Contents

1	Introduction	2
2	Protection Functions	2
3	Values and Purpose of the External Components	3
4	Behavior when Supply Voltage < VDDE _{MIN}	4
5	Behavior at Nominal Supply Voltage	
6	Behavior during Short Circuit or Overvoltage (Maximum: 7.7V)	5
7	Behavior for Open or Short Circuit Conditions (VDDE - VSSE = 4.5V to 5.5V)	7
8	Overvoltage Protection	
9	Output Current Limitation for PIN AOUT1 and AOUT2	10
10	Supply Voltage Behavior (without Time Limits)	
11	EMC Specification	11
1	11.1. Behavior during Applications of Test Pulses	11
1	11.2. Strength against Test Pulses (DIN 40839 Part1)	12
1	11.3. Electromagnetic Emission	
12	Related Documents	13
13		
14	Document Revision History	

List of Figures

Figure 2.1	Application Circuit with Two Analog Outputs and Diagnostic Fault Band Level Low	2
Figure 2.2	Application Circuit with Two Analog Outputs and Diagnostic Fault Band Level High	2
Figure 6.1	Short or Overvoltage Conditions	5
Figure 7.1:	Lost Connection (Open) or Short Conditions (VDDE – VSSE = 4.5V to 5.5V)	7
Figure 10.1	Behavior over Full Supply Voltage Range	11

List of Tables

Table 3.1	External Components for Protection	. 3
Table 4.1	Behavior when Supply Voltage < VDDE _{MIN}	. 4
Table 5.1	Behavior when $4.5V \le (VDDE-VSSE) \le 5.5V$. 4
Table 6.1	Short Circuit or Overvoltage Conditions (Maximum: 7.7V)	. 6
Table 7.1	Effects of Lost Connections (Open) and/or Short Conditions (VDDE - VSSE = 4.5V to 5.5V)	. 8
Table 10.1	Supply Voltage Behavior	10
Table 11.1	Test Pulses 3a, 3b Severity IV according to DIN 40839 Part 1, Capacitive Coupling AOUT1 or AOUT2 Pin	12

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1 Introduction

This technical note defines the operation of the ZSSC3154 under varying supply voltage and load conditions. If not stated otherwise, the specified parameters and behavior are valid for the full specified temperature range.

2 **Protection Functions**

The ZSSC3154 provides short-pin protection, lost-pin detection, and over-voltage protection for the external connections in the application circuit: VCC (VDDE pin), AOUT1, AOUT2, and GND (VSSE pin). The components and configuration of the basic application circuit shown Figure 2.1 or Figure 2.2 (also given in section 3 of the *ZSSC3154 Data Sheet*) are required in order to guarantee these protection parameters.





Figure 2.2 Application Circuit with Two Analog Outputs and Diagnostic Fault Band Level High



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3 Values and Purpose of the External Components

Table 3.1 gives the typical values, ratings, and purpose for the required external components shown in Figure 2.1 and Figure 2.2. The purpose for C1, C2, C3, and C4 is to reduce the positive and negative voltage spikes and reduce the RF emission.

Note: The capacitor values are must be adapted to the requirements of the specific application, in particular to the EMC requirements.

 V_N is the manufacturer's maximum voltage rating for the capacitor.

Table 3.1 External Components for Protection

	Component	SYMBOL	Parameter			
3.1.	Capacitor (VDDA to VSSA)	C1	Typical 100nF, $V_N \ge 10V$			
3.2.	Capacitor (VDDE to VSSE)	C2	Typical 100nF, $V_N \ge 16V$			
3.3.	Capacitor (AOUT1 to VSSE) ^{1, 2}	C3	Typical 15nF, $V_N \ge 16V$			
3.4.	Capacitor (AOUT2 to VSSE) ^{2, 3}	C4	Typical 15nF, $V_N \ge 16V$			
1. C3 is the sum of the load capacitance and the cable capacitance; refer to the ZSSC3154 Data Sheet for additional requirements.						

2. Requirements for external capacitance on these pins are not tested in mass production but are guaranteed by design and/or quality monitoring.

3. C4 is the sum of the load capacitance and the cable capacitance; refer to the ZSSC3154 Data Sheet for additional requirements.

4 Behavior when Supply Voltage < VDDE_{MIN}

Table 4.1Behavior when Supply Voltage < VDDE_{MIN}

	Condition	Dehovier	755C24E4 Eurotion				
	VDDE=VCC, VSSE=GND	Behavior	ZSSC3154 Function				
4.1.	V_VSSE = 0V, 0V < V_VDDE < 1.5V V_AOUT1 = 0 to V_VDDE V_AOUT2 = 0 to V_VDDE	Output not specified.	Not specified.				
4.2.	$V_VSSE = 0V, 1.5V \le V_VDDE < V_{switch_on}^{1}$ $V_AOUT1 = 0 \text{ to } V_VDDE$ $V_AOUT2 = 0 \text{ to } V_VDDE$	AOUT1 and AOUT2 switches to high impedance state. ²	ZSSC3154 is in the reset condition.				
4.3.	V_VSSE = 0V V_AOUT1 = 0 to V_VDDE V_AOUT2 = 0 to V_VDDE $V_{switch_{on}} < V_VDDE < 4.5V^{-1}$	Internal current and voltage limitation.	ZSSC3154 is in the Normal Operation Mode (NOM); parameters are not guaranteed.				
1.	 Vswitch_on depends on the Power-On-Reset (POR) level voltage: Internal POR_off threshold = 3.3 V to 4.1 V (VDDA -> VSSA), internal POR_on threshold = 3.0 V to 3.8 V (VDDA -> VSSA) Hysteresis POR_off - POR_on = 300mV (minimum), delay POR_off = 0.4ms to 2.5ms, delay POR_on = 0.2ms to 1.2ms. 						
	High impedance state: -40 μ A \leq I _{OUTLEAKAGE} \leq +40 μ A; I _{OUTLE} AOUT1 and AOUT2 pins.	$_{AKAGE_typ} = \pm 13\mu A (at 25^{\circ}C), where the set of the set of$	here $I_{OUTLEAKAGE}$ is the leakage current of the				

5 Behavior at Nominal Supply Voltage

Table 5.1Behavior when $4.5V \le (VDDE-VSSE) \le 5.5V$

	Condition	Behavior	ZSSC3154 Mode
	VDDE=VCC, VSSE=GND	Benavior	20000104 mode
5.1.	$V_VSSE = 0V$ $V_AOUT1 = 0 \text{ to } V_VDDE$ $V_AOUT2 = 0 \text{ to } V_VDDE$ $4.5V \le (VDDE-VSSE) \le 5.5V$	Internal current and voltage limitation.	Normal Operation Mode (NOM); parameters are guaranteed.
5.2.	V_VSSE = 0V V_AOUT1 = 0 to V_VDDE V_AOUT2 = 0 to V_VDDE V_VDDE = 4.5V to 5.5V	Internal current and voltage limitation.	Internal EEPROM programming is possible when ZSSC3154 functions in Command Mode. The AOUT1 pin is used as the one-wire interface (OWI) pin.

6 Behavior during Short Circuit or Overvoltage (Maximum: 7.7V)

Figure 6.1 illustrates the possible short or overvoltage conditions using the following switches to represent the fault condition possibilities: swvcc, swaout1, swaout2, and swgnd. Possible fault conditions represented are a direct short high to Vsupp (4.5V to 5.5V), a connection to Vsupp through a resistance Ry, a direct short to ground, a connection to ground through a resistance Rx, and an overvoltage condition of >5.5V up to 7.7V maximum (labeled 7.7V). See Table 6.1 for the effects of the various combinations of these conditions on the external connection lines.



Figure 6.1 Short or Overvoltage Conditions

Table 6.1Short Circuit or Overvoltage Conditions (Maximum: 7.7V)

An asterisk (*) indicates a current assumption at AOUT1 or AOUT2 of 25mA (max.).

		Condition		ZSSC3154	
	VDDE=VCC, VSSE=GND, swgnd = 0V		ZSSC3154 Behavior	Function	
	swvcc	swaout1 or swaout2			
6.1.	+5.5 to +7.7V	Ry → +5.5 to +7.7V	Internal current and voltage limitation.	IC active → output signal in extended tolerance range *	
6.2.	+5.5 to +7.7V (VDDE=AOUT1)	+5.5 to +7.7V (VDDE=AOUT1)	Internal current and voltage limitation.	No output signal on AOUT 1 and AOUT2	
6.3.	+5.5 to +7.7V (VDDE=AOUT2)	+5.5 to +7.7V (VDDE=AOUT2)	Internal current and voltage limitation.	No output signal on AOUT 1 and AOUT2	
6.4.	+5.5 to +7.7V	Ry → Vsupp	Internal current and voltage limitation.	IC active → output signal in extended tolerance range *	
6.5.	+5.5 to +7.7V	Vsupp	Internal current and voltage limitation.	No output signal on AOUT 1 and AOUT2	
6.6.	Vsupp	Ry → 5.5 to +7.7V	Internal current and voltage limitation.	IC active → output signal in extended tolerance range *	
6.7.	Vsupp	+5.5 to +7.7V	Internal current and voltage limitation.	No output signal on AOUT 1 and AOUT2*	
6.8.	+5.5 to +7.7V	Rx → 0V	Internal current and voltage limitation.	IC active → output signal in extended tolerance range *	
6.9.	+5.5 to +7.7V	0V	Internal current and voltage limitation.	No output signal on AOUT 1 and AOUT2*	

7 Behavior for Open or Short Circuit Conditions (VDDE - VSSE = 4.5V to 5.5V)

Figure 7.1 illustrates the possible open or short conditions when the supply is within specifications. It uses the following switches to represent the fault condition possibilities: swvcc, swaout1, swaout2, and swgnd. Possible fault conditions represented in this case are an open on the supply to VDDE, an open on the connection to AOUT1 or AOUT2, an open on the GND connection to VSSE, a direct short to Vsupp (4.5V to 5.5V) on AOUT1 or AOUT2, a short to Vsupp through a resistance Ry on AOUT1 or AOUT2, a direct short to ground on AOUT1 or AOUT2, or a short to ground through a resistance Rx on AOUT1 or AOUT2. See Table 7.1 for the effects of the various combinations of these conditions on the external connection lines.



Figure 7.1: Lost Connection (Open) or Short Conditions (VDDE – VSSE = 4.5V to 5.5V)

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	Condition				
	VDDE=VCC, VSS	E=GND, swgnd=()V, swvcc=Vsupp	From a time	Daharian
	Loss of swaout1		swaout2	Function	Behavior
			Not used	AOUT1 signal in DFB (diagnostic fault band).	AOUT1 switch is high impedance.
7.1.	VCC	Rx → 0V	Rx → 0V	AOUT1 and AOUT2 signal	AOUT1 and AOUT2
			Ry → Vsupp	in DFB.	switch are high impedance.
			Not used	No AOUT1 signal.	
7.2.	AOUT1	Rx → 0V	Rx → 0V	No AOUT1 signal; AOUT2	
			Ry → Vsupp	signal in normal range.	
7.0			Rx → 0V	AOUT1 signal in normal	
7.3.	AOUT2	Rx → 0V	Ry → Vsupp	range; no AOUT2 signal.	
			Not used	AOUT1 signal in DFB.	AOUT1 switch is high impedance.
7.4.	GND	Rx → 0V	Rx → 0V	AOUT1 and AOUT2 signal	AOUT1 and AOUT2
			Ry → Vsupp	in DFB.	switch are high impedance.
	VCC		Not used	AOUT1 signal in DFB.	AOUT1 switch is high impedance.
7.5.		VCC Ry → Vsupp	Rx → 0V	AOUT1 and AOUT2 signal	AOUT1 and AOUT2
			Ry → Vsupp	in DFB.	switch are high impedance.
			Not used	No AOUT1 signal.	
7.6.	AOUT1	Ry → Vsupp	Rx → 0V	No AOUT1 signal; AOUT2	
			Ry → Vsupp	signal in normal range.	
7.7.	AOUT2	Ry → Vsupp	Rx → 0V	AOUT1 signal in normal	
1.1.	70012	Ny 🖌 VSupp	Ry → Vsupp	range; no AOUT2 signal.	
			Not used	AOUT1 signal in DFB.	AOUT1 switch is high impedance.
7.8.	GND	Ry → Vsupp	Rx → 0V	AOUT1 and AOUT2 signal	AOUT1 and AOUT2
			Ry → Vsupp	in DFB.	switch are high impedance.
			Not used	No AOUT1 signal.	
7.9.	AOUT1 →VCC	Rx → 0V	Rx → 0V	No AOUT1 signal; AOUT2	
			Ry → Vsupp	signal in normal range.	
7.10.	AOUT2 →VCC	Rx → 0V	Rx → 0V	AOUT1 signal in normal	

Table 7.1Effects of Lost Connections (Open) and/or Short Conditions (VDDE - VSSE = 4.5V to 5.5V)

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		Condition				
	VDDE=VCC, VSS	E=GND, swgnd=0	V, swvcc=Vsupp	Function	Behavior	
	Loss of or Shorted	swaout1	swaout2	- Function	Dellavior	
			Ry → Vsupp	range; no AOUT2 signal.		
			Not used	No AOUT1 signal.		
7.11.	AOUT1 →GND	Rx → 0V	Rx → 0V	No AOUT1 signal; AOUT2		
			Ry → Vsupp	signal in normal range.		
7.40			Rx → 0V	AOUT1 signal in normal		
7.12.	AOUT2 →GND	Rx → 0V	Ry → Vsupp	range; no AOUT2 signal.		
	VCC →GND		Not used	No AOUT1 signal.		
7.13.		Rx → 0V	Rx → 0V	No AOUT1 and no AOUT2 signal.		
			Ry → Vsupp	No AOUT1 signal; AOUT2 signal in DFB.		
			Not used	No AOUT1 signal.		
7.14.	AOUT1 →VCC	Ry → Vsupp	Rx → 0V	No AOUT1 signal; AOUT2		
			Ry → Vsupp	signal in normal range.		
7.45			Rx → 0V	AOUT1 signal in normal		
7.15.	AOUT2 →VCC	Ry → Vsupp	Ry → Vsupp	range; no AOUT2 signal.		
			Not used	No AOUT1 signal.		
7.16.	AOUT1 →GND	Ry → Vsupp	Rx → 0V	No AOUT1 signal; AOUT2		
			Ry → Vsupp	signal in normal range.		
7 47			Rx → 0V	AOUT1 signal in normal		
7.17.	AOUT2 →GND	Ry → Vsupp	Ry → Vsupp	range; no AOUT2 signal.		
			Not used	AOUT1 signal in DFB.		
7.18.	VCC →GND	Ry → Vsupp	Rx → 0V	AOUT1 signal and AOUT2	AOUT switches to high impedance state.	
			Ry → Vsupp	signal in DFB.	impedance state.	

8 Overvoltage Protection

The ZSSC3154 pins VDDE, VSSE, AOUT1 and AOUT2 are protected against overvoltage \leq 7.7V. This is only guaranteed if external components are used as shown in the application circuits.

9 Output Current Limitation for PIN AOUT1 and AOUT2

In the event of a short to the external supply pins VCC or GND, every output current is limited to 15mA (typical) at pins AOUT1 and AOUT2. In the event of overvoltage at VDDE (VDDE>5.5V; 7.7V max), the current is limited to less than 50mA.

10 Supply Voltage Behavior (without Time Limits)

	Voltage Range ¹	Sensor Behavior	Limits (Typical Values)				
10.1.	7 0 to V _{R1}	Not specified	V _{R1} < 1.5V				
10.2.	7 V _{R1} to V _{R2}	Reset Mode; output in diagnostic range	V _{R2} = 3.7V				
10.3.	→ V _{R2} to V _{min}	Normal Mode; extended tolerance range	V _{min} = 4.5V				
10.4.		Normal Mode according to specifications	V _{typ} = 5V				
10.5.		Normal Mode according to specifications	$V_{max} = 5.5V$				
10.6.	7 V _{max} to V _{dest}	Normal Mode; extended tolerance range	V _{dest} > 7.7V				
10.7.	⊅ V _{dest} to V∞	Destruction	V _{dest} > 7.7V				
10.8.	■ V _{dest} to V _{max}	Normal Mode; extended tolerance range	V _{dest} >7.7V, V _{max} = 5.5V				
10.9.	■ V _{max} to V _{typ}	Normal Mode according to specifications	V _{typ} = 5V				
10.10.	■ V _{typ} to V _{min}	Normal Mode according to specifications	V _{min} = 4.5V				
10.11.	■ V _{min} to V _{R2H}	Normal Mode; extended tolerance range	$V_{R2H} < V_{R2} - 0.3V$				
10.12.	■ V _{R2H} to V _{R1H}	Reset Mode; output in diagnostic range	V _{R1H} < V _{R1}				
1.	In this column, the symbol <i>オ</i> indicates a rise in the supply voltage (voltage increases from Vx to Vy). The symbol 𝔐 indicates a downward slope for the supply voltage (voltage decreases from Vx to Vy).						

Table 10.1 Supply Voltage Behavior



Figure 10.1 Behavior over Full Supply Voltage Range

11 EMC Specification

11.1. Behavior during Applications of Test Pulses

The required application circuit (see *ZSSC3154_DataSheet_Rev_X_xx.pdf*, section 3) prevents irreversible damage to the *ZSSC3154* during application of test pulses.

The integrated reset circuit with sufficient hysteresis prevents an out-of-specification switch between different working modes. The functional mode of the pressure sensor (IC and application) is mainly determined by external components.

The customer must verify the functions of the total system. If necessary, the customer must adjust the application circuit and the dimensions of the external components respectively.

Negative voltage pulses at the supply line cause an interruption of the ZSSC3154 power supply that must be compensated for with suitable steps.

11.2. Strength against Test Pulses (DIN 40839 Part1)

When testing the total system, the following parameters apply:

• Functional State A:

The device fulfills the complete functionality according to the specification during and after the application of test pulses.

• Functional State B:

The device fulfills the complete functionality according to the specification during the application of test pulses, but one or more functions might be out of the range of the operational tolerances. After the test pulse application, all functions are fulfilled according to the specification again. Memory functions must stay in the state A.

Test- Pulse	Pulse- Amplitude V _S [V]	Ri [Ω]	td [µs]	tr [ns]	t1 [µs]	t4 [ms]	t5 [ms]	Functional State of the Device	Duration
3a	-150	50	0.1	5	100	10	90	В	1h
3b	+100	50	0.1	5	100	10	90	В	1h

 Table 11.1
 Test Pulses 3a, 3b Severity IV according to DIN 40839 Part 1, Capacitive Coupling AOUT1 or AOUT2 Pin

11.3. Electromagnetic Emission

The wired emission of externally connected pins of the device is measured according to the following standard:

IEC 61967_4:2002 + A1:2006

Measurements must be performed with the application circuit described in the ZSSC3154 Data Sheet.

For the pins VDDE, AOUT1, and AOUT2, the spectral power measured with the 150 Ω method must not exceed the limits according to IEC code H10kN. For the VSSE pin, the spectral power measured with the 1 Ω method must not exceed the limits according to IEC code 15KmO.

12 Related Documents

Document	
ZSSC3154 Data Sheet	

Visit <u>www.IDT.com/ZSSC3154</u> or contact your nearest sales office for the latest version of these documents.

13 Glossary

Term	Description	
AOUT	Analog Output	
DFB	Diagnostic Fault Band	
EMC	Electromagnetic Compatibility	
IC	Integrated Circuit	
POR	Power-on-Reset	
SSC	Sensor Signal Conditioner	

14 Document Revision History

Revision	Date	Description
1.00	October 21, 2013	First release.
	April 1, 2016	Changed to IDT branding.

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TOYOSU FORESIA, 3-2-24 Toyosu, Koto-ku, Tokyo 135-0061, Japan www.renesas.com

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