

## RC38612

Evaluation Kit Manual

The RC38612 evaluation board allows customers to evaluate Renesas ClockMatrix devices (for example, RC38612, QFN-72). This document discusses the following:

- The board's design, its power supply, and jumper settings
- The input and output connectors for normal operation
- How to bring up the board using the Timing Commander software GUI
- How to configure and program the board to generate standard-compliant frequencies

## **Kit Contents**

The RC38612 EVK ships with the following:

- RC38612 Evaluation Board
- USB Type-A cable

### **PC Requirements**

- Renesas Timing Commander Software installed
- ClockMatrix GUI
- USB 2.0 or USB 3.0 interface
- Windows XP SP3, or later
- Processor: Minimum 1GHz
- Memory: Minimum 512MB; recommended 1GB
- Available Disk Space: Minimum 600MB (1.5GB, 64-bit); recommended 1GB (2GB, 64-bit)
- Network access during installation if the .NET framework is not currently installed on the system



Figure 1. RC38612 Evaluation Board



# Contents

1.	Boar	d Design	3	
	1.1	Board Power Supply	4	
	1.2	Voltage Selection Jumpers	4	
	1.3	GPIO Switches, LEDs, and Test Points	5	
	1.4	USB Jack	5	
	1.5	I2C between FTDI, ClockMatrix Device, and On-board EEPROM	6	
2.	Work	ing with Timing Commander for Programing/Configuration	6	
	2.1	Default Operation	6	
	2.2	Using Timing Commander to Control the Board	9	
	2.3	Output Terminations and Rework to Take 1PPS Input 1	4	
3.	Sche	matic Diagrams	5	
4.				
5.	Revision History			
Арр	endix	A. How to Upgrade the Firmware 1	6	



# 1. Board Design

The following diagram identifies the various components of the evaluation board: input and output SMA connectors, power supply jacks, and some jumper settings necessary for the board operations. Detailed descriptions are included below.



Figure 2. RC38612 Evaluation Board – Detailed

- Input SMA connectors There are five differential inputs labeled CLK0/nCLK0 CLK4/nCLK4. Each input clock can be configured differentially (LVDS, PECL 2.5V, and PECL 3.3V) or in single-ended format (CMOS).
- Output SMA connectors There are 12 outputs labeled as Q0/nQ0 Q11/nQ11. Each output clock can be configured differentially (LVDS, LVPECL, or user-defined amplitude) or in single-ended format (LVCMOS – inphase or out-of-phase).
- **GPIO switch, LEDs, and Test points** There are seven GPIOs available. Each GPIO can be set a "low" or "high" level (if input) or displayed with an LED (if output). Some GPIOs are used to set the chip in a certain working condition on power-up. For more information, see "Table 18. GPIO Pin Usage at Start-Up" in the *RC38612 Datasheet*.
- **USB connector** A USB mini connector connects the evaluation board to a PC for GUI communications. No power is consumed from the USB connector other than to power the FTDI USB device.
- VDDQx voltage selection jumpers Each output voltage can be individually supplied with 1.8V, 2.5V, or 3.3V. These jumpers are used to select the voltage for the output voltages.
- Reset button: A small button is used to reset the board.
- **OSCI Input connector** An SMA connector, J45, is provided to optionally supply a clock signal to overdrive the crystal.
- OCXO/TCXO Reference (Optional) An OCXO/TCXO footprint, output at J82. It can be connected to J46 (below) as the reference for System DPLL.

- SysDPLL Input (Optional) An SMA connector, J46, is provided to supply a local OCXO/TCXO reference as an optional reference for System DPLL.
- **Crystal**: A crystal of various frequencies must be present for board operations. A 3225 footprint is provided for SMT crystals. For easy plug-in of a canned crystal, two through-holes are also available.
- **EEPROM** An SO-8 socket is provided to hold an EEPROM device of compatible package. EEROM is used to store firmware and customer configuration data, if needed.

### 1.1 Board Power Supply

The evaluation board uses a single +5V supply for its power supplies. When running the board, please set the bench power supply at 5V/2A. The red jack (J1) is positive; the black jack (J2) is the ground.

Multiple LDOs are used to generate 3.3V, 2.5V, and 1.8V from the +5V supply.

### 1.2 Voltage Selection Jumpers

There are eight headers/jumpers for selecting different voltages for different functional blocks of the device. Each header has Pin 1 and 3 labeled in silkscreen – jumping pin 1 and pin 2 will select 3.3V; jumping pin 2 and pin 3 will select 2.5V. No jumper will have 1.8V.

Please see the following example for JP4 and JP9 – JP4 will select 2.5V, JP9 will select 3.3V.



Figure 3. Example of Voltage Jumpers

The following list shows which head/jumper is used to select a specific voltage:

- JP1 VDDD
- JP2 VDDA
- JP3 VCC\_GPIO\_DC
- JP4 VDDO\_Q8\_3\_5
- JP5 VDDO\_Q2\_4\_11
- JP6 VDDO\_1\_10\_7
- JP7 VDD\_CLK0
- JP9 VDDO\_Q0\_9\_6



*Note*: VDD\_FOD voltage is selected by resistor R908 and R909. In order to prevent damage to the device, both R908 and R909 should not be stuffed, in which case VDD\_FOD = 1.8V.

## 1.3 GPIO Switches, LEDs, and Test Points

An 8-bit, 3-position dip switch is used to set the logic levels for seven GPIOs (GPIO0-5, GPIO9). The GPIO levels for each setting and the corresponding LED state are listed in the following table (see picture and labels in Figure 4).

Dip Switch Position	GPIO Logic Level	LED
Left	Low	On
Center	High if GPIO is configured as Input High or Low according to the GPIO output setting	High if GPIO is configured as Input High or Low according to the GPIO output setting
Right	High	Off

#### Table 1. GPIO Settings

When the GPIOs are configured as outputs (such as User-Controlled or LOL indicator), the dip switch for the corresponding GPIO should be placed in the Center position. The LED will indicate the state of the GPIO.



Figure 4. GPIO Setting and Status Display Area

### 1.4 USB Jack

This is a USB mini connector to the board. The other end of the USB cable is a USB Type A connector going to a PC.



## 1.5 I2C between FTDI, ClockMatrix Device, and On-board EEPROM

One of the major differences between the QFN-72 ClockMatrix device and its BGA-144 counterpart is that there is only one serial bus on the QFN-72 device. The I2C bus between the FTDI chip and ClockMatrix device is the same bus between the ClockMatrix device and the on-board EEPROM. The on-board EEPROM is used to store device firmware and/or customer's configuration data. JP12 and JP13 must be jumped between Pin 1 and 2 to enable the I2C connections.

	JP12/JP13	JP12/JP13
Jumper position	Pin 1 and 2	Pin 2 and 3
I2C Path	FDTI and CM chip; CM chip and EEPROM	N/A

#### Table 2. EEPROM I2C Connections

## 2. Working with Timing Commander for Programing/Configuration

The following sections are best cross-referenced with the *ClockMatrix GUI Step-by-Step User Guide* that is available on the ClockMatrix Timing Solutions page and various ClockMatrix device product pages.

### 2.1 Default Operation

The evaluation board can be operated off EEPROM, which has stored all information including firmware and a default configuration data. A default operation provides a sanity check on the board before running the board through the Timing Commander tool. Please set the board to the following default conditions (for jumper and switch positions, see Figure 5):

- Set all the GPIOs to the Center position. This will ensure that GPIO9 is high and that the serial port is configured for I2C 1-byte addressing.
- VDDA = 3.3V, VDD\_GPIO\_FOD = 1.8V, VDD0\_Qx = 3.3V
- Crystal frequency 50MHz
- CLK0 = 25MHz
- FTDI, ClockMatrix device, and EEPROM share the same I2C bus by jumping Pin 1 and 2 of JP12 and JP13

With the above default conditions ready, connect the evaluation board to the PC using a USB cable (type A on the PC side and mini-type on the board side), and power up the board using a single +5V supply. On power-up, the ClockMatrix device will read its firmware and configuration data from EEPROM and update all the registers. When this process completes, the following frequencies are available:

- Q0 = 122.88MHz
- Q1 = 122.88MHz





Figure 5. Board Setting for Default Operation

*Note*: In order to set GPIO9 to "High", the switch for GPIO9 must be set either to the "+" (high) position or the center position.

Before proceeding to communicate to the ClockMatrix device using the Timing Commander GUI, two I2C connection methods are introduced:

- Using the on-board FTDI circuit The evaluation board has on-board FTDI circuitry to translate Timing Commander access activities from USB to the I2C port of the ClockMatrix device. This is to connect the PC to the board through the Type-B connector.
- Using FTDI dongle (C232HM-DDHSL-0 cable) The dongle has the same FTDI circuit as this board built in it (see Figure 6). The benefit of using this dongle is to connect to the customer's board and still enjoy the debugging capabilities that Timing Commander has to offer.





Figure 6. FTDI Dongle: USB Type-A at PC end and 10 free-wires at the other end

The free wires are color-coded and numerically indexed as displayed in the following picture.



When using with Timing Commander, only four wires are used. When connecting to a customer board, connect the Orange wire to SCL; tie the Yellow wire and Green wire together and connect to SDA; then, importantly, connect the Black ground wire to the customer's board GND. Assuming there is a pull-up resistor for SCL and SDA, respectively, on customer board.

Color	Pin Number	Name	Туре	Description
Orange	2	SCL	Output	Serial Clock
Yellow	3		SDA	Serial data signal shorted together to
Green	4			create bidirectional data (both yellow and green wires must be shorted together)

By using FTDI dongle, we can connect to a customer board and use the Timing Commander GUI just like working on a ClockMatrix evaluation board. When using the FTDI dongle to connect to a customer board, in Timing Commander "Connection Settings" window, "On-board USB (SPI)" is selected in Connection Interface box (see Figure 10), same as connecting to a Renesas evaluation board.

## 2.2 Using Timing Commander to Control the Board

Once the default operation is successful, complete the following steps using Timing Commander to configure and program the ClockMatrix device as per your application requirements.

- 1. Power up the board and set the main serial port in I2C mode by GPIO9 = "high". See Figure 5 for the GPIO9 position. Connect the board to PC.
- 2. Start the Timing Commander software.

You will see options of "New Setting File" and "Open Setting file". For a new configuration, select "New Setting File"

DT Timing Commander		i o x
	IDT Timing Commander New Settings File Open Settings File DT Timing Web Site User Guide	COMN of Your T

Figure 7. Starting Up Timing Commander GUI



3. After selecting "New Settings File", a device selection window will appear. In the window, choose the intended device in the list (RC38612 is selected in this example).

Click the button at the lower right corner of the window (red circle) to browse and select the correct personality file (in this example, personality Version 9.0.1 is selected), then click OK.

New Setti	ings File			Cancel	
Product	t #	Description	ClockMatrix		
RC38612	L #		ClockMatrix RC38612		-
Personality C:	\Users\jchiu\Desk	top\GUI Validation ClockMa	atrix_V9.0.1_RC38612.tcp		2

Figure 8. Selecting RC38612 using Personality File Version 9.0.1



4. The GUI window with the RC38612 block diagram will open for configurations; or if "Open Settings File" is selected in Step 5 above, you will be prompted to browse and select an existing .tcs file and the personality file. When the configuration file is open, all configured values will be displayed as in Figure 9.

🚺 IDT Timing Commander	- 0 ×
RC38612 V9.0.1	1
Piagram Bit Sets Registers	
MC38012 V0.01     TOXODOCKO     49.1524/Hz     Configure Dockor TDC     Configure Dockor TDC     Exercise TSP       Prevence:     5.2.2.45/x1     Image: Social Voids     Image: Social Voids     Configure Dockor TDC     Configure Dockor TDC     Exercise TSP       Opply:rept. and outpot lakes     Image: Social Voids     Image: Social Voids     Configure Dockor TDC     Exercise TSP     Exercise TSP	
Ocea Very	

Figure 9. Timing Commander GUI with a Settings File Opened

 In order to connect the board with Timing Commander (PC), click the button (red circle) at the up-right corner of the GUI to set up the communication protocols (see Figure 9). After I2C and one-byte addressing are selected, click OK to close the window (see Figure 10).

Connection Settings	Cancel	ОК
Connection Interface	Onboard USB (I2C)	•
I2C Slave Address	B0,B6	
Address Type	One Byte Addresses	•

Figure 10. Setting I2C for Connecting the Board with GUI



6. Click the chip symbol at the up-right corner to initiate the connection. The connection is made with a green band appearing at the up-right corner of the window, as shown below.



Figure 11. Green Band Appears when a Valid Connection is Made

7. If ClockMatrix device's firmware, or the firmware loaded from EEPROM, has a different version from that in the Personality file, a firmware version mismatch warning message will appear. Click "Close" button to close the message window and a connection is made.



Figure 12. Firmware Version Mismatch Warning Message



8. Once the connection is made, the firmware version can be read within the GUI. Click the "Firmware Utility" button to bring up the Firmware Utility window, as shown below.

Dutput TDC Configure Serial Firmware Utility Generate. bin file for PTP HW Clock (PHC) driver Hardware CSRs EEPROM Utility	
Channels The solution finder attempts to find a combination of output muxes, DCO frequencies and output dividers that can provide the desired outputs. To speed up entry of output frequencies, disable the solution finder until you have entered all outputs, and then enable it again. Enable: Disable Solution Finder enable: Disable Solution Finder	

Figure 13. Reading Firmware Version

9. Within Firmware Utility window, click the "Get Firmware Version" button will read the firmware version.

	i	
egisters		
Configure GPIOs         Configure Output TDC         Configure Settial         Firmware Ubility         Generate bin file far PTP HW Clock (PHC) driver           Power Estimate         Configure Input TDC         Handware CSRs         EEPROM Ubility         Generate bin file far PTP HW Clock (PHC) driver           Soratich Registers         Soratich Registers         EEPROM Ubility         EEPROM Ubility		٩
To DCOs Detable Unused Channels DCO Requencies and output divides that can provide the desired DCO Requencies and output divides that can provide the desired Configure BOOMHz: Configure Configure Configur		
Close Contaure Firmware version: 5.2.2.46741 Get Firmware Version Update RAM Update RAM to Current FW Only		

Figure 14. Read Firmware Version of ClockMatrix Chip

10. In the case where the firmware version mismatches each other, a firmware upgrade is required to update the device's firmware. To update the device's firmware, complete the Firmware Version Update steps in Appendix A. How to Upgrade the Firmware.



## 2.3 Output Terminations and Rework to Take 1PPS Input

All outputs are terminated by a 100-ohm resistor across the output pair. This is the recommended termination regardless of the Voffset and Vswing settings. Since the outputs are DC-coupled, they will support a 1PPS output without any need for rework.

*Note*: When connecting the outputs to measurement equipment, use a DC-block to ensure that the output operates at its intended Voffset; otherwise, the equipment may load the output down and cause degraded performance.

The following rework must be implemented in order to support a 1PPS input clock. All input clocks for the evaluation board are AC-coupled and terminated as in Figure 15.



Figure 15. Input Clock's AC-coupling and Terminations

For a 1PPS input, a single-ended input with DC-coupling is recommended. As such, the populated AC-coupling capacitor must be removed and the input must be configured as LVCMOS, not differential. In Figure 15, to make CLK0 supportive of 1PPS input, first configure CLK0 as LVCMOS in Timing Commander (see Figure 16).

		×
	CLK0 Config	
Input label:	1PPS Input	
Sync pulse:	(none) 👻 🗂	
Inverse:		
Divider:	1 📑 bypassed	
Phase Offset (ps):	Ops 📑	
Input Protocol:	CMOS 👻 📑	

Figure 16. Configuring CLK0 as CMOS to Receive a 1PPS Input

Once in LVCMOS mode, CLK0\_P and CLK0\_N will be two separate LVCMOS inputs instead of a differential pair. To make CLK0\_P receive a 1PPS input, replace C881 with a 0-ohm resistor, while at the same time, remove R765 and R770.

# 3. Schematic Diagrams

For schematic diagrams, see ClockMatrix 72-QFN Evaluation Board Schematic.

# 4. Ordering Information

Part Number	Description
RC38612-EVK	RC38612 Evaluation Kit

# 5. Revision History

Revision	Date	Description
1.02	May 27, 2025	Added a link to the EVK schematic diagrams in section 3.
1.01	Apr 20, 2022	Updated schematics; removed embedded files and appended files to the rear of the document.
1.00	May 27, 2021	Initial release



# Appendix A. How to Upgrade the Firmware

### Upload Firmware to the RAM

- 1. Connect to the EVB.
- 2. Power up the EVB with No EEPROM Present. This ensures the FW is 4.0.2.7017.
- 3. The GUI will indicate that the FW on the Chip does not match the GUI FW. Press "Close".



4. Open the "Firmware Utility" window.



5. Update the Firmware first, then press "Update RAM to Current FW Only"

<u>Firmware Utility</u>	
Get Firmware Version Reset Board	
Lindata DAM	
Update RAM	
Update RAM to Current FW Only	



6. In the next dialog, press "Yes" and wait around 4 minutes.



7. Once the FW updates, a dialog will indicate a successful update.



8. Press "Get Firmware Version" to verify that the RAM was updated correctly.

ers	
gure GPIC er Estimati	HW Clock (PHC) driver
)s nfigure	Disable Unused Channels DCO frequencies and output dividers that care outputs. To speed up entry of output frequenci finder until you have entered all outputs, and t
	800MHz Firmware Utility
nfigure	Ch0 v Ca Get Firmware Version Reset Board
nfiqure	Close Update RAM

#### Upload Firmware to the EEPROM

9. Once the Firmware has been updated to the chip (steps 1 to 8), install the EEPROM on the EVB.



#### 10. Press

- a. EEPROM Utility
- b. Connect to EEPROM
- c. Write Firmware to EEPROM

Configure Serial Firmware Utility Hardware CSRs EEPROM Utility	Configure Serial Firmware Utility Generate Join file for PTP HW Clock (PHC) driver
EEPRON 1 Utility EEPROM Type: 24x1025	EEPROM Type: 24x1025
Generate EE PROM File Communicate with EEPI OM directly via FTDI	Generate EEPROM File Communicate with EEPROM directly via FTDI
Connect to EEPROM Write Firmware to EEPROM Write Config to EEPROM	Disconnect from EEPROM Write Firmware to EEPROM Write Config to EEPROM
Erase EEPROM Verify Firmware on EEPROM Only	Erase EEPROM Verify Firmware on EEPROM Only

11. In the Next Dialog, press "Yes".



12. When asked to "Verify" the EEPROM, press "No":





13. In the next window, press "Close" to start the EEPROM write.



14. Wait about 5mins. The EEPROM write will complete with this window below. Press "Close".



#### Verify the EEPROM Programming

- 15. Power cycle the Evaluation Board.
- 16. Disconnect and reconnect to the chip.
- 17. Read back the Firmware Version to ensure it's correct (see steps 3 and 7).



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