

# **RZ/T2**, **RZ/N2**

# Quick Start Guide: Firmware Update

# Introduction

This document describes the procedure for updating user application programs via Ethernet by using the RZ/T2, RZ/N2 firmware update sample programs.

# **Target Device**

RZ/T2M Group

RZ/T2L Group

RZ/N2L Group

RZ/T2H Group

RZ/N2H Group

# Contents

1.	Overview4
1.1	Introduction4
1.2	Features4
1.3	Limitations4
1.4	Package Contents
1.5	Related Documents
1.6	Explanation of Terms
2.	Firmware Update Mechanism9
2.1	Operating Modes
2.2	Sample Program Configuration
2.3	Using External Flash Memory10
3.	Configuring the Firmware Update System13
3.1	Configuring the Firmware Update System for RZ/T2M13
3.1.1	Concatenate Program and Parameter13
3.1.2	Program to Flash
3.2	Configuring the Firmware Update System for RZ/T2L
3.2.1	Concatenate Program and Parameter16
3.2.2	Program to Flash
3.3	Configuring the Firmware Update System for RZ/N2L19
3.3.1	Concatenate Program and Parameter19
3.3.2	Program to Flash
3.4	Configuring the Firmware Update System for RZ/T2H22
3.4.1	Concatenate Program and Parameter23



# RZ/T2, RZ/N2

3.4.2	Program to Flash	. 23
3.5	Configuring the Firmware Update System for RZ/N2H	. 26
3.5.1	Concatenate Program and Parameter	. 27
3.5.2	Program to Flash	. 27
3.6	Update Program Configuration	. 30
3.7	SSBL Configuration	. 30
3.7.1	Concatenate SSBL and Parameter for RZ/T2M	. 32
3.7.2	Concatenate SSBL and Parameter for RZ/T2L	. 32
3.7.3	Concatenate SSBL and Parameter for RZ/N2L	. 32
3.7.4	Concatenate SSBL and Parameter for RZ/T2H Cortex®-R52	. 33
3.7.5	Concatenate SSBL and Parameter for RZ/T2H Cortex®-A55	. 33
3.7.6	Concatenate SSBL and Parameter for RZ/N2H Cortex®-R52	. 33
3.7.7	Concatenate SSBL and Parameter for RZ/N2H Cortex®-A55	. 33
3.8	User Application Program Configuration	. 33
3.8.1	Generate Parameter for Application for RZ/T2M	. 43
3.8.2	Generate Parameter for Application for RZ/T2L	. 44
3.8.3	Generate Parameter for Application for RZ/N2L	. 44
3.8.4	Generate Parameter for Application for RZ/T2H Cortex®-R52	. 44
3.8.5	Generate Parameter for Application for RZ/T2H Cortex®-A55	. 45
3.8.6	Generate Parameter for Application for RZ/N2H Cortex®-R52	. 45
3.8.7	Generate Parameter for Application for RZ/N2H Cortex®-A55	. 45
3.8.7 4	Generate Parameter for Application for RZ/N2H Cortex®-A55	. 45 46
3.8.7 4. /	Generate Parameter for Application for RZ/N2H Cortex®-A55	. 45 .46 46
3.8.7 4. / 4.1 4 1 1	Generate Parameter for Application for RZ/N2H Cortex®-A55	. 45 . 46 . 46 46
3.8.7 4. / 4.1 4.1.1 4.1.2	Generate Parameter for Application for RZ/N2H Cortex®-A55 Applying Firmware Updates Host PC Setup Tool Setup Network Adapter Settings	. 45 . 46 . 46 . 46
3.8.7 4. / 4.1 4.1.1 4.1.2 4.2	Generate Parameter for Application for RZ/N2H Cortex®-A55 Applying Firmware Updates Host PC Setup Tool Setup Network Adapter Settings	. 45 . 46 . 46 . 46 . 46
3.8.7 4. / 4.1 4.1.1 4.1.2 4.2 4.2.1	Generate Parameter for Application for RZ/N2H Cortex®-A55 Applying Firmware Updates Host PC Setup Tool Setup Network Adapter Settings Update Procedure Update Procedure for RZ/T2M	. 45 . 46 . 46 . 46 . 46 . 48
3.8.7 4. / 4.1 4.1.1 4.1.2 4.2 4.2.1 4.2.1.	Generate Parameter for Application for RZ/N2H Cortex®-A55 Applying Firmware Updates Host PC Setup Tool Setup Network Adapter Settings Update Procedure Update Procedure for RZ/T2M	. 45 . 46 . 46 . 46 . 48 . 48 . 48
3.8.7 4. / 4.1 4.1.1 4.1.2 4.2 4.2.1 4.2.1. 4.2.1.	Generate Parameter for Application for RZ/N2H Cortex®-A55 Applying Firmware Updates Host PC Setup Tool Setup Network Adapter Settings Update Procedure International Context Update Procedure for RZ/T2M Creating Update File	. 45 . 46 . 46 . 46 . 46 . 48 . 48 . 48
3.8.7 4. 4.1 4.1.1 4.1.2 4.2 4.2.1 4.2.1. 4.2.1. 4.2.1. 4.2.2	Generate Parameter for Application for RZ/N2H Cortex®-A55 Applying Firmware Updates Host PC Setup Tool Setup Network Adapter Settings Update Procedure Update Procedure for RZ/T2M 1 Creating Update File 2 Applying Update Update Procedure for RZ/T2L	45 46 46 46 48 48 48 48 48
3.8.7 4. / 4.1 4.1.1 4.1.2 4.2 4.2.1 4.2.1. 4.2.1. 4.2.2 4.2.2	Generate Parameter for Application for RZ/N2H Cortex®-A55 Applying Firmware Updates Host PC Setup Tool Setup Network Adapter Settings Update Procedure Update Procedure for RZ/T2M 1 Creating Update File 2 Applying Update Update Procedure for RZ/T2L	45 46 46 46 48 48 48 49 50
3.8.7 4. / 4.1 4.1.1 4.1.2 4.2 4.2.1 4.2.1. 4.2.2 4.2.2 4.2.2. 4.2.2.	Generate Parameter for Application for RZ/N2H Cortex®-A55 Applying Firmware Updates Host PC Setup Tool Setup Network Adapter Settings Update Procedure Update Procedure for RZ/T2M 1 Creating Update File Update Procedure for RZ/T2L 1 Creating Update File	45 46 46 46 48 48 48 48 49 50 50
3.8.7 4. 4.1 4.1.1 4.1.2 4.2.1 4.2.1. 4.2.1. 4.2.2. 4.2.2. 4.2.2. 4.2.2. 4.2.3	Generate Parameter for Application for RZ/N2H Cortex®-A55	45 46 46 46 48 48 48 49 50 50 50
3.8.7 4. 4.1 4.1.1 4.1.2 4.2 4.2.1 4.2.1 4.2.1 4.2.2 4.2.2 4.2.2 4.2.2 4.2.3	Generate Parameter for Application for RZ/N2H Cortex®-A55 Applying Firmware Updates Host PC Setup Tool Setup Network Adapter Settings. Update Procedure Update Procedure for RZ/T2M 1 Creating Update File 2 Applying Update Update Procedure for RZ/T2L 1 Creating Update File 2 Applying Update Update Procedure for RZ/T2L 1 Creating Update File 2 Applying Update File 2 Applying Update File	45 46 46 46 48 48 48 48 48
3.8.7 4. 4.1 4.1.1 4.1.2 4.2 4.2.1 4.2.1. 4.2.2 4.2.2. 4.2.2. 4.2.2. 4.2.3 4.2.3. 4.2.3.	Generate Parameter for Application for RZ/N2H Cortex®-A55 Applying Firmware Updates Host PC Setup Tool Setup Network Adapter Settings Update Procedure Update Procedure for RZ/T2M 1 Creating Update File 2 Applying Update Update Procedure for RZ/T2L 1 Creating Update File 2 Applying Update File 3 Applying Update File 4 Creating Update File	45 46 46 48 48 48 48 49 50 50 50 50 52 52
3.8.7 4. 4.1 4.1.1 4.1.2 4.2 4.2.1 4.2.1. 4.2.1. 4.2.2 4.2.2. 4.2.2. 4.2.3 4.2.3. 4.2.3. 4.2.4	Generate Parameter for Application for RZ/N2H Cortex®-A55         Applying Firmware Updates         Host PC Setup         Tool Setup         Network Adapter Settings         Update Procedure         Update Procedure for RZ/T2M         1 Creating Update File         2 Applying Update         Update Procedure for RZ/T2L         1 Creating Update File         2 Applying Update         Update Procedure for RZ/T2L         1 Creating Update File         2 Applying Update         Update Procedure for RZ/T2L         1 Creating Update File         2 Applying Update         Update Procedure for RZ/T2L         1 Creating Update File         2 Applying Update         Update Procedure for RZ/N2L         1 Creating Update File         2 Applying Update         Update Procedure for RZ/N2L         1 Creating Update File         2 Applying Update         Update Procedure for RZ/N2L         1 Creating Update File         2 Applying Update         Update Procedure for RZ/T2H	45 46 46 48 48 48 48 49 50 50 50 52 52 52
3.8.7 4. / 4.1 4.1.1 4.1.2 4.2 4.2.1 4.2.1 4.2.1 4.2.2 4.2.2 4.2.2 4.2.2 4.2.3 4.2.3 4.2.3 4.2.4	Generate Parameter for Application for RZ/N2H Cortex®-A55         Applying Firmware Updates         Host PC Setup         Tool Setup         Network Adapter Settings         Update Procedure         Update Procedure for RZ/T2M         1       Creating Update File         2       Applying Update         Update Procedure for RZ/T2L         1       Creating Update File         2       Applying Update         Update Procedure for RZ/T2L         1       Creating Update File         2       Applying Update         Update Procedure for RZ/T2L         1       Creating Update File         2       Applying Update         Update Procedure for RZ/N2L         1       Creating Update File         2       Applying Update         Update Procedure for RZ/N2L         1       Creating Update File         2       Applying Update         Update Procedure for RZ/T2H         1       Creating Update File         2       Applying Update         1       Creating Update File	45 46 46 46 48 48 48 48 48 48 50 50 50 52 52 52 54 54
3.8.7 4. 4.1 4.1.1 4.1.2 4.2.1 4.2.1 4.2.1 4.2.1 4.2.2 4.2.2 4.2.2 4.2.2 4.2.3 4.2.3 4.2.3 4.2.4 4.2.4	Generate Parameter for Application for RZ/N2H Cortex®-A55         Applying Firmware Updates         Host PC Setup         Tool Setup         Network Adapter Settings         Update Procedure         Update Procedure for RZ/T2M         1 Creating Update File         2 Applying Update         Update Procedure for RZ/T2L         1 Creating Update File         2 Applying Update         Update Procedure for RZ/T2L         1 Creating Update File         2 Applying Update         Update Procedure for RZ/T2L         1 Creating Update File         2 Applying Update         Update Procedure for RZ/T2L         1 Creating Update File         2 Applying Update         Update Procedure for RZ/N2L         1 Creating Update File         2 Applying Update         Update Procedure for RZ/N2L         1 Creating Update File         2 Applying Update         Update Procedure for RZ/T2H         1 Creating Update File         2 Applying Update         Update Procedure for RZ/T2H         1 Creating Update File         2 Applying Update	45 46 46 46 48 48 48 48 49 50 50 50 52 52 52 54 55
3.8.7 4. 4.1 4.1.1 4.1.2 4.2 4.2.1 4.2.1. 4.2.2 4.2.2 4.2.2 4.2.2 4.2.3 4.2.3 4.2.3 4.2.3 4.2.4 4.2.4 4.2.4	Generate Parameter for Application for RZ/N2H Cortex®-A55         Applying Firmware Updates         Host PC Setup         Tool Setup         Network Adapter Settings         Update Procedure         Update Procedure for RZ/T2M         1 Creating Update File         2 Applying Update         Update Procedure for RZ/T2L         1 Creating Update File         2 Applying Update         Update Procedure for RZ/T2L         1 Creating Update File         2 Applying Update         Update Procedure for RZ/T2L         1 Creating Update File         2 Applying Update         Update Procedure for RZ/T2L         1 Creating Update File         2 Applying Update         Update Procedure for RZ/N2L         1 Creating Update File         2 Applying Update         Update Procedure for RZ/T2H         1 Creating Update File         2 Applying Update         Update Procedure for RZ/T2H         1 Creating Update File         2 Applying Update         Update Procedure for RZ/T2H         1 Creating Update File         2 Applying Update         Update Procedure for RZ/T2H         1 Creating Update         2 Apply	45 46 46 46 48 48 48 48 48 50 50 50 52 52 52 52 52 54 55 57



4.2.5.2 Applying Update	58
5. Sample Program	60
5.1 Update File Format	60
5.2 Communication Protocols of Update Program	62
5.2.1 START_UPDATE	63
5.2.2 FIRMWARE_DATA	63
5.2.3 ACK	63
5.2.4 NACK	63
5.3 Implementation Specifications of Update Program	65
5.3.1 Development Environment	65
5.3.2 File Structure	65
5.3.3 Functions	66
5.3.4 Flowchart of Update Program Processing	67
5.3.5 Memory Maps for RSK+	68
5.3.6 Memory Maps for EVB	70
5.3.7 How to Use NOR Flash in the RZ/N2L Project	73
5.4 Specifications of Tools Used with Sample Program	74
5.4.1 fwupdate_utility.py	74
5.4.2 fwupdate.py	76
Revision History	77



# 1. Overview

# 1.1 Introduction

This document describes the functions provided by the RZ/T2, RZ/N2 firmware update sample programs and explains how to use the various tools.

This sample program package uses the Flexible Software Package for RZ/T2M, RZ/T2L, RZ/T2H, RZ/N2L and RZ/N2H. For more information about FSP, please refer to RZ/T2, RZ/N2 Getting Started with Flexible Software Package.

The sample program can update user application programs in the external flash memory on the boards, and the outline of the sample program is as follows. For details, please refer to Chapters 2, 3 and 4.

- Upon system reset, a loader program called the Secondary Stage Boot Loader (SSBL) is initiated from external flash.
- Based on the setting of a DIP switch, the SSBL will either load and start the user application, or an update program.
- The update program receives a binary via ethernet and replaces the user application in the external flash.
- Preparation of the binary for the update and transfer to the board is done via Python script on the PC.
- The initial flashing of the firmware (SSBL, update program and user application) is handled by scripts and sample program included in the package from the *RZ/T2, RZ/N2 Device Setup Guide for Flash boot* (*R01AN6471EJ*\*\*\*\*) Application Note.

# 1.2 Features

The sample program has the following features:

- It is possible to update via Ethernet user application programs written to the QSPI flash, OSPI flash and NOR flash memory on Renesas Starter Kit+ for RZ/T2M, RZ/T2L and RZ/N2L.
- It is possible to update via Ethernet user application programs written to the QSPI flash, OSPI flash memory on Evaluation Board for RZ/T2H and RZ/N2H.
- If the update of a user application program fails, the user can redo the update as many times as necessary until the update is successful.
- RZ/T2M, RZ/T2H Cortex®-R52 and RZ/N2H Cortex®-R52 can update applications that use dual cores.
- RZ/T2H Cortex®-A55 and RZ/N2H Cortex®-A55 can update applications that use multi cores.

# 1.3 Limitations

The sample program has the following limitations:

• It is not possible to update a user application program while a user application program is running.

# **1.4 Package Contents**

RZ/T2, RZ/N2 firmware update sample program package contains several files with software and tools. The following table lists their contents.

Table 1.1	Firmware Update	Sample Program	<b>Common Package C</b>	ontents
-----------	-----------------	----------------	-------------------------	---------

No.	File Path	Classification	Remarks
1	fwupdate_utility.py	Tool	Update file generator tool
2	fwupdate.py	Tool	Update files send tool
3	r01an6472ej0240-rzt2-n2-fwupdate.pdf	Document	This document
			RZ/T2, RZ/N2 Quick Start Guide:
			Firmware Update
4	r01an6641ej0240-rzt2-n2-releasenote.pdf	Document	Release Note



#### Table 1.2 Firmware Update Sample Program Common Package Contents for RZ/T2M

No.	File Path	Classification	Remarks
1	RZT2M_RSK_FWUpdate_Rev240.zip	Software	Sample program code for RZ/T2M
2	RZT2M_RSK_FWUpdate.bin	Software	Programs and data for RZ/T2M
3	RZT2M_RSK_SSBL.bin	Software	stored in the "Pre-built parameters
4	RZT2M_RSK_SSBL_xspi0.bin	Software & data	and programs" folder. Note2
5	parameter_RZT2M_bsp_LED_0.bin	Data	(The application's bin file was
6	parameter_RZT2M_bsp_LED_1.bin	Data	generated by the IAR Compiler
7	initial_image_RZT2M_xspi0.bin	Data	project)
8	RZT2M_bsp_LED_0.bin	Software	
9	RZT2M_bsp_LED_1.bin	Software	
10	RZT2M_bsp_LED_x.zip	Software	
11	RZT2M_bsp_LED_x_CPU1.zip	Software	

Note1 Contains sample program projects for GCC and IAR compilers.

Note2 These files are used in Chapters 3 and 4 of this document as a reference for building the environment.

Table 1.3	Firmware Upc	ate Sample Pr	ogram Common	Package C	contents for	RZ/T2L
			• g • • • •		•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	

No.	File Path	Classification	Remarks
1	RZT2L_RSK_FWUpdate_Rev240.zip	Software	Sample program code for RZ/T2L
2	RZT2L_RSK_FWUpdate.bin	Software	Programs and data for RZ/T2L
3	RZT2L_RSK_SSBL.bin	Software	stored in the "Pre-built parameters
4	RZT2L_RSK_SSBL_xspi0.bin	Software & data	and programs" folder. Note2
5	parameter_RZT2L_bsp_LED_1.bin	Data	(The application's bin file was
6	parameter_RZT2L_bsp_LED_3.bin	Data	generated by the IAR Complier
7	initial_image_RZT2L_xspi0.bin	Data	project)
8	RZT2L_bsp_LED_1.bin	Software	
9	RZT2L_bsp_LED_3.bin	Software	
10	RZT2L_bsp_LED_x.zip	Software	

Note1 Contains sample program projects for GCC and IAR compilers.

Note2 These files are used in Chapters 3 and 4 of this document as a reference for building the environment.

Table 1.4	Firmware U	odate Sample	Program Commo	n Package (	Contents for RZ/N2L
		paato oampio	i logiani ooninio	n i aonago i	

No.	File Path	Classification	Remarks
1	RZN2L_RSK_FWUpdate_Rev240.zip	Software	Sample program code for RZ/N2L
2	RZN2L_RSK_FWUpdate.bin	Software	Programs and data for RZ/N2L
3	RZN2L_RSK_SSBL.bin	Software	stored in the "Pre-built parameters
4	RZN2L_RSK_SSBL_xspi0.bin	Software & data	and programs" folder. Note2
5	parameter_RZN2L_bsp_LED_0.bin	Data	(The application's bin file was
6	parameter_RZN2L_bsp_LED_3.bin	Data	generated by the IAR Compiler
7	initial_image_RZN2L_xspi0.bin	Data	project)
8	RZN2L_bsp_LED_0.bin	Software	
9	RZN2L_bsp_LED_3.bin	Software	
10	RZN2L_bsp_LED_x.zip	Software	

Note1 Contains sample program projects for GCC and IAR compilers.

Note2 These files are used in Chapters 3 and 4 of this document as a reference for building the environment.



#### Table 1.5 Firmware Update Sample Program Common Package Contents for RZ/T2H Cortex®-R52

No.	File Path	Classification	Remarks
1	RZT2H_EVB_FWUpdate_Rev240.zip	Software	Sample program code for RZ/T2H
			Cortex®-R52 Note1
2	RZT2H_EVB_FWUpdate.bin	Software	Programs and data for RZ/T2H
3	RZT2H_EVB_SSBL.bin	Software	Cortex®-R52 stored in the "Pre-built
4	RZT2H_EVB_SSBL_xspi0.bin	Software & data	parameters and programs/cr52"
5	parameter_RZT2H_bsp_LED_0.bin	Data	
6	parameter_RZT2H_bsp_LED_1.bin	Data	(The application's bin file was
7	initial_image_RZT2H_xspi0.bin	Data	project)
8	RZT2H_bsp_LED_0.bin	Software	
9	RZT2H_bsp_LED_1.bin	Software	
10	RZT2H_bsp_LED_x.zip	Software	]
11	RZT2H_bsp_LED_x_CPU1.zip	Software	

Note1 Contains sample program projects for GCC and IAR compilers.

Note2 These files are used in Chapters 3 and 4 of this document as a reference for building the environment.

No.	File Path	Classification	Remarks
1	RZT2H_EVB_CA55_FWUpdate_Rev240.	Software	Sample program code for RZ/T2H
	zip		Cortex®-A55 Note1
2	RZT2H_EVB_CA55_FWUpdate.bin	Software	Programs and data for RZ/T2H
3	RZT2H_EVB_CA55_SSBL.bin	Software	Cortex®-A55 stored in the "Pre-built
4	RZT2H_EVB_SSBL_xspi0.bin	Software & data	parameters and programs/ca55"
5	parameter_RZT2H_bsp_LED_0.bin	Data	
6	parameter_RZT2H_bsp_LED_1.bin	Data	(The application's bin file was
7	initial_image_RZT2H_xspi0.bin	Data	project)
8	RZT2H_bsp_LED_0.bin	Software	
9	RZT2H_bsp_LED_1.bin	Software	
10	RZT2H_bsp_LED_x_CA55_Core0.zip	Software	
11	RZT2H_bsp_LED_x_CA55_Core1.zip	Software	
12	RZT2H_bsp_LED_x_CA55_Core2.zip	Software	
13	RZT2H_bsp_LED_x_CA55_Core3.zip	Software	

 Table 1.6
 Firmware Update Sample Program Common Package Contents for RZ/T2H Cortex®-A55

Note1 Contains sample program projects for GCC and IAR compilers.

Note2 These files are used in Chapters 3 and 4 of this document as a reference for building the environment.



#### Table 1.7 Firmware Update Sample Program Common Package Contents for RZ/N2H Cortex®-R52

No.	File Path	Classification	Remarks
1	RZN2H_EVB_FWUpdate_Rev240.zip	Software	Sample program code for RZ/N2H Cortex®-R52 <sup>Note1</sup>
2	RZN2H_EVB_FWUpdate.bin	Software	Programs and data for RZ/N2H
3	RZN2H_EVB_SSBL.bin	Software	Cortex®-R52 stored in the "Pre-built
4	RZN2H_EVB_SSBL_xspi0.bin	Software & data	parameters and programs/cr52"
5	parameter_RZN2H_bsp_LED_3.bin	Data	
6	parameter_RZN2H_bsp_LED_4.bin	Data	(The application's bin file was
7	initial_image_RZN2H_xspi0.bin	Data	project)
8	RZN2H_bsp_LED_3.bin	Software	
9	RZN2H_bsp_LED_4.bin	Software	
10	RZN2H_bsp_LED_x.zip	Software	
11	RZN2H_bsp_LED_x_CPU1.zip	Software	

Note1 Contains sample program projects for GCC and IAR compilers.

Note2 These files are used in Chapters 3 and 4 of this document as a reference for building the environment.

No.	File Path	Classification	Remarks
1	RZN2H_EVB_CA55_FWUpdate_Rev240.	Software	Sample program code for RZ/N2H
	zip		Cortex®-A55 Note1
2	RZN2H_EVB_CA55_FWUpdate.bin	Software	Programs and data for RZ/N2H
3	RZN2H_EVB_CA55_SSBL.bin	Software	Cortex®-A55 stored in the "Pre-built
4	RZN2H_EVB_SSBL_xspi0.bin	Software & data	parameters and programs/ca55"
5	parameter_RZN2H_bsp_LED_3.bin	Data	
6	parameter_RZN2H_bsp_LED_4.bin	Data	(The application's bin file was
7	initial_image_RZN2H_xspi0.bin	Data	project)
8	RZN2H_bsp_LED_3.bin	Software	
9	RZN2H_bsp_LED_4.bin	Software	
10	RZN2H_bsp_LED_x_CA55_Core0.zip	Software	
11	RZN2H_bsp_LED_x_CA55_Core1.zip	Software	
12	RZN2H_bsp_LED_x_CA55_Core2.zip	Software	]
13	RZN2H_bsp_LED_x_CA55_Core3.zip	Software	1

Table 1.8 Firmware Update Sample Program Common Package Contents for RZ/N2H Cortex®-A55

Note1 Contains sample program projects for GCC and IAR compilers.

Note2 These files are used in Chapters 3 and 4 of this document as a reference for building the environment.



# 1.5 Related Documents

Table 1.9 lists documents related to this document.

# Table 1.9 Related Documents

Title	Document Number
RZ/T2M Group Renesas Starter Kit+ for RZ/T2M User's Manual	R20UT4939EG****
RZ/T2M Group Renesas Starter Kit+ for RZ/T2M Quick Start Guide	R20UT4941EG****
RZ/T2, RZ/N2 Getting Started with Flexible Software Package	R01AN6434EJ****
RZ/T2M Group User's Manual: Hardware	R01UH0916EJ****
RZ/T2, RZ/N2 Device Setup Guide for Flash boot	R01AN6471EJ****
RZ/T2L Group Renesas Starter Kit+ for RZ/T2L User's Manual	R20UT5164EJ****
RZ/T2L Group Renesas Starter Kit+ for RZ/T2L Quick Start Guide	R20UT5235EJ****
RZ/T2L Group User's Manual: Hardware	R01UH0985EJ****
RZ/N2L Group Renesas Starter Kit+ for RZ/N2L User's Manual	R20UT4984EG****
RZ/N2L Group Renesas Starter Kit+ for RZ/N2L Quick Start Guide	R20UT4986EG****
RZ/N2L Group User's Manual: Hardware	R01UH0955EJ****
RZ/T2H and RZ/N2H Groups User's Manual: Hardware	R01UH1039EJ****
RZ/T2H Group RZ/T2H Evaluation Board User's Manual	R20UT5405EJ****
RZ/N2H Group RZ/N2H Evaluation Board User's Manual	R20UT5522EJ****

# **1.6 Explanation of Terms**

The meanings of terms used in this document are indicated below.

Term Used in This Document	Meaning of Term
Update program	The program, contained in the sample program package, used to
	update user application programs.
User application program	Program that can be updated with this sample program package.
Update file	The program to be updated.
Firmware update system	The file containing the program to be updated.
SSBL	Second stage boot loader, referred to as a loader program in following
	documents:
	RZ/T2M Group Renesas Starter Kit+ for RZ/T2M User's Manual
	RZ/T2L Group Renesas Starter Kit+ for RZ/T2L User's Manual
	RZ/N2L Group Renesas Starter Kit+ for RZ/N2L User's Manual
	RZ/T2H Group RZ/T2H Evaluation Board User's Manual
	RZ/N2H Group RZ/N2H Evaluation Board User's Manual
Loader program	SSBL, Second stage boot loader



# 2. Firmware Update Mechanism

The sample program can update user application programs written to the external flash memory on the boards. Figure 2.1 illustrates the system structure of the sample program.

The target devices are RZ/T2M, RZ/T2L, RZ/T2H, RZ/N2L or RZ/N2H. The target boards are the Renesas Starter Kit+ (hereinafter referred to as RSK+) for RZ/T2M, RZ/T2L, RZ/N2L or Evaluation Board for RZ/T2H, RZ/N2H (hereinafter referred to as EVB).



Figure 2.1 System Structure of Firmware Update Sample Program

The sample program updates user application programs through the following sequence of steps:

- 1. Using fwupdate\_utility.py, the user creates an update file containing the user application program to be applied as an update and information on its location in the external flash memory. Refer to 5.4.1 for details of fwupdate\_utility.py and to 5.1 for details of the update file.
- 2. The user starts the device in update mode.
- 3. Using fwupdate.py, the user sends the update file from the host PC to the device via an Ethernet connection. Refer to 5.2 for the communication protocols used between the host PC and the board and the packet format of the communication protocols.
- 4. When the update file is received by the device, the update program on the device extracts the user application program and writes it to the external flash memory. Refer to 5.3 for details of the update program.

# 2.1 Operating Modes

You can select the operating mode of the sample program by means of switch settings on the evaluation board. Refer to Table 2.1 for the operating mode selection method.



Board	Switch	MCU Port	MCU Pin	Operating Mode
RZ/T2M RSK+	SW3-1	P11_0	Y18	OFF: Application mode
				ON: Update mode
RZ/T2L RSK+	SW3-2	P04_1	F1	OFF: Application mode
				ON: Update mode
RZ/N2L RSK+	SW3-1	P13_6	M13	OFF: Application mode
				ON: Update mode
RZ/T2H EVB	SW12-1	P35_3	V22	OFF: Application mode
				ON: Update mode
RZ/N2H EVB	DSW1-1	P27_2	B24	OFF: Application mode
				ON: Update mode

### Table 2.1 Switches Used for Operating Mode Selection

The update program is launched at startup when update mode is selected as the operating mode, and the user application program is launched at startup when application mode is selected. Therefore, the sample program cannot perform an update while a user application program is running.

# 2.2 Sample Program Configuration

Operating mode checking and launching of the program corresponding to the operating mode is performed by a loader program. In this document, the loader program is referred to as SSBL.

# 2.3 Using External Flash Memory

The sample program stores the programs that comprise the system in the external flash memory on the evaluation board, then loads them into the RAM and runs them. Figure 2.2, Figure 2.3, Figure 2.4, Figure 2.5, Figure 2.6, Figure 2.7 and Figure 2.8 show how the sample program utilizes the external flash memory.

The sample program updates the target user application program, but it does not update the loader program and update program. Therefore, when updating fails, any number of update attempts may be performed until the update succeeds.

In this sample program, you can configure whether the user application program area of the external flash memory that can be updated by the update program is treated as one plane or divided into two planes. If the user application program area of the external flash memory is treated as one plane, updating the user application program will overwrite a user application program in the external flash memory. If the user application program area is divided into two planes, updating the user application program area is divided into two planes, updating the user application program area will update the user application program area on one side of the two planes in the external flash memory and leave the program before the update in the other user application program area.



Figure 2.2 xSPI0 Area Flash Memory Usage on RSK+



Parameter for the loader	0x68000000	
SSBL	0x68000050	
Update program	0x68007050	
Parameter for the user application program (for CPU0/ for CPU1)	0x68040000	
Plane Management Area	0x68040020	
User Application Program	0x68040030	Updatable area
	0x68FFFFFF_	





Figure 2.4 External Bus Area Flash Memory Usage on RSK+



Figure 2.5 xSPI0 Area Flash Memory Usage on Cortex®-R52 on EVB



Parameter for the loader	0x50000000	
SSBL	0x50000050	
Update program	0x50007050	
Parameter for the user application program (for CPU0/ for CPU1)	0x50040000	
Plane Management Area	0x50040020	
	0x50040030	Updatable
User Application Program		area
	0x50FFFFFF_	

Figure 2.6 xSPI1 Area Flash Memory Usage on Cortex®-R52 on EVB



Figure 2.7 xSPI0 Area Flash Memory Usage on Cortex®-A55 on EVB



Figure 2.8 xSPI1 Area Flash Memory Usage on Cortex®-A55 on EVB



# 3. Configuring the Firmware Update System

The system configuration procedures for updating user application programs using the pre-built items supplied as part of the sample program package are explained in Sections 3.1 to 3.5 for each corresponding MPU.

If you want to build an update program, SSBL and user application by building the sample project instead of using the pre-built items as they are, please refer to Sections 3.6 to 3.8.

# 3.1 Configuring the Firmware Update System for RZ/T2M

Table 3.1 shows the environment required for configuring the RZ/T2M RSK+. Table 3.2 lists the user application program written during device setup for RZ/T2M.

Table 3.1 Setup Environment for RZ/T2M RSK+

Name	Remarks
Renesas Starter Kit+ for RZ/T2M	RZ/T2M RSK+
USB cables	1 (Mini-B, type-A)
	1 (Type-C, type-A)
Windows host PC	IAR Embedded Workbench or e <sup>2</sup> studio installed
parameter_generator.py Note	Generation tool for the parameter for the loader and the
	parameter for the user application program
device_setup.py Note	Command sending tool for device setup
RZT2M_RSK_DeviceSetup.out.srec Note	S-Record format device setup sample program

Note Included in the sample program package for *RZ/T2, RZ/N2 Device Setup Guide for Flash boot* (*R01AN6471EJ*\*\*\*\*).

File Name	Description
RZT2M_bsp_LED_0.bin	A user application program based on the Blinky sample application
	included in the Flexible Software Package RZ/T2M pack.
	See section 3.8 for detailed creation instructions.
	The program is assigned from 0x00000000 in the ATCM area.
	The following LEDs will light up at startup.
	User LED0: BSP_IO_PORT_19_PIN_6
parameter_RZT2M_bsp_LED_0.bin	Parameter for the user application program
	(RZT2M_bsp_LED_0.bin). This file is created after building
	RZT2M_bsp_LED_0.bin.
	See section 3.8 for detailed creation instructions.
	The parameter file sets the following xSPI0 address space.
	External flash address where the program is stored: 0x60040030
	RAM address where the program is loaded: 0x00000000

# 3.1.1 Concatenate Program and Parameter

Use fwupdate\_utility.py to concatenate the Update program, SSBL including the parameter for the loader, and the parameter for the user application program. The concatenated data is programmed at the beginning of the external flash. See Table 5.13 for memory maps of the concatenated data.

Open a command prompt on the host PC and run the following command.

[Only for multi-core configuration] You must specify both the user application parameters for CPU0 (-- param\_cpu\_core0) and the user application parameters for CPU1 (--param\_cpu\_core\_1).



The following command will generate initial\_image\_RZT2M\_xspi0.bin:

```
python fwupdate_utility.py setupfile --param_loader RZT2M_RSK_SSBL_xspi0.bin
--param_cpu_core_0 parameter_RZT2M_bsp_LED_0.bin --target_cpu cr52 --
update prog RZT2M RSK FWUpdate.bin -o initial image RZT2M xspi0.bin
```

# 3.1.2 Program to Flash

Programming the update program and user application program are accomplished using device setup tool and sample program. Refer to chapter 2 in *RZ/T2, RZ/N2 Device Setup Guide for Flash boot* for the procedure.

1. Write program files to external flash on RSK+ using device\_setup.py. Open a command prompt on the host PC and run the following command.

The programmable area changes depending on the set boot mode. Please check 5.3.5 for boot modes and corresponding memory maps.

The initial image file (initial\_image\_RZ\*\_xspi0.bin) is programmed at the top of the external. The user application (RZ\*\_bsp\_LED\_\*.bin) is programmed with the flash address specified during parameter generation.

RZ/T2M:

```
> python device_setup.py writeflash --port COM4 --addr 60000000 -i
initial_image_RZT2M_xspi0.bin
writeflash : Setup success.
> python device_setup.py writeflash --port COM4 --addr 60040030 -i
RZT2M_bsp_LED_0.bin
writeflash : Setup success.
```

2. Set the SW on the RSK+ board to the following, User DIP Switch SW3-1 to OFF and press the reset button S3.

After that, to confirm that the user application program starts and User LED0 on the board blinks.

RZ/T2M:

SW	Setting	Description
SW4.1	ON	xSPI0 boot mode (x1 boot Serial flash)
SW4.2	ON	
SW4.3	ON	
SW4.4	ON	JTAG Authentication by Hash is disabled.
SW4.5	OFF	ATCM 1 wait
SW6.1	ON	Enable LED0





Figure 3.1 Location of User LEDs (LED0) for RZ/T2M



# 3.2 Configuring the Firmware Update System for RZ/T2L

Table 3.3 shows the environment required for configuring the RZ/T2L RSK+. Table 3.4 lists the user application program written during device setup for RZ/T2L.

|--|

Name	Remarks
Renesas Starter Kit+ for RZ/T2L	RZ/T2L RSK+
USB cables	1 (Mini-B, type-A)
	1 (Type-C, type-A)
Windows host PC	IAR Embedded Workbench or e <sup>2</sup> studio installed
parameter_generator.py <sup>Note</sup>	Generation tool for the parameter for the loader and the
	parameter for the user application program
device_setup.py <sup>Note</sup>	Command sending tool for device setup
RZT2L_RSK_DeviceSetup_usb.out.srec Note	S-Record format device setup sample program

Note Included in the sample program package for *RZ/T2*, *RZ/N2 Device Setup Guide for Flash boot* (*R01AN6471EJ*\*\*\*\*).

Table 3.4	User Application	Program	Set Up	for RZ/T2L
-----------	------------------	---------	--------	------------

File Name	Description
RZT2L_bsp_LED_1.bin	A user application program based on the Blinky sample application
	Included in the Flexible Software Package RZ/12L pack.
	See section 3.8 for detailed creation instructions.
	The program is assigned from 0x00000000 in the ATCM area.
	The following LEDs will light up at startup.
	User LED0: BSP_IO_PORT_17_PIN_6
parameter_RZT2L_bsp_LED_1.bin	Parameter for the user application program
	(RZN2L_bsp_LED_1.bin). This file is created after building
	RZN2L_bsp_LED_1.bin.
	See section 3.8 for detailed creation instructions.
	The following OSPI flash addresses are set in the parameter file.
	External flash address where the program is stored: 0x60040030
	RAM address where the program is loaded: 0x00000000

# 3.2.1 Concatenate Program and Parameter

Use fwupdate\_utility.py to concatenate the Update program, SSBL including the parameter for the loader, and the parameter for the user application program. The concatenated data is programmed at the beginning of the external flash. See Table 5.13 for memory maps of the concatenated data.

Open a command prompt on the host PC and run the following command.

The following command will generate initial\_image\_RZT2L\_xspi0.bin:

```
python fwupdate_utility.py setupfile --param_loader RZT2L_RSK_SSBL_xspi0.bin
--param_cpu_core_0 parameter_RZT2L_bsp_LED_1.bin --target_cpu cr52 --
update_prog RZT2L_RSK_FWUpdate.bin -o initial_image_RZT2L_xspi0.bin
```

# 3.2.2 Program to Flash

Programming the update program and user application program are accomplished using device setup tool and sample program. Refer to chapter 2 in *RZ/T2, RZ/N2 Device Setup Guide for Flash boot* (*R01AN6471EJ*\*\*\*\*) for the procedure.



1. Write program files to external flash on RSK+ using device\_setup.py. Open a command prompt on the host PC and run the following command.

The programmable area changes depending on the set boot mode. Please check 5.3.5 for boot modes and corresponding memory maps.

The initial image file (initial\_image\_RZ\*\_xspi0.bin) is programmed at the top of the external. The user application (RZ\*\_bsp\_LED\_\*.bin) is programmed with the flash address specified during parameter generation.

RZ/T2L:

```
> python device_setup.py writeflash --port COM4 --addr 60000000 -i
initial_image_RZT2L_xspi0.bin
writeflash : Setup success.
> python device_setup.py writeflash --port COM4 --addr 60040030 -i
RZT2L_bsp_LED_1.bin
writeflash : Setup success.
```

2. Set the SW on the RSK+ board to the following, User DIP Switch SW3-2 to OFF and press the reset button S3.

After that, to confirm that the user application program starts and User LED1 on the board blinks.

RZ/T2L:

SW	Setting	Description
SW4.1	ON	xSPI0 boot mode (x1 boot Serial flash)
SW4.2	ON	
SW4.3	ON	
SW4.4	OFF	ATCM wait cycle = 1 wait.
SW4.5	ON	JTAG Authentication by Hash is disabled.





Figure 3.2 Location of User LEDs (LED1) for RZ/T2L



# 3.3 Configuring the Firmware Update System for RZ/N2L

#### Table 3.5 shows the environment required for configuring the RZ/N2L RSK+.

Table 3.6 lists the user application program written during device setup for RZ/N2L.

Table 3.5	Setup	Environment	for	RZ/N2L	RSK+
-----------	-------	-------------	-----	--------	------

Name	Remarks
Renesas Starter Kit+ for RZ/N2L	RZ/N2L RSK+
USB cables	1 (Mini-B, type-A)
	1 (Type-C, type-A)
Windows host PC	IAR Embedded Workbench or e <sup>2</sup> studio installed
parameter_generator.py <sup>Note</sup>	Generation tool for the parameter for the loader and the
	parameter for the user application program
device_setup.py Note	Command sending tool for device setup
RZN2L_RSK_DeviceSetup_qspi.out.srec Note	S-Record format device setup sample program

Note Included in the sample program package for *RZ/T2, RZ/N2 Device Setup Guide for Flash boot* (*R01AN6471EJ\*\*\*\**).

Table 3.6	User Application	<b>Program Set</b>	Up for RZ/N2L
-----------	------------------	--------------------	---------------

File Name	Description
RZN2L_bsp_LED_0.bin	A user application program based on the Blinky sample application
	Included in the Flexible Software Package RZ/NZL pack.
	See section 3.8 for detailed creation instructions.
	The program is assigned from 0x00000000 in the ATCM area.
	The following LEDs will light up at startup.
	User LED0: BSP_IO_PORT_18_PIN_2
parameter_RZN2L_bsp_LED_0.bin	Parameter for the user application program
	(RZN2L_bsp_LED_0.bin). This file is created after building
	RZN2L_bsp_LED_0.bin.
	See section 3.8 for detailed creation instructions.
	The parameter file sets the following xSPI0 address space.
	External flash address where the program is stored: 0x60040030
	RAM address where the program is loaded: 0x00000000

# 3.3.1 Concatenate Program and Parameter

Use fwupdate\_utility.py to concatenate the Update program, SSBL including the parameter for the loader, and the parameter for the user application program. The concatenated data is programmed at the beginning of the external flash. See Table 5.13 for memory maps of the concatenated data.

Open a command prompt on the host PC and run the following command.

The following command will generate initial\_image\_RZN2L\_xspi0.bin:

```
python fwupdate_utility.py setupfile --param_loader RZN2L_RSK_SSBL_xspi0.bin
--param_cpu_core_0 parameter_RZN2L_bsp_LED_0.bin --target_cpu cr52 --
update prog RZN2L RSK FWUpdate.bin -o initial image RZN2L xspi0.bin
```

#### 3.3.2 Program to Flash

Programming the update program and user application program are accomplished using device setup tool and sample program. Refer to chapter 2 in *RZ/T2, RZ/N2 Device Setup Guide for Flash boot* (*R01AN6471EJ*\*\*\*\*) for the procedure.



1. Write program files to external flash on RSK+ using device\_setup.py. Open a command prompt on the host PC and run the following command.

The programmable area changes depending on the set boot mode. Please check 5.3.5 for boot modes and corresponding memory maps.

The initial image file (initial\_image\_RZ\*\_xspi0.bin) is programmed at the top of the external. The user application (RZ\*\_bsp\_LED\_\*.bin) is programmed with the flash address specified during parameter generation.

RZ/N2L:

```
> python device_setup.py writeflash --port COM4 --addr 60000000 -i
initial_image_RZN2L_xspi0.bin
writeflash : Setup success.
> python device_setup.py writeflash --port COM4 --addr 60040030 -i
RZN2L_bsp_LED_0.bin
writeflash : Setup success.
```

2. Set the SW on the RSK+ board to the following, User DIP Switch SW3-1 to OFF and press the reset button S3.

After that, to confirm that the user application program starts and User LED0 on the board blinks.

RZ/N2L:

SW	Setting	Description
SW4.1	ON	xSPI0 boot mode (x1 boot Serial flash)
SW4.2	ON	
SW4.3	ON	
SW4.4	ON	JTAG Authentication by Hash is disabled.





Figure 3.3 Location of User LEDs (LED0) for RZ/N2L



# 3.4 Configuring the Firmware Update System for RZ/T2H

Table 3.7 shows the environment required for configuring the RZ/T2H EVB. Table 3.8 lists the user application program written during device setup for RZ/T2H Cortex®-R52. Table 3.9 lists the user application program written during device setup for RZ/T2H Cortex®-A55.

Table 3.7	Setup	Environment	for	RZ/T2H	EVB
	ootup				

Name	Remarks
RZ/T2H Evaluation Board	RZ/T2H EVB
USB cables	1 (Mini-B, type-A)
	1 (Type-C, type-A)
Windows host PC	IAR Embedded Workbench or e <sup>2</sup> studio installed
parameter_generator.py <sup>Note</sup>	Generation tool for the parameter for the loader and the parameter for the user application program
device_setup.py <sup>Note</sup>	Command sending tool for device setup
RZT2H_EVB_DeviceSetup.out.srec Note	S-Record format device setup sample program

Note Included in the sample program package for *RZ/T2, RZ/N2 Device Setup Guide for Flash boot* (*R01AN6471EJ\*\*\*\**).

Table 3.8	User Application	Program Set Up	o for RZ/T2H	Cortex®-R52
-----------	------------------	----------------	--------------	-------------

File Name	Description
RZT2H_bsp_LED_0.bin	A user application program based on the Blinky sample application
	included in the Flexible Software Package RZ/T2H pack.
	See section 3.8 for detailed creation instructions.
	The program is assigned from 0x00000000 in the ATCM area.
	The following LEDs will light up at startup.
	User LED0: BSP_IO_PORT_23_PIN_1
parameter_RZT2H_bsp_LED_0.bin	Parameter for the user application program
	(RZT2H_bsp_LED_0.bin). This file is created after building
	RZT2H_bsp_LED_0.bin.
	See section 3.8 for detailed creation instructions.
	The parameter file sets the following xSPI0 address space.
	External flash address where the program is stored: 0x40040030
	RAM address where the program is loaded: 0x00000000

#### Table 3.9 User Application Program Set Up for RZ/T2H Cortex®-A55

File Name	Description
RZT2H_bsp_LED_0.bin	A user application program based on the Blinky sample application included in the Flexible Software Package RZ/T2H pack.
	See section 3.8 for detailed creation instructions.
	The program is assigned from 0x10040000 in the SystemRAM
	area.
	The following LEDs will light up at startup.
	User LED0: BSP_IO_PORT_23_PIN_1
parameter_RZT2H_bsp_LED_0.bin	Parameter for the user application program (RZT2H_bsp_LED_0.bin). This file is created after building RZT2H_bsp_LED_0.bin.
	See section 3.8 for detailed creation instructions.
	The parameter file sets the following xSPI0 address space.
	External flash address where the program is stored: 0x40094050
	RAM address where the program is loaded: 0x10040000



#### 3.4.1 Concatenate Program and Parameter

Use fwupdate\_utility.py to concatenate the Update program, SSBL including the parameter for the loader, and the parameter for the user application program. The concatenated data is programmed at the beginning of the external flash. See Table 5.18 for memory maps of the concatenated data.

Open a command prompt on the host PC and run the following command.

#### RZ/T2H Cortex®-R52:

[Only for multi-core configuration] You must specify both the user application parameters for CPU0 (-- param\_cpu\_core\_0) and the user application parameters for CPU1 (--param\_cpu\_core\_1).

The following command will generate initial\_image\_RZT2H\_xspi0.bin:

```
python fwupdate_utility.py setupfile --param_loader RZT2H_EVB_SSBL_xspi0.bin
--param_cpu_core_0 parameter_RZT2H_bsp_LED_0.bin --target_cpu cr52 --
update prog RZT2H EVB FWUpdate.bin -o initial image RZT2H xspi0.bin
```

#### RZ/T2H Cortex®-A55:

[Only for multi-core configuration] You must specify either the user application parameters for Core 1 (-param\_cpu\_core\_1), Core 2 (--param\_cpu\_core\_2) or Core 3 (--param\_cpu\_core\_3) along with the user application parameter for Core 0 (--param\_cpu\_core\_0).

The following command will generate initial\_image\_RZT2H\_xspi0.bin:

```
python fwupdate_utility.py setupfile --param_loader
RZT2H_EVB_CA55_SSBL_xspi0.bin --param_cpu_core_0
parameter_RZT2H_bsp_LED_0.bin --target_cpu ca55 --update_prog
RZT2H EVB CA55 FWUpdate.bin -o initial image RZT2H xspi0.bin
```

# 3.4.2 Program to Flash

Programming the update program and user application program are accomplished using device setup tool and sample program. Refer to chapter 2 in *RZ/T2, RZ/N2 Device Setup Guide for Flash boot* for the procedure.

1. Write program files to external flash on EVB using device\_setup.py. Open a command prompt on the host PC and run the following command.

The programmable area changes depending on the set boot mode. Please check 5.3.6 for boot modes and corresponding memory maps.

The initial image file (initial\_image\_RZ\*\_xspi0.bin) is programmed at the top of the external. The user application (RZ\*\_bsp\_LED\_\*.bin) is programmed with the flash address specified during parameter generation.

RZ/T2H Cortex®-R52:

```
> python device_setup.py writeflash --port COM4 --addr 40000000 -i
initial_image_RZT2H_xspi0.bin
writeflash : Setup success.
> python device_setup.py writeflash --port COM4 --addr 40040030 -i
RZT2H_bsp_LED_0.bin
writeflash : Setup success.
```



RZ/T2H Cortex®-A55:

```
> python device_setup.py writeflash --port COM4 --addr 40000000 -i
initial_image_RZT2H_xspi0.bin
writeflash : Setup success.
> python device_setup.py writeflash --port COM4 --addr 40094050 -i
RZT2H_bsp_LED_0.bin
writeflash : Setup success.
```

2. Set the SW on the EVB to the following, User DIP Switch SW12-1 to OFF and press the reset button SW13.

After that, to confirm that the user application program starts and User LED0 on the board blinks.

RZ/T2H:		
SW	Setting	Description
SW14.1	ON	xSPI0 boot mode (x1 boot Serial flash)
SW14.2	ON	
SW14.3	ON	
SW14.4	OFF	Cortex®-R52 CPU0 ATCM 1 wait
SW14.5	OFF	Cortex®-R52 CPU1 ATCM 1 wait
SW14.6	OFF	Supply voltage of boot peripheral is 3.3 V
SW14.7	ON	JTAG Authentication by Hash is disabled.





Figure 3.4 Location of User LEDs (LED0) for RZ/T2H



# 3.5 Configuring the Firmware Update System for RZ/N2H

Table 3.10 shows the environment required for configuring the RZ/N2H EVB. Table 3.11 lists the user application program written during device setup for RZ/N2H Cortex®-R52. Table 3.12 lists the user application program written during device setup for RZ/N2H Cortex®-A55.

Table 3 10	Setun	Environment for	R7/N2H	FVB
	Jeruh			

Name	Remarks	
RZ/N2H Evaluation Board	RZ/N2H EVB	
USB cables	1 (Mini-B, type-A)	
	1 (Type-C, type-A)	
Windows host PC	IAR Embedded Workbench or e <sup>2</sup> studio installed	
parameter_generator.py Note	Generation tool for the parameter for the loader and the	
	parameter for the user application program	
device_setup.py <sup>Note</sup>	Command sending tool for device setup	
RZN2H_EVB_DeviceSetup.out.srec Note	S-Record format device setup sample program	

Note Included in the sample program package for *RZ/T2, RZ/N2 Device Setup Guide for Flash boot* (*R01AN6471EJ\*\*\*\**).

Table 3.11	User Application	Program Set U	p for RZ/N2H	Cortex®-R52
------------	------------------	---------------	--------------	-------------

File Name	Description	
RZN2H_bsp_LED_3.bin	A user application program based on the Blinky sample application	
	included in the Flexible Software Package RZ/N2H pack.	
	See section 3.8 for detailed creation instructions.	
	The program is assigned from 0x00000000 in the ATCM area.	
	The following LEDs will light up at startup.	
	User LED3: BSP_IO_PORT_31_PIN_6	
parameter_RZN2H_bsp_LED_3.bin	Parameter for the user application program	
	(RZN2H_bsp_LED_3.bin). This file is created after building	
	RZN2H_bsp_LED_3.bin.	
	See section 3.8 for detailed creation instructions.	
	The parameter file sets the following xSPI0 address space.	
	External flash address where the program is stored: 0x40040030	
	RAM address where the program is loaded: 0x00000000	

#### Table 3.12 User Application Program Set Up for RZ/N2H Cortex®-A55

File Name	Description
RZN2H_bsp_LED_3.bin	A user application program based on the Blinky sample application included in the Flexible Software Package RZ/N2H pack.
	See section 3.8 for detailed creation instructions.
	The program is assigned from 0x10040000 in the SystemRAM
	area.
	The following LEDs will light up at startup.
	User LED3: BSP_IO_PORT_31_PIN_6
parameter_RZN2H_bsp_LED_3.bin	Parameter for the user application program (RZN2H_bsp_LED_3.bin). This file is created after building RZN2H_bsp_LED_3.bin.
	See section 3.8 for detailed creation instructions.
	The parameter file sets the following xSPI0 address space.
	External flash address where the program is stored: 0x40094050
	RAM address where the program is loaded: 0x10040000



#### 3.5.1 Concatenate Program and Parameter

Use fwupdate\_utility.py to concatenate the Update program, SSBL including the parameter for the loader, and the parameter for the user application program. The concatenated data is programmed at the beginning of the external flash. See Table 5.18 for memory maps of the concatenated data.

Open a command prompt on the host PC and run the following command.

RZ/N2H Cortex®-R52:

[Only for multi-core configuration] You must specify both the user application parameters for CPU0 (-- param\_cpu\_core0) and the user application parameters for CPU1 (--param\_cpu\_core\_1).

The following command will generate initial\_image\_RZN2H\_xspi0.bin:

```
python fwupdate_utility.py setupfile --param_loader RZN2H_EVB_SSBL_xspi0.bin
--param_cpu_core_0 parameter_RZN2H_bsp_LED_3.bin --target_cpu cr52 --
update prog RZN2H EVB FWUpdate.bin -o initial image RZN2H xspi0.bin
```

RZ/N2H Cortex®-A55:

[Only for multi-core configuration] You must specify either the user application parameters for Core 1 (-param\_cpu\_core\_1), Core 2 (--param\_cpu\_core\_2) or Core 3 (--param\_cpu\_core\_3) along with the user application parameter for Core 0 (--param\_cpu\_core\_0).

The following command will generate initial\_image\_RZN2H\_xspi0.bin:

```
python fwupdate_utility.py setupfile --param_loader
RZN2H_EVB_CA55_SSBL_xspi0.bin --param_cpu_core_0
parameter_RZN2H_bsp_LED_3.bin --target_cpu ca55 --update_prog
RZN2H EVB CA55 FWUpdate.bin -o initial image RZN2H xspi0.bin
```

# 3.5.2 Program to Flash

Programming the update program and user application program are accomplished using device setup tool and sample program. Refer to chapter 2 in *RZ/T2, RZ/N2 Device Setup Guide for Flash boot* for the procedure.

1. Write program files to external flash on EVB using device\_setup.py. Open a command prompt on the host PC and run the following command.

The programmable area changes depending on the set boot mode. Please check 5.3.6 for boot modes and corresponding memory maps.

The initial image file (initial\_image\_RZ\*\_xspi0.bin) is programmed at the top of the external. The user application (RZ\*\_bsp\_LED\_\*.bin) is programmed with the flash address specified during parameter generation.

RZ/N2H Cortex®-R52:

```
> python device_setup.py writeflash --port COM4 --addr 40000000 -i
initial_image_RZN2H_xspi0.bin
writeflash : Setup success.
> python device_setup.py writeflash --port COM4 --addr 40040030 -i
RZN2H_bsp_LED_3.bin
writeflash : Setup success.
```



RZ/N2H Cortex®-A55:

```
> python device_setup.py writeflash --port COM4 --addr 40000000 -i
initial_image_RZN2H_xspi0.bin
writeflash : Setup success.
> python device_setup.py writeflash --port COM4 --addr 40094050 -i
RZN2H_bsp_LED_3.bin
writeflash : Setup success.
```

2. Set the SW on the EVB to the following, User DIP Switch DSW1-1 to OFF and press the reset button SW5.

After that, to confirm that the user application program starts and User LED3 on the board blinks.

RZ/N2H:		
SW	Setting	Description
DSW3.1	ON	xSPI0 boot mode (x1 boot Serial flash)
DSW3.2	ON	
DSW3.3	ON	
DSW3.4	OFF	Cortex®-R52 CPU0 ATCM 1 wait
DSW3.5	OFF	Cortex®-R52 CPU1 ATCM 1 wait
DSW3.6	OFF	Supply voltage of boot peripheral is 3.3 V
DSW3.7	ON	JTAG Authentication by Hash is disabled.







Figure 3.5 Location of User LEDs (LED3) for RZ/N2H



# 3.6 Update Program Configuration

IAR Embedded Workbench for ARM is used as the development environment of the update program.

Open the following workspace, select the update program project (RZ\*\_\*\_FWUpdate), and build the project.

RZ\*\_\*\_FWUpdate\_Rev\*\RZ\*\_\*\_FWUpdate.eww

In the default configuration, the update program is for xSPI0 boot mode and flash one plane. The configurations of the update program can be changed with the following files.

RZ\*\_\*\_FWUpdate\_Rev\*\src\fwupdate\_cfg.h

For RZ/N2L only, if you use 16-bit bus boot mode, you also need to change the sample program project settings by referring to Section 5.3.7.

The configuration of the update program is shown in Table 3.13.

Table 3.13 Configurations for update program

Configuration items	Configurable values	Description
FWUPDATE_CFG_BOOT_	BOOT_MODE_XSPI0	Default settings.
MODE_SELECT		Specified when using in xSPI0
		boot mode (x1 boot serial flash).
	BOOT_MODE_XSPI1	Specified when using in xSPI1
		boot mode (x1 boot serial flash).
	BOOT_MODE_NOR	Specified when using in 16-bit bus
		boot mode (NOR flash).
		Not supported on RZ/T2H and
		RZ/N2H.
FWUPDATE_CFG_FLASH	FLASH_MNG_AREA_SINGLE_BANK	Default settings.
_MNG_AREA		Specify when using the user
		application program area on the
		external flash for one plane
		management.
	FLASH_MNG_AREA_DUAL_BANK	Specify this when using the user
		application program area of the
		external flash for two plane
		management.

# 3.7 SSBL Configuration

IAR Embedded Workbench for ARM is used as the development environment of SSBL.

Open the following workspace, select the SSBL project (RZ\*\_\*\_SSBL), and build the project.

RZ\*\_\*\_SSBL\_Rev\*\RZ\*\_\*\_SSBL.eww

In the default configuration, the update program is for xSPI0 boot mode, single core, and flash one plane. The configurations of the SSBL can be changed with the following files.

RZ\*\_\*\_SSBL\_Rev\*\src\ssbl\_cfg.h

For RZ/N2L only, if you use 16-bit bus boot mode, you also need to change the sample program project settings by referring to Section 5.3.7.

[Only for multi-core configuration] If you want to run the user application on Cortex®-R52 CPU1 or Cortex®-A55 Core 1, Core 2, and Core 3, you will need SSBL that has been changed to multi-core settings.



The configuration of SSBL is shown in Table 3.14.

#### Table 3.14 Configurations for SSBL

Configuration items	Configurable values	Description
SSBL_CFG_BOOT_MODE _SELECT	BOOT_MODE_XSPI0	Default settings. Specified when using in xSPI0 boot mode (x1 boot serial flash).
	BOOT_MODE_XSPI1	Specified when using in xSPI1 boot mode (x1 boot serial flash).
	BOOT_MODE_NOR	Specified when using in 16-bit bus boot mode (NOR flash). Not supported on RZ/T2H and RZ/N2H
SSBL CEG OPERATING	SINGLE CORE	Default settings
CORE_MODE		Single-core configuration. Specify when using as a single core.
	MULTI_CORE	Multi-core configuration. Specify when using as Cortex®-R52 dual core or Cortex®-A55 multi core.
SSBL_CFG_MULTI_CORE _CA55_CORE_1 <sup>Note</sup>	DISABLE	Default settings. Disables user application launch on Cortex®-A55 Core 1.
	ENABLE	Enables user application launch on Cortex®-A55 Core 1.
SSBL_CFG_MULTI_CORE _CA55_CORE_2 <sup>Note</sup>	DISABLE	Default settings. Disables user application launch on Cortex®-A55 Core 2.
	ENABLE	Enables user application launch on Cortex®-A55 Core 2.
SSBL_CFG_MULTI_CORE _CA55_CORE_3 Note	DISABLE	Default settings. Disables user application launch on Cortex®-A55 Core 3.
	ENABLE	Enables user application launch on Cortex®-A55 Core 3.
SSBL_CFG_FLASH_MNG_ AREA	FLASH_MNG_AREA_SINGLE_BANK	Default settings. Specify when using the user application program area on the external flash for one plane management.
	FLASH_MNG_AREA_DUAL_BANK	Specify this when using the user application program area of the external flash for two plane management.

Note This config is used when SSBL\_CFG\_OPERATING\_CORE\_MODE is MULTI\_CORE and the operating core is Cortex®-A55 core.

After building SSBL (RZ\*\_RSK\_SSBL.bin), generate parameter for the loader for SSBL (hereinafter referred to as parameter for SSBL).

The SSBL program size (binary data size) must be a multiple of 512 bytes and less than the maximum size shown in Table 3.15. If the binary data size after the user program build is not a multiple of 512 bytes, add dummy data after the binary data to adjust it to a multiple of 512 bytes. For information on how to adjust the binary data to 512-byte units by adding project settings, refer to Section 3.3.7 in *RZ/T2, RZ/N2 Device Setup Guide for Flash boot (R01AN6471EJ*\*\*\*\*).



Parameter for SSBL is generated using the tool parameter\_generator.py, which is included in the sample program package for the *RZ/T2, RZ/N2 Device Setup Guide for Flash boot (R01AN6471EJ\*\*\*\*)*.

In section 3.7.1 to 3.7.6, the procedure for generating data that concatenates the parameter for SSBL and SSBL program is explained for each MCU type.

Products	First booting CPU core	Maximum user program size
RZ/T2M	Cortex®-R52	56 KB
RZ/T2L	Cortex®-R52	56 KB
RZ/N2L	Cortex®-R52	120 KB
RZ/T2H and RZ/N2H	Cortex®-R52	52 KB
	Cortex®-A55	2036 KB

Table 3.15	Maximum	user	program	size
------------	---------	------	---------	------

# 3.7.1 Concatenate SSBL and Parameter for RZ/T2M

The following shows an example of tool execution when xSPI0 address space flash is specified:

- External flash address where the program is stored (--src\_addr): 0x60000050
- RAM address where the program is loaded (--dest addr): 0x00102000

The following command generates RZT2M\_RSK\_SSBL\_xspi0.bin in which the parameter for the loader and the SSBL program are concatenated:

python parameter\_generator.py loader --mpu rzt2m --mode xspi0 --src\_addr 60000050 --dest\_addr 00102000 -i RZT2M\_RSK\_SSBL.bin -o RZT2M RSK SSBL xspi0.bin --concat loader

# 3.7.2 Concatenate SSBL and Parameter for RZ/T2L

The following shows an example of tool execution when xSPI0 address space flash is specified:

- External flash address where the program is stored (--src\_addr): 0x60000050
- RAM address where the program is loaded (--dest\_addr): 0x00102000

The following command generates RZT2L\_RSK\_SSBL\_xspi0.bin in which the parameter for the loader and the SSBL program are concatenated:

```
python parameter_generator.py loader --mpu rzt2l --mode xspi0 --src_addr
60000050 --dest_addr 00102000 -i RZT2L_RSK_SSBL.bin -o
RZT2L_RSK_SSBL_xspi0.bin --concat_loader
```

# 3.7.3 Concatenate SSBL and Parameter for RZ/N2L

The following shows an example of tool execution when xSPI0 address space flash is specified:

- External flash address where the program is stored (--src\_addr): 0x60000050
- RAM address where the program is loaded (--dest\_addr): 0x00102000

The following command generates RZN2L\_RSK\_SSBL\_xspi0.bin in which the parameter for the loader and the SSBL program are concatenated:

```
python parameter_generator.py loader --mpu rzn2l --mode xspi0 --src_addr
60000050 --dest_addr 00102000 -i RZN2L_RSK_SSBL.bin -o
RZN2L RSK SSBL xspi0.bin --concat loader
```



# 3.7.4 Concatenate SSBL and Parameter for RZ/T2H Cortex®-R52

The following shows an example of tool execution when xSPI0 address space flash is specified:

- External flash address where the program is stored (--src\_addr): 0x40000050
- RAM address where the program is loaded (--dest\_addr): 0x00102000

The following command generates RZT2H\_EVB\_SSBL\_xspi0.bin in which the parameter for the loader and the SSBL program are concatenated:

python parameter\_generator.py loader --mpu rzt2h\_r52 --mode xspi0 --src\_addr 40000050 --dest\_addr 00102000 -i RZT2H\_EVB\_SSBL.bin -o RZT2H EVB SSBL xspi0.bin --concat loader

#### 3.7.5 Concatenate SSBL and Parameter for RZ/T2H Cortex®-A55

The following shows an example of tool execution when xSPI0 address space flash is specified:

- External flash address where the program is stored (--src\_addr): 0x40000050
- RAM address where the program is loaded (--dest\_addr): 0x10000000

The following command generates RZT2H\_EVB\_SSBL\_xspi0.bin in which the parameter for the loader and the SSBL program are concatenated:

```
python parameter_generator.py loader --mpu rzt2h_a55 --mode xspi0 --src_addr
40000050 --dest_addr 10000000 -i RZT2H_EVB_CA55_SSBL.bin -o
RZT2H EVB SSBL xspi0.bin --concat loader
```

#### 3.7.6 Concatenate SSBL and Parameter for RZ/N2H Cortex®-R52

The following shows an example of tool execution when xSPI0 address space flash is specified:

- External flash address where the program is stored (--src\_addr): 0x40000050
- RAM address where the program is loaded (--dest\_addr): 0x00102000

The following command generates RZN2H\_EVB\_SSBL\_xspi0.bin in which the parameter for the loader and the SSBL program are concatenated:

```
python parameter_generator.py loader --mpu rzn2h_r52 --mode xspi0 --src_addr
40000050 --dest_addr 00102000 -i RZN2H_EVB_SSBL.bin -o
RZN2H EVB SSBL xspi0.bin --concat loader
```

#### 3.7.7 Concatenate SSBL and Parameter for RZ/N2H Cortex®-A55

The following shows an example of tool execution when xSPI0 address space flash is specified:

- External flash address where the program is stored (--src addr): 0x40000050
- RAM address where the program is loaded (--dest addr): 0x10000000

The following command generates RZN2H\_EVB\_SSBL\_xspi0.bin in which the parameter for the loader and the SSBL program are concatenated:

```
python parameter_generator.py loader --mpu rzn2h_a55 --mode xspi0 --src_addr
40000050 --dest_addr 10000000 -i RZN2H_EVB_CA55_SSBL.bin -o
RZN2H EVB SSBL xspi0.bin --concat loader
```

# 3.8 User Application Program Configuration

Create a user application program based on the Blinky sample application included in the Flexible Software Package RZ/T2M, RZ/T2L, RZ/T2H, RZ/N2L or RZ/N2H pack. For more information about FSP, please refer to RZ/T2, RZ/N2 Getting Started with Flexible Software Package.

Also refer to the sample project for the user application program included in this package.



Sample project for CPU0: RZ\*\_bsp\_LED\_x.zip

[Only for multi-core configuration]

Sample project for Cortex®-R52 CPU1: RZ\*\_bsp\_LED\_x\_CPU1.zip

Sample project for Cortex®-A55 Core\*: RZ\*\_bsp\_LED\_x\_CA55\_Core\*.zip

When using a sample project for Cortex®-R52 CPU1, be sure to unzip it to the same workspace or folder as the sample project for Cortex®-R52 CPU0.

When using a sample project for Cortex®-A55 Core 1, Core 2, or Core 3, be sure to unzip it to the same workspace or folder as the sample project for Cortex®-A55 Core 0.

1. Create Blinky sample application.

See section 5.2 "Tutorial Blinky" in RZ/T2, RZ/N2 Getting Started with Flexible Software Package for the creation instructions.

Project name example: RZT2M\_bsp\_LED\_0

The project name is an example for RZ/T2M. For RZ/T2L, RZ/T2H, RZ/N2L and RZ/N2H, read its MPU name instead.

Replace the LED number with the one you actually use. In the sample, LED0 is used for RZ/T2M, RZ/N2L and RZ/T2H, LED1 is used for RZ/T2L, and LED3 is used for RZ/N2H.

[Only for multi-core configuration] For user application programs for Cortex®-R52 CPU1 or Cortex®-A55 Core 1, Core 2, or Core 3, please note the following settings.

 Select Cortex®-R52 CPU1 or Cortex®-A55 Core 1, Core 2, or Core 3 by specifying "Core" when creating the project.

📴 Renesas RZ	/T C/C++ FSP Project		-
Renesas RZ/T	C/C++ FSP Project		
Device and To	ols Selection		
Device Selecti	on	Board Description	
FSP Version:	2.0.0 ~	Renesas Starter Kit+	for RZ/T2M CPU Board (RAM executior
Board:	:+RZT2M (RAM execution without flash memory) ~	flash memory)	
Device:	R9A07G075M24GBG		
Core:	CR52_1 ~	Device Details	
Language:	● C ○ C++	TrustZone	No
		Pins	320
		Processor	Cortex-R52
Toolchains		Debugger	
GNU ARM E	nbedded	J-Link ARM	
12.2.1.arm-12	-24 ~		

• An application for Cortex®-R52 CPU0 or Cortex®-A55 Core 0 is required. In the same workspace, select the application created earlier for Cortex®-R52 CPU0 or Cortex®-A55 Core 0.

Renesas RZ/T C/C++	FSP Project		
Freeding Project of 5	nan bunde seet ton		1
Preceding Project:	RZT2M_bsp_led		
O Smart Bundle:	choose this option in you have access to the project source code of the preceding processor core of	or security context	2
	Resolved location: Workspace Fil	le System	Varial
	Choose this option if you only have access to a Smart Bundle describing the configuration of the p security context.	receding processo	orco
Preceding Project/Sm	rt Bundle Details		
FSP version	2.0.0		
Toolchain	GNU ARM Embedded		



 Open the memory allocation configuration file and change the memory assignment. The area that can be used by application programs varies depending on the device. Table 3.16 shows the available areas.

Device	Core	Memory (address range)
RZ/T2M	CPU0	ATCM (0x00000000 – 0x0007FFFF)
	CPU1	SystemRAM (0x10000000 – 0x101FFFFF)
RZ/T2L	CPU0	ATCM (0x00000000 – 0x0007FFFF)
RZ/N2L	CPU0	ATCM (0x00000000 – 0x0001FFFF)
RZ/T2H Cortex®-R52,	CPU0	ATCM (0x00000000 – 0x0007FFFF)
RZ/N2H Cortex®-R52	CPU1	SystemRAM (0x10000000 – 0x101FFFFF)
RZ/T2H Cortex®-A55,	Core 0,	SystemRAM (0x10040000 – 0x101FFFFF)
RZ/N2H Cortex®-A55	Core 1,	DDR mirror (0xC0000000 – 0xFFFFFFF)
	Core 2,	
	Core 3	

Table 3.16	Operating area of	user application	program
------------	-------------------	------------------	---------

A modified example for EWARM and  $e^2$  studio of placing the start address of the user application program at 0x00000000 in the ATCM is shown below.

Change the following files in the user application project. EWARM: RZT2M\_bsp\_LED\_0\script\fsp\_ram\_execution.icf e<sup>2</sup> studio: RZT2M\_bsp\_LED\_0\script\fsp\_ram\_execution.Id This is the file path when the project name is for RZT2M. For RZ/T2L, RZ/N2L, RZ/T2H and RZ/N2H, read its MPU name instead.

[Only for multi-core configuration] For the user application program for Cortex®-R52 CPU1 or Cortex®-A55 Core 1, Core 2, or Core 3, it is located from SystemRAM or DDR mirror. Please replace the address ranges below with values that correspond to SystemRAM or DDR mirror and check the settings.

2-1. Change the program entry address to 0x00000000.

Please note that there is a difference in the number of lines to be modified between RZ/T2M, RZ/T2L, RZ/T2H, RZ/N2L and RZ/N2H. The only difference is the number of lines, the addresses and area specifications that need to be changed are the same.

fsp\_ram\_execution.icf lines 471-472 before modifying:

<pre>define symbolregion_D_LOADER_STACK_start</pre>	= LOADER_STACK_ADDRESS;
define symbolregion_D_LOADER_STACK_end	= LOADER_STACK_END_ADDRESS;

#### fsp\_ram\_execution.icf lines 471-472 After modifying:

<pre>define symbolregion_D_LOADER_STACK_start</pre>	= 0x00000000;
<pre>define symbolregion_D_LOADER_STACK_end</pre>	= 0x00007FFF;



#### fsp\_ram\_execution.ld lines 143-159 before modifying:

{	
	*(.loader_text)
	*/fsp/src/bsp/cmsis/Device/RENESAS/Source/*.o(.text*)
	*/fsp/src/bsp/mcu/all/*/bsp_irq_core.o(.text*)
	*/fsp/src/bsp/mcu/all/bsp_clocks.o(.text*)
	*/fsp/src/bsp/mcu/all/bsp_irq.o(.text*)
	*/fsp/src/bsp/mcu/all/bsp_semaphore.o(.text*)
	*/fsp/src/bsp/mcu/all/bsp_register_protection.o(.text*)
	*/fsp/src/bsp/mcu/all/bsp_cache.o(.text*)
	*/fsp/src/r_ioport/r_ioport.o(.text*)
	<pre>KEEP(*(.warm_start))</pre>
} >	LOADER STACK

#### fsp\_ram\_execution.ld lines 459 After modifying:



If you place your program in the ATCM, you must make the following changes to avoid build errors.

#### fsp\_ram\_execution.icf lines 845 before modifying:

place in D\_LOADER\_STACK\_region { last block BTCM\_END\_block };

#### fsp\_ram\_execution.icf lines 845 After modifying:

place in BTCM\_region { last block BTCM\_END\_block };

#### fsp\_ram\_execution.ld lines 459 before modifying:

\_\_ddsc\_BTCM\_END = (1 == \_RZT\_ORDINAL) && DEFINED(CR52\_0) ? \_\_AbtStackLimit : \_\_ddsc\_BTCM\_START;

#### fsp\_ram\_execution.ld lines 459 After modifying:

```
__ddsc_BTCM_END = (1 == _RZT_ORDINAL) && DEFINED(CR52_0) ? __ddsc_BTCM_START :
ddsc BTCM START;
```


## RZ/T2, RZ/N2

2-2. Place program code and static variables with initial values in ATCM. Place uninitialized variables and heap areas in ATCM or other space.

Please refer to the following files for setting examples.

Modifications may be required depending on the processing and size of the user application.

EWARM: RZ\*\_bsp\_LED\_x\script\fsp\_ram\_execution.icf

e<sup>2</sup> studio: RZ\*\_bsp\_LED\_x\script\fsp\_ram\_execution.ld

[Only for multi-core configuration]

For the user application program for Cortex®-R52 CPU1, please refer to the following file as a setting example.

EWARM: RZ\*\_bsp\_LED\_x\_CPU1\script\fsp\_ram\_execution.icf e<sup>2</sup> studio: RZ\*\_bsp\_LED\_x\_CPU1\script\fsp\_ram\_execution.ld

For the user application program for Cortex®-A55 Core 1, Core 2, or Core 3, please refer to the following file as a setting example. EWARM: RZ\*\_bsp\_LED\_x\_CA55\_Core\*\script\fsp\_ram\_execution.icf e<sup>2</sup> studio: RZ\*\_bsp\_LED\_x\_CA55\_Core\*\script\fsp\_ram\_execution.ld

Open the following file and modify the initialization process.
 RZT2M\_bsp\_LED\_0\rzt\fsp\src\bsp\cmsis\Device\RENESAS\Source\startup\_core.c
 This is the file path for RZ/T2M. For RZ/T2L, RZ/N2L, RZ/T2H and RZ/N2H read its MPU name instead.

[Only for multi-core configuration] For user application programs for Cortex®-R52 CPU1 or Cortex®-A55 Core 1, Core 2, or Core 3, the changes described here are not required.

3-1. For Cortex®-R52 projects:

Delete the following code.

Please note that there is a difference in the number of lines to be deleted between RZ/T2M, RZ/T2L, RZ/T2H, RZ/N2L and RZ/N2H. The only difference is the number of lines, the processing that needs to be deleted is the same.



#### startup\_core.c before modifying:

#### Lines 150-204

```
*****
* After boot processing, LSI starts executing here.
*****
*****
BSP_TARGET_ARM BSP_ATTRIBUTE_STACKLESS void system_init (void)
{
   __asm volatile (
       "set_hactlr:
                                           \n"
       " MOVW r0, %[bsp_hactlr_bit_1] \n" /* Set HACTLR bits(L) */
          MOVT r0, #0
                                           \n"
         MCR p15, #4, r0, c1, c0, #1 \n" /* Write r0 to HACTLR */
       ::[bsp_hactlr_bit_1] "i" (BSP_HACTLR_BIT_L) : "memory");
   __asm volatile (
       "set_hcr:
                                           \n"
       " MRC p15, #4, r1, c1, c1, #0 \n" /* Read Hyp Configuration Register */
          ORR r1, r1, %[bsp_hcr_hcd_disable] \n" /* HVC instruction disable */
       " MCR p15, #4, r1, c1, c1, #0 \n" /* Write Hyp Configuration Register */
       ::[bsp_hcr_hcd_disable] "i" (BSP_HCR_HCD_DISABLE) : "memory");
   asm volatile (
       "set vbar:
                                           \n"
       " LDR r0, =__Vectors
                                          \n"
      " MCR p15, #0, r0, c12, c0, #0 \n" /* Write r0 to VBAR */
      ::: "memory");
#if (0 == BSP_CFG_CORE_CR52) || (1 == BSP_FEATURE_BSP_HAS_CR52_CPU1_LLPP)
   __asm volatile (
      "LLPP_access_enable:
                                           \n"
       /* Enable PERIPHPREGIONR (LLPP) */
                                          \n" /* PERIPHPREGIONR */
          MRC p15, #0, r1, c15, c0,#0
ORR r1, r1, #(0x1 << 1)
       ..
                                          \n" /* Enable PERIPHPREGIONR EL2 */
          ORR r1, r1, #(0x1)
                                           \n" /* Enable PERIPHPREGIONR EL1 and EL0 */
                                           \n" /* Ensuring memory access complete */
          DSB
          MCR p15, #0, r1, c15, c0,#0
                                           \n" /* PERIPHREGIONR */
           ISB
                                           \n" /* Ensuring Context-changing */
       ::: "memory");
#endif
   __asm volatile (
       "cpsr_save:
                                           \n"
                                           \n" /* Original PSR value */
        MRS r0, CPSR
       " BIC r0, r0, %[bsp_mode_mask] \n" /* Clear the mode bits */
" ORR r0, r0, %[bsp_svc_mode] \n" /* Set SVC mode bits */
" MCD SDCD hum r0
       " MSR SPSR_hyp, r0
                                          \n"
       ::[bsp_mode_mask] "i" (BSP_MODE_MASK), [bsp_svc_mode] "i" (BSP_SVC_MODE) : "memory");
    asm volatile (
       "exception_return:
                                           \n"
       ...
         LDR r1, =stack_init
                                           \n"
       " MSR ELR_hyp, r1
                                           ∖n"
       " ERET
                                          \n" /* Branch to stack_init and enter EL1 */
      ::: "memory");
1
```



startup\_core.c after modifying: Lines 150-204

startup\_core.c before modifying:

Lines 268-273

```
#if __FPU_USED
    /* Initialize FPU and Advanced SIMD setting */
    bsp_fpu_advancedsimd_init();
#endif
```

startup\_core.c after modifying: Lines 268-273

Change the code shown before modifying in startup\_core.c to the code shown after modifying. Please note that there is a difference in the number of lines to be modified between RZ/T2M, RZ/T2L, RZ/T2H, RZ/N2L and RZ/N2H. The only difference is the number of lines, the processing that needs to be changed is the same.

startup\_core.c before modifying:

Lines 235-236

BSP\_TARGET\_ARM BSP\_ATTRIBUTE\_STACKLESS void stack\_init (void)
{

startup\_core.c after modifying:

Lines 235-256



## 3-2. For Cortex®-A55 projects:

Delete the following code.

#### startup\_core.c before modifying:

#### Lines 277-301

```
BSP_ATTRIBUTE_STACKLESS void system_init (void)
{
    /* Set Vector Base Address Register (VBAR) to point to initializer routine */
   __asm volatile (
       "LDR x0, =__Vectors
                                               \n"
                                               \n"
       "MSR VBAR_EL3, x0
                                               \n"
       "MSR VBAR EL2, x0
       "MSR VBAR_EL1, x0
                                               \n"
       ::: "memory");
   /\,\star\, Top of level system control init at each EL level
    * Stop the following systems
    \star MMU, cache, and some memory control system, Tag check fault, pointer authentication \star/
    _asm volatile (
                                               \n"
       "MOV x0, #0
       "MSR SCTLR EL3, x0
                                               \n"
                                               \n"
       "MSR SCTLR_EL2, x0
       "MSR SCTLR EL1, x0
                                              \n"
       ::: "memory");
   /* Setting up Stack Area (EL3) */
    __asm volatile (
       "MOV x1, %0 \n"
       "MOV sp, x1 \n"
       ::"r" (BSP_STACK_LIMIT) : "memory");
```

#### startup\_core.c after modifying: Lines 277-291

```
BSP_ATTRIBUTE_STACKLESS void system_init (void)
{
   /* Set Vector Base Address Register (VBAR) to point to initializer routine */
   __asm volatile (
       "LDR x0, =__Vectors
                                              \n"
       "MSR VBAR EL3, x0
                                              \n"
       "MSR VBAR EL2, x0
                                              \n"
       "MSR VBAR EL1, x0
                                              \n"
       ::: "memory");
   /* Setting up Stack Area (EL3) */
   asm volatile (
       "MOV x1, %0 \n"
       "MOV sp, x1 \n"
       ::"r" (BSP STACK_LIMIT) : ___memory");
```



4. Change the project settings to output the user application program in binary format. Select the project option and select the output converter in the category list.

#### EWARM:

Select the project option and select the output converter in the category list.

Check [Generate additional output] on the Output tab, select [Raw binary] and enter the output file name.

Category:		Factory Settings
General Options		
Static Analysis		
Runtime Checking	Output	
C/C++ Compiler	ouput	
Assembler	Generate additional output	
Output Converter		
Custom Build	Output <u>f</u> ormat:	
Build Actions	Raw binary ~	
Linker	num binary	
Debugger	Output file	
Simulator	Override default	
CADI		
CMSIS DAP	RZT2M_bsp_LED_0.bin	
GDB Server		
I-jet		
J-Link/J-Trace		
TI Stellaris		
Nu-Link		
PE micro		
ST-LINK		
Third-Party Driver		
TT MOD FET		

### e<sup>2</sup> studio:

Select the project properties and select Settings under C/C++ Build. Select "Cross ARM GUN Create Flash Image" on the "Tool Setting" tab and change the Output file format to "Raw binary".

Properties for RZT2M_bsp_	LED_0		- 🗆 X
type filter text	Settings		
<ul> <li>&gt; Resource</li> <li>Builders</li> <li><ul> <li>C/C++ Build</li> <li>Build Variables</li> <li>Environment</li> <li>Logging</li> <li>Settings</li> </ul> <li>Settings</li> </li></ul>	Configuration: Debug [ Active ]	🎤 Build Steps 🙅 Build Artifact 🔛 Binary Pars	Manage Configurations  ers S Error Parsers
Tool Chain Editor	Target Processor	Output file format (-O) Raw binary	· ·
> C/C++ General Project Natures Project References	Warnings Debugging	Section: -j .text	
Project References Renesas QE Run/Debug Settings Task Tags > Validation	<ul> <li>S Cross ARM GNU Assembler</li> <li>Preprocessor</li> <li>Includes</li> <li>Warnings</li> <li>Miscellaneous</li> <li>S Cross ARM C Compiler</li> <li>Preprocessor</li> <li>Includes</li> <li>Optimization</li> <li>Warnings</li> <li>Miscellaneous</li> <li>S Cross ARM C Linker</li> <li>General</li> <li>Libraries</li> </ul>	Other sections (-j)	ି <b>ହି ଛି</b> ଭିନ୍ତି ହି  ହା
	Miscellaneous     Other     マ いてのなるARM GNU Create Flash Imag     逆 General     マ 歌 Cross ARM GNU Print Size     逐 General	Other flags e	ବି <b>ଛି</b> କ୍ରି ନି¦ ନୁ  •
?		н	Apply and Close Cancel



 Open the following file and change the sample processing. RZT2M\_bsp\_LED\_0\src\hal\_entry.c This is the file path for RZ/T2M. For RZ/T2L, RZ/N2L, RZ/T2H and RZ/N2H read its MPU name instead.

Add processing as a user application program to the opened file. The generated code contains the processing to blink the LED. The code for RZT2M is below, but RZ/T2L, RZ/N2L, RZ/T2H and RZ/N2H also include the process of blinking the LED.

hal\_entry.c lines 50-67:

```
/* This code uses BSP IO functions to show how it is used.*/
/* Turn off LEDs */
for (uint32_t i = 0; i < leds.led_count; i++)
{
    R_BSP_PinClear((bsp_io_region_t) leds.p_leds[i][1], (bsp_io_port_pin_t) leds.p_leds[i][0]);
}
while (1)
{
    /* Toggle board LEDs */
    for (uint32_t i = 0; i < leds.led_count; i++)
    {
        R_BSP_PinToggle((bsp_io_region_t) leds.p_leds[i][1], (bsp_io_port_pin_t) leds.p_leds[i][0]);
    }
    /* Delay */
        R_BSP_SoftwareDelay(delay, bsp_delay_units);
    }
</pre>
```

The LED is defined in the following file. Blinks the LED defined here. RZT2M\_bsp\_LED\_0\rzt\board\rzt2m\_rsk\board\_leds.c This is the file path for RZ/T2M\_For RZ/T2L\_RZ/N2L\_RZ/T2H and RZ/N2

This is the file path for RZ/T2M. For RZ/T2L, RZ/N2L, RZ/T2H and RZ/N2H read its MPU name instead. board\_leds.c lines 37-48:

```
static const uint32_t g_bsp_prv_leds[][2] =
{
    #if defined(BSP_CFG_CORE_CR52)
    #if (0 == BSP_CFG_CORE_CR52)
        {(uint32_t) BSP_I0_PORT_19_PIN_6, (uint32_t) BSP_I0_REGION_SAFE}, ///< LED0(Green)
        {(uint32_t) BSP_I0_PORT_19_PIN_4, (uint32_t) BSP_I0_REGION_SAFE} ///< LED1(Yellow)
    #elif (1 == BSP_CFG_CORE_CR52)
        {(uint32_t) BSP_I0_PORT_20_PIN_0, (uint32_t) BSP_I0_REGION_SAFE}, ///< LED2(Red)
        {(uint32_t) BSP_I0_PORT_23_PIN_4, (uint32_t) BSP_I0_REGION_SAFE} ///< LED3(Red)
    #endif
    #endif
};</pre>
```



#### 6. Build the project.

#### EWARM:

### Select [Project]-[Rebuild All] from the EWARM menu.

PZT2M\_bsp\_LED\_0 - IAR Embedded Workbench IDE - Arm 9.30.1



### e<sup>2</sup> studio:

Select [Project]-[Build All] from the e<sup>2</sup> studio menu.



7. After the build is completed, the extension "bin" file is generated.

After building the application program (RZ\*\_bsp\_LED\_\*.bin), generate parameter for the user application program (hereinafter referred to as parameter for application).

The parameter for application is generated using the tool parameter\_generator.py, which is included in the sample program package for the *RZ/T2, RZ/N2 Device Setup Guide for Flash boot (R01AN6471EJ\*\*\*\*)*.

In section 3.8.1 to 3.8.6, the procedure for generating the parameter for application is explained for each MCU type.

## 3.8.1 Generate Parameter for Application for RZ/T2M

Generates parameter for the user application program (RZT2M\_bsp\_LED\_0.bin).



The following shows an example of tool execution when xSPI0 address space flash is specified:

External flash address where the program is stored (--src\_addr): 0x60040030

RAM address where the program is loaded (--app\_start\_addr): 0x00000000

[Only for multi-core configuration] For the user application program for CPU1, set the load destination address (--dest\_addr) to 0x10000000 of the SystemRAM.

The following command generates parameter\_RZT2M\_bsp\_LED\_0.bin:

python parameter\_generator.py userapp --src\_addr 60040030 --app\_start\_addr 00000000 -i RZT2M bsp LED 0.bin -o parameter RZT2M bsp LED 0.bin

### 3.8.2 Generate Parameter for Application for RZ/T2L

Generates parameter for the user application program (RZT2L\_bsp\_LED\_1.bin).

The following shows an example of tool execution when xSPI0 address space flash is specified:

External flash address where the program is stored (--src\_addr): 0x60040030

RAM address where the program is loaded (--app\_start\_addr): 0x00000000

The following command generates parameter\_RZT2L\_bsp\_LED\_1.bin:

python parameter\_generator.py userapp --src\_addr 60040030 --app\_start\_addr 00000000 -i RZT2L bsp LED 1.bin -o parameter RZT2L bsp LED 1.bin

### 3.8.3 Generate Parameter for Application for RZ/N2L

Generates parameter for the user application program (RZN2L\_bsp\_LED\_0.bin).

The following shows an example of tool execution when xSPI0 address space flash is specified:

External flash address where the program is stored (--src\_addr): 0x60040030

RAM address where the program is loaded (--app\_start\_addr): 0x00000000

The following command generates parameter\_RZN2L\_bsp\_LED\_0.bin:

python parameter\_generator.py userapp --src\_addr 60040030 --app\_start\_addr 00000000 -i RZN2L bsp LED 0.bin -o parameter RZN2L bsp LED 0.bin

## 3.8.4 Generate Parameter for Application for RZ/T2H Cortex®-R52

Generates parameter for the user application program (RZT2H\_bsp\_LED\_0.bin).

The following shows an example of tool execution when xSPI0 address space flash is specified:

External flash address where the program is stored (--src\_addr): 0x40040030

RAM address where the program is loaded (--app\_start\_addr): 0x00000000

[Only for multi-core configuration] For the user application program for CPU1, set the load destination address (--dest\_addr) to 0x10000000 of the SystemRAM.



The following command generates parameter\_RZT2H\_bsp\_LED\_0.bin:

```
python parameter_generator.py userapp --src_addr 40040030 --app_start_addr 00000000 -i RZT2H bsp LED 0.bin -o parameter RZT2H bsp LED 0.bin
```

## 3.8.5 Generate Parameter for Application for RZ/T2H Cortex®-A55

Generates parameter for the user application program (RZT2H\_bsp\_LED\_0.bin).

The following shows an example of tool execution when xSPI0 address space flash is specified:

External flash address where the program is stored (--src\_addr): 0x40094050

RAM address where the program is loaded (--app\_start\_addr): 0x10040000

The following command generates parameter\_RZT2H\_bsp\_LED\_0.bin:

```
python parameter_generator.py userapp --src_addr 40094050 --app_start_addr
10040000 -i RZT2H bsp LED 0.bin -o parameter RZT2H bsp LED 0.bin
```

### 3.8.6 Generate Parameter for Application for RZ/N2H Cortex®-R52

Generates parameter for the user application program (RZN2H\_bsp\_LED\_3.bin).

The following shows an example of tool execution when xSPI0 address space flash is specified:

External flash address where the program is stored (--src\_addr): 0x40040030

RAM address where the program is loaded (--app\_start\_addr): 0x00000000

[Only for multi-core configuration] For the user application program for CPU1, set the load destination address (--dest\_addr) to 0x10000000 of the SystemRAM.

The following command generates parameter\_RZN2H\_bsp\_LED\_3.bin:

```
python parameter_generator.py userapp --src_addr 40040030 --app_start_addr
00000000 -i RZN2H_bsp_LED_3.bin -o parameter_RZN2H_bsp_LED_3.bin
```

### 3.8.7 Generate Parameter for Application for RZ/N2H Cortex®-A55

Generates parameter for the user application program (RZN2H\_bsp\_LED\_3.bin).

The following shows an example of tool execution when xSPI0 address space flash is specified:

External flash address where the program is stored (--src\_addr): 0x40094050

RAM address where the program is loaded (--app\_start\_addr): 0x10040000

The following command generates parameter\_RZN2H\_bsp\_LED\_3.bin:

python parameter\_generator.py userapp --src\_addr 40094050 --app\_start\_addr 10040000 -i RZN2H bsp LED 3.bin -o parameter RZN2H bsp LED 3.bin



## 4. Applying Firmware Updates

The procedure for updating user application programs using the firmware update system configured as described in section 3 is as follows.

First, set up the host PC as described in 4.1, and then update the program or programs as described in 4.2.

## 4.1 Host PC Setup

### 4.1.1 Tool Setup

Copy fwupdate\_utility.py and fwupdate.py to a location of your choice on the host PC.

Next, install Python 3.8 on the host PC.

To install Python 3.8, download the Python 3.8 installer from the URL below and run it.

https://www.python.org/downloads/windows/

The tools fwupdate\_utility.py and fwupdate.py are intended to be run on a Windows system with Python 3.8 installed. Their operation has been confirmed on systems running Windows 10.

Run the following command to view help on using fwupdate\_utility.py:

fwupdate\_utility.py -h

Run the following command to view help on using fwupdate.py:

fwupdate.py -h

### 4.1.2 Network Adapter Settings

In order to use fwupdate.py to send update files to a RZ/T2M, RZ/T2L, RZ/T2H, RZ/N2L or RZ/N2H device, the host PC and the device must be connected to the same network. Table 4.1 lists the address settings for the device and the host PC.

#### Table 4.1 Update Environment Address Settings

Device	IP Address	Net Mask
RZ/T2M, RZ/T2L, RZ/T2H, RZ/N2L	192.168.10.100	255.255.255.0
or RZ/N2H device		
Host PC	192.168.10.10	255.255.255.0



Example host PC network adapter settings are shown below (example of settings on Windows 10).

- 1. Open the network adapter properties window on the host PC.
- 2. Select Internet Protocol Version (TCP/IPv4) and open the properties window.



3. In the Use following IP address section, enter settings for the IP address and subnet mask, then click the OK button.

Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)	Properties	×		
General				
You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IP settings.				
Obtain an IP address automatical	У	_		
Use the following IP address:				
IP address:	192 . 168 . 10 . 10			
Subnet mask:	255.255.255.0			
Default gateway:				
Obtain DNS server address autom	natically	-		
• Use the following DNS server add	resses:			
Preferred DNS server:				
Alternate DNS server:				
Ualidate settings upon exit	Advanced			
	OK Cancel			



# 4.2 Update Procedure

The procedure for updating the user application program using the firmware update system configured on the RSK+ is described below. If your system has not yet been configured as described in section 3, first complete the system configuration before proceeding.

Table 4.2 shows the environment required to update programs on the RZ/T2M, RZ/T2L, RZ/N2L, RZ/T2H or RZ/N2H.

#### Table 4.2 Update Environment

Name	Remarks
Evaluation board	RZ/T2M RSK+, RZ/T2L RSK+, RZ/N2L RSK+, RZ/T2H EVB or
USB cable	1 (Type-C, type-A)
Ether cable	
Host PC	Operation confirmed on Windows 10.
fwupdate_utility.py	Update file generator tool
fwupdate.py	Update files send tool

## 4.2.1 Update Procedure for RZ/T2M

Table 4.3 lists the user application programs to be updated for RZ/T2M.

Table 4.3	User Application	Programs to be	Updated for RZ/T2M
			opuatea ioi iali i

File Name	Description
RZT2M_bsp_LED_1.bin	A user application program based on the Blinky sample application
	included in the Flexible Software Package RZ/12M pack.
	See section 3.8 for detailed creation instructions. Note
	The program is assigned from 0x00000000 in the ATCM area.
	The following LEDs will light up at startup.
	User LED1: BSP_IO_PORT_19_PIN_4
parameter_RZT2M_bsp_LED_1.bin	Parameter for the user application program
	(RZT2M_bsp_LED_1.bin). This file is created after building
	RZT2M_bsp_LED_1.bin.
	See section 3.8 for detailed creation instructions. Note
	The parameter file sets the following xSPI0 address space.
	External flash address where the program is stored: 0x60050000
	RAM address where the program is loaded: 0x00000000

Note The explanation of 3.8 is about RZT2M\_bsp\_LED\_0, but please replace the file name and address with the user application program to be updated.

## 4.2.1.1 Creating Update File

Use fwupdate\_utility.py to create the update file (RZT2M\_bsp\_LED\_1.bin.fwup). Open a command prompt on the host PC and run the following command.

[Only for multi-core configuration] For user application programs for CPU1, specify "1" for the CPU specification option (--cpu\_core).



The following command will generate RZT2M\_bsp\_LED\_1.bin.fwup:

```
python fwupdate_utility.py updatefile --cpu_core 0 --param
parameter_RZT2M_bsp_LED_1.bin --write_addr 60050000 -i RZT2M_bsp_LED_1.bin -
o RZT2M bsp LED 1.bin.fwup
```

## 4.2.1.2 Applying Update

Connect the host PC to the RSK+ with an Ethernet cable. Ethernet uses ETH0 for RZ/T2M. The host PC must be set up as described in 4.1 beforehand.

Set SW3-1 to ON. Reset the device to boot with the update.



Figure 4.1 Location of User DIP Switch (SW3-1), ETH0 and User LEDs (LED1) for RZ/T2M

- 1. Set SW3-1 to ON. After setting, press the reset button S3 on RSK+.
- 2. Use fwupdate.py to transfer the update file to the device. Open a command prompt on the host PC and run the following command.

The following command will transfer RZT2M\_bsp\_LED\_1.bin.fwup:

```
python fwupdate.py --ip_address 192.168.10.100 --udp_port 10001 --tcp_port
10000 -i RZT2M_bsp_LED_1.bin.fwup
```

3. When the device receives the update file and successfully updates the user application program, the following result is displayed at the command prompt:

192.168.10.100 Update success.



4. Set SW3-1 to OFF. After setting, press reset button S3 on RSK+ to launch the updated user application program. For RZT2M, User LED3 on the board blinks.

# 4.2.2 Update Procedure for RZ/T2L

Table 4.4 lists the user application programs to be updated for RZ/T2L.

Table 4.4	User Application	Programs to be U	pdated for RZ/T2L
	Ober Application	i rograms to be o	pulled for the the

File Name	Description
RZT2L_bsp_LED_3.bin	A user application program based on the Blinky sample application
	included in the Flexible Software Package RZ/T2L pack.
	See section 3.8 for detailed creation instructions. Note
	The program is assigned from 0x00000000 in the ATCM area.
	The following LEDs will light up at startup.
	User LED3: BSP_IO_PORT_18_PIN_1
parameter_RZT2L_bsp_LED_3.bin	Parameter for the user application program
	(RZT2L_bsp_LED_3.bin). This file is created after building
	RZT2L_bsp_LED_3.bin.
	See section 3.8 for detailed creation instructions. Note
	The following OSPI flash addresses are set in the parameter file.
	External flash address where the program is stored: 0x60050000
	RAM address where the program is loaded: 0x00000000

Note The explanation of 3.8 is about RZT2M\_bsp\_LED\_0, but please replace the file name and address with the user application program to be updated.

## 4.2.2.1 Creating Update File

Use fwupdate\_utility.py to create the update file (RZT2L\_bsp\_LED\_3.bin.fwup). Open a command prompt on the host PC and run the following command.

The following command will generate RZT2L\_bsp\_LED\_3.bin.fwup:

```
python fwupdate_utility.py updatefile --cpu_core 0 --param
parameter_RZT2L_bsp_LED_3.bin --write_addr 60050000 -i RZT2L_bsp_LED_3.bin -
o RZT2L bsp LED 3.bin.fwup
```

# 4.2.2.2 Applying Update

Connect the host PC to the RSK+ with an Ethernet cable. Ethernet uses ETH2 for RZ/T2L. The host PC must be set up as described in 4.1 beforehand.

Set SW3-2 to ON. Reset the device to boot with the update.





Figure 4.2 Location of User DIP Switch (SW3-2), ETH2 and User LEDs (LED3) for RZ/T2L

- 1. Set SW3-2 to ON. After setting, press the reset button S3 on RSK+.
- 2. Use fwupdate.py to transfer the update file to the device. Open a command prompt on the host PC and run the following command.

The following command will transfer RZT2L\_bsp\_LED\_3.bin.fwup:

```
python fwupdate.py --ip_address 192.168.10.100 --udp_port 10001 --tcp_port
10000 -i RZT2L bsp LED 3.bin.fwup
```

- 3. When the device receives the update file and successfully updates the user application program, the following result is displayed at the command prompt: 192.168.10.100 Update success.
- 4. Set SW3-2 to OFF. After setting, press reset button S3 on RSK+ to launch the updated user application program. For RZ/T2L, User LED3 on the board blinks.



## 4.2.3 Update Procedure for RZ/N2L

Table 4.5 lists the user application programs to be updated for RZ/N2L.

	Table 4.5	User Application	Programs to be	Updated for RZ/N2L
--	-----------	------------------	----------------	--------------------

File Name	Description
RZN2L_bsp_LED_3.bin	A user application program based on the Blinky sample application
	included in the Flexible Software Package RZ/N2L pack.
	See section 3.8 for detailed creation instructions. Note
	The program is assigned from 0x00000000 in the ATCM area.
	The following LEDs will light up at startup.
	User LED3: BSP_IO_PORT_17_PIN_3
parameter_RZN2L_bsp_LED_3.bin	Parameter for the user application program
	(RZN2L_bsp_LED_3.bin). This file is created after building
	RZN2L_bsp_LED_3.bin.
	See section 3.8 for detailed creation instructions. Note
	The parameter file sets the following xSPI0 address space.
	External flash address where the program is stored: 0x60050000
	RAM address where the program is loaded: 0x00000000

Note The explanation of 3.8 is about RZT2M\_bsp\_LED\_0, but please replace the file name and address with the user application program to be updated.

## 4.2.3.1 Creating Update File

Use fwupdate\_utility.py to create the update file (RZN2L\_bsp\_LED\_3.bin.fwup). Open a command prompt on the host PC and run the following command.

The following command will generate RZN2L\_bsp\_LED\_3.bin.fwup:

```
python fwupdate_utility.py updatefile --cpu_core 0 --param
parameter_RZN2L_bsp_LED_3.bin --write_addr 60050000 -i RZN2L_bsp_LED_3.bin -
o RZN2L_bsp_LED_3.bin.fwup
```

# 4.2.3.2 Applying Update

Connect the host PC to the RSK+ with an Ethernet cable. Ethernet uses ETH0 for RZ/N2L. The host PC must be set up as described in 4.1 beforehand.

Set SW3-1 to ON. Reset the device to boot with the update.





Figure 4.3 Location of User DIP Switch (SW3-1), ETH0 and User LEDs (LED3) for RZ/N2L

- 3. Set the User DIP Switch to ON. Use SW3-1 for RZ/N2L. After setting, press the reset button S3 on RSK+.
- 4. Use fwupdate.py to transfer the update file to the device. Open a command prompt on the host PC and run the following command.

The following command will transfer RZN2L\_bsp\_LED\_3.bin.fwup:

```
python fwupdate.py --ip_address 192.168.10.100 --udp_port 10001 --tcp_port
10000 -i RZN2L bsp LED 3.bin.fwup
```

- 3. When the device receives the update file and successfully updates the user application program, the following result is displayed at the command prompt: 192.168.10.100 Update success.
- 4. Set SW3-1 to OFF. After setting, press reset button S3 on RSK to launch the updated user application program. For RZ/N2L, User LED3 on the board blinks.



## 4.2.4 Update Procedure for RZ/T2H

Table 4.6 lists the user application programs to be updated for RZ/T2H Cortex®-R52. Table 4.7 lists the user application programs to be updated for RZ/T2H Cortex®-A55.

Table 4.6	User Application	Programs t	o be Updated	for RZ/T2H	Cortex®-R52
-----------	------------------	------------	--------------	------------	-------------

File Name	Description
RZT2H_bsp_LED_1.bin	A user application program based on the Blinky sample application
	included in the Flexible Software Package RZ/T2H pack.
	See section 3.8 for detailed creation instructions. Note
	The program is assigned from 0x00000000 in the ATCM area.
	The following LEDs will light up at startup.
	User LED1: BSP_IO_PORT_32_PIN_2
parameter_RZT2H_bsp_LED_1.bin	Parameter for the user application program
	(RZT2H_bsp_LED_1.bin). This file is created after building
	RZT2H_bsp_LED_1.bin.
	See section 3.8 for detailed creation instructions. Note
	The parameter file sets the following xSPI0 address space.
	External flash address where the program is stored: 0x40050000
	RAM address where the program is loaded: 0x00000000

Note The explanation of 3.8 is about RZT2H\_bsp\_LED\_0, but please replace the file name and address with the user application program to be updated.

#### Table 4.7 User Application Programs to be Updated for RZ/T2H Cortex®-A55

File Name	Description
RZT2H_bsp_LED_1.bin	A user application program based on the Blinky sample application
	included in the Flexible Software Package RZ/T2H pack.
	See section 3.8 for detailed creation instructions. Note
	The program is assigned from 0x10040000 in the SystemRAM
	area.
	The following LEDs will light up at startup.
	User LED1: BSP_IO_PORT_32_PIN_2
parameter_RZT2H_bsp_LED_1.bin	Parameter for the user application program
	(RZT2H_bsp_LED_1.bin). This file is created after building
	RZT2H_bsp_LED_1.bin.
	See section 3.8 for detailed creation instructions. Note
	The parameter file sets the following xSPI0 address space.
	External flash address where the program is stored: 0x400A0000
	RAM address where the program is loaded: 0x10040000

Note The explanation of 3.8 is about RZT2H\_bsp\_LED\_0, but please replace the file name and address with the user application program to be updated.

## 4.2.4.1 Creating Update File

Use fwupdate\_utility.py to create the update file (RZT2H\_bsp\_LED\_1.bin.fwup). Open a command prompt on the host PC and run the following command.

### RZ/T2H Cortex®-R52:

[Only for multi-core configuration] For user application programs for CPU1, specify "1" for the CPU specification option (--cpu\_core).



The following command will generate RZT2H\_bsp\_LED\_1.bin.fwup:

```
python fwupdate_utility.py updatefile --cpu_core 0 --param
parameter_RZT2H_bsp_LED_1.bin --write_addr 40050000 -i RZT2H_bsp_LED_1.bin -
o RZT2H bsp LED 1.bin.fwup
```

RZ/T2H Cortex®-A55:

[Only for multi-core configuration] For user application programs for Core 1, Core 2, or Core 3, specify one of "1" to "3" for the CPU specification option (--cpu\_core).

The following command will generate RZT2H\_bsp\_LED\_1.bin.fwup:

```
python fwupdate_utility.py updatefile --cpu_core 0 --param
parameter_RZT2H_bsp_LED_1.bin --write_addr 400A0000 -i RZT2H_bsp_LED_1.bin -
o RZT2H_bsp_LED_1.bin.fwup
```

### 4.2.4.2 Applying Update

Connect the host PC to the EVB with an Ethernet cable. Ethernet uses ETH0 for RZ/T2H. The host PC must be set up as described in 4.1 beforehand.

Set SW12-1 to ON. Reset the device to boot with the update.



Figure 4.4 Location of User DIP Switch (SW12-1), ETH0 and User LEDs (LED1) for RZ/T2H



- 1. Set SW12-1 to ON. After setting, press the reset button SW13 on EVB.
- 2. Use fwupdate.py to transfer the update file to the device. Open a command prompt on the host PC and run the following command.

The following command will transfer RZT2H\_bsp\_LED\_1.bin.fwup:

```
python fwupdate.py --ip_address 192.168.10.100 --udp_port 10001 --tcp_port
10000 -i RZT2H bsp LED 1.bin.fwup
```

- 3. When the device receives the update file and successfully updates the user application program, the following result is displayed at the command prompt: 192.168.10.100 Update success.
- 4. Set SW12-1 to OFF. After setting, press reset button SW13 on EVB to launch the updated user application program. For RZT2H, User LED1 on the board blinks.



## 4.2.5 Update Procedure for RZ/N2H

Table 4.8 lists the user application programs to be updated for RZ/N2H Cortex®-R52. Table 4.9 lists the user application programs to be updated for RZ/N2H Cortex®-A55.

Table 4.8	<b>User Application</b>	Programs to be U	pdated for RZ/N2H	Cortex®-R52
		0		

File Name	Description	
RZN2H_bsp_LED_4.bin	A user application program based on the Blinky sample application	
	included in the Flexible Software Package RZ/N2H pack.	
	See section 3.8 for detailed creation instructions. Note	
	The program is assigned from 0x00000000 in the ATCM area.	
	The following LEDs will light up at startup.	
	User LED4: BSP_IO_PORT_18_PIN_1	
parameter_RZN2H_bsp_LED_4.bin	Parameter for the user application program	
	(RZN2H_bsp_LED_4.bin). This file is created after building	
	RZN2H_bsp_LED_4.bin.	
	See section 3.8 for detailed creation instructions. Note	
	The parameter file sets the following xSPI0 address space.	
	External flash address where the program is stored: 0x40050000	
	RAM address where the program is loaded: 0x00000000	

Note The explanation of 3.8 is about RZN2H\_bsp\_LED\_3, but please replace the file name and address with the user application program to be updated.

#### Table 4.9 User Application Programs to be Updated for RZ/N2H Cortex®-A55

File Name	Description
RZN2H_bsp_LED_4.bin	A user application program based on the Blinky sample application
	included in the Flexible Software Package RZ/N2H pack.
	See section 3.8 for detailed creation instructions. Note
	The program is assigned from 0x10040000 in the SystemRAM
	area.
	The following LEDs will light up at startup.
	User LED4: BSP_IO_PORT_18_PIN_1
parameter_RZN2H_bsp_LED_4.bin	Parameter for the user application program
	(RZN2H_bsp_LED_4.bin). This file is created after building
	RZN2H_bsp_LED_4.bin.
	See section 3.8 for detailed creation instructions. Note
	The parameter file sets the following xSPI0 address space.
	External flash address where the program is stored: 0x400A0000
	RAM address where the program is loaded: 0x10040000

Note The explanation of 3.8 is about RZN2H\_bsp\_LED\_3, but please replace the file name and address with the user application program to be updated.

## 4.2.5.1 Creating Update File

Use fwupdate\_utility.py to create the update file (RZN2H\_bsp\_LED\_4.bin.fwup). Open a command prompt on the host PC and run the following command.

### RZ/N2H Cortex®-R52:

[Only for multi-core configuration] For user application programs for CPU1, specify "1" for the CPU specification option (--cpu\_core).



The following command will generate RZN2H\_bsp\_LED\_4.bin.fwup:

```
python fwupdate_utility.py updatefile --cpu_core 0 --param
parameter_RZN2H_bsp_LED_4.bin --write_addr 40050000 -i RZN2H_bsp_LED_4.bin -
o RZN2H_bsp_LED_4.bin.fwup
```

RZ/N2H Cortex®-A55:

[Only for multi-core configuration] For user application programs for Core 1, Core 2, or Core 3, specify one of "1" to "3" for the CPU specification option (--cpu\_core).

The following command will generate RZN2H\_bsp\_LED\_4.bin.fwup:

```
python fwupdate_utility.py updatefile --cpu_core 0 --param
parameter_RZN2H_bsp_LED_4.bin --write_addr 400A0000 -i RZN2H_bsp_LED_4.bin -
o RZN2H_bsp_LED_4.bin.fwup
```

### 4.2.5.2 Applying Update

Connect the host PC to the EVB with an Ethernet cable. Ethernet uses ETH0 for RZ/N2H. The host PC must be set up as described in 4.1 beforehand.

Set DSW1-1 to ON. Reset the device to boot with the update.



Figure 4.5 Location of User DIP Switch (DSW1-1), ETH0 and User LEDs (LED4) for RZ/N2H



- 1. Set DSW1-1 to ON. After setting, press the reset button SW5 on EVB.
- 2. Use fwupdate.py to transfer the update file to the device. Open a command prompt on the host PC and run the following command.

The following command will transfer RZN2H\_bsp\_LED\_4.bin.fwup:

```
python fwupdate.py --ip_address 192.168.10.100 --udp_port 10001 --tcp_port
10000 -i RZN2H bsp LED 4.bin.fwup
```

- 3. When the device receives the update file and successfully updates the user application program, the following result is displayed at the command prompt: 192.168.10.100 Update success.
- 4. Set DSW1-1 to OFF. After setting, press reset button SW5 on EVB to launch the updated user application program. User LED4 on the board blinks.



## 5. Sample Program

This package is provided as a set of sample program projects including source codes and tool body files in the execution format. This sample program projects and tools can be modified for each user environment.

In this section, the external specifications of the update program included in the sample program package are described in 5.1 and 5.2, and the implementation specifications of the update program are described in 5.3. In addition, the specifications of the tools used with the sample program are described in 5.4.

# 5.1 Update File Format

Figure 5.1 shows the update file format that can be handled by the update program.



Figure 5.1 Update File Format

At the start of the update file is information such as the size of the user application program and the write destination address in the external flash memory, stored in the form of a 72-byte update information block. Table 5.1 shows the format of the file information. The unit of the Offset and Size values listed in Table 5.1 is bytes.

The byte order of each field in the Update information shall be little-endian.



## Table 5.1 Update Information Format

Offset	Field	Size	Description				
0	Magic Number	4	Magic n	Magic number			
			Set ASCII code (0x75706469) for "updi"				
4	Reserved	8	Fixed 0				
12	Write Address	4	When fv	/update_utility.p	y is exe	cuted, set the external flash	
			address	to which the firm	mware s	pecified by the "write_addr" option	
			is writter	ז.			
16	Reserved	4	Fixed 0				
20	Image Size	4	Total siz	e of parameters	s for the	user application program and the	
			User ap	plication progra	m.		
24	Reserved	4	Fixed 0				
28	Update Target	4	Informat	ion required at	Update is	s set in a bit field.	
			Each bit	has the following	ng meani	ing.	
			bit Description				
			0-3 CPU cores to be updated.				
				0 (b0000) :	Cortex®	-R52 CPU0 or Cortex®-A55 Core 0	
			1 (b0001) : Cortex®-R52 CPU1 or Cortex®-A55 Core			-R52 CPU1 or Cortex®-A55 Core 1	
			2 (b0010) : Cortex®-A55 Core 2				
			3 (b0011) : Cortex®-A55 Core 3			-A55 Core 3	
			4	With or withou	t parame	eter file input.	
				0 : Without	paramete	er file	
				1 : With par	ameter f	ile	
32	TLV Length	4	Total by	te size of TLV fi	eld.		
			Fixed 0x00000024				
36	TLV field	36	Field consisting of Type&Length and Value				
			Offset	Field	Size	Description	
			0	Type&Length	4	Fixed 0x6000008	
			4	Value	32	Product name	



# 5.2 Communication Protocols of Update Program

Figure 5.2 illustrates the communication protocols of the update program running on the device when receiving an update file. The control packets included in the communication protocols are sent and received via UDP and TCP communication.



Figure 5.2 Communication Protocols of Update Program

Table 5.2 shows the format of the control packets sent and received by the update program. Note that the unit of the Offset and Size values shown below is bytes.

### Table 5.2 Control Packet Format

Offset	Field	Size	Value
0	Command Code	1	Command code
1	Dummy	3	Dummy (For alignment adjustment)
4	Payload size	4	Size of payload: n (little-endian)
8	Payload	n	Data of various types is stored here.

Table 5.3 lists the command codes of the control packets sent and received by the update program. The contents of the packets corresponding to each command code are described in 5.2.1 to 5.2.4.

### Table 5.3 Command Codes

Command Code	Value	Description	
START_UPDATE	0x11	Reports start of firmware update.	
FIRMWARE_DATA	0x12	Sends update file.	
ACK	0x81	Firmware update acknowledgement response	
NACK	0x82	Firmware update negative acknowledgement response	



# 5.2.1 START\_UPDATE

This firmware update start notification is received by the update program. The update program can receive this packet as a UDP broadcast or unicast.

## Table 5.4 Contents of START\_UPDATE Packet

Offset	Field	Size	Value
0	Command Code	1	0x11
1	Dummy	3	Dummy
4	Payload size	4	0x0000000

### 5.2.2 FIRMWARE\_DATA

This is the form in which the update program receives the update file. The update program receives this packet via TCP communication.

#### Table 5.5 Contents of FIRMWARE\_DATA

Offset	Field	Size	Value
0	Command Code	1	0x12
1	Dummy	3	Dummy
4	Payload size	4	n
8	Payload	n	Update file data

### 5.2.3 ACK

This acknowledge response is sent by the update program when a command is received successfully. It is sent via UDP in response to a START\_UPDATE packet and via TCP in response to a FIRMWARE\_DATA packet.

### Table 5.6 Contents of ACK

Offset	Field	Size	Value
0	Command Code	1	0x81
1	Dummy	3	Dummy
4	Payload size	4	0x0000000

### 5.2.4 NACK

This negative acknowledge response is sent by the update program when an error occurs when receiving a command. The update program sends this packet via TCP communication.



# Table 5.7 Contents of NACK

Offset	Field	Size	Value
0	Command Code	1	0x82
1	Dummy	3	Dummy
4	Payload size	4	0x0000001
8	Error code	1	<ul> <li>Error code</li> <li>Exceeding the maximum update file size: 0x01</li> <li>Update file verification failure: 0x02</li> <li>User application write failure: 0x03</li> <li>Parameter information writing failure: 0x04</li> <li>Key installation failure: 0x05</li> <li>Booting surface switching failure: 0x06</li> <li>Version update failure: 0x07</li> </ul>



# 5.3 Implementation Specifications of Update Program

## 5.3.1 Development Environment

Refer to RZ/T2, RZ/N2 Getting Started with Flexible Software Package.

## 5.3.2 File Structure

Table 5.8 and Table 5.9 list the main files contained in the firmware update sample program project.

#### Table 5.8 File Structure of Update Program

Folder Name	File Name	Description
RZ*_*_FWUpdate_Rev*\		
ŀ	*.jlink, *.launch, *project, *.eww, *.ewd, *.ewp	Project files
<del> </del>	*.pincfg, *.xml, *.ipcf	Flexible Software Package Files
-	rz*_cfg.txt	
- rz*\		
├- rz*_cfg\		
├- rz*_gen\		
├ script\	*.ld, *.icf	Memory allocation
└─ src\	*.c, *.h	Update program source code folder

### Table 5.9 File Structure of SSBL

Folder Name	File Name	Description
RZ*_*_SSBL_Rev*\		
L	*.jlink, *.launch, *project,	Project files
	*.eww, *.ewd, *.ewp	
-	*.pincfg, *.xml, *.ipcf	Flexible Software Package Files
	rz*_cfg.txt	
- rz*\		
├ rz*_cfg\		
- rz*_gen\		
- script\	*.ld, *.icf	Memory allocation
└─ src\	*.c, *.h	SSBL Source code folder



# 5.3.3 Functions

Table 5.10 lists the main functions defined in the update program, and Table 5.11 lists the main functions defined in the SSBL.

File Name	Function Name	Description
fwupdate.c	firmware_update	Main routine of firmware update
		processing
	check_updatefile	Update file confirmation processing
	write_user_application	Write user applications to flash
	write_param_info	Write parameter for the user application program to flash
	change_flash_mng_area	Update plane management area
	packet_handler	Packet analysis and firmware update
		control processing
crc32.c	calc_crc32	CRC32 calculation
fwupdate_thread_entry.c	fwupdate_thread_entry	Firmware update thread processing
net_thread_entry.c	net_thread_entry	FreeRTOS TCP
tcp_svr_thread_entry.c	tcp_svr_thread_entry	
udp_svr_thread_entry.c	udp_svr_thread_entry	
flash.c	write_to_qspi_area	QSPI flash memory driver
	read_to_qspi_area	
	write_to_ospi_area	OSPI flash memory driver
	read_to_ospi_area	]
	write_to_nor_area	NOR flash memory driver
	read_to_nor_area	

# Table 5.10 Functions of Update Program

## Table 5.11 Functions of SSBL

File Name	Function Name	Description
ssbl.c	second_application_boot_loader	Main routine of loader program
	load_user_application	Load the user application program
	load_user_application_for_multi	Load the user application program for multi
	_core	core
	load_update_program	Load the update program



## 5.3.4 Flowchart of Update Program Processing

Figure 5.3 is a flowchart showing the processing of the update program.



Figure 5.3 Flowchart of Update Program Processing

Details of the update program processing flowchart are described below.

(1) Receive Update File

Related function: packet\_handler (fwupdate.c)

UDP and TCP communication are used to receive the update file. Refer to 5.2 for the communication protocols used during update file reception.

(2) Check Update File

Related function: check\_updatefile (fwupdate.c)

The CRC of the update file is used to confirm that the file information and user application program data in the update file are not corrupt. The CRC of the file information area and user application program area is calculated using CRC32, and the result is compared to the CRC of the update file to confirm that there are no defects in the update file. If the comparison result is a match, processing jumps to (3) Write User Application Program and Parameter, and if the result is a mismatch, processing jumps to (9) Send Result (Failure).



(3) Write User Application Program and Parameter

Related function: write\_user\_application, write\_param\_info (fwupdate.c)

The user application program is written to the external flash memory. The *Write Address* contained in the update information of the update file is used as the write address. The *Image Size* contained in the file information of the update file minus the fixed length parameter size is used as the size of the user application program to be written.

(4) Check Write Result

Related function: write\_to\_qspi\_area, write\_to\_ospi\_area, write\_to\_nor\_area (flash.c) The data written to the external flash memory is read from the flash memory and checked against the original write data in the RAM to confirm that they match. The write result is success if they match and failure if they do not match. If the write result is success, processing jumps to (5) Is the Flash a One Plain Use?, and if the write result is failure, processing jumps to (9) Send Result (Failure).

(5) Is the Flash a One Plain Use?

Related function: firmware\_update (fwupdate.c)

Whether the flash is one-plane use or not is set in the firmware update configuration. If the flash is oneplane use, processing jumps to (8) Send Result (Success), and if the flash is two-plane use, processing jumps to (6) Set Plane Management Area.

(6) Set Plane Management Area

Related function: change\_flash\_mng\_area (fwupdate.c) Update the settings in the Plane Management Area on the flash to switch the startup plane at the next startup.

(7) Check Write Result

Related function: write\_to\_qspi\_area, write\_to\_ospi\_area, write\_to\_nor\_area (flash.c) The data written to the external flash memory is read from the flash memory and checked against the original write data in the RAM to confirm that they match. The write result is success if they match and failure if they do not match. If the write result is success, processing jumps to (8) Send Result (Success), and if the write result is failure, processing jumps to (9) Send Result (Failure).

(8) Send Result (Success)

Related function: packet\_handler (fwupdate.c) An ACK packet is transmitted.

## (9) Send Result (Failure)

Related function: packet\_handler (fwupdate.c)

A NACK packet is transmitted. In addition, an error code is appended indicating a file error, if an error occurred in (2) Check Update File, or indicating a write error, if an error occurred in (4) and (7) Check Write Result.

# 5.3.5 Memory Maps for RSK+

Table 5.12, Table 5.13, Table 5.14 and Table 5.15 show memory maps for the sample program using RSK+.

In the table the Update Target column indicates memory areas that can be updated using the update program. Areas with a check mark ( $\checkmark$ ) in the Update Target column can be updated using the update program. Areas with a check mark ( $\checkmark$ ) in the Initial Image column can be concatenated using fwupdate\_utility.py.



# Table 5.12 Memory Map

Memory Type	Address	Size	Description
ATCM Note	0x0000000 -	-	User application program area, Update program area
BTCM Note	0x00100000 - 0x00101FFF	8 KB	Boot loader area
	0x00102000 -	-	SSBL area
System RAM Note	0x1000000 -	-	User application program area, Update program RAM area
External Memory (xSPl0)	0x60000000 - 0x63FFFFF	64 MB	User application program area (RZ/T2M RSK+ and RZ/N2L RSK+ have QSPI flash, RZ/T2L RSK+ has Octa flash)
External Memory (xSPI1)	0x68000000 - 0x68FFFFFF	16 MB	User application program area (RZ/T2L RSK+ has QSPI flash)
External Memory (CS0)	0x70000000 - 0x71FFFFFF	32 MB	User application program area (RZ/T2M RSK+ and RZ/N2L RSK+ have NOR Flash)

Note The size of the RAM area varies depending on the product.

## Table 5.13 Memory Map for the xSPI0 Flash in xSPI0 Boot Mode

Memory				Initial	Update
Туре	Address	Size	Description	Image	Target
xSPI0	0x60000000 - 0x6000004F	80 Byte	Area for the parameter for	$\checkmark$	-
(64MB)			the loader		
	0x60000050 - 0x6000704F	28 KB	SSBL area	$\checkmark$	-
	0x60007050 - 0x6003FFFF	227 KB	Update program area	✓	-
	0x60040000 - 0x6004000F	16 Byte	Area for the parameter for	✓	✓
			the user application		
			program (CPU0)		
	0x60040010 - 0x6004001F	16 Byte	Area for the parameter for	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
			the user application		
			program (CPU1)		
	0x60040020 - 0x6004002F	16 Byte	Plane management area	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
	0x60040030 - 0x63FFFFFF	63 MB	Area for User application	-	$\checkmark$
			program		

### Table 5.14 Memory Map for the xSPI1 Flash in xSPI1 Boot Mode

Memory				Initial	Update
Туре	Address	Size	Description	Image	Target
xSPI1	0x68000000 - 0x6800004F	80 Byte	Area for the parameter for	✓	-
(16MB)			the loader		
	0x68000050 - 0x6800704F	28 KB	SSBL area	✓	-
	0x68007050 - 0x6803FFFF	227 KB	Update program area	✓	-
	0x68040000 - 0x6804000F	16 Byte	Area for the parameter for	✓	✓
			the user application		
			program (CPU0)		
	0x68040010 - 0x6804001F	16 Byte	Area for the parameter for	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
			the user application		
			program (CPU1)		
	0x68040020 - 0x6804002F	16 Byte	Plane management area	✓	✓
	0x68040030 - 0x68FFFFF	15 MB	Area for User application	-	✓
			program		



Memory				Initial	Update
Туре	Address	Size	Description	Image	Target
CS0	0x70000000 - 0x7000004F	80 Byte	Area for the parameter for	✓	-
(32MB)			the loader		
	0x70000050 - 0x7000704F	28 KB	SSBL area	$\checkmark$	-
	0x70007050 - 0x7003FFFF	227 KB	Update program area	✓	-
	0x70040000 - 0x7004000F	16 Byte	Area for the parameter for the user application program (CPU0)	~	<b>√</b>
	0x70040010 - 0x7004001F	16 Byte	Area for the parameter for the user application program (CPU1)	~	<b>√</b>
	0x70040020 - 0x7004002F	16 Byte	Plane management area	✓	✓
	0x70040030 - 0x71FFFFFF	31 MB	Area for User application program	-	✓

### Table 5.15 Memory Map for the NOR CS0 Flash in 16-bit Bus Boot Mode

### 5.3.6 Memory Maps for EVB

Table 5.16, Table 5.17, Table 5.18, Table 5.19, Table 5.20 and Table 5.21 show memory maps for the sample program using EVB.

In table the Update Target column indicates memory areas that can be updated using the update program. Areas with a check mark ( $\checkmark$ ) in the Update Target column can be updated using the update program. Areas with a check mark ( $\checkmark$ ) in the Initial Image column can be concatenated using fwupdate\_utility.py.

Memory Type	Address	Size	Description
ATCM	0x00000000 - 0x0007FFFF	512 KB	User application program area,
			Update program area
BTCM	0x00100000 - 0x0010FFFF	64 KB	Boot loader area, SSBL area
System RAM	0x10000000 - 0x101FFFFF	2.0 MB	User application program area,
			Update program RAM area
External Memory	0x40000000 - 0x43FFFFFF	64 MB	User application program area
(xSPI0)			(EVB has Octa flash 64 M Byte)
External Memory	0x50000000 - 0x50FFFFFF	16 MB	User application program area
(xSPI1)			(EVB has QSPI flash 16 M Byte)

### Table 5.16 Memory Map for Cortex®-R52

#### Table 5.17Memory Map for Cortex®-A55

Memory Type	Address	Size	Description
System RAM	0x10000000 - 0x101FFFFF	2.0 MB	SSBL area,
			User application program area,
			Update program area
External Memory	0x40000000 - 0x43FFFFFF	64 MB	User application program area
(xSPI0)			(EVB has Octa flash 64 M Byte)
External Memory	0x50000000 - 0x50FFFFFF	16 MB	User application program area
(xSPI1)			(EVB has QSPI flash 16 M Byte)
DDR mirror	0xC0000000 - 0xFFFFFFFF	1.0 GB	User application program area,
			Update program RAM area



## Table 5.18 Memory Map for the xSPI0 Flash in xSPI0 Boot Mode for Cortex®-R52

Memory				Initial	Update
Туре	Address	Size	Description	Image	Target
xSPI0	0x40000000 - 0x4000004F	80 Byte	Area for the parameter for	$\checkmark$	-
(64MB)			the loader		
	0x40000050 - 0x4000704F	28 KB	SSBL area	$\checkmark$	-
	0x40007050 - 0x4003FFFF	227 KB	Update program area	✓	-
	0x40040000 - 0x4004000F	16 Byte	Area for the parameter for the user application program (CPU0)	~	V
	0x40040010 - 0x4004001F	16 Byte	Area for the parameter for the user application program (CPU1)	✓ 	V
	0x40040020 - 0x4004002F	16 Byte	Plane management area	✓	✓
	0x40040030 - 0x43FFFFFF	63 MB	Area for User application program	_	~

### Table 5.19 Memory Map for the xSPI0 Flash in xSPI0 Boot Mode for Cortex®-A55

Memory				Initial	Update
Туре	Address	Size	Description	Image	Target
xSPI0	0x40000000 - 0x4000004F	80 Byte	Area for the parameter for	✓	-
(64MB)			the loader		
	0x40000050 - 0x4003704F	220 KB	SSBL area	$\checkmark$	-
	0x40037050 - 0x4009FFFF	371 KB	Update program area	$\checkmark$	-
	0x40094000 - 0x4009400F	16 Byte	Area for the parameter for	✓	$\checkmark$
			the user application		
			program (Core 0)		
	0x40094010 - 0x4009401F	16 Byte	Area for the parameter for	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
			the user application		
			program (Core 1)		
	0x40094020 - 0x4009402F	16 Byte	Area for the parameter for	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
			the user application		
			program (Core 2)		
	0x40094020 - 0x4009402F	16 Byte	Area for the parameter for	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
			the user application		
			program (Core 3)		
	0x40094040 - 0x4009404F	16 Byte	Plane management area	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
	0x40094050 - 0x43FFFFFF	63 MB	Area for User application	-	$\checkmark$
			program		



Table 5.20	Memory Map for the xSPI1 Flash in xSPI1 Boot Mode for Cortex®-R52	

Memory				Initial	Update
Туре	Address	Size	Description	Image	Target
xSPI1	0x50000000 - 0x5000004F	80 Byte	Area for the parameter for	✓	-
(16MB)			the loader		
	0x50000050 - 0x5000704F	28 KB	SSBL area	✓	-
	0x50007050 - 0x5003FFFF	227 KB	Update program area	✓	-
	0x50040000 - 0x5004000F	16 Byte	Area for the parameter for the user application program (CPU0)	✓	✓
	0x50040010 - 0x5004001F	16 Byte	Area for the parameter for the user application program (CPU1)	✓	✓
	0x50040020 - 0x5004002F	16 Byte	Plane management area	✓	✓
	0x50040030 - 0x50FFFFF	15 MB	Area for User application program	-	~

## Table 5.21 Memory Map for the xSPI1 Flash in xSPI1 Boot Mode for Cortex®-A55

Memory				Initial	Update
Туре	Address	Size	Description	Image	Target
xSPI1 (16MB)	0x50000000 - 0x5000004F	80 Byte	Area for the parameter for the loader	~	-
	0x50000050 - 0x5003704F	220 KB	SSBL area	$\checkmark$	-
	0x50037050 - 0x5009FFFF	371 KB	Update program area	✓	-
	0x50094000 - 0x5009400F	16 Byte	Area for the parameter for the user application program (Core 0)	<b>√</b>	✓ 
	0x50094010 - 0x5009401F	16 Byte	Area for the parameter for the user application program (Core 1)	<b>√</b>	~
	0x50094020 - 0x5009402F	16 Byte	Area for the parameter for the user application program (Core 2)	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>
	0x50094020 - 0x5009402F	16 Byte	Area for the parameter for the user application program (Core 3)	<b>√</b>	✓ 
	0x50094040 - 0x5009404F	16 Byte	Plane management area	✓	✓
	0x50094050 - 0x50FFFFF	16 MB	Area for User application program	_	<b>√</b>


# 5.3.7 How to Use NOR Flash in the RZ/N2L Project

The firmware update sample program project for RZ/N2L must be configured to use the external flash.

By default, the setting to use QSPI flash is enabled; to use NOR flash, the following settings are required.

1. Start FSP Configuration.

For GCC version, use e<sup>2</sup> studio. For IAR version, use FSP Smart Configurator. For details, Refer to RZ/T2, RZ/N2 Getting Started with Flexible Software Package.

2. Select "RSK + RZN2L\_NOR" in pin settings and enable Generate data check.

$\textcircled{\otimes}$ *[FSP_Project] FSP Configuration $\times$				
Pin Configuration				Generate Project Content
Select Pin Configuration		🔛 Export to CSV file	e 🔚 Configure Pin Dr	iver Warnings
RSK+RZN2L_NOR		Generate data: g_bsp_pin_cfg		
Pin Selection 🗎 🗎	↓ <sup>a</sup> Pin Configuration			😲 Cycle Pin Group
Type filter text	Name	Value	Link	

3. Click Generate Project Content (green play icon).

Sample program code is generated that can use the NOR flash.



# 5.4 Specifications of Tools Used with Sample Program

# 5.4.1 fwupdate\_utility.py

The tool fwupdate\_utility.py is used to create update files or initial image file.

Using fwupdate\_utility.py, you can create an update file by specifying the user application program to be updated and the write destination address on the device. The specified address is stored in the file information of the update file.

The initial image file specifies each file that needs to be written during initial setup, and outputs them all in one file. Creating an initial configuration file makes it easier to write to flash during initial setup.

The command format of fwupdate\_utility.py is as follows:

```
python fwupdate utility.py < command > < options >
```

Table 5.22 lists the commands, and Table 5.23 and Table 5.24 lists the options corresponding to each command.

### Table 5.22 Commands of fwupdate\_utility.py

Commands	Description
updatefile	Create the update file.
setupfile	Create the initial image file to concatenate the Update program, the SSBL including the parameter for the loader, and parameter for the user application program.

Option	Required/Optional	Description
-i < file name >	Required	Specify the file name of the user application program to be updated as the < file name > string.
-o < file name >	Required	Specify the file name of the update file to be output as the < file name > string.
write_addr < address >	Required	Specify the address in the RZ/T2M, RZ/T2L, RZ/N2L RZ/T2H or RZ/N2H external flash memory to write the user application program to be updated to as the < address > string. Specify the address as eight digits of hexadecimal notation. Example: 00100000
param <file name=""></file>	Required	Specify the parameter file name of the user application program to be updated as the < file name > string.
cpu_core <0 - 3>	Optional	Specifies the CPU number or core number on which the user application program to be updated runs. If this option is omitted, it is assumed that "0" is specified.
-h	Optional	Specify this option to display help on using this tool.

### Table 5.23 Options for updatefile command



# Table 5.24 Options for setupfile command

Option	Required/Optional	Description
param_loader < file name >	Required	Specify the file name of the loader parameter information to be set on the device as the < file name > string.
		This option is an option to specify the loader parameter file (loader program combined) that is generated by enabling the "concat_loader" option of the parameter information generation tool (parameter_generator.py).
param_cpu_core_0 < file name >	Required	Specify the file name of the user application parameters for Cortex®-R52 CPU0 or Cortex®-A55 Core 0 to be set on the device as the < file name > string.
update_prog < address >	Required	Specify the file name of the update program to be set on the device as the < file name > string.
target_cpu [cr52 / ca55]	Required	Specify the operating core to be updated.
-o <file name=""></file>	Required	Specify the file name of the initial image file to be output as the < file name > string.
ssbl <file name=""></file>	Optional	Specify the file name of the SSBL to be set on the device as the < file name > string.
		This option is only used if you specify the following file with the "param_loader" option: - Loader parameter file generated using the parameter information generation tool (parameter_generator.py) without specifying the " concat_lodaer" option
param_cpu_core_1 <file name&gt;</file 	Optional	Specify the file name of the user application parameters for Cortex®-R52 CPU1 or Cortex®-A55 Core 1 to be set on the device as the < file name > string.
param_cpu_core_2 <file name&gt;</file 	Optional	Specify the file name of the user application parameters for Cortex®-A55 Core 2 to be set on the device as the < file name > string.
param_cpu_core_3 <file name&gt;</file 	Optional	Specify the file name of the user application parameters for Cortex®-A55 Core 3 to be set on the device as the < file name > string.
-h	Optional	Specify this option to display help on using this tool.



# 5.4.2 fwupdate.py

The tool fwupdate.py is used to send an update file to the device.

Using fwupdate.py, you can send an update file to the device via Ethernet by specifying the update file, the port number to be used for communication, and the IP address of the transfer destination device. Afterward, the tool receives the update result from the device and outputs it to the console.

The command format of fwupdate.py is as follows:

python fwupdate.py < options >

Some of the options of fwupdate.py are required and some may be omitted. Table 5.25 lists the required options and Table 5.26 lists the optional options.

Table 5.25	Required	Options	of fwupdate.py
------------	----------	---------	----------------

Option	Description
udp_port < port number >	Specify the port number to be used by fwupdate.py for UDP transmission and reception as the < port number > string.
tcp_port < port number >	Specify the port number to be used by fwupdate.py for TCP transmission and reception as the < port number > string.
-i < file name >	Specify the update file to be sent to the device as the < file name > string.

### Table 5.26 Optional Options of fwupdate.py

Option	Description
ip_address < IP address >	Specify the IP address of the device with the user application program to be updated as the < IP address > string. When attempting to update the user application program, START_UPDATE is unicast to < IP address > if this option is specified, and it is broadcast if the option is not specified.
-h	Specify this option to display help on using this tool.



# **Revision History**

		Description	
Rev.	Date	Page	Summary
1.00	Jul 8, 2022	-	First edition issued
1.10	Oct 21, 2022	-	RZ/N2L is supported
1.20	Apr 28, 2023	-	RZ/T2L is supported
2.00	Apr 10, 2024	p3, p11-p35	Support for updating applications that use dual cores on RZ/T2M.
		p9-p27, p42-p53	Updated FSP for RZ/T2M and RZ/T2L sample projects to RZ/T2 FSP v2.0.0.
			Changed command specification from fwupdate_utility.py V2.00 and added a command to create an initial image.
2.10	Jun 14, 2024	-	Updated FSP for RZ/N2L sample projects to RZ/N2 FSP v2.0.0.
2.20	Nov 15, 2024	-	RZ/T2H Cortex®-R52 core is supported.
			Updated FSP for RZ/T2M and RZ/T2L sample projects to RZ/T2 FSP v2.2.0.
		p7, p8, p50, p51	Changed the memory layout of the external flash in the sample program for RZ/T2M and RZ/T2L.
2.30	Dec 13, 2024	-	RZ/N2H Cortex®-R52 core is supported.
			Updated FSP for RZ/N2L sample projects to RZ/N2 FSP v2.1.0.
		p11-p38, p41-p50	The procedures in Chapter 3, "Configuring the Firmware Update System" and Chapter 4, "Applying Firmware Updates" have been changed to explain it for each target device.
2.40	Apr 21, 2025	-	RZ/T2H Cortex®-A55 and RZ/N2H Cortex®-A55 cores are supported.



# General Precautions in the Handling of Microprocessing Unit and Microcontroller Unit Products

The following usage notes are applicable to all Microprocessing unit and Microcontroller unit products from Renesas. For detailed usage notes on the products covered by this document, refer to the relevant sections of the document as well as any technical updates that have been issued for the products.

### 1. Precaution against Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)

A strong electrical field, when exposed to a CMOS device, can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the device operation. Steps must be taken to stop the generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it when it occurs. Environmental control must be adequate. When it is dry, a humidifier should be used. This is recommended to avoid using insulators that can easily build up static electricity. Semiconductor devices must be stored and transported in an anti-static container, static shielding bag or conductive material. All test and measurement tools including work benches and floors must be grounded. The operator must also be grounded using a wrist strap. Semiconductor devices must not be touched with bare hands. Similar precautions must be taken for printed circuit boards with mounted semiconductor devices.

### 2. Processing at power-on

The state of the product is undefined at the time when power is supplied. The states of internal circuits in the LSI are indeterminate and the states of register settings and pins are undefined at the time when power is supplied. In a finished product where the reset signal is applied to the external reset pin, the states of pins are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the reset process is completed. In a similar way, the states of pins in a product that is reset by an on-chip power-on reset function are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the power is supplied until the power is supplied until the power reaches the level at which reseting is specified.

3. Input of signal during power-off state

Do not input signals or an I/O pull-up power supply while the device is powered off. The current injection that results from input of such a signal or I/O pull-up power supply may cause malfunction and the abnormal current that passes in the device at this time may cause degradation of internal elements. Follow the guideline for input signal during power-off state as described in your product documentation.

4. Handling of unused pins

Handle unused pins in accordance with the directions given under handling of unused pins in the manual. The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the high-impedance state. In operation with an unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of the LSI, an associated shoot-through current flows internally, and malfunctions occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal become possible.

5. Clock signals

After applying a reset, only release the reset line after the operating clock signal becomes stable. When switching the clock signal during program execution, wait until the target clock signal is stabilized. When the clock signal is generated with an external resonator or from an external oscillator during a reset, ensure that the reset line is only released after full stabilization of the clock signal. Additionally, when switching to a clock signal produced with an external resonator or by an external oscillator while program execution is in progress, wait until the target clock signal is stable.

### 6. Voltage application waveform at input pin

Waveform distortion due to input noise or a reflected wave may cause malfunction. If the input of the CMOS device stays in the area between  $V_{IL}$  (Max.) and  $V_{IH}$  (Min.) due to noise, for example, the device may malfunction. Take care to prevent chattering noise from entering the device when the input level is fixed, and also in the transition period when the input level passes through the area between  $V_{IL}$  (Max.) and  $V_{IH}$  (Min.).

7. Prohibition of access to reserved addresses

Access to reserved addresses is prohibited. The reserved addresses are provided for possible future expansion of functions. Do not access these addresses as the correct operation of the LSI is not guaranteed.

8. Differences between products

Before changing from one product to another, for example to a product with a different part number, confirm that the change will not lead to problems. The characteristics of a microprocessing unit or microcontroller unit products in the same group but having a different part number might differ in terms of internal memory capacity, layout pattern, and other factors, which can affect the ranges of electrical characteristics, such as characteristic values, operating margins, immunity to noise, and amount of radiated noise. When changing to a product with a different part number, implement a systemevaluation test for the given product.

## Notice

- Descriptions of circuits, software and other related information in this document are provided only to illustrate the operation of semiconductor products and application examples. You are fully responsible for the incorporation or any other use of the circuits, software, and information in the design of your product or system. Renesas Electronics disclaims any and all liability for any losses and damages incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of these circuits, software, or information.
- 2. Renesas Electronics hereby expressly disclaims any warranties against and liability for infringement or any other claims involving patents, copyrights, or other intellectual property rights of third parties, by or arising from the use of Renesas Electronics products or technical information described in this document, including but not limited to, the product data, drawings, charts, programs, algorithms, and application examples.
- 3. No license, express, implied or otherwise, is granted hereby under any patents, copyrights or other intellectual property rights of Renesas Electronics or others.
- 4. You shall be responsible for determining what licenses are required from any third parties, and obtaining such licenses for the lawful import, export, manufacture, sales, utilization, distribution or other disposal of any products incorporating Renesas Electronics products, if required.
- 5. You shall not alter, modify, copy, or reverse engineer any Renesas Electronics product, whether in whole or in part. Renesas Electronics disclaims any and all liability for any losses or damages incurred by you or third parties arising from such alteration, modification, copying or reverse engineering.
- 6. Renesas Electronics products are classified according to the following two quality grades: "Standard" and "High Quality". The intended applications for each Renesas Electronics product depends on the product's quality grade, as indicated below.

"Standard": Computers; office equipment; communications equipment; test and measurement equipment; audio and visual equipment; home electronic appliances; machine tools; personal electronic equipment; industrial robots; etc.

"High Quality": Transportation equipment (automobiles, trains, ships, etc.); traffic control (traffic lights); large-scale communication equipment; key financial terminal systems; safety control equipment; etc.

Unless expressly designated as a high reliability product or a product for harsh environments in a Renesas Electronics data sheet or other Renesas Electronics document, Renesas Electronics products are not intended or authorized for use in products or systems that may pose a direct threat to human life or bodily injury (artificial life support devices or systems; surgical implantations; etc.), or may cause serious property damage (space system; undersea repeaters; nuclear power control systems; aircraft control systems; key plant systems; military equipment; etc.). Renesas Electronics disclaims any and all liability for any damages or losses incurred by you or any third parties arising from the use of any Renesas Electronics product that is inconsistent with any Renesas Electronics data sheet, user's manual or other Renesas Electronics document.

- 7. No semiconductor product is absolutely secure. Notwithstanding any security measures or features that may be implemented in Renesas Electronics hardware or software products, Renesas Electronics shall have absolutely no liability arising out of any vulnerability or security breach, including but not limited to any unauthorized access to or use of a Renesas Electronics product or a system that uses a Renesas Electronics product. RENESAS ELECTRONICS DOES NOT WARRANT OR GUARANTEE THAT RENESAS ELECTRONICS PRODUCTS, OR ANY SYSTEMS CREATED USING RENESAS ELECTRONICS PRODUCTS WILL BE INVULNERABLE OR FREE FROM CORRUPTION, ATTACK, VIRUSES, INTERFERENCE, HACKING, DATA LOSS OR THEFT, OR OTHER SECURITY INTRUSION ("Vulnerability Issues"). RENESAS ELECTRONICS DISCLAIMS ANY AND ALL RESPONSIBILITY OR LIABILITY ARISING FROM OR RELATED TO ANY VULNERABILITY ISSUES. FURTHERMORE, TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, RENESAS ELECTRONICS DISCLAIMS ANY AND ALL WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WITH RESPECT TO THIS DOCUMENT AND ANY RELATED OR ACCOMPANYING SOFTWARE OR HARDWARE, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.
- 8. When using Renesas Electronics products, refer to the latest product information (data sheets, user's manuals, application notes, "General Notes for Handling and Using Semiconductor Devices" in the reliability handbook, etc.), and ensure that usage conditions are within the ranges specified by Renesas Electronics with respect to maximum ratings, operating power supply voltage range, heat dissipation characteristics, installation, etc. Renesas Electronics disclaims any and all liability for any malfunctions, failure or accident arising out of the use of Renesas Electronics products outside of such specified ranges.
- 9. Although Renesas Electronics endeavors to improve the quality and reliability of Renesas Electronics products, semiconductor products have specific characteristics, such as the occurrence of failure at a certain rate and malfunctions under certain use conditions. Unless designated as a high reliability product or a product for harsh environments in a Renesas Electronics data sheet or other Renesas Electronics document, Renesas Electronics products are not subject to radiation resistance design. You are responsible for implementing safety measures to guard against the possibility of bodily injury, injury or damage caused by fire, and/or danger to the public in the event of a failure or malfunction of Renesas Electronics, such as safety design for hardware and software, including but not limited to redundancy, fire control and malfunction prevention, appropriate treatment for aging degradation or any other appropriate measures. Because the evaluation of microcomputer software alone is very difficult and impractical, you are responsible for evaluating the safety of the final products or systems manufactured by you.
- 10. Please contact a Renesas Electronics sales office for details as to environmental matters such as the environmental compatibility of each Renesas Electronics product. You are responsible for carefully and sufficiently investigating applicable laws and regulations that regulate the inclusion or use of controlled substances, including without limitation, the EU RoHS Directive, and using Renesas Electronics products in compliance with all these applicable laws and regulations. Renesas Electronics disclaims any and all liability for damages or losses occurring as a result of your noncompliance with applicable laws and regulations.
- 11. Renesas Electronics products and technologies shall not be used for or incorporated into any products or systems whose manufacture, use, or sale is prohibited under any applicable domestic or foreign laws or regulations. You shall comply with any applicable export control laws and regulations promulgated and administered by the governments of any countries asserting jurisdiction over the parties or transactions.
- 12. It is the responsibility of the buyer or distributor of Renesas Electronics products, or any other party who distributes, disposes of, or otherwise sells or transfers the product to a third party, to notify such third party in advance of the contents and conditions set forth in this document.
- This document shall not be reprinted, reproduced or duplicated in any form, in whole or in part, without prior written consent of Renesas Electronics.
   Please contact a Renesas Electronics sales office if you have any questions regarding the information contained in this document or Renesas Electronics products.
- (Note1) "Renesas Electronics" as used in this document means Renesas Electronics Corporation and also includes its directly or indirectly controlled subsidiaries.
- (Note2) "Renesas Electronics product(s)" means any product developed or manufactured by or for Renesas Electronics.

(Rev.5.0-1 October 2020)

# **Corporate Headquarters**

TOYOSU FORESIA, 3-2-24 Toyosu, Koto-ku, Tokyo 135-0061, Japan

www.renesas.com

# Trademarks

Renesas and the Renesas logo are trademarks of Renesas Electronics Corporation. All trademarks and registered trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

# **Contact information**

For further information on a product, technology, the most up-to-date version of a document, or your nearest sales office, please visit: <a href="http://www.renesas.com/contact/">www.renesas.com/contact/</a>.