void)	
Format			
Function		Call function for ROM erase API.	
I/O	Input	None	
	Output	flash_err_t: processing result	
Remarks None		None	

Table 7-22 FSL_Func_Erase Function

Functio	on Name	FSL_Func_Erase	
Descrip	otion	flash_err_t FSL_Func_Erase (const uint32_t start_addr,	
Format		const uint32_t end_addr,	
		uint16_t disable_check)	
Functio	n	Call function for ROM erase API. Processing branch according to type.	
I/O	Input	start_addr: erase start address (erase block that includes address)	
		end_addr: erase end address (erase block that includes address)	
		disable_check: Disable access to block that includes start/end address,	
		delete one block from erase range (option setting memory support now	
		under consideration)	
	Output	flash_err_t: processing result	
Remark	S	None	

Table 7-23 FSL_Func_SetAccessWindow Function

Functio	Function Name FSL_Func_SetAccessWindow	
Description flash_err_t FSL_Func_SetAccessWindow (const uint32_t start_add		flash_err_t FSL_Func_SetAccessWindow (const uint32_t start_addr,
Format const uint32_t end_addr)		const uint32_t end_addr)
Function Call window function for ROM access area setting API		Call window function for ROM access area setting API
I/O	Input start_addr: ROM access enable start address	
	end_addr ROM access enable end address	
	Output flash_err_t: processing result	
Remarks This process is only performed for Flash type 1. The access-en		This process is only performed for Flash type 1. The access-enabled



address is set assuming the end address will be truncated by 10-bits because it is retained after a 10-bit shift. This will become an access enabled area, so there will be no problems in processing a large area.

7.4.4 USB Driver Functions

Table 7-24 lists the USB driver functions.

File Name	Function Name	Processing Description
r_usb_fwupdater_api.c	bulk in start	USB bulk receive
r_usb_fwupdater_api.c	bulk out start	USB bulk transfer
r_usb_fwupdater_api.c	usb_init	USB initialization processing
r_usb_fwupdater_basic.c	usbint	USB interrupt processing
r_usb_fwupdater_basic.c	save_request	Get request information
r_usb_fwupdater_basic.c	ctrl_read_data_stage	Data processing
r_usb_fwupdater_basic.c	ctrl_write_nodata_stage	Non-data processing
r_usb_fwupdater_basic.c	intr_int_pipe0	Pipe 0 interrupt initialization
r_usb_fwupdater_basic.c	bemp_int_pipe0	Interrupt BEMP pipe0
r_usb_fwupdater_basic.c	intr_int	Interrupt initialization
r_usb_fwupdater_basic.c	intr_int_read	Receive interrupt initialization
r_usb_fwupdater_basic.c	intr_int_write	Transmit interrupt initialization
r_usb_fwupdater_basic.c	ctr_read_start	Receive start
r_usb_fwupdater_basic.c	ctr_write_start	Transmit start
r_usb_fwupdater_basic.c	write_fifo	Write specified data to specified USB FIFO
r_usb_fwupdater_basic.c	read_fifo	Read specified data buffer from USB FIFO
r_usb_fwupdater_basic.c	chg_port	Read specified buffer size from the USB FIFO
r_usb_fwupdater_basic.c	req_get_descriptor	Get descriptor
r_usb_fwupdater_basic.c	req_set_configuration	Configuration
r_usb_fwupdater_cdcclass.c	serial_init	CDC initialization
r_usb_fwupdater_classcdc.c	reset_ep	Pipe Configuration
r_usb_fwupdater_classcdc.c	cdc_init	Serial initialize
r_usb_fwupdater_classcdc.c	class_write_data_stage	Class request is "get line coding".
r_usb_fwupdater_classcdc.c	class_read_data_stage	Class request is "set line coding".
r_usb_fwupdater_classcdc.c	class_write_nodata_stage	Class request is "set control line state".
rl78usbmcu.c	usb_cpu_mcu_initialize	MCU initialization
rl78usbmcu.c	usb_int_init	USB interrupt initialization
rl78usbmcu.c	delay_xus	Wait
rl78usbmcu.c	usb_cpu_int_disable	USB interrupt disable
rl78usbmcu.c	usb_cpu_usbint_init	USB interrupt initialization

Table 7-24 USB Module Functions



7.4.5 Branch to USB Peripheral Firmware Updater

The main() function in **USB Peripheral Firmware Updater** performs branch judgment to determine whether to jump to the user program or to continue with **USB Peripheral Firmware Updater**.

After conditional branching is performed, the CPU build-in functions and peripheral circuits are initialized and **USB Peripheral Firmware Updater** is executed.

if (usb_cpu_sw_dat	a() != SW3_PUSH)	Judgment for starting user application	g up the	
$i = \frac{1}{1 + 1}$	_t *)USB_CFG_USE	חחג סשחגשט ססגסי	P) + SEC CODE (
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				JEFSEI)
((utile,		RAFF_SECORITI_CC	(שטי	
t usb_cpu_int		Startup user applic	ation	
jump_to_use	erapp();	~		
}				
}		••••••		
, managered types = 1		Ε.		
<pre>rr.record_type = 1 rr.record len = N</pre>				
II.Iecola_iell = M		,		
usb init();				
<pre>FSL flashInit();</pre>				
while(1)				
{				
usb cpu usb :	interrupt();			
	OUT == cdc read	())	Dessi in altradi	
{			Receive check	
cdc	main();			
}				
1		C Fuene to from	vare update processing	



7.4.6 **Jump to user application**

The processing to jump to the user program is performed in the jump_to_userapp() function. Refer to section 5.2 UserApp Header Area (user application header) for details on specifying the start address of the user program jump destination.

7.4.7 Firmware update main processing

USB Peripheral Firmware Updater processing is performed by cdc_main() function. This function is called from the main() function.



Figure 7-4 Flash Write Operation Flow

ROM erase is performed in block units; write size varies according to ROM specification.



8. File Transfer Application (USB Firmware Updater) Explanation

This section explains how the file transfer application performs on the host PC.

8.1 **Development Environment**

The file transfer application is configured with the following environment: OS: Windows 7, Windows 8.1, Windows 10 Development language: Microsoft Visual C++ 6.0 (MFC)

8.2 **Operation Overview**

The file transfer application transitions to the direct re-write processing when it receives the name (or option) of a target re-write file name as an argument at startup. If a file has not been specified, the setting dialog is displayed.



Figure 8-1 File Transfer Application Operation Overview



8.3 File Configuration

The following lists the file transfer application files (only key files are listed).

.

File Name	Description
FlashSelfRewriteGUI.dsw	Workspace file
FlashSelfRewriteGUI.dsp	Project file
FlashSelfRewriteGUI.clw	Class wizard file
FlashSelfRewriteGUI.rc	Resource file
FlashSelfRewriteGUI.cpp	Application class processing file
FlashSelfRewriteGUI.h	Application class definition file
FlashSelfRewriteGUIDlg.cpp	Application dialog class processing file
FlashSelfRewriteGUIDlg.h	Application dialog class definition file
CommandThread.cpp	Rewrite transmission processing thread class processing file
CommandThread.h	Rewrite transmission processing thread class definition file
CommonProc.cpp	Common processing class processing file
CommonProc.h	Common processing class definition file
SerialPort.cpp	Serial COM port transmission class processing file
SerialPort.h	Serial COM port transmission class definition file
Resource.h	Resource header file
UsbfUpdater.ini	Application operation setting file

Table 8-1	File Transfer Application Files
-----------	---------------------------------

8.3.1 Application Class (FlashSelfRewriteGUI)

This processing checks the arguments (options) at the initial startup, then calls the dialog class.

The following lists the application startup options.

Option	Description
/S nnnnn	Specify the write start address as a hexadecimal number
/C nn	Specify the connection COM port number
Filename	Target rewrite file path

Table 8-2 Application Startup Options



8.3.2 Application Dialog Class (FlashSelfRewriteGUIDIg)

This processing displays the rewrite specification dialog screen (refer to section 3.2 Project Setup (IAR)

Please double-click the eww file.



Execute USB Peripheral Firmware Updater for details). This screen allows the user to specify operation mode, rewrite address, rewrite file, and connection COM port. In addition, if these items are already specified when the screen is displayed, the function reads the application operation setting file and reflects the settings as default values.

Click the <u>Update</u> button to call the rewrite transmission processing thread class.

Added member variables are shown below.

M	ember Variable	Description
Туре	Name	
Int	m_nCOM	Number of COM port to be connected
TCHAR	m_tcAppDir[_MAX_PATH]	Application execution directory
CString	m_strCurTargetSeries	Current target series
CString	m_strCurTarget	Current target name
CString	m_strCurDevice	Current device
CStringArray	m_arDeviceSeries	Device series list
CStringArray	m_arDeviceVal	Device list
CStringArray	m_arDeviceText	Device name list
Int	m_nDevSize	Current device ROM size
CWinThrread*	m_pCommandThread	Thread class pointer
BOOL	m_bExistThread	Thread operation status
BOOL	m_bStartUp	Display initial startup
DWORD	m_dwROMStartAddress	ROM area start address
DWORD	m_dwROMEndAddress	ROM area end address
DWORD	m_dwEnROMStartAddress	ROM P/E access enabled start address
DWORD	m_dwEnROMEndAddress	ROM P/E access enabled end address
COleDateTime	m_dtStart	Rewrite processing start date and time
COleDateTime	m_dtEnd	Rewrite processing end date and time

Table 8-3 Applic	ation Dialog Clas	s Member Variables
------------------	-------------------	--------------------

Member functions are described below.

Table 8-4 Read_DeviceInfo Function

Functio	n name	Read_DeviceInfo
Description bool Read_DeviceInfo (void)		bool Read_DeviceInfo (void)
Function		Get information from application operation setting file
I/O	Input None	
	Output	TRUE(成功)/FALSE(失敗)

Table 8-5	Write_	_DeviceInfo	Function
-----------	--------	-------------	----------

Function Name	Write_DeviceInfo
Description	bool Write_DeviceInfo (void)



Format			
Functio	n	Update application operation setting file	
I/O	Input	None	
	Output	TRUE(success)/FALSE(fail)	

Table 8-6 Update_Message Function

Functio	on Name	Update_Message	
Description void Update_		void Update_Message (LPCTSTR)	
Format			
Function		Display message in message display column	
I/O	Input	Input Message character string pointer	
	Output	None	

Table 8-7 Initialize_Device Function

Functio	n Name	Initialize_Device
Descrip	otion	void Initialize_Device(void)
Format		
Functio	n	Initialization processing
I/O	Input	None
	Output	None

Table 8-8 DeviceListRefresh Function

Functio	n Name	DeviceListRefresh
Descrip	otion	void DeviceListRefresh (void)
Format		
Functio	'n	Create Device list
I/O	Input	None
	Output	None

Table 8-9 DeviceInfoRefresh Function

Functio	on Name	DeviceInfoRefresh
Descrip	otion	void DeviceInfoRefresh (void)
Format		
Function		Update device combo box
I/O	Input	None
	Output	None

Table 8-10 AppStatus Function

Functio	n Name	AppStatus	
Descrip	tion	void AppStatus(bool stu)	
Format			
Functio	n	Set status at rewrite operation	
I/O	Input	put stu: TRUE (enable screen controls)	
		FALSE (disable screen controls)	
	Output	None	

8.3.3 Rewrite Transmission Processing Thread Class (CommandThread)

This processing uses the serial COM port transmission class to send and receive the specified file based on the interface specifications when connected to the target evaluation board. If the file is a HEX file, analysis is also performed. Added member variables are shown below (files listed under application dialog class are not repeated here).

Member Variable		Description
Туре	Member Name	
CDialog*	m_pAppDlg	Dialog class of call origin pointer
CString	m_strAppDir	Directory in application
BOOL*	m_pbExistThread	Thread operation status pointer
CSerialPort	m_Serial	Serial COM port transmission class
int	m_nCOM	Connection COM port number
CString	m_strFileName	Target file path
EnMode	m_enMode	Rewrite mode
DWORD	m_dwStartAddress	Rewrite start address
DWORD	m_dwROMStartAddress	ROM start address
DWORD	m_dwROMEndAddress	ROM end address

 Table 8-11
 Rewrite Transmission Processing Thread Class Member Variables



Added member functions are listed below.

Functio	n Name	Cal_CheckSum
Descrip	tion	BYTE Cal_CheckSum(LPBYTE bytes, LONG size)
Format		
Functio	'n	Calculate check sum
I/O	Input	Bytes: data string pointer
		Size: data string length
	Output	Calculated check sum value

Table 8-12 Cal_CheckSum Function

Table 8-13 Change_strHex2Bibary Function

Function Name		Change_strHex2Binary
Description		VOID Change_strHex2Binary (LPCSTR strHex, LPBYTE pbytes,
Format		LONG size)
Function		Convert string displayed in hex to binary data string
I/O	Input	strHex: pointer to character string displayed in hexidecimal notation
		pbyte: data string start pointer
		size: number of conversion data
	Output	None

Table 6-14 Opsels_DWORD Function	Table 8-14	Upsets_DWORD Function
----------------------------------	------------	-----------------------

Function Name		Upsets_DWORD
Description		DWORD Upsets_DWORD(DWORD dwVal)
Format		
Function		Invert DWORD type values by byte
		(ex.) 0xaabbccdd -> 0xddccbbaa
I/O	Input	dwVal: value of DWROD to be inverted
	Output	Inverted value

Function Name		SET_StartRecord
Description		VOID SET_StartRecord (LPVOID lpRecord)
Format		
Function		Creates rewrite start record
I/O	Input	IpRecord: record storage pointer
	Output	None



Function Name		SET_EndRecord
Description		VOID SET_EndRecord (LPVOID lpRecord)
Format		
Function		Creates rewrite end record
I/O	Input	lpRecord: record storage pointer
	Output	None

Table 8-16 SET_EndRecord Function

8.3.4 Common Processing Class (CommonProc)

Processes that are shared in the File Transfer Application are defined in this section. Added member functions are described below.

Function Name		GetAppDir
Description		static VOID GetAppDir(LPTSTR path, int sw = 0)
Format		
Function		Get the application execution address
I/O	Input	Path: target character string pointer
		sw: 0 Get path as is
		1 Get shortened path
	Output	None

 Table 8-17
 GetAppDir Function

Function Name		Change_Hex2Val
Description		static DWORD Change_Hex2Val(LPCSTR pHex)
Format		
Function		Convert character string displayed in 1 byte (2 hex digits) to a
		numerical value
I/O	Input	pHex: pointer for character string displayed in 2 hex digits
	Output	Converted value

Function Name		IsNumeric
Description		static BOOL IsNumeric(LPCTSTR IpNum, LONG size, int type)
Format		
Function		Numerical value check processing
I/O	Input	IpNum: pointer of character string expressed in numerical value
		size: number of digits of checked value
		type : 10 Check as a decimal number
		16 Check as a hex number
	Output	TRUE (indicates a numerical value) /FALSE (indicates a
		non-numerical value)



Function Name		IsExistFile
Description		static BOOL IsExistFile(LPCTSTR lpszFileName, BOOL bDirectory =
Format		FALSE)
Function		Check for existing file
I/O	Input	IpszFileName: file path to be confirmed
		bDirectory: FALSE (check file)
		TRUE (check directory)
	Output	TRUE (file exists) / FALSE (no file)

Table 8-20 IsExistFile Function



8.3.5 Serial COM Port Transmission Class (SerialPort)

This class is used for serial transmission via the COM port.

Added member variables are list below.

Member Variable		Description
Туре	Member Name	
HANDLE	m_hCom	Handle that is received when connection is
		made
DCB	m_Dcb	Device control block structure
COMMTIMEOUTS	m_TimeoutSts	Time out setting structure
INT	m_nCOM	Number of port to be connected

Member functions are described below.

Table 8-22 Port_Open Function	Table 8-22	Port Open	Function
-------------------------------	------------	-----------	----------

Functio	on Name	Port_Open
Descrip	otion	LONG Port_Open(INT com)
Format	:	
Function		Connect to specified COM port.
I/O	Input	Com: COM port number
	Output	0 Successful connection
		-1 Failed connection

Table 8-23 Port_Close Function

Functio	on Name	Port_Close
Descrip	otion	VOID Port_Close(VOID)
Format		
Functio	on	Disconnect the connected port.
I/O	Input	None
	Output	None



Function Name		Port_Write
Description		LONG Port_Write(LPCVOID buf, LONG cnt)
Format		
Function		Transmit data in serial transmission
I/O	Input	Buf: transmit data string pointer
		Cnt: transmit data length (bytes)
	Output	Number of transmitted bytes, "-1" indicates transmit failure.

Table 8-24 Port_Write Function

Table 8-25 Port_Read Function

Functio	on Name	Port_Read
Description		LONG Port_Read(LPVOID buf, LONG cnt)
Format	:	
Function		Receive data in serial transmission.
I/O	Input	Buf: pointer of data string that stores receive data
		cnt: receive data length (bytes)
	Output	Number of received bytes. "-1" indicated receive failure.

Table 8-26 Get_PortNumber Function

Functio	on Name	Get_PortNumber
Descrip	otion	INT Get_PortNumber(VOID)
Format		
Functio	on	Get number of connected port.
I/O	Input	None
	Output	Number of currently connected port

Table 8-27 AutoScanCom Function

Function Name AutoScanC		AutoScanCom	
Description		INT AutoScanCom (LPCTSTR pszService, LPCTSTR pszInterface,	
Format		INT nNo = 0)	
Function		Detect connectable COM ports.	
I/O Input pszService: Name of service run by COM port		pszService: Name of service run by COM port	
		pszInterface: interface name	
		nNo: search beyond this number	
	Output	Detected COM port number. If not found, return 0.	



8.3.6 Application Operation Setting File (UsbfUpdater.ini)

The application operation setting file is ini file format and retains setting values and device information. Please keep this file in the folder that stores the exe file. Note that the application will not run normally without the ini file.

Definitions for the ini file are provided below.

Table 8-28	Application Operation S	Setting File Description (sections)

Section	Description
Application	Display values currently set in the application.
	This is information to be written by the application.
SS_xxx	Retain previously displayed device information.
	This is information to be written by the application.
Device. XXXXXXXX	Display device information (multiple settings possible),
	This is information that can be added by user.

Table 8-29	Application Operation Setting File Contents	

Section	Кеу	Value	Description
Application	Series XXX Series of s		Series of specified target
	СОМ	1 to 20	The number of the COM port that is
			currently or will be connected
			Note: Can be set but not used in OS
			versions later than Windows 10.
	EnableStartAddress	FFFFFFF	Write enabled start address
	EnableEndAddress	FFFFFFF	Write enabled end address
SS_XXX	Device	XXX	Device specified by target
Device. XXX	TargetSeries	XXX	Series of this device
	Name	XXX	Name of this device
	Size	1 to 999	ROM size (Kbytes) of this device
	StartAddress	FFFFFFF	ROM start address for this device

Items other than the device information are stored as display information and will be updated automatically when the GUI software is closed.





Figure 8-2 Application Operation Setting ini File



8.4 Application Messages

The following lists the messages displayed by the application in the message column and the timing in which they are displayed.

Message	Display Timing	
Start upload file.	At start of rewrite processing	
Success.	At end of rewrite processing	
Please input file.	At rewrite processing when specified file is not specified.	
	Also when specified file is not found.	
Please set the address correctly.	When address is not specified correctly	
Please set COM port.	When COM port is not specified correctly	
ERR: file open error.	Failure in opening file	
ERR: file format error.	When a file in other than Motorola S file format or Intel	
	extended file format is specified	
ERR: Unable to connect to the	Failed connection to COM port n	
COM port n.		
ERR: Data transmission error.	Failed data transmission	
ERR: Data reception error.	Failed data reception (failed for 3 retries)	
ERR: Writing process stop.	Received NAK (error) in response record from board side	
ERR: Write Enable Area	When specified P/E Access Enable Area exceeds ROM area	
Address is ROM area over, or	or is an illegal value (only when Use P/E Access Enable is	
illegal value.	selected).	
ERR: Address is ROM area	When write address exceeds ROM area	
over.		
Process stop.		
ERR: file size error.	When file size check shows data size exceeds ROM area	
ERR: Get ROM Address Error.	When the ini file ROM information is incorrect	
<device: xxxx=""></device:>		
ERR: Get ROM Address Error.	When a write operation is executed and the ROM information	
Update process stop.	read in the ini file is incorrect	

Table 8-30	Application	Messages
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9. Data Transmission Specification

9.1 **Rewrite Transmission Interface Specification**

This section describes transmission between the PC which the file transfer application works on and the evaluation board.

9.1.1 Transmission data configuration

The PC transmits the start record and end record. The write data is sent to the Flash memory in data record format.

PC	Start record	Response record	Evaluation board	
	Data record -	Response record		
	End record –	Response record		

Figure 9-1 Transmission Data Sequence



9.1.2 PC-side transmission data

The PC side sends the start record, data record, and end record.

Each record is transmitted one at a time and the next record is not sent until a response for the previously sent record is received.

(1). Start record

The start record is the first record to be transmitted when executing a rewrite: 14 bytes.





① Record type: 1 byte

Record type

The start record record type is 0x00.

② Record length: 1 byte

Number of bytes after the device type

③ Device type: 1 byte

Device type (currently unused, therefore fixed as 0x00)

④ Reserve: 1 byte

0x00 fixed

⑤ Erase start address: 4 bytes

ROM erase start address setting. The address is a 32-bit numerical value in Little Endian format.

6 Erase end address: 4 bytes

ROM end address specification. The address is a 32-bit numerical value in Little Endian format.

⑦ Reserve:1 byte

0x00 fixed

(8) Check sum: 1 byte

Record check sum.

Check sum of the record length, device type, and date and time.



(2). Data record

Write data record: (7+number of data) bytes (MAX 64 bytes)



Figure 9-3 Data Record Format

① Record type: 1 byte

Record type

The data record record type is 0x0f.

1 Record length: 1 byte

Number of bytes after the load address.

② Load address: 4 bytes

Flash memory address

Data is written from this address.

The load address is a 32-bit numerical value in Little Endian format.

③ Data: 1 to 57 bytes

Data to be written to the Flash memory

1 record is a maximum of 57 bytes.

④ Check sum: 1 byte

Record check sum.

Check sum of the record length and address data.



(3). End record

The end record is sent after all data is transmitted: 4 bytes.



Figure 9-4 End Record Format

① Record type: 1 byte

Record type

The end record record type is 0xf0.

(9) Record length: 1 byte

Number of bytes after the device type

1 Device type: 1 byte

Device type (currently unused, therefore fixed as 0x00)

① Check sum: 1 byte

Record check sum.

Check sum of the record length and device type.



9.1.3 Evaluation board-side transmission data

The evaluation board sends a record in response to the record received from the PC: 5 to 8 bytes

(1). Response record

Response type (①) (③) Field (④) (⑤)



① Record type: 1 byte

Record type

Type of record to which a response is being sent.

The response record type is 0xFF

② Record length: 1 byte

Number of bytes after the response type

③ Response type: 1 byte

Response type

One of the following 3 types

- -0x00 : ACK
- -0x0f : NAK (re-transmit/receive request)
- -0xf0 : NAK (error end)

④ Field: 1 to 4 bytes

If error, error code is 1 byte

If not an error, content depends on record type

- -Start record: device type, write/erase access restriction address
- -Data record: load address
- -End record: device type
- D Check sum: 1 byte

Record check sum.

Check sum of the record length, response type, and field.



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Revision Record

		Description		
Rev.	Date	Page	Summary	
1.00	Jun 30, 2016	-	First edition issued.	
1.10	Sep 30, 2016	-	- USB driver part is changed.	

General Precautions in the Handling of MPU/MCU Products

The following usage notes are applicable to all MPU/MCU products from Renesas. For detailed usage notes on the products covered by this manual, refer to the relevant sections of the manual. If the descriptions under General Precautions in the Handling of MPU/MCU Products and in the body of the manual differ from each other, the description in the body of the manual takes precedence.

1. Handling of Unused Pins

Handle unused pins in accord with the directions given under Handling of Unused Pins in the manual.

- The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the high-impedance state. In operation with an unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of LSI, an associated shoot-through current flows internally, and malfunctions occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal become possible. Unused pins should be handled as described under Handling of Unused Pins in the manual.
- 2. Processing at Power-on

The state of the product is undefined at the moment when power is supplied.

 The states of internal circuits in the LSI are indeterminate and the states of register settings and pins are undefined at the moment when power is supplied.

In a finished product where the reset signal is applied to the external reset pin, the states of pins are not guaranteed from the moment when power is supplied until the reset process is completed. In a similar way, the states of pins in a product that is reset by an on-chip power-on reset function are not guaranteed from the moment when power is supplied until the power reaches the level at which resetting has been specified.

- 3. Prohibition of Access to Reserved Addresses
 - Access to reserved addresses is prohibited.

The reserved addresses are provided for the possible future expansion of functions. Do not access
these addresses; the correct operation of LSI is not guaranteed if they are accessed.

4. Clock Signals

After applying a reset, only release the reset line after the operating clock signal has become stable. When switching the clock signal during program execution, wait until the target clock signal has stabilized.

- When the clock signal is generated with an external resonator (or from an external oscillator) during a reset, ensure that the reset line is only released after full stabilization of the clock signal. Moreover, when switching to a clock signal produced with an external resonator (or by an external oscillator) while program execution is in progress, wait until the target clock signal is stable.
- 5. Differences between Products

Before changing from one product to another, i.e. to one with a different type number, confirm that the change will not lead to problems.

— The characteristics of MPU/MCU in the same group but having different type numbers may differ because of the differences in internal memory capacity and layout pattern. When changing to products of different type numbers, implement a system-evaluation test for each of the products.

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