

μ**PD166037T1J** INTELLIGENT POWER DEVICE

R07DS1114EJ0200 Rev.2.00 May 22, 2015

1. Overview

1.1 Description

Family:

µPD166037T1J is a part of 2nd Generation Intelligent Power Devices (IPD). This is N-channel high-side switch with charge pump, voltage controlled input, diagnostic feedback with proportional load current sense and embedded protection function. Family includes up to 14 devices depending on on-state resistance, package and channel number combination.

Scalability:

Variety of on-state resistance combined with standardized package on pin-out give user high flexibility for unit design depending on target load.

Robustness:

Because of advanced protection method, 2nd Generation Intelligent Power Devices achieve high robustness against long term and repetitive short circuit condition.

1.2 Features

- Built-in charge pump
- 3.3V compatible logic interface
- Low standby current
- Short circuit protection
 - Shutdown by over current detection
 - Power limitation protection by over load detection (Power limitation: current limitation with delta Tch control)
 - Absolute Tch over temperature protection
- Built-in diagnostic function
- Proportional load current sensing
- Defined fault signal in case of abnormal load condition
- Loss of ground protection
- Under voltage lock out
- Active clamp operation at inductive load switch off
- AEC Qualified
- RoHS compliant

1.3 Application

- Light bulb switching from 21W to 32W
- Switching of all types of 14V DC grounded loads, such as LED, inductor, resistor and capacitor
- Power supply switch, fail-safe switch of 14V DC grounded system

Note: The information contained in this document is the one that was obtained when the document was issued, and may be subject to change.



2. Ordering Information

| Part No. | Nick name Lead plating | | Packing | Package | |
|---------------------------|------------------------|---------------|------------------|--------------------|--|
| UPD166037T1J-E1-AY | NHD030B | Pure Matte Sn | Tape 1500 p/reel | 12-pin Power HSSOP | |
| UPD166037T1J-E2-AY | NHD030B | Pure Matte Sn | Tape 1500 p/reel | 12-pin Power HSSOP | |
| Notes MSL 1 grafile and L | | | | | |

Note: MSL: 1, profile acc. J-STD-20C

2.1 Nick name





3. Specification

3.1 Block Diagram

3.1.1 Nch High-side Dual Device



Voltage and Current Definition





3.2 Pin Configuration

3.2.1 12-pin Power HSSOP Pin Configuration

| Pin No. | Terminal Name |
|---------|---------------|
| 1 | GND |
| 2 | IN1 |
| 3 | IS1 |
| 4 | IS2 |
| 5 | IN2 |
| 6 | VCC |
| 7 | SEN |
| 8 | OUT2 |
| 9 | OUT2 |
| 10 | OUT1 |
| 11 | OUT1 |
| 12 | VCC |
| Tab | VCC |



Pin function

| Terminal Name | Pin function | Recommended connection |
|---------------|---|---|
| GND | Ground connection | Connected to GND through a 100 Ohm resistor |
| | | or a diode for reverse current protection |
| | | Refer chapter 6. |
| INn | Input signal for channel n (n=1 to 2) | Connected to MCU port through 2k-50K serial |
| | | resistor |
| ISn | Current sense and Diagnosis output signal | Connected to GND through a 0.67K-5K resistor |
| | channel n (n=1 to 2) | |
| SEN | Sense enable input | Connected to MCU port through 2k-50K serial |
| | | resistor |
| OUTn | Protected high-side power output channel n (n=1 | Connected to load with small 50-100nf capacitor |
| | to 2) | in parallel |
| VCC | Positive power supply for logic supply as well as | Connected to battery voltage with small 100nf |
| | output power supply | capacitor in parallel |
| N.C. | Non connection | Left open |



3.3 Absolute Maximum Ratings

| | | | | | Ta=25degreeC, unle | ss other specified |
|---|------------------------|--------------|---------|---|---|--------------------|
| Parameter | Symbol | Rating | Unit | Test Co | ondition | |
| Vcc Voltage | V _{CC} | 28 | V | | | |
| Vcc Voltage at reverse battery condition | -V _{CC} | -16 | V | | lohm, t<2min, ‹ohm, RSEN=2kohm , RGN | D=100ohm |
| GND Reverse current at reverse battery condition | I _{GND(Rev)} | 200 | mA | RL=5.4 | ohm, t<2min | |
| Vcc voltage under Load Dump condition | V _{load dump} | 42 | V | | nm, RL=5.4ohm, RIS=1kohn =2kohm , RGND=100ohm, t | |
| Load Current | ۱L | Self limited | А | | | |
| Total power dissipation for whole device (DC) | P _D | 1.85 | W | Device | degreeC, on 50mmx50mmx1.5mm e cm2 of 70 um copper area | poxy PCB FR4 |
| Voltage at IN pin | V _{IN} | -2 ~ 16 | V | DC RIN=2 | | |
| | | -16 | | RIN=2 | rse battery condition, t<2mi ‹ohm, RSEN=2kohm | n, |
| IN pin current | I _{IN} | 10 | mA | DC | | |
| Voltage at IS pin | VIS | VCC | V | DC RIS=1 | kohm | |
| | | -16 | V | | rse battery condition, t<2mi ohm, RIS=1kohm | n, |
| IS Reverse current at reverse battery condition | IIS(Rev) | -30 | mA | At reve RL=5.4 | rse battery condition, t<2mi lohm | n, |
| Voltage at SEN pin | V _{SEN} | -2 ~ 16 | V | DC RSEN=2kohm At reverse battery condition, t<2min RIN=2kohm, RSEN=2kohm | | |
| | | -16 | - | | | |
| SEN pin current | I _{SEN} | 10 | mA | DC | | |
| Channel Temperature | Tch | -40 to +150 | degreeC | | | |
| Storage Temperature | Tstg | -55 to +150 | degreeC | | | |
| ESD susceptibility | Vesd | 2000 | V | HBM | AEC-Q100-002 std. R=1.5kohm, C=100pF | All pin |
| | | 4000 | | | IEC61000-4-2 std. R=330ohm, C=150pF, 100nF at VCC and OUT | VCC, OUT |
| | | 200 | V | MM | AEC-Q100-003 std. R=0ohm, C=200pF | |
| Inductive load switch-off energy dissipation single pulse | EAS | 50 | mJ | VCC=1 | 3.5V, Tch,start<150degree | C, RL=5.4ohm |
| Inductive load switch-off energy dissipation repetitive pulse | EAR | 30 | mJ | VCC=1 | 3.5V, Tch,start=85degreeC | , RL=5.4ohm |

Remark) All voltages refer to ground pin of the device



3.4 Thermal Characteristics

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Test Condition |
|-------------------------|-----------|-----|-----|-----|---------------|---|
| Thermal characteristics | Rth(ch-a) | | 35 | | degree C/W | According to JEDEC JESD51-2, -5, -7 on FR4 2s2p board |
| | Rth(ch-c) | | 1.3 | | degree C/W | All channel |



3.5 Electrical Characteristics

Operation function

| | | | Tch | =-40 to 15 | 0degreeC | , Vcc=7 to 18V, un | less otherwise specified |
|--|----------------------|-----|-----|------------|----------|-----------------------|------------------------------|
| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Test Condition | |
| Operating Voltage | V _{CC} | 4.5 | | 28 | V | V _{IN} =4.5V | |
| | | | | | | RL=5.4ohm | |
| Operating current per channel | I _{GND} | | 2.2 | 4 | mA | VIN=4.5V | |
| Output Leakage current | I _{L(off)} | | | 0.5 | μA | Tch=25°C | VCC=13.5V, |
| per channel | ·L(OII) | | | 0.0 | P. 1 | | VIN=0V, |
| | | | | | | | VSEN=0V, |
| | | | | 3 | | Tch=-40~125°C | VIS=0V, |
| | | | | | | | VOUT=0V, |
| | | | | | | | VGND=0V |
| Standby current | I _{CC(off)} | | | 0.5 | μA | Tch=25°C | VCC=13.5V, |
| | (-) | | | | | | VIN=0V, |
| | | | | | | | VSEN=0V, |
| | | | | 2 | | Tch=-40~85°C | VIS=0V, |
| | | | | | | | VOUT=0V, |
| | | | | | | | VGND=0V |
| On-state resistance per | Ron | | 30 | | mohm | Tch=25°C, IL=2.5 | 5A |
| channel | | | | 60 | | Tch=150°C, IL=2 | .5A |
| Low level IN pin voltage | V _{IL} | | | 0.8 | V | | |
| High level IN pin voltage | V _{IH} | 2.5 | | | V | | |
| Low level IN pin current | ۱ _{IL} | 2 | | 25 | μA | VIN=0.8V | |
| High level IN pin current | I _{IH} | 2 | | 25 | μA | VIN=2.5V | |
| Clamping IN pin voltage 1) | V _{ZIN} | 5 | 6 | | V | | |
| Low level SEN pin voltage | V _{SENL} | | | 0.8 | V | | |
| High level SEN pin voltage | V _{SENH} | 2.5 | | | V | | |
| Low level SEN pin current | I _{SENL} | 2 | | 25 | μA | VSEN=0.8V | |
| High level SEN pin current | I _{SENH} | 2 | | 25 | μA | VSEN=2.5V | |
| Clamping SEN pin voltage ¹⁾ | V _{ZSEN} | 5 | 6 | | V | | |
| Under voltage shutdown | V _{CC(Uv)} | | | 4.5 | V | | |
| Under voltage restart | V _{CC(Cpr)} | | | 5.0 | V | | |
| Turn on time | ton | | | 200 | μs | VCC=13.5V, RL= | 5.4ohm |
| Turn on delay time | td(on) | | | 100 | μs | - | |
| Turn off time | toff | | | 200 | μs | - | |
| Turn off delay time | td(off) | | | 150 | μs | - | |
| Slew rate on | dV/dton | | | 1.5 | V/µs | - | |
| Slew rate off | -dV/dtoff | | | 1.5 | V/µs | | 16 C 17 7 C |
| Switching drift ¹⁾ | ton-toff | -50 | | +50 | μs | | ift from Vcc=13.5V, |
| | | | | | | Tch=-40 to 150de | egreeC aritt from |
| | | | | | | Tch=25degreeC | 5V after input signal active |
| Turn on energy loss ¹⁾ | Eon | | 0.3 | 0.6 | mJ | | 25°C, RL=5.4ohm |
| Turn off energy loss ¹⁾ | Eoff | | 0.3 | 0.6 | mJ | 1 , - | |
| Driving capability ¹⁾ | Dr(capa) | 300 | | | mohm | Tch=25°C, VCC= | 8~16V |
| | | 350 | İ | İ | 1 | Tch=105°C, VCC | |

Remark) All voltages refer to ground pin of the device

1) not subjected production test, guaranteed by design



Protection function

Tch=-40 to 150degreeC, Vcc=7 to 18V, unless otherwise specified

| Descentes | Oursels at | N.41. | T | Maria | 11 | Test Ose dition |
|----------------------------|------------|-------|----------|-------|------|----------------------------------|
| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Test Condition |
| Over current detection | IL(SC) | 40 | 60 | | A | VCC=13.5V, Von=5V, Tch=25°C |
| current | | | | | | |
| Current limitation under | IL(CL) | | 20 | | Α | VCC=13.5V |
| power limitation toggling | | | | | | |
| Current limitation under | IL(TT) | | 13 | | Α | VCC=13.5V |
| absolute thermal toggling | . , | | | | | |
| Current limitation trigger | Von(CL1) | | 2.0 | | V | VCC=13.5V |
| threshold during turn-on | · · / | | | | | |
| Current limitation trigger | Von(CL2) | | 0.8 | | V | VCC=13.5V |
| threshold during on-state | - (-) | | 0.0 | | | |
| Absolute thermal | aTth | 150 | | | °C | |
| shutdown temperature | uru | 100 | | | Ũ | |
| Thermal hysteresis for | aTth,hys | | 20 | | °C | |
| absolute thermal toggling | ar an, nyo | | 20 | | Ŭ | |
| Power limitation thermal | dTth | | 60 | | °C | |
| shutdown temperature | Grui | | 00 | | Ŭ | |
| Power limitation restart | dTth,rest | | 30 | | °C | |
| | art | | 30 | | C | |
| temperature | | 00 | | 40 | V | 1000 40 51/ H 40m A Tab 05%0 |
| Output clamp at inductive | Von,clam | 30 | | 40 | V | VCC=13.5V, IL=40mA, Tch=25°C |
| load switch off | p | | | | | |
| Output current while GND | IL(GND) | | | 1 | mA | IIN=0A, ISEN=0A, IGND=0A, IIS=0A |
| disconnection | | | | | | |
| Output voltage drop at | Vds(rev) | | | 0.9 | V | Tch=25°C VCC=-13.5V, |
| reverse battery condition | | | | 0.7 | 1 | Tch=150°C RL=5.40hm |
| | | | | 0.7 | | |

Remark) All voltages refer to ground pin of the device



Diagnosis function

Tch=-40 to 150degreeC, Vcc=7 to 18V, VIN=4.5V, VSEN=4.5V, unless otherwise specified

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Test Condition |
|--|------------|------|------|------|------|---|
| Current sense ratio | KILIS | 2720 | 3400 | 4080 | | IL=2.5A |
| | | 2380 | 3400 | 4420 | | IL=0.5A |
| Current sense drift depend on temperature | dKILIS | -15 | | 15 | % | VCC=13.5V, Tch,start=25°C, RL=5.4ohm |
| Sense current offset current | lis,offset | | | 2 | μA | IL<10mA |
| Sense current leakage current | lis,dis | | | 1 | μA | VIN=0V, VSEN=0V |
| Sense current under fault | lis,fault | 3 | | 9.5 | mA | VCC=13.5V, RIS=0.67kohm |
| condition | | 3.5 | | 9 | | VCC=13.5V, RIS=1kohm |
| | | 3.5 | | 5.5 | | VCC=13.5V, RIS=2kohm |
| Minimum output current for current sense output | IL(CSE) | 10 | | 50 | mA | IIS>5µA |
| Open load detection threshold at off-state | VOUT(OL) | 2.0 | | 5.0 | V | VIN=0V, Tch=-40~105°C |
| OUT terminal current at Open load condition | IOUT(OL) | -1.0 | | | μA | VIN =0V |
| Open load detection delay after input negative slope | tdop | | 300 | | μs | VIN=4.5V to 0V, VOUT>VOUT(OL) |

Remark) All voltages refer to ground pin of the device



Diagnosis function

Tch=-40 to 150degreeC, Vcc=7 to 18V, VIN=4.5V, VSEN=4.5V, unless otherwise specified

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Test Condition |
|--|--------------|-------|-----|-----|------|---|
| Sense current settling time after input signal positive slope | tsis(on) | | | 250 | μs | VCC=13.5V, VIN=0V to 4.5V, IL/IIS=KILIS, RL=5.4ohm |
| Sense current settling time after input signal negative slope | tsis(off) | | | 10 | μs | VIN=4.5V to 0V |
| Sense current settling time after sense enable during on-state ¹⁾ | tssen(on) | | | 20 | μs | VSEN=0V to 4.5V, RL=5.4ohm |
| Sense current settling time after sense disable during on-state ¹⁾ | tssen(off) | | | 20 | μs | VSEN=4.5V to 0V, RL=5.4ohm |
| Sense current settling time during on-state ¹⁾ | tsis(LC) | | | 20 | μs | RL=5.4ohm to 2.7ohm |
| Fault signal delay after over current detection ¹⁾ | tdsc(fault) | | | 10 | μs | VIN=0V to 4.5V, IL=IL(SC) |
| Fault signal delay after power limitation valid ¹⁾ | tdpl(fault) | | | 10 | μs | Von>Von(CL1) |
| Fault signal delay after power limitation invalid ¹⁾ | tdpl(off) | | | 30 | μs | Von <von(cl1)< td=""></von(cl1)<> |
| Fault signal delay after absolute thermal shutdown | tdot(fault) | | | 10 | μs | IIS → IIS,fault |
| Fault signal delay after open load detection at off-state ¹⁾ | tdop(fault) | | | 10 | μs | VIN=0V, VOUT>VOUT(OL) |
| Fault signal delay after input negative slope ¹⁾ | tdoff(fault) | 6.1 1 | | 10 | μs | VIN=4.5V to 0V |

Remark) All voltages refer to ground pin of the device

1) not subjected production test, guaranteed by design



3.6 Feature Description

3.6.1 Driving Circuit

The high-side output is turned on, if the input pin is over VIH. The high-side output is turned off, if the input pin is open or the input pin is below VIL. Threshold is designed between VIH min and VIL max with hysteresis. IN terminal is pulled down with constant current source.



Switching a resistive load

Switching lamps



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Switching an inductive load



The dynamic clamp circuit works only when the inductive load is switched off. When the inductive load is switched off, the voltage of OUT falls below 0V. The gate voltage of SW1 is then nearly equal to GND. Next, the voltage at the source of SW1 (= gate of output MOS) falls below the GND voltage.

SW1 is turned on, and the clamp diode is connected to the gate of the output MOS, activating the dynamic clamp circuit.

When the over-voltage is applied to VCC, the gate voltage and source voltage of SW1 are both nearly equal to GND. SW1 is not turned on, the clamp diode is not connected to the gate of the output MOS, and the dynamic clamp circuit is not activated.





3.6.2 Device behavior at over voltage condition

In case of supply voltage greater than Vload dump, logic part is clamped by ZD_{AZ} (35V min). And current through of logic part is limited by external ground resistor. In addition, the power transistor switches off in order to protect the load from over voltage. Permanent supply voltage than V_{load} dump must not be applied to VCC.



3.6.3 Device behavior at low voltage condition

If the voltage supply (V_{CC}) goes down under $V_{CC}(Uv)$, the device outputs shuts down. If voltage supply (V_{CC}) increase over $V_{CC}(Cpr)$, the device outputs turns back on automatically. The device keeps off state after under voltage shutdown. The IS output is cleared during off-state.



3.6.4 Loss of Ground protection

In case of complete loss of the device ground connection, but connected load ground, the device securely changes to off if VIN was initially greater than VIH state or keeps off state if VIN was initially lower than VIL state.

In case of device loss of ground, IN and SEN terminal will/ could/ might be at VCC voltage.



3.6.5 Short circuit protection

Turn-on in an over load condition including short circuit condition

The device shuts down automatically when condition (a) is detected. The sense pin output Iis,fault. Shutdown is latched until the next reset via input pin. The device shuts down automatically when condition (b) is detected. The device restarts automatically when device cooling to dTch,restart. The output current is limited by output power MOSFET saturation current. The device shuts down automatically when condition (c) is detected and restarts automatically in absolute thermal toggling mode. The sense pin output Iis,fault during power limitation mode or thermal toggling mode. In case of device shutdown by (c) detection but also (b) condition, the output current is limited by IL(CL).

- (a) IL > IL(SC)
- (b) deltaTch > dTth
- (c) Tch > aTth

Over load condition including short circuit condition during on-state

The device runs automatically into power limitation mode when condition (a) is detected once after Von < Von(CL2). The device shuts down automatically when condition (b) is detected. The device restarts automatically in power limitation mode. The device shuts down automatically when condition (c) is detected and restarts automatically in absolute thermal toggling mode. The sense pin output Iis,fault during power limitation mode or thermal toggling mode.

(a) Von > Von(CL2)

- (b) deltaTch > dTth
- (c) Tch > aTth

Power limitation control

Current limitation control with IL(CL) when auto restart from deltaTch protection.

During the current limitation operation and Von>Von(CL1), the sense pin outputs Iis,fault. Even auto restart from delta Tch protection, if Von<Von(CL1) depends on short circuit impedance condition, the device does not operate as current limitation with IL(CL). In this case, the sense pin output sense current at on-state, Iis,fault at off-state during toggling operation with power limitation mode.

Absolute thermal toggling

Current limitation control with IL(TT) when auto restart from absolute Tch protection.

During the current limitation operation and Von>Von(CL1), the sense pin outputs Iis,fault. Even auto restart from absolute Tch protection, if Von<Von(CL1) depends on short circuit impedance condition, the device does not operate as current limitation with IL(TT). In this case, the sense pin output sense current at on-state, Iis,fault at off-state during toggling operation with thermal toggling mode.

delta Tch

Junction temperature differences between thermal sensor of power area and thermal sensor of control area.



State transition diagram



IL(lim) initial value is power MOSFET saturation current.



Turn-on in an over load condition including short circuit condition

(a) IL > IL(SC)





Turn-on in an over load condition including short circuit condition

(b) deltaTch > dTth





Turn-on in an over load condition including short circuit condition

(c) Tch > aTth





An over load condition which is include a short circuit condition during on-state

(a) Von > Von(CL) with weak short condition





An over load condition including short circuit condition during on-state

(a) Von > Von(CL) with dead condition





An over load condition including short circuit condition during on-state

(b) deltaTch > dTth





An over load condition including short circuit condition during on-state

(c) Tch > aTth





3.6.6 Device behavior at small load current conduction

The device has a function which controls Ron in order to improve KILIS accuracy at small load current conduction.

Von (VCC-OUT) is proportionate to IL under normal conditions. Under IL<IL(NL) condition, Ron is controlled to increase to be Von=Von(NL)=30mV(typ).





3.6.7 Diagnostic signal

Truth table

| | SEN | Input | Output | Diagnostic output ²⁾ |
|----------------------|-----|-----------------|---------------------|---|
| Normal Operation | Н | Н | VCC | IIS = IL/KILIS |
| Normal Operation | | L | L 1) | <1uA (Iis,dis) |
| Shutdown by over | | Н | L 1) | lis,fault ³⁾ |
| current detection | | L | L 1) | <1uA (Iis,dis) |
| Power limitation | | | VOUT ⁶⁾ | IIS = IL/KILIS in case of Von <von(cl1)< td=""></von(cl1)<> |
| | | Н | V001 */ | Iis,fault ⁴⁾ in case of Von>Von(CL1) |
| | | | L ¹⁾ | Iis,fault ⁴⁾ |
| | | L | L ¹⁾ | <1uA (Iis,dis) |
| | | | VOUT ⁶⁾ | IIS = IL/KILIS in case of Von <von(cl1)< td=""></von(cl1)<> |
| Thermal toggling | | Н | V001% | Iis,fault ⁵⁾ in case of Von>Von(CL1) |
| Therman toggning | | | L ¹⁾ | Iis, fault ⁵⁾ |
| | | L | L ¹⁾ | <1uA (Iis,dis) |
| Short circuit to VCC | | Н | VCC | < 2uA (Iis,offset) |
| Short circuit to VCC | | L | VOUT ⁷⁾ | Iis,fault in case of VOUT>VOUT(OL) |
| Open Load | | Н | VCC | < 2uA (Iis,offset) |
| Open Load | | L | VOUT ⁷) | Iis,fault in case of VOUT>VOUT(OL) |
| X ⁸⁾ | L | X ⁸⁾ | X ⁸⁾ | <1uA (Iis,dis) |

1) In case of OUT terminal is connected to GND via load.

2) In case of IS terminal is connected to GND via resister.

- 3) IS terminal keeps Iis, fault as long as input signal activate after the over current detection.
- 4) IS terminal keeps Iis, fault during power limitation if Von>Von(CL1).
- 5) IS terminal keeps Iis, fault during thermal toggling if Von>Von(CL1)..
- 6) VOUT depends on the short circuit condition
- 7) VOUT depends on the ratio of VCC-OUT-GND resistive component.
- 8) Don't care



Current sense output

The device output analog feedback current proportional to output current from IS pin. In the case of much higher current than nominal load current, current sense output is saturated. In the case of much lower current than nominal load current, current sense output is above 5uA if output current is above IL(CSE) max, current sense output is below 2uA, IIS,offset max, if output current is below IL(CSE) min.



Sense current under fault condition

The device output IIS, fault, constant current, from IS pin under fault condition such as after over current detection, during power limitation and during thermal toggling. IIS, fault is specified with RIS=1kohm condition. IIS, fault is attenuated depends on VCC-VIS voltage. Operation point as IIS, fault output is also depends on RIS condition. For example, In the case of RIS=1kohm, IIS, fault could be 3.5mA to 9mA, VCC-VIS could be 4.5V to 10V, VIS could be 9V to 3.5V if VCC=13.5V. In the case of RIS is higher than 1kohm, Operation point as IIS, fault is lower than specified value but VIS should be higher than RIS=1kohm condition.







Sense current settling time



Fault signal delay time at over current detection





Fault signal delay time at power limitation



Fault signal delay time at Thermal toggling





Fault signal delay time at open load detection





3.6.8 Nominal load

| Product | Nominal load |
|---------|--------------|
| NHD030B | 5.4ohm |

3.6.9 Driving Capability

Driving Capability is specified as load impedance. Over current detection characteristics is designed below Driving Capability characteristics. If estimated load impedance which comes from peak inrush current is higher than Driving Capability characteristics, this means, the device does not detect inrush current as over current and does not shutdown the output. Depend on the conditions, Power Limitation function may work during inrush current. If estimated load impedance which comes from peak inrush current is higher than Driving Capability characteristics, Power limitation disappear within 30ms. This parameter does not mean that the device can drive the resistive load up to Driving Capability characteristics.





3.6.10 Measurement condition

Switching waveform of OUT terminal





3.7 Package drawing

12-pin Power HSSOP





3.8 Taping information

uPD166037T1J



3.9 Marking information

uPD166037T1J





4. Typical characteristics



















Channel Temperature Tch [degreeC]



5. Thermal characteristics





6. Application example in principle



RIN, RSEN, RAN values are in range of 2k to 50kohm depending microcontroller while R_L value is typically 4kohm. If necessary to raise HBM tolerated dose, adding resister between OUT terminal and Ground is effective. Resister's value is typically 100kohm

GND Network recommendation

In case of V loaddump < 35V

In case of 35V < V loaddump < 42V



External diode is recommended in order to prevent reverse current toward control logic part at reverse battery condition.



External diode and resistor are recommended in order to prevent reverse current toward control logic part at reverse battery condition and limit the current through ZD_{AZ} at load dump condition. 100ohm is recommended as RGND.

Note: If other component is installed to prevent reverse current at reverse battery condition, diode is not required in GND Network.

Note: Approx. 10kohm additional resistor in parallel with diode is recommended depends on Vf- If performance of the diode.



| Revision History | |
|-------------------------|--|
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μPD166037T1J Datasheet

| | | Description | |
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| 2.00 | May 22, 2015 | 23 | "Device behavior at small load current conduction" is added. |

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