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Renesas Starter Kit for R8C/2F

User's Manual RENESAS SINGLE-CHIP MICROCOMPUTER M16C FAMILY

Renesas Electronics www.renesas.com

Rev.1.00 2008.04

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Chapter 1. Preface

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Glossary

CPU	Central Processing Unit	HEW	High-performance Embedded Workshop
LED	Light Emitting Diode	RSK	Renesas Starter Kit
PC	Program Counter	E8A	On-chip debugger module
LCD	Liquid Crystal Display	LIN	Local Interconnect Network

Chapter 2. Purpose

This RSK is an evaluation tool for Renesas microcontrollers.

This manual describes the technical details of the RSK hardware. The Quick Start Guide and Tutorial Manual provide details of the software installation and debugging environment.

Features include:

- Renesas Microcontroller Programming.
- User Code Debugging.
- User Circuitry such as Switches, LEDs and potentiometer.
- User or Example Application.
- Sample peripheral device initialisation code.

The RSK board contains all the circuitry required for microcontroller operation.

Chapter 3. Power Supply

3.1. Requirements

This RSK operates from a 5V power supply.

A diode provides reverse polarity protection only if a current limiting power supply is used.

All RSK boards are supplied with an E8A debugger. This product is able to power the RSK board with up to 300mA. When the RSK is connected to another system then that system should supply power to the RSK.

All RSK boards have an optional centre positive supply connector using a 2.0mm barrel power jack.

Warning

The RSK is neither under nor over voltage protected. Use a centre positive supply for this board.

3.2. Power - Up Behaviour

When the RSK is purchased the RSK board has the 'Release' or stand alone code from the example tutorial code pre-programmed into the Renesas microcontroller. On powering up the board the user LEDs will start to flash. After 200 flashes, or after pressing a switch the LEDs will flash at a rate controlled by the potentiometer.

Chapter 4. Board Layout

4.1. Component Layout

The following diagram shows top layer component layout of the board.



Figure 4-1: Board Layout

4.2. Board Dimensions

The following diagram gives the board dimensions and connector positions. All through hole connectors are on a common 0.1" grid for easy interfacing.



Figure 4-2: Board Dimensions

Chapter 5. Block Diagram

Figure 5-1 shows the CPU board components and their connectivity.



Figure 5-1: Block Diagram

Figure 5-2 shows the connections to the RSK.



Figure 5-2: RSK Connections

Chapter 6. User Circuitry

6.1. Switches

There are four switches located on the CPU board. The function of each switch and its connection are shown in Table 6-1.

Switch	Function	Microcontroller
RES	When pressed, the RSK microcontroller is reset.	RESETn, Pin 3
SW1/BOOT*	Connects to an IRQ input for user controls.	INT0n, Pin 9
	The switch is also used in conjunction with the RES switch to place the device in	(Port 4 pin 5)
	BOOT mode when not using the E8A debugger.	
SW2*	Connects to an IRQ line for user controls.	INT1n , Pin 11
		(Port 3, pin 6)
SW3*	Connects to key interrupt line.	KI3n , Pin 18
		(Port 1, pin 3)

Table 6-1: Switch Functions

*Refer to schematic for detailed connectivity information.

6.2. LEDs

There are six LEDs on the RSK board. The green 'POWER' LED lights when the board is powered. The orange 'BOOT' LED indicates the device is in BOOT mode when lit. The four user LEDs are connected to an IO port and will light when their corresponding port pin is set low.

Table 6-2, below, shows the LED pin references and their corresponding microcontroller port pin connections.

LED Reference (As	Colour	Microcontroller Port Pin	Microcontroller
shown on silkscreen)		function	Pin Number
LED0	Green	Port 1.2	19
LED1	Orange	Port 3.4	24
LED2	Red	Port 3.5	1
LED3	Red	Port 1.7	10

Table 6-2: LED Port

6.3. Potentiometer

A single turn potentiometer is connected to channel AN2 (P0.5, pin 27) of the microcontroller. This may be used to vary the input analogue voltage value to this pin between VCC and Ground.

6.4. Serial port

Description	Function	Circuit Net Name	CPU's Pin	Fit for RS232
SCI0	Default serial port	TXD0	17	R40
SCIO	Default serial port	RXD0	16	R29

Serial port SCI0 is connected to the standard RS232 header. The connections are listed in the Table 6-3.

Table 6-3: Serial Port settings

The SCI0 port is also available on J2/J3 (R28 and R61 must be fitted) and JA2 headers.

6.5. Hardware LIN

Hardware LIN could be connected to TXD0, RXD0 and CLK0 pins. The connections to be fitted are listed in the Table 6-4.

Description	Function	Circuit Net	CPU's	Fit for Hardware LIN	Remove for Hardware
		Name	Pin		LIN
LIN	TXD	TXD0	17	R22	R40
LIN	RXD	RXD0	16	R25	R29
LIN	NSLP	CLK0	15	R23	-

Table 6-4: Hardware LIN settings

Hardware LIN can be selected as Master or Slave. Jumper selections are listed in the Table 6-5.

Master and Slave Selection					
Jumper	Master	Slave			
L_MD0	Fit	No Fit			
L_MD1	Fit	No Fit			

Table 6-5: LIN Master and Slave Selection

6.6. Debug LCD Module

A debug LCD module is supplied to be connected to the connector LCD. This should be fitted so that the debug LCD module lies between J1 and JA1. Care should be taken to ensure the pins are inserted correctly into LCD. The debug LCD module uses a 4 bit interface to reduce the pin allocation. No contrast control is provided; this is set by a resistor on the supplied display module. The module supplied with the RSK only supports 5V operation.

Table 6-6 shows the pin allocation and signal names used on this connector.

	LCD					
Pin	Circuit Net Name	Device	Pin	Circuit Net Name	Device	
		Pin			Pin	
1	Ground	-	2	5V Only	-	
3	No Connection	-	4	DLCDRS (P10)	22	
5	R/W (Wired to Write only)	-	6	DLCDE + 100k pull down to ground (P11)	21	
7	No Connection	-	8	No connection	-	
9	No Connection	-	10	No connection	-	
11	DLCDD4 (P00)	32	12	DLCDD5 (P01)	31	
13	DLCDD6 (P02)	30	14	DLCDD7 (P03)	29	

Table 6-6: Debug LCD Module Connections

6.7. Option Links

 Table 6-7 below describes the function of the option links associated with application board interface. The default configuration is indicated by BOLD text.

Option Link Settings						
Reference	Function	Fitted	Alternative (Removed)	Related To		
R36	Application	Use AD_POT for RV1.	Use AN2 of application board	R37		
	board interface		interface.			
R37	Application	Use AN2 of application board	Use AD_POT for RV1.	R36		
	board interface	interface.				
R32	Application	Use AN0 of application board	Use DA1 of application board	R33		
	board interface	interface.	interface.			
R33	Application	Use DA1 of application board	Use AN0 of application board	R32		
	board interface	interface.	interface.			
R34	Application	Use AN1 of application board	Use DA0 of application board	R35		
	board interface	interface.	interface.			
R35	Application	Use DA0 of application board	Use AN1 of application board	R34		
	board interface	interface.	interface.			
R47	Application	Use DLCDRS for LCD.	Use IO_0 of application board	R48		
	board interface		interface.			
R48	Application	Use IO_0 of application board	Use DLCDRS for LCD.	R47		
	board interface	interface.				
R50	Application	Use DLCDE for LCD.	Use IO_1 of application board	R53		
	board interface		interface.			
R53	Application	Use IO_1 of application board	Use DLCDE for LCD.	R50		
	board interface	interface.				
R61	Application	Use TXD0 for U4.	Use IO_4 of application board	R59		
	board interface		interface			
R59	Application	Use IO_4 of application board	Use TXD0 for U4.	R61		
	board interface	interface				
R28	Application	Use RXD0 for U4	Use IO_5 of application board	R27		
	board interface		interface			
R27	Application	Use IO_5 of application board	Use RXD0 for U4	R28		
	board interface	interface				
R67	Application	Use CLK0 for U4	Use IO_6 of application board	R69		
	board interface		interface			
R69	Application	Use IO_6 of application board	Use CLK0 for U4	R67		
	board interface	interface				
R56	Application	Use to connect LED0	Use IO_2 of application board	R57		
	board interface		interface			
R57	Application	Use IO_2 of application board	Use to connect LED0	R56		
	board interface	interface				

	Option Link Settings					
Reference	Function	Fitted	Alternative (Removed)	Related To		
R68	Application	Use to connect LED3	Use IO_7 of application board	R70		
	board interface		interface			
R70	Application	Use IO_7 of application board	Use to connect LED3	R68		
	board interface	interface				
R64	Application	Use KI3n to connect SW3	Use IO_3 of application board	R65		
	board interface		interface			
R65	Application	Use IO_3 of of application board	Use KI3n to connect SW3	R64		
	board interface	interface				

Table 6-7: Application board interface links.

 Table 6-8 below describes the function of the option links associated with power source. The default configuration is indicated by BOLD text.

	Option Link Settings					
Reference	Function	Fitted	Alternative (Removed)	Related To		
R8	Power source	Enables external 5V power supply	Disables power supply from 'PWR'	R15, R18		
		from 'PWR' connector.	connector.			
R15	Power source	Must be fitted if input power	Must be removed if input power	R8, R18		
		supply is regulated 5V.	supply is higher than 5V.			
R18	Power source	Must be fitted if supplying voltage is	Must be removed if supplying	R8, R15		
		higher than 5V at PWR jack	voltage from CON_5V			
R42	Power source	Board can be powered from external	Board can't be powered from	R15, R18		
		source CON_5V.	external source CON_5V.			
R19	Power source	Enables 5V power supply for the	Disables 5V power supply for	R19		
		microcontroller	microcontrollers. Current can			
			measured across R19			

Table 6-8: Power configuration links.

 Table 6-9 below describes the function of the option links associated with clock configuration. The default configuration is indicated by

 BOLD text.

	Option Link Settings						
Reference	Function	Fitted	Alternative (Removed)	Related To			
R60	20 MHz Clock Oscillator	Routes XIN CPU pin to J1 and JA2 headers.	XIN CPU pin and J1 and JA2 headers are not connected	R49, R52, R58			
R49	20 MHz Clock Oscillator	Routes XOUT CPU pin to J1 header	XOUT CPU pin and J1 header are not connected	R52, R58, R60			
R58	20 MHz Clock Oscillator	On-board main clock source is used for XIN	External clock source is used for XIN	R49, R52, R60			
R52	20 MHz Clock Oscillator	On-board main clock source is used for XOUT	External clock source is used for XOUT	R49, R58, R60			
R55	20 MHz Clock Oscillator	Parallel resistor for a crystal is fitted	Parallel resistor for a crystal is not fitted	-			

Table 6-9: Clock configuration links.

Table 6-10 below describes the function of the option links associated with reference voltage. The default configuration is indicated by BOLD text.

	Option Link Settings								
Reference	Function	Fitted	Alternative (Removed)	Related To					
R38	Reference	Reference voltage source is set to	Reference voltage source is taken	R31					
	Voltage Source	Board_VCC	from the external connector to						
			AD_POT						
R31	Reference	Reference voltage source is taken	Reference voltage source is set	R38					
	Voltage Source	from the external connector to	to Board_VCC						
		AD_POT							

Table 6-10: Analog power supply links.

6.8. Oscillator Sources

A crystal oscillator is fitted on the RSK and used to supply the main clock input to the Renesas microcontroller. Table 6-11 details the oscillator that is fitted:

Component		
Crystal (X1)	Fitted	20.0 MHz (HC49/4H package)

Table 6-11: Oscillators / Resonators

6.9. Reset Circuit

The CPU Board includes a simple latch circuit that links the mode selection and reset circuit. This provides an easy method for swapping the device between Boot Mode and User mode. This circuit is not required on customer's boards as it is intended for providing easy evaluation of the operating modes of the device on the RSK. Please refer to the hardware manual for more information on the requirements of the reset circuit.

The Reset circuit operates by latching the state of the boot switch on pressing the reset button. This control is subsequently used to modify the mode pin states as required.

The mode pins should change state only while the reset signal is active to avoid possible device damage.

The reset is held in the active state for a fixed period by a pair of resistors and a capacitor. Please check the reset requirements carefully to ensure the reset circuit on the user's board meets all the reset timing requirements.

Chapter 7. Modes

This RSK supports two Boot modes and Single Chip mode.

Details of programming the FLASH memory is described in the R8C/2E, R8C/2F Group Hardware Manual. Boot or Single Chip mode could be selected by MODE pin.

7.1. Boot mode

The software supplied with this RSK supports debugging with E8A which supports Boot mode. To enter the Boot mode manually, do not connect the E8A in this case. Press and hold the SW1/BOOT. The BOOT LED will be illuminated to indicate that the microcontroller is in boot mode.

7.2. Single chip mode

In Single Chip mode user ROM area is rewritten by executing software commands from the CPU.

Chapter 8. Programming Methods

The board is intended for use with HEW and the supplied E8A debugger. Refer to R8C/2E, R8C/2F Group Hardware Manual for details of programming the microcontroller without using these tools.

Chapter 9. Headers

9.1. Microcontroller Headers

Table 9-1 to Table 9-4 show the microcontroller pin headers and their corresponding microcontroller connections. The header pins connect directly to the microcontroller pin unless otherwise stated.

	J1							
Pin	Circuit Net Name	Device	Pin	Circuit Net Name	Device			
		Pin			Pin			
1	LED2	1	2	TMR0	2			
3	RESETn	3	4	CON_XOUT	4			
5	GROUND	5	6	CON_XIN	6			
7	UC_VCC	7	8	MODE	8			

Table 9-1: J1

	J2							
Pin	Pin Circuit Net Name Device Pin Circuit Net Name				Device			
		Pin			Pin			
1	INTOn	9	2	LED3_IO7	10			
3	INT1n	11	4	TMR1	12			
5	TRIGa	13	6	TRIGb	14			
7	CLK0_IO6	15	8	RXD0_IO5	16			

Table 9-2: J2

	٤L								
Pin	Pin Circuit Net Name Device Pin			Circuit Net Name	Device				
		Pin			Pin				
1	TXD0_IO4	17	2	KI3n_IO3	18				
3	LED0_IO2	19	4	CON_VREF	20				
5	DLCDE_IO1	21	6	DLCDRS_IO0	22				
7	INT3n	23	8	LED1	24				

Table 9-3: J3

	J4							
Pin	Circuit Net Name Device Pin Circuit Net Name				Device			
		Pin			Pin			
1	AN0_DA1	25	2	AN1_DA0	26			
3	AN2_ADPOT	27	4	AN3	28			
5	DLCDD7	29	6	DLCDD6	30			
7	DLCDD5	31	8	DLCDD4	32			

Table 9-4: J4

9.2. Application Headers

	JA1								
Pin	Generic Header Name	CPU board	Device	Pin	Generic Header Name	CPU board	Device		
		Signal Name	Pin			Signal Name	Pin		
1	5V	CON_5V	-	2	0V	GROUND	-		
3	3V3	NC	-	4	0V	NC	-		
5	AVCC	NC	-	6	AVss	NC	-		
7	AVref	CON_VREF	20	8	ADTRG	NC	-		
9	AD0	AN0	25	10	AD1	AN1	26		
11	AD2	AN2	27	12	AD3	AN3	28		
13	DACO	DA0	26	14	DAC1	DA1	25		
15	IO_0	100	22	16	10_1	101	21		
17	10_2	102	19	18	IO_3	103	18		
19	IO_4	IO4	17	20	IO_5	105	16		
21	IO_6	106	15	22	IO_7	107	10		
23	INT3n	IRQ3n	23	24	IIC_EX	NC	-		
25	IIC_SDA	NC	-	26	IIC_SCL	NC	-		

Table 9-5 to Table 9-6 below show the standard application header connections.

Table 9-5: JA1 Standard Generic Header

	JA2								
Pin	Generic Header Name	CPU board	Device	Pin	Generic Header Name	CPU board	Device		
		Signal Name	Pin			Signal Name	Pin		
1	RESn	RESETn	3	2	EXTAL	CON_XIN	6		
3	NMIn	NC	-	4	VSS1	GROUND	-		
5	WDT_OVF	NC	-	6	SCIaTX	TxD0	17		
7	IRQ0	INT0n	9	8	SCIaRX	RxD0	16		
9	IRQ1	INT1n	11	10	SCIaCK	CLK0	15		
11	UD	NC	-	12	CTSRTS	NC	-		
13	Up	NC	-	14	Un	NC	-		
15	Vp	NC	-	16	Vn	NC	-		
17	Wp	NC	-	18	Wn	NC	-		
19	TMR0	TMR0	2	20	TMR1	TMR1	12		
21	TRIGa	TRIGa	13	22	TRIGb	TRIGb	14		
23	IRQ2	KI3n	18	24	TRISTn	NC	-		
25	-	-	-	26	-	-	-		

Table 9-6: JA2 Standard Generic Header

Table 9-7 below shows the LIN header connections.

	LIN						
Pin	Function	Signal Name					
1	Power Supply (for LIN module)	VBAT					
2	LIN Bus Line	LIN					
3	GROUND	GND					

Table 9-7: LIN Header

Chapter 10. Code Development

10.1. Overview

Note: For all code debugging using Renesas software tools, the RSK board must be connected to a PC USB port via an E8A. An E8A pod is supplied with the RSK product.

10.2. Compiler Restrictions

The compiler supplied with this RSK is fully functional for a period of 60 days from first use. After the first 60 days of use have expired, the compiler will default to a maximum of 64k code and data. To use the compiler with programs greater than this size you need to purchase the full tools from your distributor.

Warning: The protection software for the compiler will detect changes to the system clock. Changes to the system clock back in time may cause the trial period to expire prematurely.

10.3. Mode Support

HEW connects to the Microcontroller and programs it via the E8A. Mode support is handled transparently to the user.

10.4. Breakpoint Support

HEW supports breakpoints on the user code, both in RAM and ROM.

Double clicking in the breakpoint column in the code sets the breakpoint. Breakpoints will remain unless they are double clicked to remove them.

10.5. Memory Map



NOTES:

- 1. Data flash block A (1 Kbyte) and B (1 Kbyte) are shown.
- 2. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.

Dert Nursher	Inte	rnal ROM	Internal RAM		
Part Number	Size	Address 0YYYYh	Size	Address 0XXXXh	
R5F212F2NFP, R5F212F2DFP,	8 Kbytes	0E000h	512 bytes	005FFh	
R5F212F2NXXXFP, R5F212F2DXXXFP					
R5F212F4NFP, R5F212F4DFP,	16 Kbytes	0C000h	1 Kbyte	007FFh	
R5F212F4NXXXFP, R5F212F4DXXXFP	-				

Figure 10-1: Memory Map



Chapter 11. Component Placement

Figure 11-1: Component Placement – Front view

Chapter 12. Additional Information

For details on how to use High-performance Embedded Workshop (HEW, refer to the HEW manual available on the CD or from the web site.

For information about the R8C series microcontrollers refer to the R8C/2E, R8C/2F Group hardware manual.

For information about the R8C/2F assembly language, refer to the R8C/Tiny Series Software Manual. Online technical support and information is available at: <u>http://www.renesas.com/renesas_starter_kits</u>

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