

General Description

The 840004-01 is a 4 output LVCMOS/LVTTL Synthesizer optimized to generate Ethernet reference clock frequencies. Using a 25MHz, 18pF parallel resonant crystal, the following frequencies can be generated based on the 2 frequency select pins (F_SEL1:0): 156.25MHz, 125MHz, and 62.5MHz. The 840004-01 uses IDT's 3rd generation low phase noise VCO technology and can achieve 1ps or lower typical random rms phase jitter, easily meeting Ethernet jitter requirements. The 840004-01 is packaged in a small 20-pin TSSOP package.

Features

- Four single-ended LVCMOS/LVTTL outputs
17Ω typical output impedance
- Selectable crystal oscillator interface or single-ended input
- Output frequency range: 56MHz - 175MHz
- VCO range: 560MHz - 700MHz
- RMS phase jitter at 156.25MHz (1.875MHz – 20MHz):
0.52ps (typical)

Phase Noise:

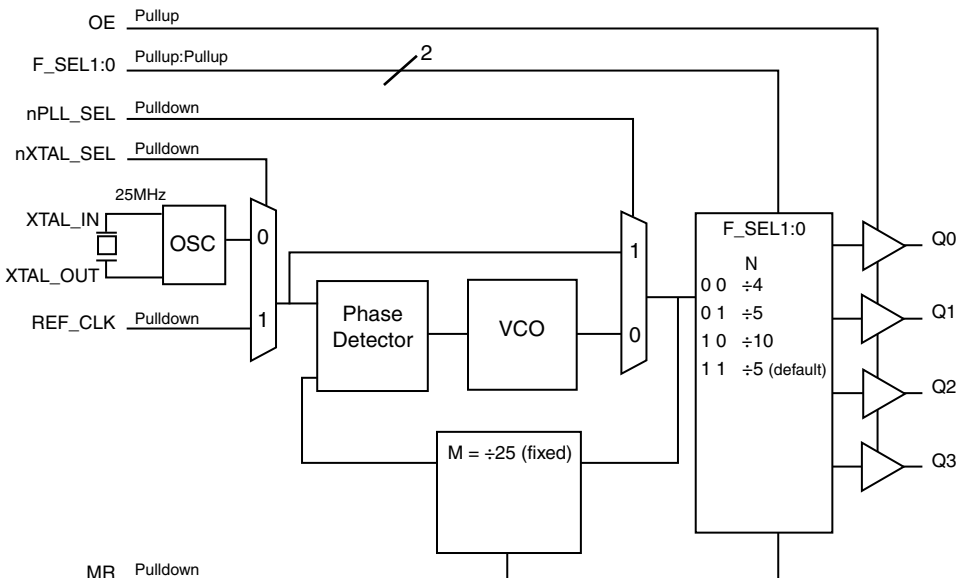
Offset	Noise Power
100Hz	-94.9 dBc/Hz
1kHz	-119.6 dBc/Hz
10kHz	-128.9 dBc/Hz
100kHz	-129.2 dBc/Hz

- Full 3.3V or mixed 3.3V core/2.5V output supply modes
- 0°C to 70°C ambient operating temperature
- Available in lead-free (RoHS 6) package

Frequency Select Function Table for Ethernet Frequencies

Inputs					Output Frequency (MHz), (25MHz Reference)
F_SEL1	F_SEL0	M Div. Value	N Div. Value	M/N Ratio Value	
0	0	25	4	6.25	156.25
0	1	25	5	5	125
1	0	25	10	2.5	62.5
1	1	25	5	5	125 (default)

Block Diagram



Pin Assignment

F_SEL0	1	20	F_SEL1
nc	2	19	GND
nXTAL_SEL	3	18	Q0
REF_CLK	4	17	Q1
OE	5	16	VDDO
MR	6	15	Q2
nPLL_SEL	7	14	Q3
VDDA	8	13	GND
nc	9	12	XTAL_IN
VDD	10	11	XTAL_OUT

840004-01

20-Lead TSSOP

6.5mm x 4.4mm x 0.925mm

package body

G Package

Top View

Table 1. Pin Descriptions

Number	Name	Type		Description
1, 20	F_SEL0, F_SEL1	Input	Pullup	Frequency select pins. LVCMOS/LVTTL interface levels.
2, 9	nc	Unused		No connect.
3	nXTAL_SEL	Input	Pulldown	Selects between the crystal or REF_CLK inputs as the PLL reference source. When HIGH, selects REF_CLK. When LOW, selects XTAL inputs. LVCMOS/LVTTL interface levels.
4	REF_CLK	Input	Pulldown	Single-ended reference clock input. LVCMOS/LVTTL interface levels.
5	OE	Input	Pullup	Output enable pin. When HIGH, the outputs are active. When LOW, the outputs are in a high impedance state. LVCMOS/LVTTL interface levels.
6	MR	Input	Pulldown	Active HIGH master reset. When logic HIGH, the internal dividers are reset causing the outputs to go low. When logic LOW, the internal dividers and the outputs are enabled. LVCMOS/LVTTL interface levels.
7	nPLL_SEL	Input	Pulldown	PLL bypass. When LOW, the output is driven from the VCO output. When HIGH, the PLL is bypassed and the output frequency = reference clock frequency/N output divider. LVCMOS/LVTTL interface levels.
8	V _{DDA}	Power		Analog supply pin.
10	V _{DD}	Power		Core supply pin.
11, 12	XTAL_OUT, XTAL_IN	Input		Crystal oscillator interface. XTAL_IN is the input. XTAL_OUT is the output.
13, 19	GND	Power		Power supply ground.
14, 15, 17, 18	Q3, Q2, Q1, Q0	Output		Single-ended clock outputs. 17Ω typical output impedance. LVCMOS/ LVTTL interface levels.
16	V _{DDO}	Power		Output supply pin.

NOTE: *Pullup and Pulldown* refer to internal input resistors. See Table 2, *Pin Characteristics*, for typical values.

Table 2. Pin Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance			4		pF
C _{PD}	Power Dissipation Capacitance			8		pF
R _{PULLUP}	Input Pullup Resistor			51		kΩ
R _{PULLDOWN}	Input Pulldown Resistor			51		kΩ
R _{OUT}	Output Impedance	V _{DDO} = 3.3V±5%		17		Ω
		V _{DDO} = 2.5V±5%		21		Ω

Absolute Maximum Ratings

NOTE: Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These ratings are stress specifications only. Functional operation of product at these conditions or any conditions beyond those listed in the *DC Characteristics* or *AC Characteristics* is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect product reliability.

Item	Rating
Supply Voltage, V_{DD}	4.6V
Inputs, V_I	-0.5V to $V_{DD} + 0.5V$
Outputs, V_O	-0.5V to $V_{DDO} + 0.5V$
Package Thermal Impedance, θ_{JA}	73.2°C/W (0 lfpm)
Storage Temperature, T_{STG}	-65°C to 150°C

DC Electrical Characteristics

Table 3A. Power Supply DC Characteristics, $V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, $V_{DDO} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$ or $2.5V \pm 5\%$, $T_A = 0^\circ C$ to $70^\circ C$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V_{DD}	Core Supply Voltage		3.135	3.3	3.465	V
V_{DDA}	Analog Supply Voltage		3.135	3.3	3.465	V
V_{DDO}	Output Supply Voltage		3.135	3.3	3.465	V
			2.375	2.5	2.625	V
I_{DD}	Power Supply Current				100	mA
I_{DDA}	Analog Supply Current				12	mA
I_{DDO}	Output Supply Current				10	mA

Table 3B. LVCMOS/LVTTL DC Characteristics, $V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, $V_{DDO} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$ or $2.5V \pm 5\%$, $T_A = 0^\circ C$ to $70^\circ C$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V_{IH}	Input High Voltage	$V_{DD} = 3.465V$	2		$V_{DD} + 0.3$	V
V_{IL}	Input Low Voltage	$V_{DD} = 3.465V$	-0.3		0.8	V
I_{IH}	Input High Current	nXTAL_SEL, nPLL_SEL, REF_CLK, MR $V_{DD} = V_{IN} = 3.465V$			150	μA
		OE, F_SEL[0:1] $V_{DD} = V_{IN} = 3.465V$			5	μA
I_{IL}	Input Low Current	nXTAL_SEL, nPLL_SEL, REF_CLK, MR $V_{DD} = 3.465V, V_{IN} = 0V$	-5			μA
		OE, F_SEL[0:1] $V_{DD} = 3.465V, V_{IN} = 0V$	-150			μA
V_{OH}	Output High Voltage; NOTE 1	$V_{DDO} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$	2.6			V
		$V_{DDO} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$	1.8			V
V_{OL}	Output Low Voltage; NOTE 1	$V_{DDO} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$ or $2.5V \pm 5\%$			0.5	V

NOTE 1: Outputs terminated with 50Ω to $V_{DDO}/2$. See Parameter Measurement Information section. *Load Test Circuit diagrams.*

Table 4. Crystal Characteristics

Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Mode of Oscillation		Fundamental			
Frequency			25		MHz
Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR)				50	Ω
Shunt Capacitance				7	pF
Drive Level				1	mW

AC Electrical Characteristics

Table 5A. AC Characteristics, $V_{DD} = V_{DDO} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, $T_A = 0^\circ C$ to $70^\circ C$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
f_{out}	Output Frequency	F_SEL[1:0] = 00	140	156.25	175	MHz
		F_SEL[1:0] = 01 or 11	112	125	140	MHz
		F_SEL[1:0] = 10	56	62.5	70	MHz
$t_{sk(o)}$	Output Skew: NOTE 1, 2				60	MHz
$t_{jit}(\emptyset)$	RMS Phase Jitter (Random); NOTE 3	156.25MHz, Integration Range: 1.875MHz – 20MHz		0.52		ps
		125MHz, Integration Range: 1.875MHz – 20MHz		0.65		ps
		62.5MHz, Integration Range: 1.875MHz – 20MHz		0.55		ps
t_R / t_F	Output Rise/Fall Time	20% to 80%	200		700	ps
odc	Output Duty Cycle	F_SEL[1:0] = 00, 01 or 11	43		57	%
		F_SEL[1:0] = 10	49		51	%

NOTE: Electrical parameters are guaranteed over the specified ambient operating temperature range, which is established when the device is mounted in a test socket with maintained transverse airflow greater than 500 lfm. The device will meet specifications after thermal equilibrium has been reached under these conditions.

NOTE 1: Defined as skew between outputs at the same supply voltage and with equal load conditions. Measured at $V_{DDO}/2$.

NOTE 2: This parameter is defined in accordance with JEDEC Standard 65.

NOTE 3: Please refer to the Phase Noise Plots.

Table 5B. AC Characteristics, $V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, $V_{DDO} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$, $T_A = 0^\circ C$ to $70^\circ C$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
f_{out}	Output Frequency	F_SEL[1:0] = 00	140	156.25	175	MHz
		F_SEL[1:0] = 01 or 11	112	125	140	MHz
		F_SEL[1:0] = 10	56	62.5	70	MHz
$t_{sk(o)}$	Output Skew: NOTE 1, 2				60	MHz
$t_{jit}(\emptyset)$	RMS Phase Jitter (Random); NOTE 3	156.25MHz, Integration Range: 1.875MHz – 20MHz		0.48		ps
		125MHz, Integration Range: 1.875MHz – 20MHz		0.59		ps
		62.5MHz, Integration Range: 1.875MHz – 20MHz		0.53		ps
t_R / t_F	Output Rise/Fall Time	20% to 80%	200		700	ps
odc	Output Duty Cycle	F_SEL[1:0] = 00, 01 or 11	43		57	%
		F_SEL[1:0] = 10	49		51	%

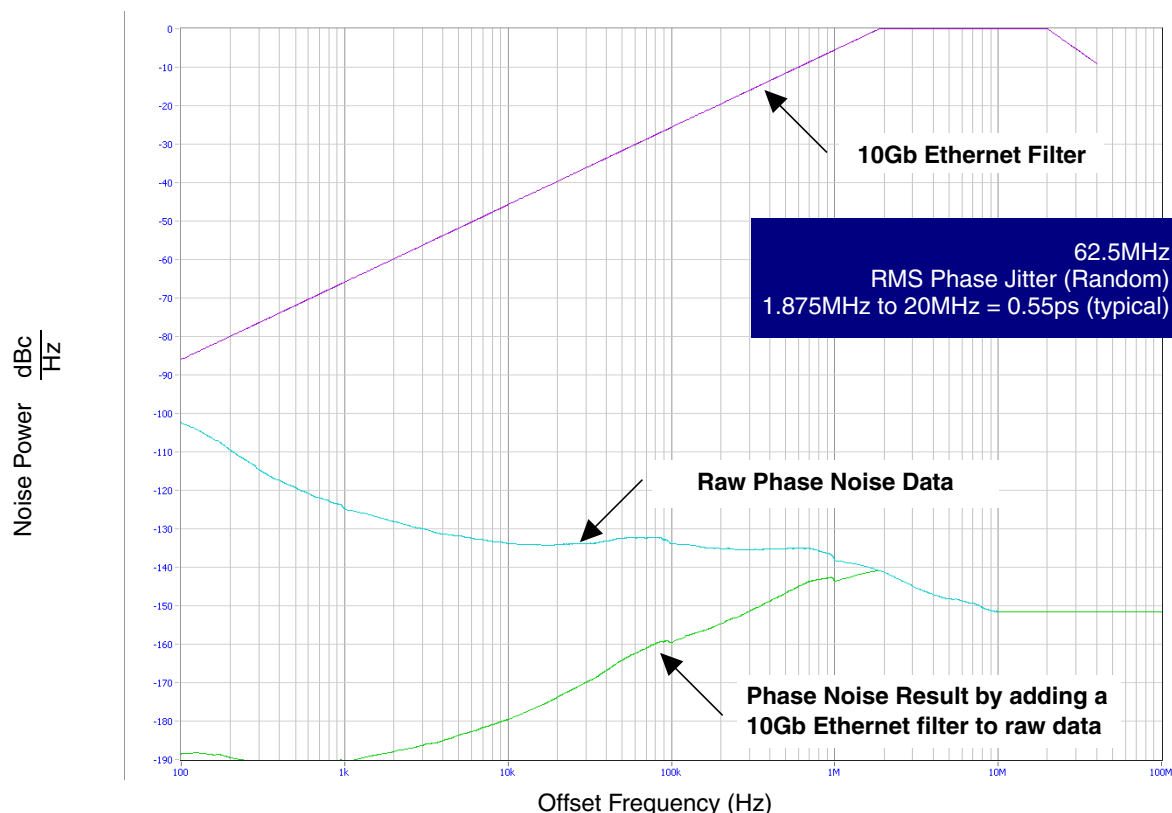
NOTE: Electrical parameters are guaranteed over the specified ambient operating temperature range, which is established when the device is mounted in a test socket with maintained transverse airflow greater than 500 lfm. The device will meet specifications after thermal equilibrium has been reached under these conditions.

NOTE 1: Defined as skew between outputs at the same supply voltage and with equal load conditions. Measured at $V_{DDO}/2$.

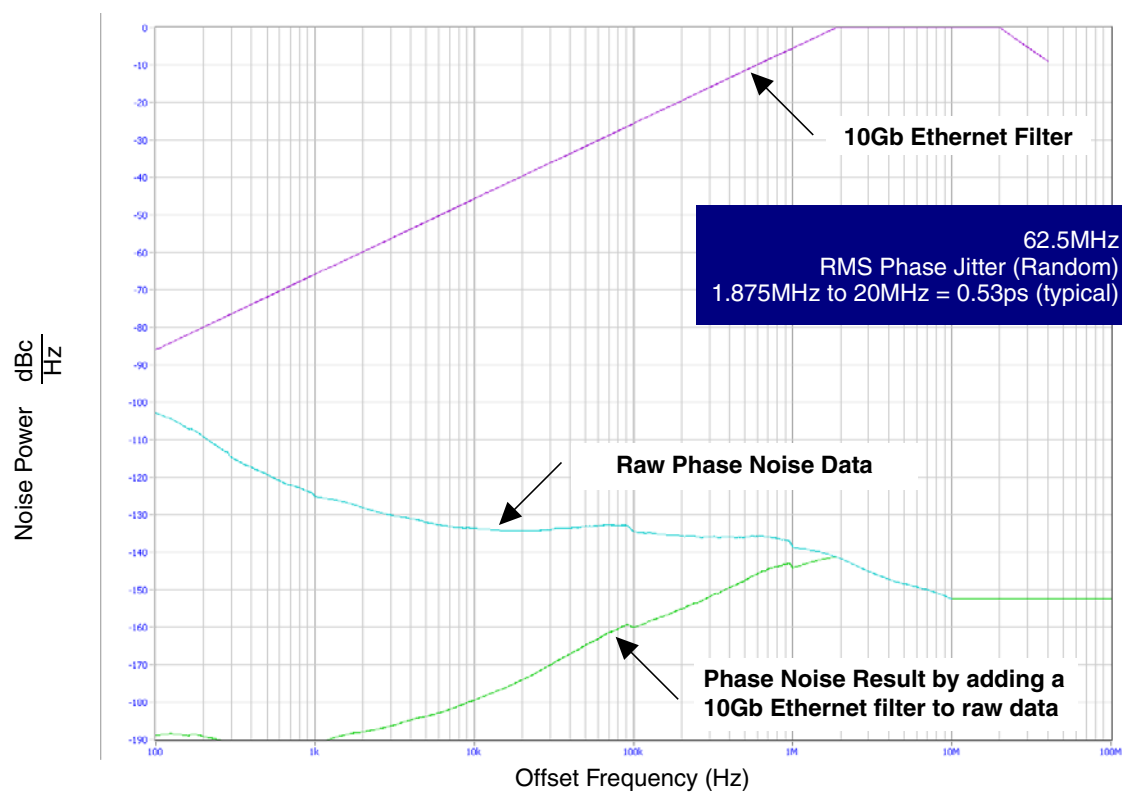
NOTE 2: This parameter is defined in accordance with JEDEC Standard 65.

NOTE 3: Please refer to the Phase Noise Plots.

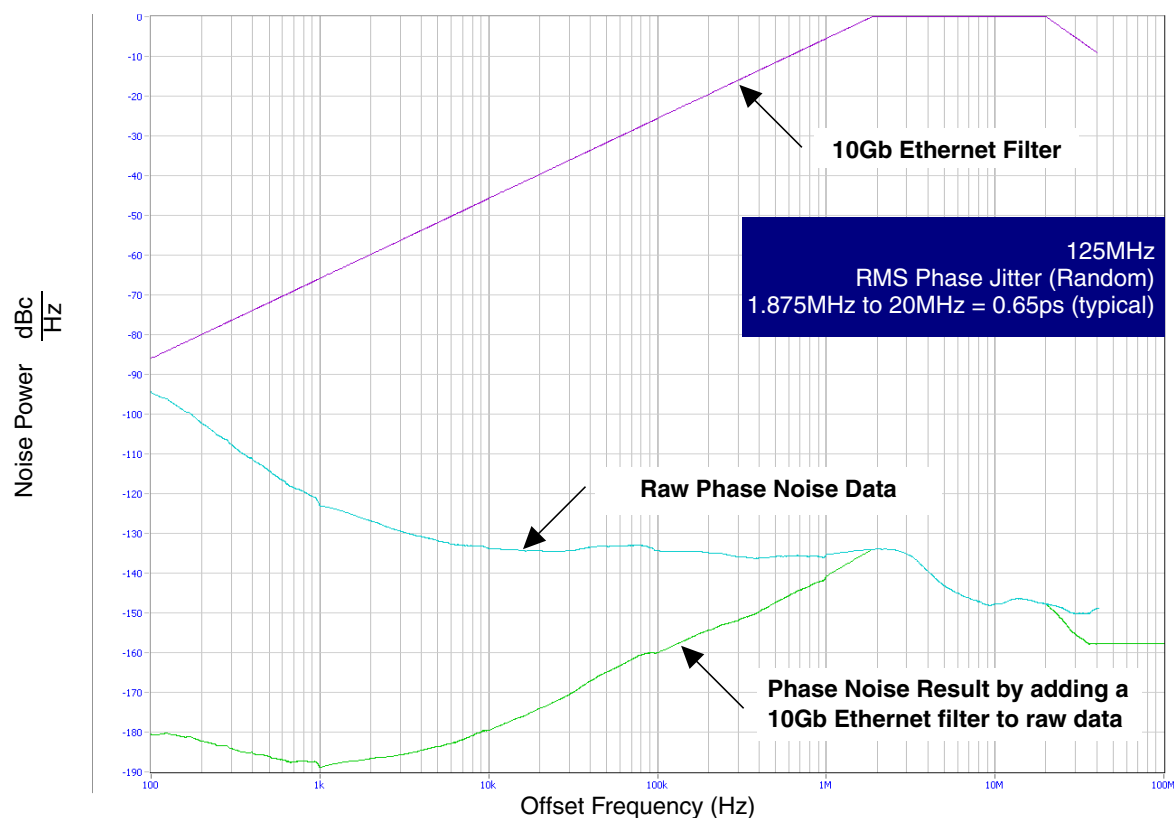
Typical Phase Noise at 62.5MHz (3.3V)



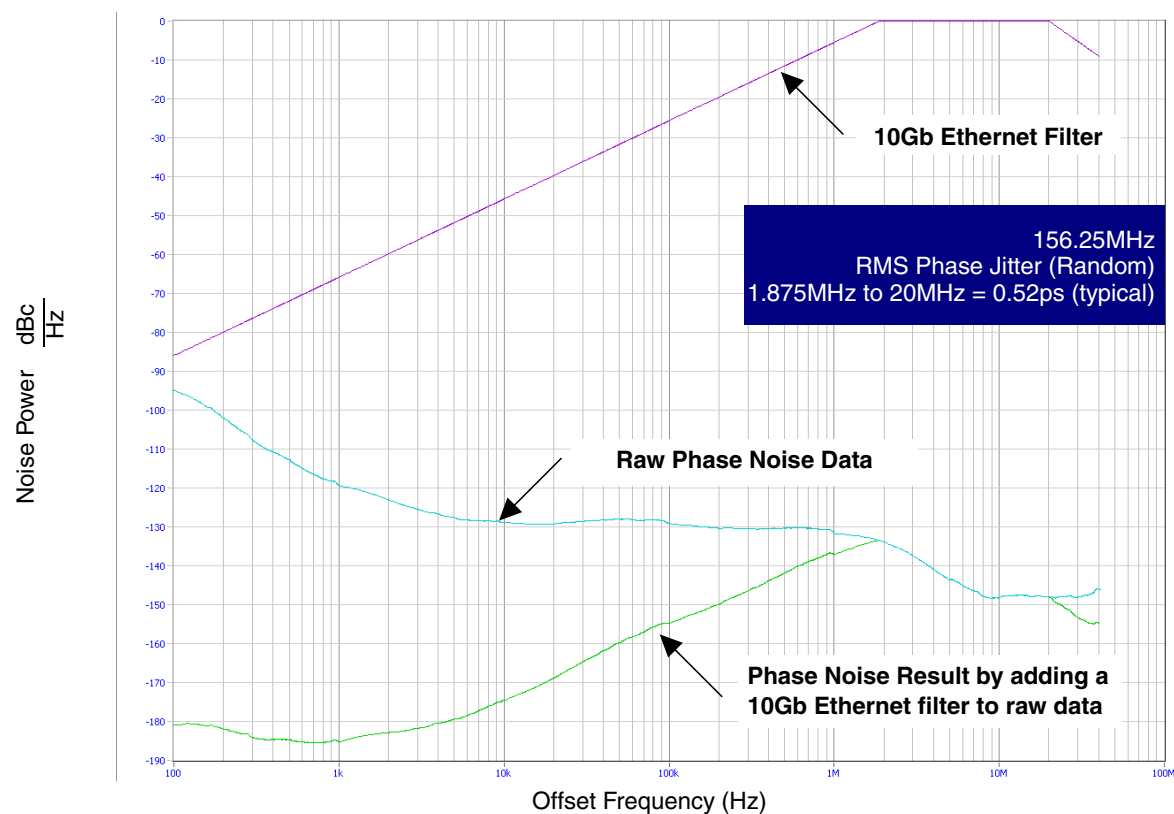
Typical Phase Noise at 62.5MHz (2.5V)



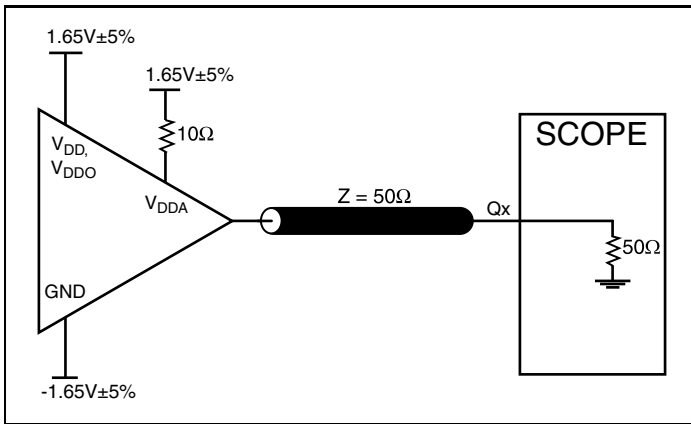
Typical Phase Noise at 125MHz (3.3V)



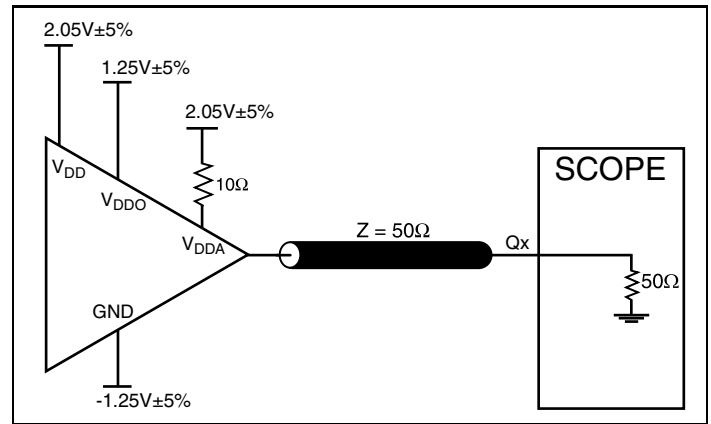
Typical Phase Noise at 156.25MHz (3.3V)



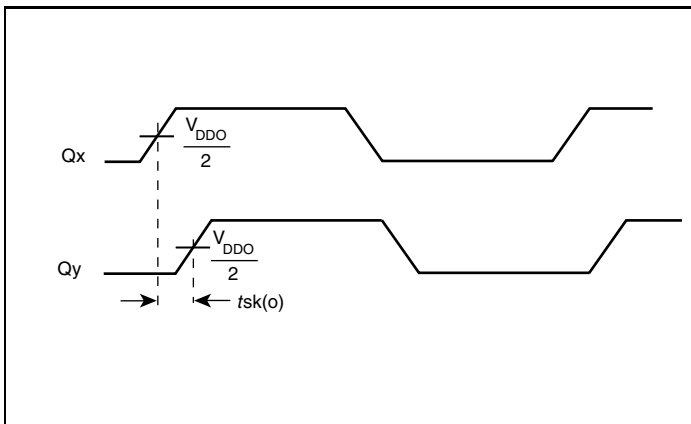
Parameter Measurement Information



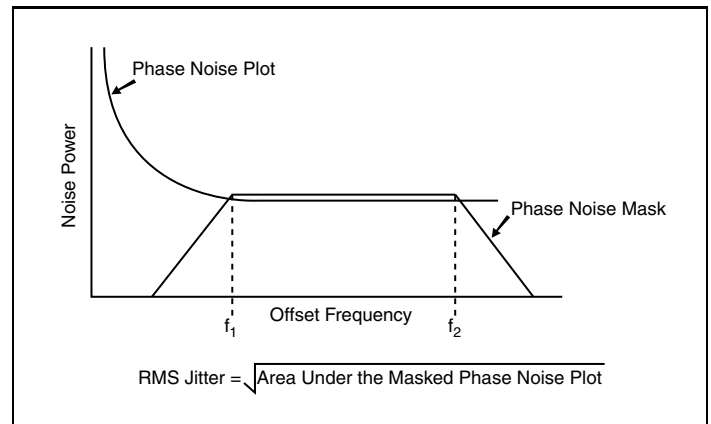
3.3V Core/3.3V LVCMOS Output Load AC Test Circuit



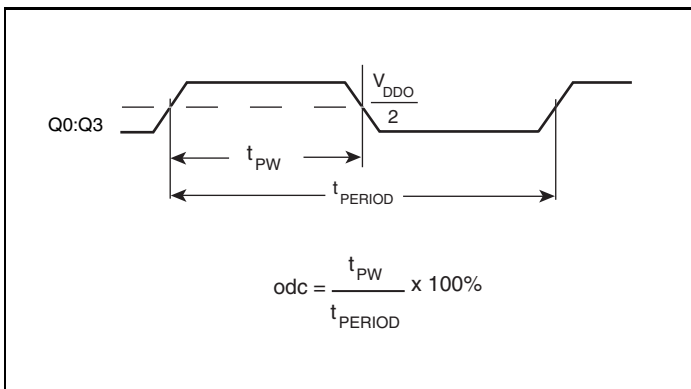
3.3V Core/2.5V LVCMOS Output Load AC Test Circuit



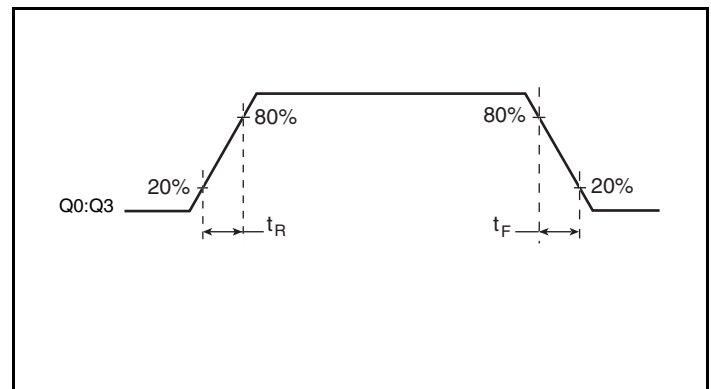
Output Skew



RMS Phase Jitter



Output Duty Cycle Pulse Width/Period



Output Rise/Fall Time

Application Information

Recommendations for Unused Input and Output Pins

Inputs:

Crystal Inputs

For applications not requiring the use of the crystal oscillator input, both XTAL_IN and XTAL_OUT can be left floating. Though not required, but for additional protection, a 1k Ω resistor can be tied from XTAL_IN to ground.

REF_CLK Input

For applications not requiring the use of the reference clock, it can be left floating. Though not required, but for additional protection, a 1k Ω resistor can be tied from the REF_CLK to ground.

LVC MOS Control Pins

All control pins have internal pull-downs; additional resistance is not required but can be added for additional protection. A 1k Ω resistor can be used.

Outputs:

LVC MOS Outputs

All unused LVC MOS outputs can be left floating. We recommend that there is no trace attached.

Power Supply Filtering Technique

As in any high speed analog circuitry, the power supply pins are vulnerable to random noise. To achieve optimum jitter performance, power supply isolation is required. The 840004-01 provides separate power supplies to isolate any high switching noise from the outputs to the internal PLL. V_{DD} , V_{DDA} and V_{DDO} should be individually connected to the power supply plane through vias, and 0.01 μ F bypass capacitors should be used for each pin. *Figure 1* illustrates this for a generic V_{DD} pin and also shows that V_{DDA} requires that an additional 10 Ω resistor along with a 10 μ F bypass capacitor be connected to the V_{DDA} pin.

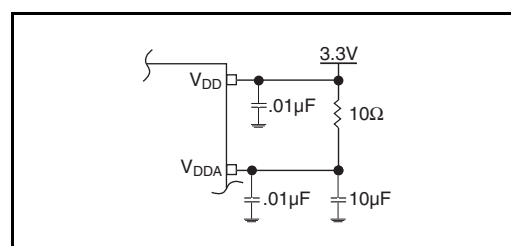


Figure 1. Power Supply Filtering

Crystal Input Interface

The 840004-01 has been characterized with 18pF parallel resonant crystals. The capacitor values shown in *Figure 2* below were determined using a 25MHz, 18pF parallel resonant crystal and were chosen to minimize the ppm error.

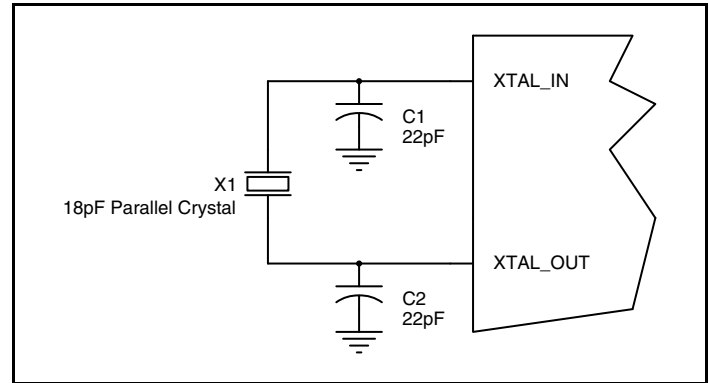


Figure 2. Crystal Input Interface

LVC MOS to XTAL Interface

The XTAL_IN input can accept a single-ended LVC MOS signal through an AC coupling capacitor. A general interface diagram is shown in *Figure 3*. The XTAL_OUT pin can be left floating. The input edge rate can be as slow as 10ns. For LVC MOS inputs, it is recommended that the amplitude be reduced from full swing to half swing in order to prevent signal interference with the power rail and to reduce noise. This configuration requires that the output

impedance of the driver (R_o) plus the series resistance (R_s) equals the transmission line impedance. In addition, matched termination at the crystal input will attenuate the signal in half. This can be done in one of two ways. First, R_1 and R_2 in parallel should equal the transmission line impedance. For most 50 Ω applications, R_1 and R_2 can be 100 Ω . This can also be accomplished by removing R_1 and making R_2 50 Ω .

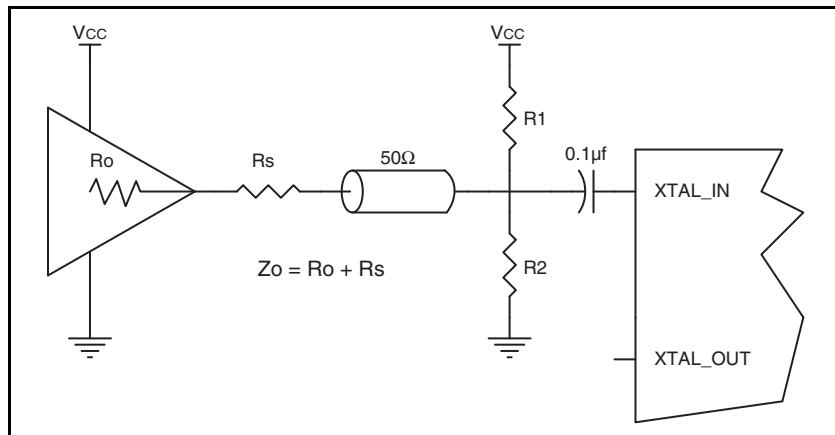


Figure 3. General Diagram for LVC MOS Driver to XTAL Input Interface

Schematic Example

Figure 4 shows a schematic example of the 840004-01. An example of LVCMOS termination is shown in this schematic. Additional LVCMOS termination approaches are shown in the LVCMOS Termination Application Note. In this example, an 18pF parallel resonant 25MHz crystal is used. The C1= 22pF and C2 = 22pF

are recommended for frequency accuracy. For different board layouts, the C1 and C2 may be slightly adjusted for optimizing frequency accuracy. 1k Ω pullup or pulldown resistors can be used for the logic control input pins.

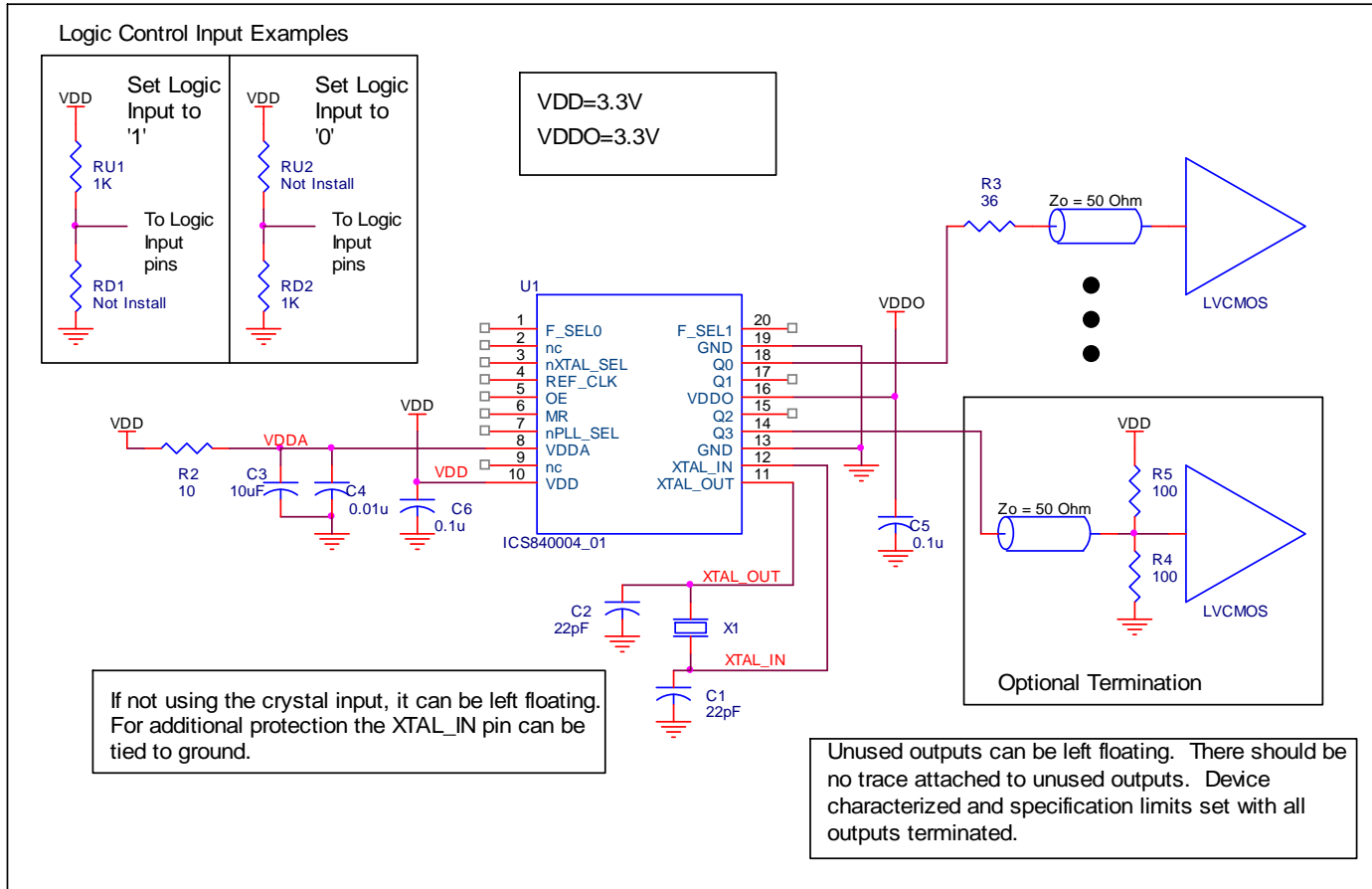


Figure 4. P.C. 840004-01 Schematic Example

Reliability Information

Table 6. θ_{JA} vs. Air Flow Table for a 20 Lead TSSOP

θ_{JA} by Velocity			
Linear Feet per Minute	0	200	500
Single-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards	114.5°C/W	98.0°C/W	88.0°C/W
Multi-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards	73.2°C/W	66.6°C/W	63.5°C/W

NOTE: Most modern PCB designs use multi-layered boards. The data in the second row pertains to most designs.

Transistor Count

The transistor count for 840004-01: 3796

Package Outline and Package Dimensions

Package Outline - G Suffix for 20 Lead TSSOP

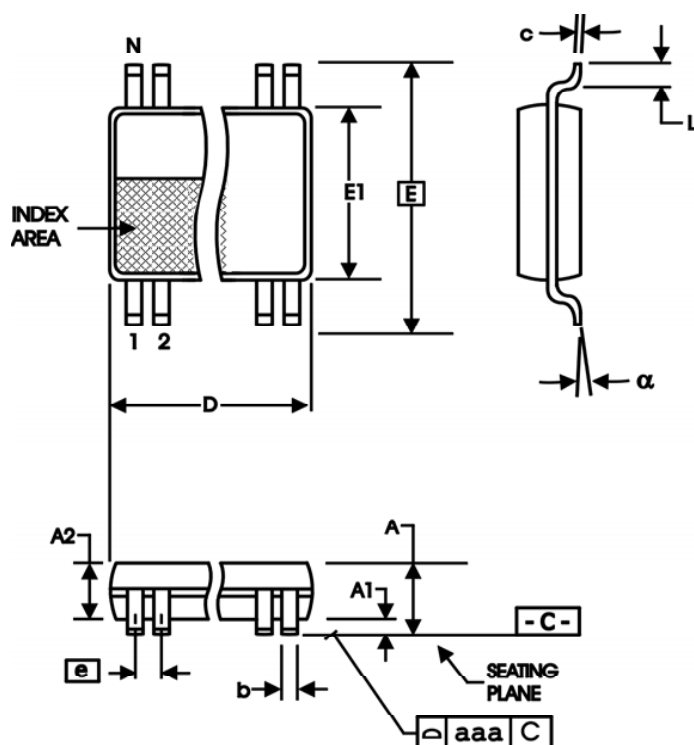


Table 7. Package Dimensions for 20 Lead TSSOP

All Dimensions in Millimeters		
Symbol	Minimum	Maximum
N	20	
A		1.20
A1	0.05	0.15
A2	0.80	1.05
b	0.19	0.30
c	0.09	0.20
D	6.40	6.60
E	6.40 Basic	
E1	4.30	4.50
e	0.65 Basic	
L	0.45	0.75
α	0°	8°
aaa		0.10

Reference Document: JEDEC Publication 95, MO-153

Ordering Information

Table 8. Ordering Information

Part/Order Number	Marking	Package	Shipping Packaging	Temperature
840004AG-01LF	ICS40004A01L	20 Lead "Lead-Free" TSSOP	Tube	0°C to 70°C
840004AG-01LFT	ICS40004A01L	20 Lead "Lead-Free" TSSOP	Tape & Reel	0°C to 70°C

NOTE: Parts that are ordered with an "LF" suffix to the part number are the Pb-Free configuration and are RoHS compliant.

Revision History Sheet

Rev	Table	Page	Description of Change	Date
B	T5A, T5B	4 - 5	AC Characteristics Tables - revised Test Conditions for Output Duty Cycle. Updated format throughout datasheet.	10/30/08
B	T8	13	Ordering Information - removed leaded devices. Updated data sheet format.	4/2/15

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